

DEYO & GRICE, Popular Druggists



MAKE A BUSINESS OF

Selling the Best Drugs and Medicines to be had

In their Pharmacy Department they compound all prescriptions carefully and by registered pharmacists.

Stationery, Periodicals, Papers, &c.

New York Weekly Tribune AND THE CHIEF ONE YEAR FOR \$1.25 Address THE CHIEF, Red Cloud, Neb.



Ho, There Farmers! Hitch Up! But before you do come around to J.O. Butler's

Harness shop and buy a new set of hand-made harness. Have reduced all goods in the harness line. Here are a few of our prices:

Sheriff's Sale. Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of an order of sale issued from the office of L. B. Crane, clerk of the district court of the Tenth Judicial circuit, within and for Webster county, Nebraska upon a decree in an action pending therein, wherein Smith Bros. Loan and Trust Co., plaintiffs, and against Sereina Marsden, J. L. Miner, executor of the last will and testament of Peter M. Marsden, deceased, George A. Addie, Cummings, Walter Harris, and John Marsden, overseers of the last will and testament of Peter Marsden, deceased, defendants, I shall offer for sale at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash in hand, at the east door of the court house, at Red Cloud, in said Webster county, Nebraska, first being the building where the last term of said court was held.

- CHURCHES. CHRISTIAN Church—Services Sunday at 10:30 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.; Sunday school at 12 noon. Y.P.S.C.E. at 6:30 p.m. and Y.P.S.C.E. Juniors at 4 p.m. CONGREGATIONAL Church—Services at 10:30 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.; Sunday school at 11:30 a.m. Y.P.S.C.E. at 6:30 p.m. and Y.P.S.C.E. Juniors at 4 p.m. METHODIST Church—Service at 10:30 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.; Epworth League at 6:30 p.m. Sunday School at 11:30 p.m. EPISCOPAL Church—Services every two weeks, by appointment. LUTHERAN Church—Every third Sunday morning at 10 o'clock. CATHOLIC Church—Services by appointment. BAPTIST Church—No regular services. Sunday school (regular) at noon. B.Y.P.U. at 6:30 p.m. CHAPEL—Sunday school at 3 p.m. every Sunday. SOCIETIES. A.O.U.W.—Each alternate Tuesday evening. BEN Adhem Lodge No 186; I.O.O.F. every Monday night. CALANTHIE Lodge No 29, Knights of Pythias Thursday evening. RED CLOUD Lodge No 608, Modern Woodmen of America, alternate Wednesday evening. VALLEY Lodge No 5, Fraternal Order of Protectors, first and third Monday of each month. CHARITY Lodge No 53 A.F. and A.M. each Friday evening on or before the full moon. RED CLOUD Chapter No 19, R.A.M. alternate Thursday evening. CYRENE Commandery No 14 alternate Thursday evening. CHARITY Chapter Eastern Star No 47 alternate Tuesday evening. GARFIELD Post No 89 G.A.R. Monday evening on or before the full moon. GARFIELD W.R.C. No 14 meets alternate Saturday afternoon. MARY SEERS McHENRY Tent No 11 Daughters of Veterans Monday evening. HASKALEY Camp No 25, 8 of V Tuesday evening. SHERMAN Circle No 3, ladies of the G.A.R. first and third Saturday evening. RED CLOUD Council No 18 Loyal Mystic Legion of America first and third Friday evening.

Farm loans. I have a few thousand dollars of private money to loan on first class farms on five years time or less. GEO. W. BARKER. Public auction February 10, 1894, at 1 p.m., at my residence 1/2 block west and 1 block north of post-office in Red Cloud, Nebraska. 1 Norman mare 5 years old this spring; 1 1/2 Hamiltonian horse 5 years old; 1 last spring's colt; 3 coming 3 years old; 1 registered Jersey bull 3 years old; 1 full blood Jersey cow giving milk and coming in, three years old; 1 coming one year old full blood Jersey Heifer; 1 large cow coming in soon; 1 disc and seeder presiding combined. Terms of sale ten months from date with ten per cent interest from date until paid, purchaser giving note with approved security. Col. C. L. Winfrey, auctioneer.—E. RIFE, Jr.

BREATH IN DEAD MEN

STARTLING RESULTS OF A NEW JERSEY DOCTOR'S EXPERIMENTS.

He Has Made a Simple Apparatus With Which the Lungs May Be Put to Work After They Have Once Stopped—It Is Not Patented and Any One Can Make It. Dr. Edwin De Bann of Passaic, N. J., makes the announcement regarding the time honored statement that a man has died from lack of breath—that if breath was all he needed he should have lived. Considering that air is the most plentiful resource of nature, having, as political economists would say, no value because of its abundance, one would think that Dr. De Bann had made no particular discovery. But there is more in his statement than is apparent at first. From time immemorial physicians have directed their ingenuity toward an effective application of this wealth of air, but without satisfactory results. Cases of suspended animation come under their notice every day. Men are rescued from the water after a hard battle with the waves, their lungs filled with water, the life's action suspended. In the majority of instances restoration of animation cannot be effected. The lungs may be emptied of the water; the life giving air, so abundant, is at hand—and if it could only be forced into the organs and respiration started life could be renewed. Physicians' efforts to solve the problem have been unceasing, but, says Dr. De Bann, misdirected.

When a man is rescued from the water, the first thing done is to empty the lungs of water by rolling him on a barrel or lifting him from the ground head downward. Then he is laid on his back, the arms raised to expand the lungs and a rhythmic contraction and expansion of the chest walls effected by alternate pressure and relaxation. Sometimes the forcing process has been kept up for hours with ultimate success, but considering the possibilities recognized in artificial respiration the results have been far from encouraging. Dr. De Bann has worked on an entirely new line, and the result of his experiments and observation is a method of internal respiration, which, he claims, cannot possibly fail. His attention was first directed to the subject by a case of suspended animation in a newly born child. It has been the practice in such cases to force air into the lungs of the infant by breathing into its mouth and then contracting the lungs by pressure upon the chest. But this has been found not only intensely disagreeable, but highly inefficient.

Dr. De Bann decided to try a new expedient. He passed a small rubber tube through the nose of the infant and down into the throat. Closing the mouth, he forced air through the tube from a rubber bag, inflating the lungs; then, releasing the pressure from the mouth, found, as expected, that the elasticity of the muscles of the chest caused immediate contraction of the lungs, forming a complete respiration. This was kept up for 45 minutes, when natural respiration had been restored, and a life had been saved. Since then Dr. De Bann has perfected this hastily improvised apparatus and finds that animation may be often restored within 15 minutes.

The apparatus is as simple as it is ingenious. It consists of a long rubber tube, near one end of which is a piece of soft rubber with which to cover the mouth and nose. At the other end are two rubber bulbs. After the tube has been inserted between the teeth, and the mouth and nose covered slightly, the lower bulb is compressed, forcing air into the second bulb, which acts as a reservoir. This second bulb is much more elastic than the other and maintains a steady pressure of air through the tube. It is covered with loose netting, which acts as a sort of safety valve against overpressure. The tube is fitted with a stopcock that may be used to lend force to the first few respirations.

A few compressions of the lower bulb are sufficient to fill the lungs. Then the pressure on nose and mouth is relaxed, and the lungs are emptied by the natural elasticity of the muscles of the chest. This elasticity remains even after death, and with this instrument it is quite possible to make a dead man breathe regularly as long as the application continues. In some of the doctor's experiments on dead bodies this simulation of life has been absolutely startling.

It is not for dead men, however, that the "insufflator," as it is called, has been devised, but for men who have been brought apparently to death's door by asphyxiation from gas and water. In the latter case the lungs must first be emptied. The apparatus weighs but a few ounces. It is not patented, as Dr. De Bann is a strict observer of medical ethics, which declare that the discoveries of a physician belong to the world. He is treasurer of the state board of medical examiners of New Jersey and has invented several valuable surgical instruments and devices.—New York World.

The Agricultural Profession. The educated agriculturist is slowly but surely driving the uneducated and unthinking man from the field. With the retirement of every quack and the corresponding advent of the thinking man on the farm arena is elevated the whole agricultural profession, which is thus brought one step nearer its true position that it justly held in Roman times—the foremost rank of all the world.—Science.

A Skillful Ironer. Augusta Slevin, who is employed in one of the hygienic laundries of New York, can iron 103 shirts in a day. She is a blond, with big, brown eyes; young, slender almost to delicacy, and could hold her own in any beauty contest. The Ruling Passion. Mr. Peter (cordially)—Come in, come in! Spirit of Kitchen Queen—Please, your reverence, kin O! how ivory other avenue out—Continental Quiver.

GREELEY AND RAYMOND.

A Philosophical Dissertation on the Merits of the Two Great Editors.

There is not a paper in all this country that possesses the individuality that characterized the New York Tribune when Horace Greeley was its editor or The Times when edited by Henry J. Raymond.—Kansas Commonwealth. The day of great newspapers, edited by great editors, such as Horace Greeley and Henry J. Raymond, has passed away.—Chicago Tribune. We had the pleasure of knowing both Greeley and Raymond. We were more intimate with the first named of these contemporary editors than with the other. They were able, sincere, energetic, public spirited Americans. Neither of them was a cherub. Mr. Greeley, good man! said "damn" more than once as we regret to remember, and when he called Raymond "the little villain" that cool headed man retorted in language which many people have forgotten. The two did not get along very well together when one was editor of The Tribune and the other among his assistants, nor afterward when they were editors of rival papers, though both were of the same party. Neither of them was an "ideal editor," or a very deep thinker, or a first class statesman or a notable scholar.

Greeley was a stronger and more stirring writer than Raymond, but Raymond was a far more skillful editor than Greeley. Greeley was more fervent in mind than Raymond; Raymond was more judicious and nimble than Greeley. Raymond, when he was a member of the legislature, and the speaker of the assembly, and the lieutenant governor of the state, and a member of congress, and a delegate to state or national conventions, gave evidence that he was greatly more ingenious in politics than Greeley, who, indeed, during the brief period of his service in congress, did not win distinction. Raymond always kept up a close intimacy with those astute political managers, Thurlow Weed and William H. Seward, while Greeley was unable to stay long in the "political firm of Seward, Weed & Greeley," in which, as he said when he left the concern, he had been a "junior partner."

Greeley was more of a philosopher than Raymond, who, in turn, was more of a man of affairs than Greeley. Greeley was often compared with Benjamin Franklin, though he did not possess Franklin's scientific quality; Raymond might be compared, in many respects, with Franklin Pierce, though he was not of Pierce's politics. Greeley had certain eccentricities of manner and action; Raymond was always regarded as a very level headed man. Both of them belonged to the antislavery school in politics; but Greeley's fervor in the cause far surpassed Raymond's. Greeley had in his earlier years been a champion of "social reforms" which were bitterly denounced by Raymond, who, however, in the latter years of his life, began to look with favor upon certain theories of socialism. Greeley was negligent in his dress; Raymond was natty. Both Greeley and Raymond were founders of New York daily papers which still exist, but neither of which is now characterized by the traits of its founder.

We agree with The Kansas Commonwealth that none of the New York papers now possesses the individuality of Greeley's Tribune or Raymond's Times, and no one of them can possess it, for both of these memorable individuals long ago departed for "the undiscovered country from whose bourne no traveler returns" after it had been their lot "to grunt and sweat under a weary life," but that is not a reason why we should despair of the American press. We may yet have editors not unworthy to be compared with the greatest and best we have ever had.

A true man was Horace Greeley, strong, earnest and good—honored be his memory! An able man was Henry Jarvis Raymond—clear headed, quick witted, reasonable, temperate, genial and highly accomplished—let his name shine in the editorial galaxy!—New York Sun.

A Dance Without a Smile. They have a singular kind of dance conducted on the greens of country villages in Russia. The dancers stand apart, a knot of young men here, a knot of maidens there, each sex by itself, and silent as a crowd of mutes. A piper breaks into a tune, a youth pulls off his cap and challenges his girl with a wave and a bow. If the girl is willing, she waves her handkerchief in token of assent. The youth advances, takes a corner of the handkerchief in his hand and leads his lassie round and round. No word is spoken, and no laugh is heard. Stiff with cords and rich with braids the girl moves heavily by herself, going round and round, and never allowing her partner to touch her hand. The piper goes droning on for hours in the same sad key and measure, and the prize of merit in this "circling" as the dance is called, is given by spectators to the lassie who in all that summer revelry has never spoken and never smiled.—New York Ledger.

The Ruling Passion. Mr. Theosoph—Speaking of the mysterious, I knew an adept who predicted that he would be taken sick on a certain day, at a certain hour, and would die exactly 2 hours and 10 minutes later. Everything occurred just as he foretold. What do you think of that? Mr. Hardhead—He must have been a New York man who had lived in Jersey and had become accustomed to doing everything on schedule time.—New York Weekly.

She'll Know Him Again. When the king of the Belgians stopped in tavern at Spike during a recent storm he overheard the hostess remark: "I've seen the mug of this tall fellow before." Ere leaving the place the king presented the hostess with a bust of himself and later forwarded a large photograph, with his autograph.—Exchange.

Improving the Breed. "Why do you put up such antics when you feed your turkeys, Mr. Farmer?" "Oh, I'm trying to make game of them."—Washington Star.

A SNAP,

And a cold one too, But we have a bigger snap for people who want a Heating Stove. We have a few heaters left from our Winter Stock that we are closing out at

Cost and Below

Come in if you want a Heater.

They all go!

We would rather carry over the money than to carry over the stoves.

We are in it on Barb Wire also!

The best at the lowest price on earth for the Next - 30 - Days

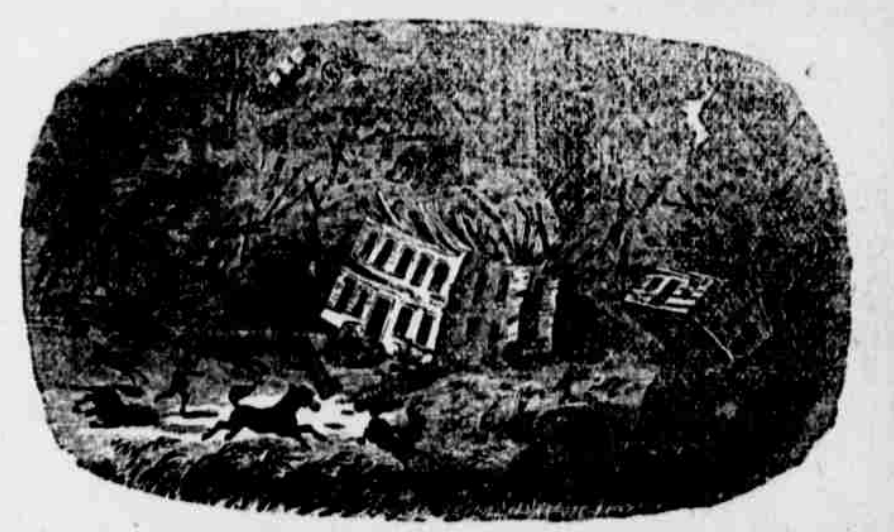
Baker Wire @ \$2.85, Glidden \$2.75.

A. MORHART & SON.

Served Exclusively to the 21,477,212 People admitted to the World's Fair Grounds.



Universally accepted as the Leading Fine Coffee of the World. For sale only by Sherwood & Albright.



A. H. Gray, the Insurance Man, Red Cloud, Is now prepared to insure you in that well-known company, The Home of New York.

Wait for him; he will call on you in a few days. You can save money and get more satisfactory insurance than from any other man. He has exclusive control of four counties.

Jos. C. Holcomb,

—PROPRIETOR OF THE— Holland House Livery Stable,

Has the best rigs in the city and the most reasonable prices. Your orders solicited and fair treatment guaranteed. Barn North of the Holland House.

Notice to Teachers. Notice is hereby given that I will examine all persons who may desire to offer themselves as candidates for teachers of the public schools of this county, at Red Cloud on the third Saturday of each month. Special examinations will be held on the Friday preceding the 3d Saturday of each month. The standing required for 2d and 3d grade certificates is the same—no grade below 70 per cent., average 80 per cent; for first grade certificate—no grade below 80 per cent., average 90 per cent. in all branches required by law. D. M. HUNTER, County Supt.

New Real Estate Firm.

J. H. DAVIS & SON, REAL ESTATE, Loan and Insurance Agents. Red Cloud, Nebraska. Office with D. F. Trunkay, Moon Block We have located in Red Cloud and will be pleased to have people who desire to sell their farms to call and list their lands with us as we have eastern buyers. Call and see us. J. H. DAVIS & SON

A. R. R. Amboy, Red Cloud and Riverton, make as good flour as is made in the state. Why buy foreign made flour when you can get just as good a make at home, and thereby make a better market for the farmers wheat. You will find all brands made at the above mills at McNitt's Produce exchange.

WISOR'S CURE FOR COUGES WHOPE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.