## WAS EASY FOR CORBETT.

CHARLIE MITCHELL MAKES AN EXHI-BITION OF HIMSELF.

The Alleged British Fighter Done Up in Nine Minutes-Three Eneckdowns in Each of Which the Man from England Seeks the Boards.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Jan. 26,-Three rounds, nine minutes, and out! This tells the story of the great Corbett-Mitchell fight, except that



for those nine minutes' entertainment 4,000 permatched men have been about the worst case that ever appeared in the ring. He was CHARLEY MITCHELL literally "not in

it" from the moment he met his adversary. Weighing 163 pounds to his opponent 184; with said opponent having a couple of inches longer reach and towering above him, at the same time a perfect specimen of physical manhood, it would have been a good man who could have won out in Mitchell's place.

Charley Makes a Poor Showing. But the odds referred to against Mitchell were hardly greater than those against Tom Sayers when he fought Heenan. But what a difference in the fight the two men put up! Sayers was repeatedly knocked down by his antagonist and as often came to the scratch smiling. For round after round Tom was punished on the body ter-

ribly, yet to the last he could reach Heenan's face. And so well did he play his tactics that a moment after the fight was over Heenan could not see. When we come to the fact that Mitchell was only knocked down three times in all and the third was a knockout, the absurdity of calling Charley a great fighter is apparent.

Hardly To Be Called a Fight. It could hardly be called a fight. Mitch-ell did not land one good blow. He was neither clever with his hands nor quick on his feet, nor did he exhibit any of the gen-eralship he has been credited with. He was a chopping block for Jim, who landed after the first round just when and where he

Corbett's actual weight at the ringside was 184% pounds, and just before the fight began Ed. Smith, of Denver, challenged the winner to fight for \$10,000 a side. This match was for a purse of 120,000 offered by



CORRETT, CRAMPION OF THE WORLD. the Duval club. Besides this the two men had \$5,000 apiece on the result. The only consolation Mitchell has is a win of \$1,000 from Brady, who bet him he would not appear in the ring, This was made in New York some time ago.

John Kelly, of New York, was the referee At 2:50 p. m. time was called and the men stepped to the center of the ring and faced each other.

THE FIGHT AS IT OCCURRED.

Full Account of the Three Rounds That Won \$20,000. Following are the details of the three

Round 1 .- Corbett, at the call of time, sprang to the center of the ring, with his man just emerging from his corner. Corbett fought with the same style guard he employed so successfully in the combat with Sullivan. Mitchell's guard was low. with his left hand tending downward and his right bent in over his heart. The Englisuman was forced to the south ropes by feints, and for a full minute the men stood or pranced, feinting or fiddling about.
Mitchell finally shot out his left for the
body, falling short in the effort, Corbett endeavoring to counter unsuccessfully. They came together in a clinch, Corbett at anticipating his opponent's move by putting the heel of his opened glove up

Mitchell then, after a couple of efforts, got in with his left on the stomach of the American, Corbett countering with his right to the ear and bringing the color to the Briton's face. Mitchell twice led for Corbett's ribs, landing both times, but lightly in each instance. Corbett landed lightly with his left, Mitchell making good with two body blows, one to the short ribs and the other the chest, both light, and without leaving any traces, Mitchell again sent out his left, falling short and doing no harm. On another lead from Mitchell, who was being pinned against the ropes and thus forced to lead, Corbett platted a light left over the heart of the Englishman.

Mitchell once more tried to fight his man off by leading with his left, the American countering with his right for the head, Mitchell avoiding it by his clever and famous duck. Just before time was called he jed for Corbett's face, landing lightly as his man was going away from it, and then following it up he repeated the blow. When Corbett went to his corner, a smile of self-confidence lit up his features.

Round 2.-Corbett, as in the first round, got the stage corner and kept Mitchell up gainst the ropes throughout the round Mitchell once reaching the center by tak-ing to his feet and getting out of a tight corner in which Corbett had bemmed him. Corbett led with his left, reaching the face of ide antagonist with a jolt which shook Mitchell, who led with his right, Corbett getting out of reach and then retaliating in like manner. Corbett forced Mitchell to the corner with his right, and on Mitchthing appearent the latter with a tun left. M.tchell ran in ou Corbett

after this, the American driving him off CHECKED THE RIOTERS. with a left hand blow in the region of the kidneys. Corbett shot cut a left "hook" to Mitchell's face and i swing back quick THREE MEN WITH WINCHESTERS DISfor a repeater found the Birmingham man with his left arm about his own neck in a

Corbett brushed Mitchell off and getting him in close quarters a second later sent in a right hand uppercut to the heart. Mitchell cleverly got away from a left hand swing. Corbett followed in, and at close quarters brought his right in over Mitchell's heart. The blow was a powerful one and had much to do with the speedy success that came to the champion. It was at this juncture that Mitchell first got to the center of the ring. The crowd saw him wheel about after the heart blow and hissed at him as he ran away from sons paid \$20. Of Corbett, some of of the spectators crying the over out aloud above the din of the cheers and hisses, "Chantilly." Corbett kept up the Mitchell seems to pace. He was bent on finishing the battle

as soon as possible. He sent in his left and right by turns. smothering Mitchell and shaking him up to the point where most men will lose a Corbett led again with the left coming up full against Mitchell's wind and doubling to the neck back of the ear. Another instant and in trying to evade a left feint Mitchell ran up against an admirably simed right which crashed into the heart just above where the former one had found lodgment. Corbett once more uppercut his man with the right and was handling him now as he might a novice. Mitchell swung his left short and then the native began to mow down his antagonist. He led with his left and again timing himself for the recoil caught Mitchell on a cross counter to the side of the jaw. It did not reach the vital part aimed at, but the force of the blow was sufficient to send Mitchell to the ground and under the lower rope.

Corbett crouched over his prostrate though conscious foeman, who was looking at him through a half-open left eye. onds from both sides bounced inside the enclosure and the confusion was of the most exciting kind. Referee Kelly tried to force Corbett away from his man, but he was bent on maintaining his position. From Mitchell's corner, shouting "Foul" as he ran, came his father-in-law, "Pony" Moore, Jim Hall, and Tom Allen. The house was in an uproar. Dempsey, De-laney, and Donaldson rushed to the side of their principal and begged him not to hazard the chances of a sure victory by losing on a foul. Kelly stood over Mitchell, his time occupied in about equal parts counting the seconds and pawing off Corbett. Full eight seconds had elapsed from the time when Mitchell went to grass until he regained his feet in a stooping posture, and-Corbett still struggling with his seconds to get at him-fell over on his side and sat on the boards.

And then Corbett came near losing the fight on a foul; would have lost it with a referee a "leetle" inclined to his foe. He jumped at Mitchell, and swinging his right struck Mitchell while the latter was still in a sitting posture. The Mitchell corner sent up a cry of foul, but the referee disallowed it, claiming that it had done no harm. Mitchell fell in on Corbett as he got to his feet to escape another swing and then "Snapper" Garrison pounded the big gong for time. Corbett heard it and turned and went to his torner. Instead of going to his the Englishman bounded for Corbett and struck him on the head, doing no harm. "Foul," cried Brady, but Cor-bett shook his head and Mitchell was carried to his corner.

Round 3.- The beginning of the end, inaugurated in the previous round, was here brought to a successful finish. Corbett was unscarred. Mitchell was slow in mine owners, miners, and the few scatcoming up. Corbett going straight for him. Mitchell led his left in an attempt to keep Corbett at 'arm's length. It was the last lead Mitchell made. He then clinched, Corbett brushing the alleged strong man off as if he were a boy.

He pushed him away and swift as a flash crossed in the deadly right clear to the jaw. Mitchell went down under the force of the blow. Corbett turned about after delivering the blow and nonchalantly walked to his corner. He sat down and watched the form of his adversary as Kelly called off the fateful seconds. Mitchell finally labored to an upright position. Kelly stepped aside so as not to ob-struct the champion's view, calling his attention to the fact that the Englishman was in a fighting attitude. Corbett went in to finish the fight.

It was a right hand swing which next was brought into play. The added weight of Corbett's own running weight was lent to the blow, and when it landed it fell squarely on the point of the jaw. His body reached the floor, face downward, and he laid there as lifeless as one dead Kelly had counted the ten seconds slowly enough. When the time had finally run its limit Kelly shouted, "Corbett wins. Mitchell's seconds picked him up and carried him to his corner. Nineteen seconds after the last blow had been sent in the eyes of the man from England opened dreamily. 'You're out," said Pony

GOVERNOR'S PLAN DEVELOPS.

Both Men Arrested After the Fight-The

Bloody Chasm Bridged. After the fight the governor's plan developed. Corbett left the ring first and after dressing went to his carriage, where he found the sheriff with a warrant for his arrest for fighting. Mitchell followed later and was also arrested. He had only one little mark on his face and said he felt as well as he ever did, but had been fairly beaten and would fight no more. Corbett,

as has been said, did not have a scratch. Crowds cheered both men as they were driven away to Judge Call's court, where bonds were arranged not only for the principals but for the rest of those who part. Corbett and Mitchell were placed under \$5,000 bonds and remainder of the party under \$2,500 to appear today in criminal court before Judge Phillips. The case brought in behalf of the county was dismissed.

Colonel Cockrell, attorney for the Duval Athletic club, who came to the court house with Mitchell, assured all concerned that the Englishman would soon be at liberty. While in the courthouse a reconciliation between the principals took place, and the hatchet was buried between the two men. Though they had not exchanged the usual handshakes in the ring, either before or after the battle, they cordially shook hands in the courtroom. Mitchell made a little speech, in which he acknowledged having uttered many bittee sayings against Cor-bett, but said he regretted them and was glad he had been whipped by a man worthy in every way to wear a champion's honors. There was general applause in the room over the reconcilation.

Failure of a Montreal Banker. MONTHEAL, Jan. 27 .- Andrew Somerville, a private banker, has failed with liabilities amounting to \$160,000 and nominal assets of \$180,000. A sad feature of the follows is the fact that \$65,000 of the

deposits belong to unmarried women.

PERSE HUNDREDS

At the Crack of the Rifle-A Wild Day in Pennsylvania Coal Regions - About \$200,000 Worth of Property Destroyed by Rictors Huns and Italians.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 29.-The quiet of Suncoal region, the scene of the recent rioting. But few strikers were seen out of their houses, and the deputy sheriffs on guard at the various mines in the district had little to occupy their attention. By many, however, the calm was regarded as preceding the storm. There are well grounded fears of another outbreak today, and the law-abiding citizens are preparing to meet it. Trusted foreigners who were supposed to be in sympathy with the rioters were sent out by the coal operators. They circulated freely with the strikers and returned with the information that preparations were being made to attack the works at Bridgeville, Rosevale, and Beadling. The feeling among the rioters is very bitter against the Beadling brothers for the killing of Frank Stehitz, and they assert that they will have revence.

Looking for Another Attack. If another attack is made on the Beadling works the foreigners will meet with a still warmer reception than that accorded them at the first. There are twelve men in the Beadling family, and every one is as determined and brave as the three who put to flight a mob of several hundred. Thomas Beadling says he and his two brothers fired at least 100 shots, and he is satisfied that if a search of the strikers' houses was made at least a score of wounded men would be found. Frank Stehitz, who was shot through the body, is dead. He was a member of the Sons of St. George, and his family will receive a death benefit of \$1,500.

Charged Upon the Anarchists. There are strong reasons for believing that the anarchists hereabout are responsible for the disorder. It is known that the bulk of the insurgents came from Bower Hill, and upon the authority of Rev. Father Jacob Wertz, paster of St. Joseph's German Roman Catholic church at Mansfield, there are at least 100 families on Bower Hill who openly avow anarchism. Their Bible is a radically anarchist sheet printed in Wisconsin and appropriately named "Lucifer," and the confession of faith is set forth in the specious sophistry of its publication. This sheet is written by an unfrocked priest named Michael Biron, a man of good education who fell away from the church when in Mayence, Germany. He is now publishing this sheet in Madison, Wis., and it has a considerable number of subscribers in this section and in the coke regions.

Wiped Out \$200,000 in Property. Whatever may have been, in the matter of politico-econominal propaganda, the leading idea of the men who headed mobs it is certain that anarchy was the result in the Mansfield coal region. The movement of the mob began at dawn and at dusk it was estimated that \$200,000 worth of property had been destroyed. Made mad by fancied grievances and liquor a mob of several hundred foreigners—Hungarians, Slavs and Italians— swept over the country surrounding Mansfield and through the valleys of Tom's and Painter's Runs. They attacked tered deputy sheriffs, wrecked cars and destroyed railroad property. Until noon the mob met hardly any resistance. that time it reached the mines of the Beadling Bros., near Federal, on the Pittsburg, Chartiers and Youghiogheny reliway.

STRUCK A SNAG AT LAST.

The Beadling Brothers Show the Cowardice of a Mob.

Here the rioters met determined resistance and were checked. With repeating Winchester rifles in their hands Thomas F., William and Harry Beadling stood their ground and opened fire upon the mob as it advanced. They fired four volleys in quick succession, fatally wounding one and injuring a half dozen others. After the fourth volley the rioters turned and fied precipitately down the hill. At this moment a train bearing Sheriff Richards and forty deputies pulled into Beadling and the officers quickly alighting started in pursuit of the rioters, firing as they ran. The chase was a long and hot one, but finally sixteen were overtaken and captured.

Previous to this the mob had started out to stop all work in the Mansfield district and to burn, if necessary in the accomplishment of their object, all the coal property. They first went to the Armstrong mine, just outside of Woodville. They threw a volley of stones through the windows of the tipple-house. Attracted by the shouts of the attacking men the miners issued forth from the pits, when they were set upon, beaten, and compelled to flee for their lives. None of them was seriously hurt. Then with increased numbers they marched to the Steen company's mines, but found the working force there too large to be attacked with certainty of vic-

So they went by, contenting themselves with volleys of curses on the men at work. They next attacked the Pittsburg Fuel company's works and drove the miners away, many being burt. Then they threw cars from the tipple and committed other similar acts of vandalism. Reaching the Block Coal company's works at Federal they drove the men from work and then went to the Wicks and Beachmont mines, destroying property all along the route. En route to the mines of A. J. Shutte & Co the mob wrecked the store building of C. P. Mayer and capped the climax of van-dalism a short time later.

When they reached Shutte's works they forced their way into the office and overturning the stove set fire to the building. Then procuring oil they poured it over the tipple and with brands from the burning office soon had the tipple blazing from a score of different places. The Pan Handle company's works suffered next. Here the mob also fired the tipple after compelling the miners to fice for their lives. Leaving destruction in its wake the mob then took up the march to the Beadling mines and here they met the surprise of the day, given them by the Beadling brothers as narrated in the foregoing. Deputies were immediately put on guard at all the min-ing properties in the district and every preparation was made to give the mob a very warm reception if they make any more demonstrations.

Well-Known Illinoisan Dead.

GALESBURG, Jan. 29.-Gersham Martin, editor of The Press and People, and one of the best known newspaper men of the state, died at his bome bury after a long NATIONAL LIGISLATURE.

The Week's Proceedings in the Senate and House of Representatives.

Washington, Jan. 25.—The senate debated the resolution regarding Hawaii reported from the foreign relations committee and half a dozen amendments were offered, but there was no action. Lodge spoke against the election law repeal bill. A bill was passed authorizing railway bridges across the Neches and Sabine rivers in Louisiana and Texas, as were bills exday prevailed throughout the Mansfield tending the time for the construction of the bridge across the Calumet river in Illi nois and authorizing the issue of a patent for certain lands in the Omaha Indian reservation to the Presbyterian board of home missions. An executive session was

The house voted down all attempts to put iron ore on the dutiable list and the internal revenue bill, containing the income tax, was reported after a fight against its report by Democrats opposed to the income tax.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 26.-The session of the senate was uneventful. The Hawaiian are subject to the order of this court. resolution went over, and Allen of Ne braska made an extended argument in favor of his resolution declaring the contemplated issue of bonds by Secretary Carlisle to be unlawful. A desultory dis-cussion of the federal election bill followed and addresses of eulogy were delivered upon the late J. Legan Chapman, formerly a representative from Michigan.

Only one amendment to the tariff bill of importance was adopted by the house, that repealing the reciprocity clause of the Mc-Kinley bill. The entire day was consumed by the New York Democrats who were fil ibustering against the income tax proposi tion, which they feared would be offered along with other features of the internal revenue bill as an amendment to the Wil son bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.-The session of the senate was devoted to a discussion of Call's public land resolution and the federal election bill. Call spoke in favor of the homesteaders of Florida, who he alleged were being deprived of their rights by land grant railroads without authority of law. His resolution was referred. Chandler moved the postponement of the election bill to December, but was defeated, and a resolution was adopted to accept from the widow of George William Curtis a marble bust of Charles Sumner. Dolph introduced an amendment to the Hawaiian resolution providing for the immediate re call of Minister Willis, An executive session was held. Adjourned to Menday.

The only amendment to the tariff bill adopted by the house was one increasing the duty on cut stones unset to 30 per cent. ad valorem and taking rough, un-ent stones from the free list and placing them on the dutiable list at 15 per cent, ad vavalorem. The ways and means committee, which desired to reduce the duty on cut stones from 15 to 10 per cent., was overruled in this matter. An attempt to place tin plate on the free list was unsuccessful.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29 .- The tariff debate has been concluded so far as it relates to the customs schedules. The time for of fering amendments ceased at 5:30 p. m. Saturday, when the house took a recess At least 100 amendments were shut out. The committee revised its action of a week ago and fixed the time for free wool to go into effect at Aug. 2 and the woolen goods to go into effect on Dec. 2. This was accomplished by a change of front on the part of the Republicans who voted on the former occasion to have free wool go inte effect immediately upon the passage of the bill. The duty on pig iron was re-duced to 20 per cent, ad valorem and that on steel rails to the same per cent., being cuts from the original bill of 2% and 5 per cent. respectively. An attempt of the committee to increase the duty on barley and barley malt 5 per cent. was defeated by 5:30 p. m. arriving. A rule was adopted authorizing the offering of the income tax measure as an amendment to the tariff bill and for a final vote on the whole question Thursday, Feb. 1. anti-income taxers filibustered a little, but were snowed under.

The Bill Against Carlisle.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.-Sovereign's bill against Carlisle asks that the secretary and "his confederates" may be required to make answer on oath under what basis of statute or of necessity they claim the right to issue the bonds specified in the recent treasury circular, and to specifically answer whether such bonds are to be made payable in United States gold coin or otherwise and why the necessities, if any, existing, should not be met by the coinage of silver now in the possession of the department, and especially why it is proposed to sell bonds to a greater amount than s required to make up the deficit in the hundred million gold reserve. The question of admission of the bill in court will be argued today.

Doctors Differ Very Widely.

CHICAGO, Jan. 29 .- As in the cases where insanity has been pleaded on behalf of homicides the experts differ as to whether that prisoner is insave, so in the Cronin case the professional gentlemen called by prosecution and defense lack concord on the question of what killed Dr. Cronin. The prosecution proved very fully that the blows on the doctor's head did it, while now the defense is proving equally fully that they did not necessarily cause death, and some of them hold that the doctor may have died of kidney disease.

Life Convicts To Be Hanged. JACKSON, Miss., Jan. 29.-Judge Christman has sentenced Horace Smith and Henry Singleton to hang on March 27. They are already life convicts. While in prison they killed two other convicts.

THE DEATH RECORD.

BERNARD FISCHER, retired capitalist of Milwaukee. LABAN CHANDLER, pioneer of Central II linois, at Monticello, Ills.

LAURA SCHIRMER MAPLESON, the operatic singer, at New York. Louis HAAGEN, prominent citizen of Al-

Captain PATTERSON SHARPE, wellknown resident of Elgin, at Bloomington, Dr. JOSEPH HOBBINS, one of the fore

most surgeons of the country, at Madison, CONSTANCE FENIMORE COOPER WOOLSON, the authoress, at Venice. Colonel LYMAN J. HISSONG, wealthy citizen of Fostoria, O.

A. F. BROWN, one of the oldest lawyers in Iowa, at Waverly, Ia.

Jacon Strawn, wealthy citizen of Jacksonville, Ills.

E. I. BALDWIN, well known merchant of Cleveland, O. ALEXANDER NELSON, D. D., ex-president of Washington Female college, at Delaware, O. Rev. J. W. CLINTON, well known Metho-

JULESBURG TRACK AGREEMENT.

Union Pacific Must Discontinue Running Trains Over That Branch. DENVER, Jan. 31. Frank Trumbull, receiver of the Gulf road, has received a letter from the receivers of the Union Pacific informing him the had obtained an order from the United States circuit court at Omaha directing them not to continue the performance of the trackage agreement to run trains over the Julesburg branch, but allowing them to keep

the agreement to have the Gulf road

trains run over the Chevenne branch. Mr. Trumbull, in a supplemental petition filed here, asks that in the United States court the action of the Union Pacific receivers in deciding to break the traffic contracts be passed upon and such orders made as the court may think proper. Mr. Trumbull says the entire property covered in the traffic contracts is within the jurisdiction of the Denver courts and the Union Pacific receivers

Expect Congressional Action. TERRE HAUTE, Ind., Jan. 31.—General Master Sargent of the Brotherhood of Firemen returned from Washington where he has been in consultation with Senator Voorhees and Representative McGann of Illinois concerning matters of vital interest to the brotherhood. A bill has been prepared and will be introduced soon in both branches of congress to prevent federal judges from restraining railroad employes from striking. Mr. Sargent will meet the grand officers of the brotherhood at St. Paul Thursday when the final action will be taken on to compet newspapers to discontinue the order served on them in the courts such publications. A bill introduced by in the Northern Pacific case.

To Hend Off the Brokers.

KANSAS CITY, Jan. 31.—The Kansas City local passenger association has ordered all Denver lines to stop for 30 days the sale of tickets from Kansas City to Pueblo via Denver for \$10.75. Denver passengers have been buying these tickets, riding to Denver on them and then selling the Denver-Pueblo coupon for #3 to brokers. The result is that the Denver railways have been unable to sell Pueblo tickets at regular prices.

Decrease In Burlington Earnings. CHICAGO, Jan. 31, Gross earnings of Burlington from Jan. 1 to Dec. 31, 1893, were \$38,356,483, a decrease of \$2,055,-918 from 1892; the total freight earnings were \$24,229,767, a decrease of \$3,257, 185; the total passenger earnings were \$10,185,381, an increase of \$2.279,452; the operating expenses were \$24,502,189, a decrease of \$1,656,807; the total net earnings for the year were \$3,894,294, a decrease from 1892 of \$578,210.

Burlington Met the Reduction. KANSAS CITY, Jan. 31 .- The Burlington railway has met the reduced rates on corn and wheat from the Missouri river points to Chicago and common points. The Santa Fe originally made the rate, which is 9 cents a hundred on wheat and 8 cents on corn.

Decision Favorable to the Receivers. MILWUAKEE, Jan. 81.-Judge Jenkins filed in the United States circuit court his decision in the matter of the petition of the Brayton-Ives faction of the Northern Pacific stockholders to compel the receivers to turn over the control of the road to the officers. The judge denies the petition.

American Bimetallic Association. Judge Jenkins Denied the Petition. MILWAUKEE, Jan. 31. Judge Jenkins denied the petition of the Northern Pacific receivers for the return of books and payment of money.

Call For a Wool Growers' Convention. DENVER, Jan. 31 .-- At the request of many wool growers of the western states Governor Waite has reissued his call for a wool growers' convention in Denver Feb. 5. He has received notice that the governors of Pennsylvania and Montana have appointed delegates to the convention.

An Iowa Heiress.

IOWA CITY, Ia., Jan. 31.-Miss Clara Ashley has fallen heir to \$35,000. The inheritance comes to her through the will of the late Frederick W. Ashley of Bangor, Me.

Flames in Mason City. Mason City, Jan. 31.—The New York dry goods store burned. Loss \$40,000, insurance \$25,000.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Chicago Grain and Provisions. CHICAGO, Jan. 31.-Almost all of yesterday' advance in wheat was lost today and May closed 5c lower. Cables were weak, the weather was mild, and heavy shipments added to the weakness. Corn closed with a loss of 5c. May outs suffered to a like extent

and provisions were considerably lower all

around. WHEAT-Steady. Cash, 504c; May, 63%c CORN-Firm. Cash, 35\se; May, 38\4e; July, 357gonne. OATS - Easy. Cash, 275je; May, 295j@205je; July, 2834c PORK-Easy. January, \$12.80; May, LARD-Ensy. January, \$7.5716; May.

RHS-Easy. January, \$6 1216; May, \$6.523g. Chicago Live Stock. CHICAGO, Jan. 30.—CATTLE—None of the offerings had the quality to bring as much as \$5.00 and exceedingly few got above \$4.25. From \$3.25 to 4.00 bought fair to pretty good 1000 to 1850 lb steers, and there is where the

bulk sold. HOGS-Considerably lower prices for hogs had to be accepted. Within an hour after the opening buyers had forced the market back to the extent of 10c, and they held it there to the end. The best heavy and medium weight hogs sold off to \$5.35 and \$5.30 was an outside quotation for light weights. The largest part of the trading being at \$5.295.53 for the former and \$5.15@5.25 for the latter. The close was

SHEEP-They were salcable at \$1.50@3.75 for poor to extra, and there was a demand for lambs at \$1.00;4.05 for inferior to choice. Extra lambs were quoted as high as \$4.75. Receipts—Cattle, 3.90 head; calves, 300; hogs, 26,000; sheep, 12,000

South Omaha Live Stock.

SOUTH OMAHA, Jan 39.—CATTLE—Receipts, 500 head; 1300 to 1500 lbs... \$3,90514.50; 1100 to 1300 lbs., \$3.50623.90; 900 to 1100 lbs., \$3.10623.40; choice cows, \$2,2503,10; common cows, \$1,250 2.10; good feeders, \$2,9663,50; common feeders, \$2,256(2.80). Market active and steady. HOGS-Receipts, 5,800 head: light,

8.25; mixed, \$5.1025.15; heavy, \$5.1025.20.
Market lie lower.
SHEER-Receipts, 1.80 head; muttons,
S.504.6; lambs, \$4.5024.00. Market weeker.

## THE LEGISLATIVE NEWS

Bill to Prohibit Publication of Prize Fight Accounts.

INTRODUCED IN THE IOWA HOUSE.

Bill to Appropriate \$25,000 to Pay Indebtedness of State Agricultural Society. Committee Reports on McMillen's Dismissal by Governor Boles -Colorado Senator Challenged to Fight a Duel.

DES MOINES, Jan. 31 .- The first real

excitement of the session in the senate

was brought out by the discussion in re-

lation to the suspension of Warden Mc-Millen of the Fort Madison penftentiary by Governor Boies. The governor reported his action to the general assembly through a special message and accom-panied it with copies of the report of the investigating committee and report of the attorney general. The special message was referred to a joint committe composed of Senators Reynolds and Matton and Representa-

tives Milliman, Finch and Stuntz. The discussion was brought out by an effort on the part of Senator Finn to pass a resolution expressing the opinion that McMillen should be reinstated. It was laid over. The report of the committee that the governor was wholly justified in suspending the warden was adopted.

Senator Rowen has been reading too much prize fighting news. He proposes him provides for a fine of not less than \$50 nor more than \$100 to be imposed upon any newspaper that publishes details of rounds fought in any prize fight.

A bill providing for an appropriation of \$25,000 to meet the deficit in the State Agricultural society's funds was introduced by Senator Yeomans. The deficit is due to a light attendance at the fair. The assembly is being flooded with petitions requesting the passage of the bill.

Senator Palmer introduced a bill pro-

viding for the appointment by the governor of a commission to ascertain and mark the position occupied by the Iowa troops at the battle of Chattanoogs and appropriate \$25,000 for the erection of monuments, and \$2,000 for the expense of the commission.

Colorado House Passed Several Bills.

DENVER, Jan. 31 .- The time of the house Tuesday was mainly occupied in passing several bills providing for the construction of roads and bridges. The senate met at 2 o'clock for the first time since Friday. Governor Waite's message in reply to the senate's resolution asking him to prorogue the legislature, was read. Senator McKinley introduced a concurrent resolution providing for an adjournment sine die on Feb. 8, which went over under the rules.

Challenged to Fight a Duel. DENVER, Jan. 21 .- Colonel A. C. Fisk of whom Senator Boyd said in the senate he had never earned an honest dollar, challenged the Senator to fight a duel. The Colonel says if the Senator does not publicly retract and apologize for his offensive remark or accept the challenge he will beat his brains out with a club. Colonel Fisk is president of the Pan-

TWO CONGRESSMEN ELECTED.

The Republicans Succeed In Electing Quigg In a Democratic District. NEW YORK, Jan. 31 .- The special elections Tuesday for two congressmen in the Fourteenth and Fifteenth districts resulted in an even distribution as far as the political parties are concerned, but the Republican are rejoicing over their signal victory in the Fourteenth district. There the Republican candidate, Lemuel Ely Quigg, led his rival, William L. Brown, by 903 votes, and thus succeeds to the seat left vacant by Colonel John Fellows, Democrat, now district attorney. In the Fifteenth district Isidor Strauss was elected over Frederick Sigrist, Republican. Mr. Strauss succeeds A. P. Fitch, Democrat, now comptroller of this city.

INTERESTED IN IRRIGATION. North Nebruska Convention Holding &

Meeting at Holt's Capital. O'NELL, Neb., Jan. 81.—The North Nebraska irrigation convention was called to order in the courthouse. Judge M. P. Kinkaid was elected chairman and T. V. Golden secretary. Brown, Keya. Paha, Rock, Cherry and Holt counties

were represented. Sioux City, Ia., was represented by three delegates. B. S. Gillespie of Holt county gave an outline of the proposed ditch, having just returned from a trip of inspection. I. A. Forte of Grand Island, president of the State Irrigation association, made an extended speech illustrating the costs and benefits to be derived from irriga-

Make Short Work of Rioters.

PITTSBURG, Jan. 31. It is the intention of the Allegheny county authorities to make short work of the Mansfield coal region rioters. The 39 men are now in jail here and were given hearings on the charge of unlawful assembly. The cases were taken to the grand jury and 10 minutes later true bills were found against the entire party. It is possible the cases will be called in court this week and railroaded through.

Tried to Escape and Was Killed. OSKALOOSA, Ia., Jan. 31.-George W. Elder and Tom Edwards were arrested for stealing by Officer Windahl. Edwards broke away from Windahl and started to run. Windahl fired three times after him and fatally wounded him, Edwards dying two hours afterward. He was one of a gang here in December. The officer is under arrest, but public sentiment stands up for him.

Smallpox at New Hampton. NEW HAMPTON, Ia., Jan. 81 .- One new case of smallpox was reported to the authorities. This makes three cases in ell, one proving fatal, that of a child only a few weeks old. The cases are thoroughly quarantined.