



DR. KILMER'S SWAMP ROOT

The Spring Tonic

La Grippe

Impure Blood

General Weakness

SCHOOL NOTES.

School ends on May the 31st.

Prof. Caster left for Lincoln Thursday noon.

The German class is reviewing for examination.

The spring fever seems to affect some of the pupils.

The Caesar class have nearly completed their book.

The beginning geometry class is making rapid progress.

Wednesday morning Miss Cora Garber visited the fifth room.

The angel of sleep pressed hard on some of the pupils all day Wednesday.

The beginning algebra class are having a thorough drill in multiplication.

William Hefelboller for a short time taught the fourth room last Wednesday.

Some of the botany class are very zealous having as many as 30 specimens already.

Miss McCall's room won the banner this week. Not a tardy or absent person occurred.

On Monday morning the clock was found to be missing from its usual place but upon inquiry the clock had been taken down for repair.

Harry Hallenbeck of the class of '92 was visiting his old school-mates, Wednesday. He has been in the lumber business since leaving school three years ago.

Monday the senior grade were sent home there to write on their orations. A majority of the class have already completed that work. The time for commencement is fast drawing nigh.

A gum chewer affords some interest to an observer as he watches the jaw earnestly trying to masticate the pliable matter. Could the eye penetrate to that mind we oft times wonder what is contained therein.

Mrs. Pond and West representing the Relief Corps were in the fourth room Thursday. Their aim is to introduce the national salute in all the schools. Something like this would enthrall the growing generation with more patriotism.

Ralph Pope bid the high school a farewell Wednesday morning, thence to take the train for the naval academy. Ralph has formed some deep ties while in school and takes with him the best wishes of all the pupils who will always remember him as an agreeable, efficient and manly young man.

Died, at Tuna Creek, Pa., April 22d, 1895, Mrs. Julia Eddy of Inavale, Neb. Julia A. Cook was born May 11, 1833, very near the spot where she died. Was married to Phil Eddy May 26, 1849. Moved with her husband to Inavale in the spring of '84 where she has since lived and made many warm friends who will sadly miss her. Being in failing health she hoped to renew it in the scenes of her childhood whither she went last fall. She leaves a husband and three daughters, C. L. Eddy of Inavale, Neb.; Mrs. F. H. Lawrence, Inavale, Neb.; Mrs. Rose Sargent, Eddyville, Ont.; Mrs. Alex Coffey, Honeyey Falls, N. Y.; who with her husband, two sisters and a brother, excepting her son, were with her in her last moments.

BEFORE I could get relief from a most horrid blood disease, I had spent hundreds of dollars TRYING various remedies and physicians, none of which did me any good. My finger nails came off, and my hair came out, leaving me perfectly bald. I then went to

HOT SPRINGS

Hoping to be cured by this celebrated treatment, but very soon became disgusted, and decided to TRY

the effect was truly wonderful. I commenced to recover after taking

the first bottle, and by the time I had

finished the second I was well enough to

leave the Springs. I have since taken

two more bottles, and I am now

perfectly cured. I can now do all the

work I wish to do, and I feel as well

as ever. I am truly grateful to the

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root for what it

has done for me. I have since

recommended it to all my friends,

and I have no doubt that it will

do the same for all who are afflicted

with the same disease. I have since

written to the Dr. and he has

been very kind to send me a

copy of his book, "Dr. Kilmer's

Swamp Root," which I have since

read with much interest. I have

since written to the Dr. and he

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ON THE EVE OF WAR.

NEBRASKA INDIAN TROUBLE BECOMING SERIOUS.

Dispute Between the Government Agent and the Flournoy Company Reaches a Climax—The Trouble in North Dakota.

Pender, Neb., May 1.—Sheriff Mullin openly declared yesterday if a single white settler was murdered by Indian police while resisting eviction before the courts settled the Winnebago reservation matter it meant annihilation of the Winnebagos. He said he had letters from hundreds of men all over Thurston county and even from other counties who volunteered their services to assist in wiping out every Indian on the reservation if a single white settler was killed. Sheriff Mullin added that if Capt. Beck persisted in forcing trouble before the courts settled the subject he would take a posse of sufficient numerical strength to invade the agency and he would arrest Capt. Beck. The sheriff expressed the belief that Capt. Beck would not dare attempt another movement with any hope of success unless by the aid of troops.

The refusal of Federal Judges Dundy and Riser at Lincoln to grant a mandatory injunction requiring the tenants of the Flournoy Live Stock and Real Estate Company to vacate the Indian lands they claim on the Winnebago reservation has brought the dispute to a climax. Agent Beck at once announced his intention of continuing evictions of those tenants who hold by virtue of leases effected with the Indians without the consent and sanction of the agent. This will doubtless lead to bloodshed, as the people of Thurston county are divided into factions over the trouble existing between the Indian agent and the Flournoy company, and feeling has been running high up there for some time.

Under holdings of the federal judges the order issued last March by Judge Sanborn of the northern district was continued in force until further orders of the court. This simply forbade the Flournoy company and those who hold upon similar leases from making any new leases. The ones now held by the Flournoy Company will expire January 1, 1895. It has been held by one of the federal courts that the action of the agent is necessary to the validity of a lease made by an Indian of his land. Under this ruling Agent Beck proposes to proceed with the evictions.

TROOPS NEEDED.

All the North Dakota Trouble Caused by Canadian Half-Breeds.

Devil's Lake, N. D., May 1.—After sifting information from all available sources here, there seems no doubt that the serious state of affairs at Turtle Mountain is mostly if not entirely caused by Canadian half-breeds. The pretext is Indian claims to a large tract of land in the Devil's Lake district of which the United States has assumed title but to which it is generally conceded the Indians had certain treaty rights.

American Indians and half-breeds seem satisfied to await the deliberations of the United States commissioners in settling the question, but the Canadian half-breeds, whose claim is denied and seems to be without equity, persist in asserting claims, disturbing settlers, exciting American half-breeds, committing timber depredations, and going even to the extent of burning houses, in their own district, creating spitefulness and disrespect of law. They use the pure bloods as cat's paws so as to give the affair the appearance of justice to the Indians. There can be no doubt as to the existence of the deplorable state of affairs and the necessity of prompt and vigorous action. Marshal Cronin intends to lay the matter before Judge Thomas and request an order for the use of the militia, as the circumstances clearly indicate a situation with which civil authority is unable to cope.

INCOME-TAX ESTIMATES.

Internal Revenue Commissioner's Guess Was Faulty.

Washington, May 1.—The commissioner of internal revenue now practically admits that all his estimates of the product of the income tax were mere guesswork, and that instead of \$50,000,000, which was the original figure, later reduced by 50 per cent, the United States can scarcely realize \$10,000,000 from this source. Last week he said that 10 per cent of those liable to the tax had failed to make returns, now he thinks that 25 per cent of such people have failed to comply with the terms of the act, but the commissioner has no means of knowing how near his latest guess is to the truth.

Secretary Carlisle estimated that the month of April would show a comparative paucity between receipts and disbursements and yet the figures for the month which closes to-day will demonstrate that there has been a deficit of between eight and nine millions.

To Build a Dam in Michigan

Benton Harbor, Mich., May 1.—Work will commence in May on one of the largest enterprises undertaken in this part of the state for fifteen years. The plan is to build a dam one mile north of here which will give a fall of twenty feet over the 100 feet of main dam, there being 1,400 feet of main dam. The dam is the valuable power to be obtained, which will be used for electric light, heat, and power purposes, also for furnishing power to manufacturers that will be located near the dam. The company will capitalize in a few days under the state laws at \$1,000,000, with \$600,000 paid-up stock.

Force That Warfare on New Ireland

Sydney, N. S. W., May 1.—Advisers received here from New Ireland, a dependency of the German colony in Northern New Guinea, say several villages have been depopulated owing to the fierce tribal warfare which has been waged there. Women and children have been mercilessly butchered.

Professor Kills a Choctaw Indian.

Fort Worth, Texas, April 29.—At Grant, I. T., twenty miles north of here, a Choctaw Indian was shot and killed by a professor of the Choctaw Indian school at Grant. The Indian then was mercilessly butchered.

Sweaters Win Their Strike.

St. Louis, Mo., May 1.—The strike of the garment workers is at an end. It was for better quarters, not for an increase of wages, and a satisfactory agreement has been drawn up and signed by the clothing manufacturers and the workers. The employees agree to furnish sweaters for the summer which will be approved by the state factory inspectors.

MENACE TO AMERICA.

Our Interests Impaired in Nicaragua—Bitter Words for Our Government.

Washington, May 1.—The two weeks' armistice asked by Nicaragua and obtained through the good offices of the United States is to all intents a dead letter. The delay was granted on the condition that Nicaragua would agree to pay the indemnity before the expiration of the two weeks. That government did not make the pledge, and there the matter rests. It is not a question of cash, for Nicaragua has been offered the money from at least three different sources, viz:

- 1. A London syndicate.
- 2. Merchants and citizens of Nicaragua.
- 3. The Nicaragua Canal company.

The state department has no explanation to offer as to the motives that may be influencing Nicaragua, but it can be stated frankly that the administration is very much disgusted with the complexion affairs are taking. Not the least disturbing feature of the complication is the discovery that Nicaragua has been and is still figuring with London capitalists to be released from a national debt of about \$400,000 cash bonus in the national treasury to start with on a new era of financing. That this is cutting an important figure in the matter is recognized, and it goes a long way to show that the motives which the Nicaraguans and English may be outwardly "scrapping" relations under the surface are of a character that may lead to a sudden settlement of the dispute upon terms to the decided disadvantage of the United States in a commercial and political sense.

WARSHIPS ON GUARD.

Three Vessels Ordered to Proceed to Ports in Nicaragua.

Washington, May 1.—Some sudden and unexpected orders issued to United States naval vessels late yesterday caused a sensation for a time until the import of the order was explained. The Alert, which has been stationed for a month or more at Panama, watching the progress of the revolutionary movement in Colombia, was ordered to proceed at once to San Juan del Sur, the nearest cable port to Corinto, Nicaragua. The Raleigh, now on her way from Kingston, Jamaica, to Key West and expected to arrive at the latter place any moment, will find awaiting her orders to go at once to Greytown, the eastern terminus of the proposed Nicaragua canal. The Montgomery, now at Mobile, will follow the Atlanta Alert in the Nicaragua canal commission about the middle of the month. She is not expected to touch at Corinto, and as she is now beyond the reach of orders by wire she will probably be allowed to relieve the Alert at Panama, whence she can be ordered back to Nicaragua if trouble arises in the future.

Secretary Herbert says the movements of the ships have absolutely nothing to do with the present occupation of Corinto by the British, that being a matter to be settled between the Nicaraguans and the British. The real purpose of the orders was to guard American interests in Nicaragua against the consequences of a possible revolution which may result from the disturbed condition of the country.

BITTER WORDS FOR US.

Nicaraguan Statesman Accuses Our Government of Treachery.

Managua, Nicaragua, May 1.—A leading Nicaraguan statesman in an interview said:

"Our government has received no official advice from Washington, by which we gather that the Americans have turned their backs upon us and refuse to succor us in the hour of trial. The English have at least pluck in their favor. They have the insolence to defy through us the entire American continent, while the United States can never justify its weakness of action, which will remain a blot upon the nation's history. Weak and small as our nation is, we have shown more courage than the United States, which encouraged us, only to desert us at the last moment. In concluding he said that he would have preferred to see the much-vaunted Monroe doctrine die a more dignified death. At a late hour last evening President Zelaya received a telegram from Washington stating that Great Britain would withdraw her ships from Corinto and give Nicaragua fifteen days in which to pay the \$75,000 smart money if such a proposition would be accepted by Nicaragua. President Zelaya at once held an audience with his principal advisers, and a reply will probably be made within a few hours.

TAKE SPANIARDS BY SURPRISE.

Battle Near Las Jaguas Was Won by Negro Insurgents.

Santiago, Cuba, April 23, via Key West, Fla., May 1.—The first really important skirmish of the present insurrection in Cuba was that which took place Sunday at Ramon de las Jaguas. The insurgents were all black, many of them employed at the mines. They numbered about five hundred. A Spanish detachment of 200 soldiers was sent to the mines and camped at Juraguaita. Finding all quiet the commander left fifty soldiers under Lieut. Benjamin Gallego, and with the rest started with a guide for Ramon de las Jaguas. Near the latter place the troops were attacked from ambush. A number of Spaniards were killed or wounded.

Tennessee Governorship.

Nashville, Tenn., May 1.—The two houses of the legislature met in joint convention to-day to consider the contest for the governorship between Republican Turney, democrat, the present incumbent, and Henry Clay Evans, republican. A resolution providing for the appointment of a committee to report rules governing the convention was adopted. The report of the investigating committee, which favors seating Turney, was then read. The report is signed by the seven democratic members of the committee. The minority report is signed by the five republican members of the committee.

WERE MARRIED TUESDAY.

Duchess of Marlborough Weds Lord William Hereford.

London, May 1.—The Duchess of Marlborough and Lord William Hereford were united in marriage at 1 o'clock this afternoon in St. George's Episcopal Church, Hanover Square. Only a few intimate friends of the two families were bidden to attend the services and

these were the only ones in attendance save a few members of the American colony in London. This was the third marriage of the bride, the duchess, who is well-known in America. Her first husband was William Hammersley, a New York merchant, who at his death left his widow a fortune of several millions. This, by judicious investments, she largely increased. A few years ago she became the wife of the Duke of Marlborough and thus allied herself with one of the oldest peerages in Great Britain.

LADY HEREFORD.

Wages to Be Discussed by the Amalgamated Association.

Pittsburg, May 1.—The annual convention of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers will be held in Chicago in two weeks, and it will be the most important session since 1892. The organization is stronger now than at any time and it covers a larger territory.

This year the great question, as usual, will be a revision of the wage scale, so as to secure a restoration of the wages lost during the business depression. Since the summer of 1893 the wages of the iron and steel workers have been going down. The puddling rate fell from \$5.50 to \$4 per ton and even that rate has been cut in many places, notably in Pittsburg. The voluntary reduction of 10 per cent in the tonnage rates for finishers was followed last year by a further reduction of 10 per cent and in the Youngstown district the finishers took another cut of 15 per cent.

The only workers who escaped were the sheet mill hands. The tin plate workers compromised with a reduction of 12 1/2 per cent and 15 per cent, one-half what was demanded by the manufacturers. The demand for a wage restoration will likely cover all departments of mill work, with the possible exception of the tin plate branch.

Union Men Fight with Pick Handlers.

Marquette, Mich., May 1.—The opening of navigation here yesterday was the signal for a fierce and decisive contest between the local ice trimmers and outsiders brought down from Ishpeming and Negaunee by the three men who say they have contracts with the Vessel Owners' association to trim boats here. The Pontiac arrived light for ore at 6:50 p. m. and twenty minutes later the riot was on. Sheriff Broad had sworn in ten of the newcomers and armed them with baseball bats. The union men loosened the handles of their picks. The crash of clubs upon skulls filled the air for a few minutes, and the imported men took to their heels and run. The Marquette Rifles have been permitted to leave the armory, a detail of eight men being kept on guard there, however.

Albuquerque, N. M., May 1.—When S. M. Folsom, now of Chicago, the banker who is charged with wrecking the Albuquerque National bank and the new Mexico Savings Bank and Trust Co., stepped from a passenger train last night from the east Deputy United States Marshal Knight placed him under arrest on indictment recently found here by the United States grand jury. Folsom was tried and convicted last year and sentenced to the territorial penitentiary for five years, but owing to the persistent efforts of lawyers he has never served his sentence. Folsom will have no trouble to give a bond.

LATEST MARKET REPORTS.

CHICAGO.

Cattle—Common to prime, \$2.40 @ 2.70. Hogs—Spring grades, 4.25 @ 5.30. Sheep—Fair to choice, 2.75 @ 5.00. Wheat—No. 2 red, 62 @ 63. Corn—No. 2, 45 @ 46. Oats—No. 2, 28 1/2 @ 29 1/2. Rye—No. 2, 55 @ 56. Butter—Choice creamery, 7 @ 20. Eggs—Per doz., 11 1/2 @ 12. Potatoes—Per bu., 85 @ 72.

BUFFALO.

Wheat—No. 2, 54 @ 56. Corn—No. 2 yellow, 51 @ 52. Oats—No. 1 white, 34 @ 35.

PEORIA.

Rye—No. 2, 53 1/2 @ 54. Corn—No. 3 white, 46 @ 46 1/2. Oats—No. 2 white, 30 @ 31.

ST. LOUIS.

Cattle—No. 1, 3.00 @ 3.50. Hogs—No. 1, 4.70 @ 5.55. Wheat—No. 2 red, 50 @ 51. Corn—No. 2, 44 @ 45. Oats—No. 2, 29 1/2 @ 29.

MILWAUKEE.

Wheat—No. 2 spring, 53 @ 54. Corn—No. 3, 47 @ 48. Oats—No. 2 white, 29 @ 30. Barley—No. 2, 52 @ 53. Rye—No. 1, 50 @ 51.

KANSAS CITY.

Cattle—No. 1, 2.40 @ 2.60. Hogs—No. 1, 4.70 @ 5.35. Sheep—No. 1, 2.50 @ 3.50.

NEW YORK.

Wheat—No. 2, 67 @ 68. Corn—No. 2, 33 @ 34. Oats—No. 2, 27 @ 28. Rye—No. 2, 51 @ 52.

PHILADELPHIA.

Wheat—No. 2, 65 @ 66. Corn—No. 2, 31 @ 32. Oats—No. 2, 25 @ 26.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves teething troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.



Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."

Da. G. C. OSOOD, Lowell, Mass.

"Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. I hope the day is not far distant when mothers will consider the real interest of their children, and use Castoria instead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium, morphine, soothing syrup and other hurtful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves."

Dr. J. F. KIRKWOOD, Conway, Ark.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."

H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"Our physicians to the children's department have spoken highly of their experience in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular Castoria, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with favor upon it."

UNITED HOSPITAL AND DISPENSARY, Boston, Mass.

ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

The Centaur Company, 71 Murray Street, New York City.

Cheap Rates.

On May 21th, June 7th and 19th July 3rd and 19th, August 2nd and 23d tickets on sale to Hot Springs, South Dakota and at rate of one fare for the round trip \$10.00 from Red Cloud. Tickets limited for return to thirty days from date of sale.—A. CONOVER.

There are 100 deer forests in the Highlands of Scotland.

A complete new line of wall paper at Taylor's at bottom prices.

Eight tons of millet hay for sale. Jno Earner, box 528, Red Cloud.

If you don't see Taylor's wall paper before buying you will miss it.

We do not use codoline or any other kind of lime, but pure and healthful ingredients in our breadstuffs or pastry.—KALEY & CAMPBELL.

Plants.

Sweet potatoes, cabbage and tomato plants for sale by W. V. Beal, three miles south of Cozias, Neb. 31*

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away.

The truthful, startling title of a book about No to bac, the only harmless, guaranteed tobacco habit cure. If you want to quit and can't, use "No-to-bac." Braces up nicotine nerves, eliminates nicotine poisons, makes weak men gain strength, weight and vigor. Positive cure or money refunded. Sold by C. L. Cotting.

Book at druggists, or mailed free. Address The Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago office, 45 Randolph St., New York, 10 Spruce St.

Lost.

Sunday, April 28, a pair of gold bow eye glasses. The finder will be rewarded by leaving them at Cotting's drugstore.

Market Report.

(Corrected Weekly.)

Wheat 50. Corn 50. Oats 35. Rye 35. Hogs 1 25. Flour 3 50 4 00. Stock hogs 2 00 @ 3 00. Fat cows 3 00. Butter 7. Eggs 10. Potatoes 1 00. Chickens 1b 4 1/2. Turkeys 1b 7. Baled Hay per ton 10.

Legal Notice.

Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a chattel mortgage, dated on the 4th day of April, 1892, and duly filed and recorded in the office of the county clerk of Webster county, Nebraska, on the 6th day of April, 1892, and executed by L. A. Mason, of the county of Mills, state of Iowa, to the Farmers Exchange Bank of said Mills county, Iowa, to secure the payment of the sum of fifteen hundred dollars, payable six months after the date thereof, and upon which there is now due the sum of sixteen hundred and twenty-five dollars, which said mortgage is hereby foreclosed, and the same securities, was thereupon, by said Farmers Exchange Bank sold, endorsed, assigned, transferred and delivered to me, A. J. Weir, who am now the owner and holder thereof. Deed of Public Auction, to be held at the depot at Red Cloud, Nebraska, on the 27th day of May, 1895, at 10 o'clock, p