

THE RED CLOUD CHIEF



"Eternal Vigilance is the Price of Liberty," and One Dollar a year is the Price of The Chief.

By A. C. HOSMER.

RED CLOUD, WEBSTER COUNTY, NEB., FRIDAY, AUGUST 4, 1893.

VOL. 21. No. 2

THE CHIEF

Published Weekly.
Subscription, - \$1 Per Annum,
Invariably in Advance
If not paid in advance, after this date March
15, 1893, the price will be \$1.25.
Entered at the Post Office in Red Cloud, Neb.,
as mail matter of the second class.

RATES OF ADVERTISING
Prof. cards, 1 inch or less per year..... \$5 00
Six months..... 3 00
Three months..... 2 00
STANDING ADVERTISEMENTS.
Per inch one year..... \$4 00
Per inch six months..... 3 00
Per inch three months..... 2 00
Special notices per line or line space, first
publication 5 cents.
Transient specials, payable invariably in advance,
per line to cents.
All reading notices in the nature of advertisements
or puff, 5 cents per line.
Legal notices at legal rates, viz: for a square
(ten lines of nonpareil or less), first publication
\$1.00; for each subsequent publication, per
square, 50 cents.
No "preferred position" contracts made.
All matter to insure publication must be received
at this office not later than Wednesday.
Advertisements cannot be ordered out for the
current week later than Thursday.

B. & M. R. R. Time Table.
Taking effect Nov. 27.
Trains carrying passengers leave Red Cloud as follows:
EAST VIA HASTINGS,
No. 142 Passenger to Hastings 6:00 p. m.
No. 145 Freight to Hastings 1:30 p. m.
ARRIVE.
No. 141 Passenger from Hastings 10:15 a. m.
EAST VIA WYOMING
No. 16, Passenger to St. Joseph St. Louis and Chicago daily 11:00 a. m.
No. 14 Passenger to Kansas City and
Arlington daily 7:47 p. m.
GOING WEST.
No. 15 Passenger for Denver and in-
termediate points daily 7:40 a. m.
No. 18 Passenger for Denver, daily, 6:19 p. m.
EXPRESS AND BAGGAGE ACCOMMODATION.
No. 143 local freight to Oxford daily
except Sunday 6:00 a. m.
No. 144 local freight from Oxford daily
except Sunday 7:42 p. m.

BUSINESS CARDS.

- W. TULLEYS, M. D.**
Homeopathic Physician,
Red Cloud, Nebraska.
Office opposite First National Bank.
U. S. Examining Surgeon.
Chronic diseases treated by mail.
- C. L. WINFREY,**
Auctioneer,
RED CLOUD, NEBRASKA.
Will attend sales at reasonable figures. Satis-
faction guaranteed.
- J. H. SMITH,**
Insurance Agent,
RED CLOUD, NEBRASKA.
I do a strictly farm insurance and invite
and invite all to see me.
- RANDOLPH MCNITT,**
ATTORNEY,
MOON BLOCK, RED CLOUD, NEB.
Collections promptly attended to.
- O. C. CASE,**
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
MOON BLOCK, RED CLOUD, NEB.
Collections promptly attended to, and
correspondence solicited.
- D. F. TRUNKEY,**
Attorney at Law,
Red Cloud, Nebraska.
Office—Up stairs, in Moon Block,
over Fair Store.
- GEO. O. YEISER,**
Real Estate, Insurance
and Collecting Agent,
MOON BLOCK, RED CLOUD, NEB.
Notary Public.
- R. P. HUTCHISON,**
Tonsorial Artist,
4th AVENUE, RED CLOUD, NEBRASKA.
First-class barbers and first-class work
guaranteed Give me a call.
- D. STOFFER,**
Fashionable Barber,
Red Cloud, Nebraska.
I give my personal attention to my
patrons. First-class shaving and hair
cutting a specialty.
- H. E. FOND,**
Red Cloud, Nebraska.
Conveyancer, Real Estate, Loan
Insurance and Pension Agent.
I especially invite you to call on me for
anything in my line. Loans made on
farm property at lowest rates.
- CHAS. SCHAFFNITZ,**
Insurance Agency,
Represents
German Insurance Co., Freeport, Ill.
Royal Insurance Co., Liverpool, England.
Home Fire Insurance Co., of Omaha, Neb.
Phoenix Assurance Co. of London, Eng.
German Insurance Co. of Quincy, Ill.
German Assurance Co. of London, Eng.
Washington Insurance Co. of Burlington, Iowa.
American Assurance Co. of Toronto, Can.
Office over Postoffice,
RED CLOUD, NEBRASKA.

Deyo & Grice



Hammocks,

75c to \$1.50.

Croquet Sets,

75c to \$1.75.

Our stock is large.

Be sure to see us.



PENMAN
HAS
THEM
A nice line of
Jewelry,
Diamonds,
Chains,
Rings,
Bracelets,
Scarf pins
Cuffs and collar buttons, neck
chains, lace pins, stick pins,
charms, etc.
Plated and solid silverware, souvenir spoons,
pearl handled knives and forks, carving sets,
calling card cases, bon bon boxes and other
novelties. A fine line of spectacles and eye
glasses with interchangeable lenses, steel, nickel
silver and gold frames. Special and careful at-
tention paid to fitting the eye. My line of 2nd
hand watches is quite large. I will run them off
at less than their actual worth.
For setting your watch, clock, and jewelry re-
pair work, your engraving and your old gold
and silver to me.
Henry Cook's Drug Store.

EX-SENATOR PADDOCK,

Explains the Free Coinage of Silver Satisfactorily.

BEATRICE, Neb., July 20, 1893,
Jay Burrows, Esq., Sec'y Neb. Bi-met-
allic League, Lincoln, Neb.

My Dear Sir:—I duly appreciate, and warmly thank the bimetallic league for their very courteous invitation, so kindly conveyed to me by yourself, "to speak in favor of bimetallicism" in Lincoln Saturday evening. I very much regret that business engagements render impossible my participation in the discussion appointed for the date you indicate, but if later on the proper "time and chance" shall happen to me, it will be a pleasure to meet with the league. The exact truth is my private affairs, almost wholly neglected during my last six years of service in the senate, have pressed upon me so heavily that I have had no heart, nor mind, nor time since my release for anything except the work of bringing order out of the chaos into which they had drifted while I was engrossed in looking after the business of others and permitting my own to be laid over to the more convenient season which by the kindness and consideration of my constituents was arranged for me a few months since.

I have not, therefore, watched the course of the bimetallic league, but think I have a fairly correct idea of the purpose and aim, if not of the full scope of its endeavor.

As I understand it, the league is in no sense a political organization. In the list of its memberships I find the names of honored citizens of the state who have long been, and still are prominently connected with the different political organizations. As I am informed, they have simply come together as republicans, democrats and independents, for a concerted movement along strictly non-partisan lines, to develop and strengthen the sentiment found in all parties at this time favorable to bi-metallicism.

Very likely I may not agree with some of you as to the causes and instrumentalities to which the demonization of silver is properly chargeable. We may also differ as to the best method to be employed for the permanent rehabilitation of silver as a money of commerce, a coin currency for local and individual exchanges, a fiduciary money with such relation to gold as will best qualify it always and everywhere to do its full share to maintain the colossal business fabric of the world whose foundations rest upon the farthest shore of the remotest sea; whose superstructure covers all creative nature, and embraces all the spheres of human activity.

But we will all agree that silver—recognized as a true measurement of values from the time when commerce ceased to be only another name for piracy—shall not now with our consent be driven out by a new sort of piracy in the guise of financial, commercial, and other trusts and combinations formed by the strong to rob the weak of their opportunities, and deprive them of the required tools for the betterment of their condition.

It cannot be denied that an undue enhancement of the value of gold in its relation to all commodities and things for which it has been a measurement of value has been in progress for some time. And now a concerted effort on the part of a powerful element in this country, under the inspiration of the mono-metallist money changers of Europe, is being made still further to appreciate its value by the practical elimination of silver from our currency.

The coin money of the world is less than \$8,000,000,000, made up of about equal parts of gold and silver; a sum which, if every dollar of the silver could be given the same purchasing power as gold, would be barely adequate for the world's uses. But silver was long since driven out as a money of commerce. It was practically expelled from all fiduciary uses by most of the great commercial nations of Europe long ago; and it is now proposed by the unqualified repeal of the Sherman act to withdraw all statutory recognition of it as a coin money by our own government. This leaves therefore, less than \$4,000,000,000 of gold currency as a coin money basis to maintain the business and the credits of the whole world, the volume of which is so vast as to be almost beyond the ability of the human mind to measure or to comprehend. But these are not all the requirements of our day and generation. Gold in the treasuries of the great nations of Europe is as necessary a war equipment for the preservation of the balance of power among them as standing armies along their frontiers, or as cannon shot and shell, and other munitions in their forts and arsenals. And so the representatives of those governments everywhere have helped to swell the swarming multitude which for years has been chasing up and down the earth in pursuit of gold—all alike realizing that when the pressure from the increased demand always incident to a general loss of confidence comes, as has recently been seen, the supply is suddenly found to be wholly inadequate to meet it, and universal bankruptcy and distress are sure to follow.

And thus we are confronted by the anomaly, that while there has been a most phenomenal increase in the requirements for coin money, the mono-metallist money owners of Europe have been using their great power and influence to drive out and destroy one-half the world's store of such money, and at the same time place insurmountable barriers against its restoration.

They have insisted that gold production was increased beyond the demand for its use in the world's currency, and yet the absorption, according to calculations based on Soether's figures, endorsed by Boissevant, in Germany, the Scandinavian kingdom, the United States and Italy, alone, from 1870 to 1885 exceeded the production for that period by \$200,000,000, "about one-sixteenth of the total amount of gold money which toward the end of that period had been distributed in Europe, the United States and Australia." During the same period it is also shown that there was not only no increase in the supply of gold from production in other countries, but almost certainly a loss compared therewith.

Since 1885 there has been an enormously increased absorption—particularly in European countries—in excess of production, much of which latterly has been at the expense of the United States; and yet every country in the world is constantly struggling to keep what it has, and acquire more, as if its life depended on the success of its efforts. Everybody knows that there is not enough to "go round," and everybody except the single standard money and credit owners admits that it ought if possible to be largely supplemented by something else. But many who believe this doubt if anything equally as good can be found, while the mono-metallist is determined that nothing shall be found, and is diligently employing every means of which he is possessed to prevent it,

He grossly exaggerates the amount of silver production. In London he represents that our bonds will be paid in silver. Perhaps he buys a few and returns them to this country to be sold, with the statement that English capitalists like himself do not like to hold them, or any other American securities, anticipating their payment in silver, which he and his kind have helped to depreciate by misrepresentations. Thus he helps to depress the market by his personal example in London and New York. He does more. His sale, and the reasons for it, are generally quoted on the New York Stock Exchange and afterwards in the commercial newspapers and used as an argument to convince the people of this country that bi-metallicism must not be thought of—that the Sherman act must be wiped out from top to bottom, which would leave not a word or syllable of law in our statute books in recognition of silver. If by his own unaided act he could restore the parity in actual market-value between the gold and silver dollar, he would not do it. It is to his interest to prevent an increase in the money supply, and at the same time stimulate the demand, thus appreciating its value, and increasing his revenue therefrom correspondingly. There are thousands of mono-metallists in Europe who are working on these lines, and there are thousands of men in this country who believe in bi-metallicism, but oppose all legislation looking in that direction because of the dreaded disasters to our securities promised by these foreign mono-metallists if we do not hasten to take the back track on silver. Per se, they are in favor of bi-metallicism, per the sentiment of the London money changers they are against it.

Mr. Cleveland was elected president on a platform pledging him to tariff reform on substantially free trade lines. The same platform in effect declared in favor of state bank paper currency issues. These were both radical departures, and naturally produced some apprehension and disquiet in business circles, as the promise of an entire change of policy involving great business interests always does. But this disquiet thus originating was all charged to the Sherman act. A financial cyclone struck Australia, whose business has always been conducted squarely and exclusively under the gold standard. All of its great banks failed, and universal bankruptcy followed, entailing enormous losses upon capitalists of England and Scotland as well as Australia, and in some degree at least disturbing the money markets of this country as well as Europe. This disquiet was used to swell the account against the Sherman act.

(TO BE CONTINUED)

Sing a song of sixpence,
Pocket full of rye,
Four and twenty blackbirds
Baked in a pie:
When the pie was opened
The birds began to sing:
Buy a bottle of Haller's Cough Syrup,
It's just the proper thing.
For sale by Deyo & Grice.

A few more of those celebrated Home Sewing machines which I am going to close out cheap. If you want one, call at once and secure a bargain.—JAMES PETERSON, the agricultural man.

A Puzzle
To many ladies is how to keep their hair in curl on rainy days. The solution is easy. Ask Deyo & Grice for Nonpareil Hair curter and the puzzle will be solved.

Take Notice.
I have left all notes and collections with H. E. Fond of Red Cloud, and hereby appoint him as my agent with authority to collect and receipt for same.—Daniel Snyder. 1-37.



A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength—Latest United States Government Food Report.
Royal Baking Powder Co.
100 Wall St., N. Y.

The World's Fair.
Here's an estimate of what it costs to spend a day at the world's fair.
Room.....\$1 00
Breakfast......25
Carfare to and from grounds.... .10
Admission to Fair......50
Dinner......50
Supper......25

Total.....\$2.60
If you want to spend more, you can. If you can't afford that much you can get along very nicely on considerably less. Ask the local agent of the Burlington Route for information about the best and cheapest way of reaching Chicago. Excursion rates every day.

A. E. C.
Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption result from a neglected cough or cold. Don't neglect but cure promptly with a few doses of Boggs' Cherry Cough Syrup Sold by Deyo & Grice.

Hall Insurance.
Will write a limited amount of Hall Insurance in each section; rates the very lowest. No charge for policy. Insure to-day, to-morrow it may be too late. Losses adjusted promptly. Call and see me.—CHAS. SCHAFFNITZ, office over post office, Red Cloud, Neb.

Take Advantage
Of the Burlington Route's half rate excursions to Hot Springs, S. D., which begin July 15th. The local agent will gladly tell you all about them.

A New Joke
On the liver. When it is out of order and you feel blue, try a few doses of Boggs' Little Giant Pills. Your liver will appreciate the joke. So will you. For sale by Deyo & Grice.

Pumps and Windmills.
I have a fine line of pumps and windmills, and if you want any of them you should see me for prices.—JAMES PETERSON, Red Cloud.

These Wonderful Giants in Town!
If you wish to see them call on Deyo & Grice and ask for Boggs' Little Giant Pills. Every bottle guaranteed.

James Peterson, the pump and windmill man of this city, has placed Mr. Geo. McCall in charge of that department. Mr. McCall has few equals in that line and can put up more windmills in a week's time than any other man in this part of the state.

"I was prostrated with a severe bilious complaint," writes Erastus Southworth, of Bath, Me. After vainly trying a number of remedies, I was finally induced to take Ayer's Pills. I had scarcely taken two boxes when I was completely cured."

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR
Keeps the scalp clean, cool, healthy.
The Best Dressing
Restores hair which has become thin, faded, or gray.
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co.
Lowell, Mass.