

THE CHAIRMANSHIP.

DENGLY OF MAINE SELECTED FOR THE PLACE.

Fitness and Not Seniority of Service the Probable Policy of the Next Speaker—Two Other Maine Men Favored—Iowa and Other States Cared For.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: "Representative Dingley of Maine is to be chairman of the committee on ways and means and leader of the House of Representatives. Mr. Reed, who has been very secretive as to his intentions in regard to committee appointments, has allowed this information to get out finally. It is of the highest importance as indicating that the new speaker does not intend to be influenced so much, by seniority of service in making up the committees as by the fitness of men for the places which he has to fill.

"Other important chairmanships that are understood to have been definitely decided upon by Mr. Reed are: Mr. Pitt, of Illinois, committee on foreign affairs; Henderson of Iowa, appropriations; Mr. Hepburn of Iowa, committee on interstate and foreign commerce; Walker of Massachusetts, committee on banking and currency; Mr. Bingham of Pennsylvania, committee on postoffices and postroads; Mr. Boutelle of Maine, committee on naval affairs; Mr. Milliken of Maine, committee on public buildings and grounds; Mr. Hermann of Oregon, committee on rivers and harbors; Mr. Daniels of New York, committee on elections; Mr. Harmer of Pennsylvania, committee on District of Columbia. "As Mr. Reed's selection as speaker was a foregone conclusion, he had ample opportunity during the recess to block out the committees and decide upon the various chairmanships. The members themselves generally wrote to him their aspirations. It is believed that before he arrived here almost all the important places had been decided upon. It is understood, though, that a few of the important assignments are yet in controversy. It was for a time proposed to choose Mr. Payne, of New York, chairman of the ways and means committee, and Mr. Dingley had consented to give way in order not to embarrass Mr. Reed. Now, however, that plan has been changed and Mr. Dingley will have the place of honor, with Mr. Payne second."

Bids for New Battleships.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—When the bids for building the two big battleships authorized by the last Congress were opened at the navy department today, it was found that the Newport News, Va., Ship Building Company had underbid all competitors, North and West, and that Mr. Cramp had offered to build two battleships with armor for the hulls and throw in another ship of like type, but without armor, if allowed to use his whole plans, for the sum fixed upon by Congress as the ultimate cost of two ships. These boats will really be larger than the Iowa, the largest of the present battleships.

Preferences of the Missourians.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Five of the Missouri Congressmen have informed Mr. Reed of their preferences regarding committee assignments. The indications are that most of them will get about what they are asking for. These preferences are as follows: Rivers and harbors, Mr. Clark; invalid pensions, Mr. Crowther; military affairs, Mr. Tracey; immigration, Mr. Bartholdt; judiciary, Mr. Burton.

A SCIENTIST FOR WAR.

Professor Marcus Baker Favors Fighting Instead of Arbitrating for Alaska.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Professor Marcus Baker of the coast and geodetic survey, who went to Alaska for the United States in connection with the boundary dispute, in a lecture on Alaska before the National Geographical society in the rooms of the Cosmos club, last night, scouted the idea of arbitrating the question of England's claim to the 5,000 square miles of territory between Portland canal and Beam canal on the southeast border of Alaska, and said that the only arbitration admissible was the arbitration of battle if the British claims should be insisted upon. The sentiment was loudly applauded, and at the close of the address Mr. Baker was invited by a popular vote to repeat the lecture in a larger hall.

Oklahoma Bankers Indicted.

PERRY, Okla., Dec. 2.—J. V. N. Gregory of Michigan, former president of the First State bank of Perry; Fred W. Farrar, former cashier; Fred Gum, former clerk, and L. M. Richardson, jr., son of L. M. Richardson, sr., president of the First National bank of Oklahoma City, were indicted by the grand jury to-day for receiving money when the bank was in a failing condition. The Richardsons sold out the bank to Farrar and Associates June 11 and the bank failed September 13.

Fatally Kicked by a Horse.

JERICHO SPRINGS, Mo., Dec. 2.—John Teed, proprietor of the Jericho Springs nursery, was kicked in the forehead by a vicious horse Thursday and the forehead crushed and the left eye destroyed. Drs. Brasher and Brownlee removed several pieces of bone, but there is no hope for him.

Bull Fights Forbidden.

CITY OF MEXICO, Dec. 2.—A report was circulated on the streets yesterday and confirmed at the government palace that President Porfirio Diaz had issued instructions for the suppression of bull fighting within the limits of the federal districts for an indefinite period.

Ben Fee Acquitted of Murder.

BETHEL, Mo., Dec. 2.—Ben Fee, charged with murder in the second degree for mortally shooting George A. Heath here February 21 last, was acquitted at noon to-day. Fee has many friends here who believed that he had due provocation for the killing

ENGLAND BACKS DOWN.

British Gunboat Ordered Back From Constantinople.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Dec. 2.—The British gunboat Dryad, ordered from Salonica bay at the request of Sir Philip Currie, the British ambassador, after the latter was assured Tuesday by Tewfik Pasha, Turkish minister of foreign affairs, that the ports had decided to grant the firmans, allowing extra guardships asked for by the representatives of the powers here to pass the Dardanelles, has been ordered back to Salonica, Sir Philip having backed down. This is, to the diplomatic corps, quite an unexpected development of the situation which had assumed a most dangerous aspect, and the general opinion is that the powers have been placed in a somewhat ridiculous position.

Following the repeated threats of forcing the passage of the Dardanelles if the Sultan persisted in refusing to allow the extra gunboats to enter the Bosphorus, this looks very much as if Abdul Hamid and his advisers were well informed when they persisted in holding out against the demands of the representatives of Great Britain, Russia, Italy and Austria for additional guardships, believing that they were justified in so doing on the ground that the powers were not in accord, as so frequently claimed and officially stated, and that the dissenting powers were behind Abdul Hamid in the stand he has taken.

The fact has been established that the palace people have been for some time past exciting the Mussulman population here with hints that the demand of the powers for extra guardships meant nothing more than a naval demonstration before Constantinople, and that this would be an insult to the sultan and to the Mussulmans throughout the world. This gradually inflamed the fanaticism of the Turks and a serious outbreak was brewing here, it is alleged, at the instance of the palace manipulators. The embassies were kept well informed of what was going on and it is probably the knowledge that the advent of the extra guardships in the Bosphorus would be the signal for an outbreak here directed against all foreigners and Christians which caused the government of Great Britain to instruct Sir Philip Currie to order the Dryad back to Salonica.

Fresh Reports of Outrages.

LONDON, Dec. 2.—The Times publishes a dispatch dated Julfa, Persia, which says: Many Armenian villages between the Persian borders and the city of Van have been destroyed by the Hamadiah cavalry. They probably number forty-six, although the refugees give the names of many more. It is impossible to obtain any reasonable estimate of the number of those killed, but all reports say that it is very large.

SETTLED BY THE GOULDS.

Ten Thousand Dollars to Go to Zella Nicolaus-Ruhman.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—Local papers announce that the suit brought by Mrs. Zella Nicolaus-Ruhman, the notorious adventuress, against George J. Gould for the recovery of a \$40,000 check said to have been given to her by Howard Gould, is now practically settled.

The world says Gould's lawyers paid to Mrs. Nicolaus-Ruhman \$10,000. Out of this she must pay counsel fees and all the expenses she has incurred in the proceedings. In return she gave Gould full release from any claim for damages or recompense for alleged assault made upon her by any member of the Gould family.

Raw Camphor Cornered.

NEW YORK, Dec. 2.—The wholesale price of camphor has been advanced between five and ten per cent in the last week and further advances are expected. The representatives of leading drug firms and importers say that the market has been cornered by a London syndicate, headed by Colonel North, "the Nitrate King." This syndicate, it is said, has \$750,000 worth of camphor locked up and is ready to increase the quantity stored rather than allow any to be sold at increased prices. The war between China and Japan is one of the reasons given out by those in control as a cause why the price is advanced.

St. Louis Mob Felled.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 2.—While Alexander Royal, the negro who killed Jessie Sims with a butcher knife yesterday morning, was being taken from the coroner's office to the morgue about 11 o'clock to-day, 500 wildly excited negroes made an effort to take him from the police at the corner of Eleventh street and Clarke avenue, but reinforcements were quickly sent from the Four Courts, close by, and the mob was beaten off and dispersed. The design of the crowd was to lynch the murderer.

Embezzler Flood Will Go to Prison.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 2.—John W. Flood, the defaulting cashier of the Donahoe-Kelly bank, has given up the fight and will serve his sentence of seven years in prison. Accordingly his appeal for a new trial has been withdrawn from the Supreme court. He misappropriated \$100,000 of the funds of the bank of which he was cashier and has been fighting for his freedom for four years.

Holmes Sentenced to Death.

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 2.—Judge Arnold to-day refused to grant a new trial to H. H. Holmes, who was convicted of the murder of Benjamin Pietzel, in this city, September 2, 1894, and sentenced him to death.

Alexander Dumas' Funeral.

PARIS, Dec. 2.—The funeral of Alexander Dumas took place to-day and was unostentatious in accordance with his wishes. The body was interred in the cemetery of Montmartre in the presence of a vast concourse of literary men, artists and actors.

A Small Boy Kills His Brother.

ATOKA, I. T., Dec. 2.—Last night at the home of Robert Smith, near town, his two boys, about 8 and 10 years of age, were alone in a room when the elder boy took his father's Winchester rifle and shot his brother through the heart, killing him instantly.

NEWS BREVITIES.

Count von Taaffe, the Austrian statesman, is dead.

The police of Berlin have summarily closed eleven Socialist clubs.

The Texas Bittings is to be removed from New York City to Dallas, Texas.

The East Birmingham, (Ala.) Smelting works were burned. They will be rebuilt.

The American School of Science at Marash was burned by Turks on November 19.

Yellowstone Park keepers are having a hard time keeping poachers from killing buffalo.

New York mining stock brokers are trying to stir up a speculative fever over Cripple Creek properties.

The Postoffice department is preparing to give a Sunday mail service to communities which now have none.

Senator Sherman will introduce in Congress a bill compelling sleeping car companies to reduce their charges.

Senor Machado has been appointed Portuguese Minister to the United States, vice Baron Thodim, deceased.

Emma Carroll, living near Clarksville, Tenn., cut her throat because her lover was opposed by her mother.

S. C. Martin, the ossified man who had lain on his back for seven years unable to move a joint, died at Bryan, Texas.

Experiments at Purdue, Ind., university established that cattle are not only subject to tuberculosis, but catch it easily.

The United States gunboat Concord went ashore on the north coast of China. It is feared that she is seriously injured.

Governor Stone of Missouri was snubbed by Congressman Tarsney at Kansas City, who declined to shake hands with him.

American tobacco got a black eye on a report that money had been guaranteed to prosecute the trust in New York—38,000,000 shares were sold.

L. S. Kain of Ward county, Texas, and Mrs. Wilgus of Connecticut, were married at Fort Worth upon their first meeting. Their courtship was by letter.

Captain Bailey, of the revenue cutter Bear, has been placed upon waiting orders pending the investigation of charges that have been made against him.

T. E. McFarlin's grain elevator at Sabetha, Kan., was burned. Just before a man was seen running from the elevator. The loss is \$3,000; insurance \$1,500.

The appointment of J. W. Conan to be receiver of the land office at Alva, Oklahoma, has just been revoked. He was appointed under the impression that he was his brother, J. J. Conman.

Heavy Spanish reinforcements, aggregating 4,000 men, are about to land in Cuba, according to official advices from there. Besides these, 10,000 men have embarked already from various points in Spain.

Word has been received from New Guinea of the death by drowning of Otto Ehlers, the explorer, who was an intimate friend of Emperor William. Twenty natives lost their lives with him, and all his diaries, etc., were lost.

P. D. Armour, the Chicago packer, has let the contract for the erection of three 175-foot corn cribs in Albia, Iowa. He announces to the farmers that he wants to buy 400,000 bushels of corn. The farmers have refused to sell on account of the low prices.

NEWSY TELEGRAMS.

Reports have reached El Paso of a big Yaqui outbreak in Northeastern Sonora. A number of citizens, including Americans, are reported killed.

New York papers announce that the case brought by Miss Zella Nicolaus-Ruhman against George J. Gould for the recovery of a \$40,000 check is now practically settled.

Judge D. D. Rose, president of the Curryville M. O. bank, has been hiccoughing constantly for the last week, and although several doctors have attended him they can do nothing for him. His death is hourly expected.

Jesse Jenne, of the Eureka football team, died from injuries received in the football game at Eureka between that team and the Lewis academy team of this city. Mr. Jenne was making a run with the ball, when he was tripped, and the entire field of players ran over him. In the fall his head was caught under his right arm, injuring his spine to such an extent that complete paralysis set in.

News was received in Washington of the safety of William Willard Howard, who was supposed to have been murdered by the Kurds while on a mission of mercy to Armenia. Mr. Howard was sent to Van several months ago by the Christian Herald of New York, to distribute a relief fund of \$12,000, contributed by Americans for the benefit of the Asia Minor sufferers. Mr. Howard was sent as a substitute for Dr. Talmage, who declined to go because the Turkish government refused to guarantee his safety.

Hon. John R. Lynch, the Mississippi ex-Congressman, in conversation with a gentleman of Washington Court House, Ohio, said in reference to Senator Sherman's book: "The only money I know of being used in the South to draw State delegations to the support of any candidate for the Republican presidential nomination was that which was used in the interest of John Sherman's candidacy. Although I got none of it myself, I know of money having been used in that direction."

At Moberly, Mo., William McIntosh, a Wabash fireman, was sent to jail in default of \$1,000 bond for his appearance for preliminary trial on a charge of betrayal and criminal malpractice. Last fall he married a very estimable lady, a Miss Smith. The alleged victim is Miss Lena Smith, a sister-in-law of the accused and a younger sister of his wife.

Chevalier Chappell found on the homestead near Delhi, Ill., \$7,758 in an old tin can that had been secreted in the house by his father, the late William Chappell, deceased, prior to his death. The money was turned over to the executor of the will and will be applied to the payment of bequests.

CONGRESS IS AT WORK.

BOTH HOUSES OF THE NATIONAL ASSEMBLY.

Many Well-Known Faces Missing—Mr. Reed Elected Speaker and Delivers a Brief Speech of Acceptance—The Republicans' Caucus Officers Installed.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Promptly at noon to-day both houses of the Fifty-fourth Congress were called to order, the House by Clerk Kerr, and the Senate by Vice President Stevenson. The galleries and corridors outside were crowded.

The crowds at the capitol came through drizzling rain, mist and mud, in all sorts of conveyances and in long lines afoot, pouring through the many entrances, choking the corridors and elevators and besieging the galleries far beyond their capacity. All were orderly and the largely augmented force of officers had little trouble in preventing confusion.

In the Senate, Vice President Stevenson presided as usual. In the House, Mr. Kerr, the old clerk, called the assemblage to order with 341 members present. Mr. Reed was elected speaker over Mr. Crisp, 234 to 95, and at once took his seat.

All of the Republicans voted for Mr. Reed, all of the Democrats except one for Mr. Crisp and all of the Populists for Mr. Bell. The Democratic exception was Mr. Crain of Texas, who, when his name was called, voted for his colleague, Mr. Culberson of Texas.

Messrs. Crisp, Grossvenor and Bell were appointed a committee to conduct the speaker to the chair, and soon appeared at the main entrance. Mr. Reed leaning on the arm of ex-Speaker Crisp, and Messrs. Grossvenor and Bell arm in arm. As they moved down the center aisle the house arose in a body and a roar of applause followed, the galleries joining with great enthusiasm.

As Mr. Reed ascended the rostrum the roar swelled until it was deafening. Above this volume of sound came, like pistol shots, cries of "Reed, Reed, Reed." The Republicans cheered, many of them wildly, and the ladies in the galleries waved handkerchiefs. For over a minute the demonstration continued.

Mr. Reed, arrayed in a long frock coat and wearing a dark four-in-hand tie, stood calmly and serenely with his hands clasped behind his back until the House was quiet.

Mr. Harmer, Republican, Pennsylvania, the oldest member in continuous service present, came forward and administered the oath of office to the speaker. The latter then turned to the House. Looking into the sea of upturned faces he delivered his inaugural. Slowly and distinctly the words fell from his lips as follows:

"It will not be unbecoming in me, I hope, if I acknowledge to this assembly that it is very agreeable to me to stand once more in the place which I left four years ago. For the past, however, I shall not speak, for the past speaks for itself in terms more fitting and appropriate than any words which could come from my lips. Nor shall I speak of the future, for we are not putting off the harness but putting it on. Yet, I think, I may venture to say of the future, in the light of the past, that if we do something which for the moment seems inadequate, it may be that time, which has justified itself for us on many occasions, may do so again. Those who have acted with wisdom heretofore may be fairly expected to act with wisdom hereafter. I am sorry to say that the pleasure associated with the honor you have bestowed on me, an honor which no American citizen can fail to appreciate, and for which I give thanks, is but for the moment, while the cares and responsibilities extend over many days. So far as the performance of my duties affects the whole people of the United States I invoke their considerate judgment. So far as it affects the members of this House I ask from both sides of the chamber that cordial co-operation without which I cannot hope to succeed, assuring them that no effort on my part will be spared to aid them in the performance of their duties by that entire impartiality which is their just due."

At the conclusion of Mr. Reed's speech the members came forward in squads as their names were called, and with uplifted hands, swore to support and defend the constitution, and faithfully discharge their duties.

Without a roll call, the officers of the house nominated by the Republicans in caucus Saturday were then formally elected, the Democrats presenting the names of the officers of the last House. The swearing-in of these followed: Alexander B. McElwold of Pennsylvania as clerk; B. E. Russell of Missouri as sergeant-at-arms; William B. Glenn of New York as doorkeeper; Joseph B. McElroy of Ohio as postmaster, and Henry B. Couden of Michigan as chaplain.

The biennial seat-drawing was then begun.

The drawing of seats being concluded the house adjourned until tomorrow.

Ritch Man Accused of Embezzlement.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., Dec. 2.—By a suit filed in the Circuit court under the cover of an equity pleading, William Stutz, president of the Home Brewery and the Great Western Planing mill, is charged with misappropriating nearly \$14,000 of the Great Western mill's money. The suit is for the appointment of a receiver and an accounting.

Cars Wrecked and Burned.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Dec. 2.—The New York express on the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western railroad was wrecked when running at full speed at Preble shortly after midnight, a switch having been left open behind a freight train. Three freight cars and the express engine and baggage car were wrecked and set on fire and the flames destroyed all of the other cars. Engineer George Young and Fireman Webster Roof, both of this city, were killed and a dozen passengers injured, some of them members of "The Bowery Girl" company.

CARLISLE'S ESTIMATES.

Appropriations Required for the Fiscal Year 1897 Foot Up \$118,001,073.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The Secretary of the Treasury to-day transmitted to Congress the estimates of appropriations required for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, as furnished by the several executive departments. These aggregate \$118,001,073. The appropriations of the present fiscal year amount to \$112,753,294. The estimates are recapitulated by titles as follows: Legislative establishment, \$2,860,581; executive establishment, \$20,103,242; judicial establishment, \$23,929; foreign intercourse, \$1,649,058; military establishment, \$24,326,968; naval establishment, \$27,883,975; Indian affairs, \$8,750,458; pensions, \$141,381,530; public works, \$28,574,028; postal service, \$5,024,779; miscellaneous, \$6,235,611; permanent annual appropriations, \$119,054,160; grand total, \$118,001,073.

Under the head of public works, appropriations above \$20,000 are asked for public buildings as follows: Denver, Colo., mint, \$100,000; Helena, Mont., \$100,000; Kansas City, Mo., \$100,000; Omaha, Neb., \$125,000; South Omaha, Neb., \$75,000; St. Paul, Minn., \$250,000; San Francisco, Cal., \$100,000; Savannah, Ga., \$100,000; Sioux City, Iowa, \$50,000.

Among the appropriations asked for by the secretary of war are: Reconstruction of the Rock Island bridge, Rock Island, Ill., \$350,000; construction of gun and mortar batteries, \$1,885,000; sites for fortifications, \$250,000; torpedoes for harbor defense, \$100,000; armament of fortifications, \$1,876,415; improvement of the Watertown arsenal, Mass., \$311,000; for the use of the board of ordnance and fortifications in making needful purchases and experiments and tests of most effective guns, armor plate, etc., \$100,000; United States military academy, \$183,477; construction of buildings, etc., at military posts, \$1,000,000; improvements in the Yellowstone National park, \$30,000; Chickamauga and Chattanooga National parks, \$75,000; Shiloh National Military park, \$75,000; Gettysburg park, \$50,000. The estimates for the improvement of rivers and harbors, aggregating \$23,271,600 have already been made public. For artificial islands, apparatus, etc., \$375,000 is asked. The surgeon general, in a note explanatory of this estimate, says there are on file in his office 9,330 cases entitled to benefit under the laws relating to artificial limbs; 3,161 cases are of amputated legs, the commutation for which is \$75 in each case; and 6,870 cases of other amputations and loss of use of limbs, the commutation for each of which is \$50.

Among the appropriations asked for by the secretary of the Interior are: To meet expenses of protecting timber on public lands, etc., \$150,000; surveying public lands, \$881,500; education of children in Alaska, \$20,000; reindeer for Alaska, \$7,500; expenses of United States courts in the Indian territory, \$210,600; international boundary commission between United States and Mexico, completing survey, \$35,000.

FOR MORE WAR SHIPS.

Secretary of the Navy Herbert Says Uncle Sam Needs Them.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—Hon. H. A. Herbert, secretary of the navy, has made his annual report to President Cleveland, in which he strongly urges the increase of the navy.

"We are not in want of ordinary unarmored cruisers or of gunboats," he says, "but we are lamentably deficient in torpedo boats, and we certainly need more battleships. An inspection of the building programmes of other nations will demonstrate that the lessons taught at Yalu and Wei Hai Wei have tended to confirm the belief of naval experts throughout the world in the efficacy of these two classes of vessels. The secretary recommends the construction of two battle ships and at least twelve torpedo boats, and shows that they can be built now at a reduction of from 20 to 25 per cent from former prices.

Toward this increase in the navy, Mr. Herbert estimates that \$9,638,333 are necessary, and inclusive of that amount his estimates for the complete expenses of the naval establishment for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1897, aggregate \$29,111,102. Out of the appropriation for the current fiscal year, amounting to \$14,212,801, there remains \$942,286.

Three vessels built by contract, the Olympia, Minneapolis and Kataldin, have been completed since last year's report, and also three built at the navy yards, the Maine, Texas and Amphitrite.

The United States has three battleships in service and five building; six steel coast defense vessels in service and four building; one armored cruiser in service and one building; thirty-three unarmored cruisers in service and one building; eight gun vessels in service and nine building.

The report shows that the entire expense of the navy department for the year ended June 30, 1895, was \$12,148,376, of which more than half was for the pay of the navy. The appropriation for the current year is \$29,334,025, and the estimate for next year \$29,311,102.

SILVER SENATORS FEW.

Only Four Populists, a Democrat and Three Republicans at the Caucus.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 2.—The silver conference called for to-day was a disappointment to its projectors. The only Senators who attended were Allen, Kyle, Peffer and Stewart, Populists; Tillman; Democrat, and Pritchard, Mantle and Telser, Republicans. The last named were only there a few moments and took no part in the proceedings. The small attendance showed those present that nothing could be done at this meeting.

Glass Works Destroyed by Fire.

NORTH BALTIMORE, Ohio, Dec. 1.—The Zillman glass factory was burned yesterday, the fire starting from a gas meter explosion. The loss is \$50,000, partially insured. Andrew Beal, a workman, who was sleeping when the fire broke out, perished.

For the Benefit of Waller's Family.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 3.—A grand sacred concert was given last night at the Academy of Music for the benefit of the family of ex-Consul John S. Waller. Some of the best local talent participated and the attendance was large.

NEWSY TELEGRAMS.

CYNTHIANA, Ky., Dec. 2.—Murderer Oville Eals, while resisting arrest by a posse, was shot to death, after he had butchered his wife, killed an officer and badly wounded two other men.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Dec. 2.—The returns to the department of internal affairs of the steam railroads operating in Pennsylvania show that 1,538 persons were killed and 10,905 injured by them during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1895.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Dec. 2.—Mr. Edward H. Allen, president of the Exchange Building association, for many years president of the Board of Trade and one of Kansas City's most substantial and public-spirited citizens, died a few minutes after 1 o'clock p. m. yesterday at his home, 1313 Pennsylvania avenue.

ATLANTON, Kan., Dec. 2.—The case, in which Senator and Mrs. John J. Ingalls were sued for \$35, the value of a calf they had taken to pasture, and which fell into a pit and was killed, has resulted in a judgment for amount claimed against Mrs. Ingalls. It was shown that Mrs. Ingalls was the owner of the pasture, and that released the senator from liability.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., Dec. 2.—Margaret Mather, the actress wife of Colonel Gustave Fabst, son of the brewer, has left the city, and it is reported that she has settled the proposed divorce suit with her husband and has taken \$100,000 of the big beer maker's money with her. Miss Mather, it will be remembered, horse-whipped her husband on a public street in broad daylight a few weeks ago.

LINCOLN, Neb., Dec. 2.—The citizens of Waverly are in a state of indignation over the recent elopement of Dr. G. A. McAndrew and Druggist E. R. Vining with two young ladies of Waverly, Misses Alice Miller and Nannie Ward. Last evening the citizens hired a hall for the purpose of expressing their disapproval of the conduct of the two men. Two committees, one of women and another of men, were appointed and drafted resolutions expressing their indignation.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Col., Dec. 2.—Peter Lind, a miner employed on the night shift in the Doctor mine, was arrested as he came from work and in his pockets were found nine pounds of ore, worth at least \$10 a pound. A search of his cabin revealed over a hundred pounds of ore, the value of which will run into the thousands of dollars. The owners of the Doctor mine believe they have lost as much as \$25,000 through stealing in the past few weeks. Other arrests are likely to be made.

PARIS, Dec. 2.—Bright weather shone upon the ceremony yesterday of the unveiling of the group of statuary of Washington and Lafayette, modeled by the well known sculptor, Frederic Auguste Bartholdi, and presented to the city of Paris by Joseph Pulitzer, editor of the New York World. A notable assemblage witnessed the unveiling. The site of the bronze group is at the west end of the Place des Etats Unis, in the most fashionable quarter of Paris.

DENVER, Colo., Dec. 2.—The career of Cripple Creek miner, West Creek, which is within fifty miles of Denver, and almost within sight of the dome of the capitol. The miners claim the mineral is richer than that at Cripple Creek on the surface. It is lodged in clearly defined veins, and can be easily traced. Two towns, Tyler and Pemberton, have already been established, and there are nearly 4,000 people in the camp.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

Robert Newsome was accidentally killed near Fulton, Mo.

The Sutton brothers are thought to have been lynched near Unadilla, Ga.

An unknown traveling man committed suicide on a train en route to Chicago from St. Louis.

As a result of last October's earthquake cisterns in parts of the Ohio valley will not hold water.

Mrs. Helen Barnes of Oswego, N. Y., as cashier and clerk, is charged with having robbed her employees of \$11,000.

During a fire in a church at Owensboro, Ky., the congregation continued to worship and maintained perfect order.

With the opening of the new \$1,000,000 Wool Exchange, New York importers will rival the great London market.

Four persons were drowned in the Monongahela river by a skiff being upset by the waves caused by a steamer.

A crisis is said to exist in the Cherokee nation, owing to the passage of laws discriminating against the whites of the nation.

Cashier Stone of the Bank of Commerce at Sheridan, Wyo., was short \$10,000, which his friends restored, but he was arrested.

An international exposition will be held in New Orleans in 1903, to commemorate the centennial of the purchase of