RED CLOUD. . . . NEBRASKA

CURRENT COMMENT. CONFIDENCE men in Oklahoma are swindling farmers by getting them to sign their names to alleged government crop reports.

The London Standard's Paris cor-respondent says that the phylloxera has attacked the vines in Lusigny and other districts in the department of Aube,

A RHINOCEROS has been in the London zoo for twenty-eight years. This is stated to be the longest time an animal of this kind has lived in captivity in

EMPEROR WILLIAM has sent \$12,500 to the Hamburg senate, requesting that it be expended in relieving the distress among the families of those who have died from cholera.

THE Japanese government contemplates the construction of six lines of railway,aggregating 800 miles in length. The purchase of the private railways by the state is also projected.

SENATOR VINVENULLA and other citizens of Caraces, Venezuela, have been imprisoned by the successful legalists in consequence of the discovery of a plot to recall Guzman Blanco.

AT Sydney, N. S. W., the trial of the Australian Banking company directors, charged with swindling stockholders, resulted in the acquittal of four of the accused and disagreement as to the

A KNOXVILLE, Tenn., liveryman fell off a bridge and landed on a pile of rocks, a distance of fifty feet, while intoxicated. He "escaped without injury, but got mad because his watch case was

THE poet Rogers, whose hospitality was proverbial, has the credit of establishing the breakfast party as a link in London society. The "mornings" at his house are famous among the literati

Ir is surmised that Russia inspired Greece's quarrel with Roumania. It is also regarded as possible that M. Tri-coupis, the Greek premier, wished to divert public attention from Greece's internal troubles.

Is answer to a letter from a collector as to the proper rate of duty chargeable on dressed yeal, the treasury department has informed him that the veal is dutiable as raw or unmanufactured article at the rate of 10 per cent. ad

valorem. PRESIDENT HARRISON has filed his tax list at Indianapolis, and it is given out as a matter of interest that the figures show an increase in the amount of his personal property for the last year of \$6,050. He testifies to a total taxable valuation of \$23,650.

JAMES S. GIBBONS, author of the song "We're Coming, Father Abraham, 600,000 ore," died recently at the age of 82 The song, which became very popular during the war period, was written in 1862, but it was not one of the songs of the time that lived after the soldiers

A Pants letter says: Marie Bashkirtseff's tomb in the cemetery at Passy is still a place of pilgrimage. On the tomb are inscribed the title of Marie's works of painting and sculpture and within is a roomy apartment handsomely furnished. Carpets, chairs, footstools, cushions, bric-a-brae and draperies once used by her are there, as well as her portrait in stained glass and her bust surrounded by palms and surmounted by a wrenth.

THE statement was recently made that Gen. Longstreet was the only general who sighted and aimed a cannon during the war; but now comes up a story of how ex-President Hayes did the same thing and made so good a shot that he came within an ace of dropping a shell on the very spot at the time occupied by Gen. William Phillips, of Georgia, and his staff. Gen. Phillips afterward tried his hand at sharpshooting and succeeded in sending a bullet nucomfortably near to Gen. Hayes. Gen. Phillips is now an assistant United States district attorney at Atlanta.

As account of a generous act on the part of Gen. Alger has just been published in Washington, and it can be repeated without subjecting the rich Michigander to the charge of doing it for electioneering purposes. Before the late Grand Army encampment Gen. Alger made arrangements with the various hotel proprietors for food and shelter to be furnished to any old veterans who were in actual need of such and who should make application therefor. He did this quietly because he did not care to invite unworthy applicantsand he paid the bills and is in no wise responsible for the publicity of the

MANY troubles and vexations were enused by a visit which was paid the other day by the ezar to the military camp at Izora. The latter place is village on the Neva, about ten miles front St. Petersburg, and accessible by water or rail. On the occasion of the visit soldiers were placed on the railway. Not far from the city are a number of mills, the workmen at which live on the opposite side of the line, going home daily for their meals. workmen got to their work on Saturday morning, but were not allowed to cross the line again the whole day, being obliged to go without their food or buy it in a public house. No traffic was allowed. Even people who had their own farm lands on the sides of the railway were forbidden to walk across. trains from Moscow were stopped, and were sent off all within a quarter of an hour of each other in the evening. The river traffic was also entirely suspended.

THE RED CLOUD CHIEF, NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gleaned By Telegraph and Mail.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL. HERR VON BRANDT, German ambassador to China, has resigned. He is accused of intriguing to prevent certain

rallway concessions. INFORMATION comes from Zanzibar that the natives have attacked a German station and murdered several peo-

Tue United States supreme court has held the Miner electoral law of Michigan to be constitutional.

JUDGE GRESHAM has written a letter to W. H. Calkins denying the truth of the story that he intends to vote for Cleveland.

GROVER CLEVELAND Wrote a letter declining to be present at the world's fair dedicatory exercises and giving his rea-

THE London Times, referring to the question of the appointment of a poet laurente, says that it may be taken for granted that a successor to Lord Tennyson will be appointed. The Times thinks that the objections raised against Swinburne no longer exist.

GEN. DANIEL SICKLES has been nominated for congress in the Tenth district of New York.

MIKE McDonald, the Chicago gambler politician, threatens to bolt the head of the democratic national ticket.

MRS. M. E. LEASE writes that she never advised any one to vote for Harrison, whom she considers as objection-

able as Cleveland. WHITELAW REID, republican nominee for vice president, has sent out his letter of acceptance.

EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND will speak at Madison Square garden October 29. THE French chamber of deputies has ppointed M. Loubet, prime minister, and M. Viette, minister of public works, arbitrators of the Carmaux labor and

political disputes. THE porte in a brief note in reply to an obligatory request from the Russian government some time ago virtually reects Russia's demand that the sultan of Turkey shall not give audience to M.

Stambouloff, the Bulgarian premier. EX-PRESIDENT CLEVELAND denies pos tively that Gray Gables will be sold. ATTORNEY-GENERAL HENSEL, of Pennylvania, declares that he did not say that President Harrison superintended the purchase of votes in Indiana in 1888,

but reiterates his charges that the state was carried by shameless corruption. EDWIN BOOTH, the actor, staying at Lakewood, N. J., is reported better. PROTESTANT Episcopalians at Balti-

more, Md., passed a resolution against giving government support to denominational schools for the Indians.

A REVOLUTION has broken out in Santiago del Estero, Argentino repub-lic. Several persons have already been

London Truth is authority or the statement that the late Lord Teupyson destroyed a mass of his letters and manuscripts a few years ago in a fit of slarm caused by his reading Prof. Froude's "Reminiscences of Thomas

MARQUISE DE BLOCQUEVILLE, French anthoress, is dead, aged 78.

MRS. LUCY WHALEN, a niece of Joseph Burlington, Ia., aged 52. She was a firm believer in her uncle's inspiration. Politics in Hawaii are still unset-

THE London Chronicle's Vienna corgarian cabinet are numbered.

THE ameer of Afghanistan is endeavoring to secure British help in having his illegitimate son recognized as the successor to the throne, which his subects violently oppose.

FRANCE has gained many important concessions from the sultan of Morocco. MR. BLAINE paid a visit to republican headquarters in New York and had a conference with the leaders.

THE infant King Alfonzo of Spain is

Hox. E. H. STILES is in Washington on law business before the supreme court. JUDGE E. E. THAYER, of Iowa, was made chairman of the national roads convention held at Chicago during the

Columbian celebration. THE New York Herald's La Guayra special says: United States Minister Scruggs has formally recognized the government of Gen. Crespo as the legal government of Venezuela. The steamer South Portland, which left New York recently with a cargo of arms and munitions of war, has arrived at La

Guayra. MRS. HARRISON'S condition on the 21st was such as to excite the gravest fears, but toward evening she rallied somewhat and Dr. Gardner said that he did not think she was in immediate

danger. MISCELLANEOUS.

GEN. O. O. HOWARD speaks well of the militia and wants a larger appropriation.

CONGRATULATIONS were exchanged through the new telephone line between Chicago and New York on the

UNKNOWN persons threw rocks through the windows of the private car in which Gov. McKinley and party were riding at Hurricane, a small station in West Virginia.

Rich lead and silver ore has been found at Segar, Ok.

THE international geographical conress, held in connection with the Coumbian exhibition, was opened in Madrid in the presence of a concourse of eminent Spanish and foreign sav-

JOHN WOODS has been arrested at Richmond, Va., charged with being an accomplice of Lizzie Borden in the

double murder case at Fall River, Mass. THE case against Labor Commissioner Peck, of New York, for burning statisties will not be decided until the day before election.

THE Chicago schools had their Columbus day on the 19th. A concerted programme was used in each school house. A REIGN of terror is reported at Scott's Ridge, Ky., because of feuds between the Shipps and their friends on one side and the Underwoods, Buleys and Skaggs on the other.

Union Theological seminary is likely to lose \$1,000,000 boquests since it has bolted the Presbyterian church for independence.

THE City of Paris steamship made recent trip from Queenstown to New York in 5 days, 14 hours and twenty four minutes.

A Missouri, Kansas & Texas passen ger train was ditched in the Indian territory, but fortunately nobody was hurt.

NINE prisoners escaped from jail at Hampton, Ark.

THE total value of property in Illinois listed for taxation by the asses iors and board of equalization is \$831,810,806. THE city council of Dallas, Tex., has reduced salaries of all officials 40 per

A TRUE bill was found by the grand jury at Philadelphia against Dr. Zuill, the veterinarian who docked the tail of

Mrs. Brooks' horse. FRED WOLF, a farmer living on Inliana Kentuck creek, in Jefferson county, Ind., while excavating, brought to light eighteen human skeletons, supposed to be the remains of Indians, buried perhaps a century ago.

CHINAMEN are being smuggled from Canada into the United States by way of Toledo.

Corron operatives of Lancashire, England, have been notified of a five per ent reduction in wages.

SIXTEEN stores and dwellings in the town of Beeton, Ont., were destroyed THE partial eclipse of the sun on the

20th was successfully observed in the THE grand civic and military parade in Chicago was the greatest demonstra-

tion ever seen in the United States. S. C. TARRANT, a tourist, has been murdered near Monterey, Mexico. He was from Buffalo, N. Y.

Two men out of a gang of fourteen were killed by a collapse of a sewer at Hamburg, Germany.

GREENLEAF beat Martha Wilkes at

Nashville, Tenn. Time, 2:104. LANGFORD HALL, the Lancashire residence of Mrs. Rylands, the philanthropic widow who purchased the famous Althorp library from Earl Spencer and donated it to the city of Manchester, has been plundered by burglars, who carried off jewelry to the value of

THE non-union boarding house of Mrs. O'Neill, at Homestead, Pa., was set on fire and narrowly escaped destruction. There was no clew to the origin of the fire.

THE Episcopal house of bishops has named the bishops for the newly created missionary jurisdictions.

Ar Sardinia, O., Stephen Feikes, a banker, was killed in a difficulty with a tenant over the ownership of some corn. THE third game of the world's championship series was played on the 21st and Boston, by the effective pitching of

Nichols, gave Cleveland a shutout. THE solemn dedication of the world's fair buildings at Chicago afforded one of the grandest and most unique spectacles the world has ever witnessed. The celebration concluded with an un-

equaled pyrotechnic display. GEORGE BARTLETT, United States marshal at Pine Ridge, expects an In-

dian outbreak. A nov named Neunlist set a gun trap for chicken thieves at Louisville, Ky. of the chicken coop and her head was almost blown off. The boy was released

DURING the bicycle meet at Point Breeze track of the South End wheelmen, near Philadelphia, William H. Margiot, aged 56 years, dropped dead from heart disease ten minutes after finishing a race.

ADDITIONAL DISPATCHES,

AT Los Angeles, Cal., a frightful explosion of a piece of pipe killed seven persons and wounded others.

Bosrox is having an easy time with Cleveland in the world's championship series, taking the fourth consecutive game.

FRED ULRICH, a boy of 14, was attacked by dogs and partly devoured at Sycamore, Ill. He died shortly after being taken from the savage brutes. THE duke of Roxburgh, England, is

dend. A NEW disease, contagious and fatal, s reported. In Japan, its native place, it is known as beri beri. THERE is probability of the prince of

Wales visiting Chicago next year. THE plant of the Phœnix powder mill at Kellogg, W. Va., has blown up.

No one was hurt. MURDEROUS Apaches, supposed to be members of the Kid's gang, have killed two cowboys in Arizona.

OLIVER PERRY, the notorious New York express robber, escaped from Auburn penitentlary, but was recaptured. A CHINESE newspaper at San Francisco says China will resent the new exclusion act by making Americans in that country wear tags and by possible

hostilities. THE Hamburg-American Steamship Co.'s warehouse at Hamburg was burned. The loss amounted to \$500,000. NEW YORK's Presbyterian synod disposed of the Briggs case by relegating back to the New York presbytery,

where it originated. THE Lake Shore road is being double tracked between Buffalo and Chicago. Cot. J. H. Wood, a ploneer museum manager, died at Adrian, Mich.

NORTHERN Mexico is threatened with a coal famine. JOSEPH PERES and other students of Eastman college were playing football at Poughkeepsie, N. Y., when Peres

came in contact with one of the other

players, receiving such injuries that he died. The fall produced concussion of the brain. WILLIAM H. KELLY, died at Frankfort, Ind. An autopsy showed a cancerous growth around a shoemaker's awl, which he had swallowed thirty years

THERE are differences in Gladstone's cabinet regarding the disposition to be made of the Irish dynamiters.

A NUMBER of election commissioners are charged at San Francisco with fraud in not removing names of "stuffers" from the books.

DESTRUCTIVE storms and floods with accompanying heavy losses of life and property are reported in Sardinia.

REID'S ACCEPTANCE.

Hon. Whitelaw Reld Grees Out His Letter of Acceptance - His Views on Nations

NEW YORK, Oct. 20 .- Following is the letter of acceptance of Whitelaw Reid. republican candidate for vice presidents Hon W. T Durbin, Anderson, Ind.

Dear Sir: When the nomination with which the national convention had bonored me was formally announced by your committee, I ac-cepted it at once. In doing so I accepted also the principles set forth in the resolutions adopted by the convention as the basis of the appeal to popular suffrage. To do other, or less than this, is, to an honor-

able man, an impossibility. A political party is an association of citizens, seeking to have the government conducted in accordance with its views and presenting candidates whom it strives to elect for that purpose To accept its nomination without intending to carry out its principles would be as dishonorable and as crimnal as to procure goods under false pretenses There will be no misunderstanding as to the purposes of the republican party in this con-test, and no doubt as to the attitude of its can-

didates. What it intends it has set forth in language that cannot be mistaken, and they will strive by all the lawful means in their power to enforce its plainly expressed will. Since my interview with your committee furarguments on both sides in the current public

discussion have confirmed my belief in the wis-dom of republican declarations, as well as in the lucid candor with which they tave beer

The party platforms, so-called, ar more im portant this year than usual. Both she leading candidates have at once commanded the approval of the American people in its highest form of expression. Attention is therefore concentrated less on the men themselves and more on the principles each has put forward to represent, and when, in case of election, will be represent, and when, in case of election, will be required to carry out. The declarations of our opponents demand a still closer scrutiny, since their victory now would give them the first opportunity they have had since 1839 to put in practice their policy. Never, since that date, have they had control at once, both in the executive and legislative departments of the government. This year the election of president clearly carries with it majorities in both houses of congress. It is obvious that in the common judgment of the people in all parts of the country, the really vital issues which this year divide the parties and demand popular decision, are those relating to the tariff and currency. Fortunately both sides stated their positions on these subjects with directness, simplicity and frankness. The issues thus made between the rival candidates of the people's suffrage are specially sharp this election. We favor a protective tariff, and when in full power made the present one. Our opponents favor a tariff for revenue only and promise the reneal

of the present one. Mr. Reid analyzes the tariff plans of the two platforms, showing that the democratic policy, if logically carried out, is not distinguishable from free trade and that its enactment into la would result in the violent disturbance of business. On the other hand, the republican policy meant protection to American industry, protection to American workment protection to American homes and its enactment into law would mean a continuance of the prosperous business

The writer then takes the question of expellency of a protective tariff and reviews the benefits that, he says, have resulted from it during the past thirty years, naming the in-crease in the real wealth of the country; the increase in American industries: the increase in the value of American products; the increase in American wages: the increase in the savings banks deposits in the building and loau as

Coming to the republican policy of reciprocity. Mr. Reid explains its provisions and points out the benefits which, he says, it has conferred

upon the American producers. He shows that the increase in our trade with the countries with which we have reciprocal treaties increased in the first year 23.78 per cent, while the increase during September amounted to 27.63 per cent. The experts to those countries with which we have reciprocal treaties amounted in the first year to \$22,569,286 more than the imports from them, making a handsome balance of trade in favor of Amer

On the subject of currency Mr. Reid states banks. He states that disastrous results would follow the restoration of state bank issues and states the republican party would maintain a from the baleful influences of a depreciated

Heretofore, since 1859, says Mr. Reld, the lemocrats have been unable to carry their breatened disastrous legislation, because have never at the same time had control of both branches of congress and the presidency, republicans had always dominated either the house or senate or executive office, so that they iaw of the democratic policies, which had threatened disaster. "But the present political situation," continues the letter, makes it plain that democratic victory in the states which they must now carry in order to elect the president would also insure them enough new senators to reverse the present siender majority in the senate. If they elect the president this time they will cer-tainly have the house and thus be placed in absolute control for the first time since 1859, with nothing to prevent their carrying out the threats they made against both the present tariff and the present currency. These questions of tariff and currency are vital and of in stant importance to the whole country and to all its people radical changes amounting to an absolute reversal of policy.

The attempt to change the issue and divert attention from these pressin; questions of the hour to the alleged force bill scarcely calls for a notice. The very title of the bill referre proclaimed its object to be to prevent the Life of force at elections. It failed, anyway, and southern white men who were lately the chief opponents are now beginning to wish it revived to protect them from being themselves counted out at elections they have fairly won—as the other day in Alabama—by their own white fel-low democrats. It is well, however, to say that the denunciation in the democratic platform of the principle that the federal government may supervise the election of federal officers is grotesque. That principle has long been recognized; and it has been sustained by the courts: it now stands undisputed on the statute books and it was enforced at the recenelections by Cleveland, the president of the United States, through his order of Octob 1889, to his attorney-general. But it is not to be discuised that the recent clamor against the principle, if it means anything, means a purpose to nullify articles XIV. and XV. of the constitution of the United States.
In conclusion Mr. Reid eulogized the personal

character and the administration of President Harrison, and says: It may be said that the present condition o the country and public confidence in the admin-istration combine to form the strongest protest against subjecting the people to the shock and needless risk inevitable to such a change. A sudden reversal of policy is not what either the suggestion; of ordinary business prudence or other obvious and general contentment of principles and your renomination of the pre ent spotless and skillful president will com-mand popular approval at the polls and will, under God, inure to the continued benefits to

Seizure of a Smuggier. OTTAWA, Out., Oct. 20 .- The govern-

ment has been advised of the seizure of a Chinese smuggling schooler off Sandwich, a few miles from Victoria. The schooner turned out to be the San Jose, which has been doing a good business by smuggling Chinamen into the United States. Two months ago she landed eighty-five Chinamen near San Francisco, and later fifty others were landed near San Quentin, on the California coast. When the vessel was seized by Collector Milne it was ascer-tained that arrangements were just per-fected to transport fifty more Mongol-ians to the United States.

GRAND BALL.

The World's Fair Dedication Inaugurated With a Grand Ball-The Children Cele-

CHICAGO, Oct. 20 .- In behalf of other patrons and of the patronesses of the ball, Maj.-Gen. Miles, Mayor Washburne, H. K. Fairbank, George M. Pullman and Marshall Field had invited 4,000 prominent citizens of various states to participate in a reception tendered to the president, vice-president and ex-presidents of the United States, the representatives of foreign governments, the governors of the states and territories and other distinguished guests. While in its inception and conduct the function of last night was unofficial, it opened the baptismal jubilation of the world's fair of 1892-3.

So it was that there were billiant scenes in and about the Auditorium building early last evening. Thousands of electric lamps glowed brightly from the facade of the towering buildings on the lake front. Along the broad pavements of Michigan avenue dense crowds of people were content to stand closely packed for hours viewing the notable folks as they arrived to attend the reception. About 9 o'clock the rumble and flash of glistening equip-ages began. The lady managers and patronesses of the affair were coming to the rendezvous which had been fixed at 9:30. The generally invited guests followed in rapid succession. Once within the great Auditorium the first impression was that resulting from a flood of light, almost dazzling to the unaccustomed eyes, and yet it was the soft, aggregated glowing of incandescent lamps—myriads of them. There seemed no stress of light in any quarter of the great hollow, so equally were the lamps distributed. The great steel fire curtain of the stage had been lifted and the stage flooring had been extended over the entire orchestra pit. Smooth and tempting to the dancers did it appear.

At the conclusion of the reception, and which continued until nearly 11 o'clock, the vice president was escorted to the lodge on the immediate right of the stage, and the remainder of the distinguished guests followed in this

The members of President Harrison's cabinet, headed by Secretary Foster and Postmaster-General Wanamaker, Speaker Charles F. Crisp and party, Chief Justice Melville W. Fuller and party, the associate justices of the supreme court. Boxes H to M were occued by Govs. Reynolds, of Delaware; Pattison, of Pennsylvania; Abbett, of New Jersey; Bulkeley, of Connecticut, Russell, of Massachusetts, and Brown, of Maryland. The reception committee held the fort in box N, and had as neighbors Gov. Flower, of New York; Holt, of North Carolina, and Brown, of Rhode Island. Box S had been assigned to that eminent philanthropist and advocate of prison reform, ex-President Rutherford B. Hayes, but up to a late hour, this distinguished guest had failed to put in an appearance.

There were some dazzling toilets in the adjoining box, which had been alloted to the board of lady managers, and in which Mrs. Potter Palmer, president of the board, was at times conspicuous. The visiting members of the diplomatic corps, the local directors and the members of the national comladies and beyond these twenty-five consecutively numbered boxes were occupied by the executives of states reviously unprovided for, commencing with Gov. Page, of Ver-ment, and concluding with Gov. Markham, of California. All of the chief executives were accompanied either by their staffs or members of their respective families. Conspicuous in the tier of boxes were Govs. McKinley, of Ohio; Boies, of Iowa; Peck, of Wisconsin, and Boyd, of Nebraska, conspicuous in so far that they seemed to be the target for the hundreds of lorgnettes that were called into requisition at intervals by the grand aux dames on the dancing

THE SCHOOL CHILDREN.

CHICAGO, Oct. 20. - Yesterday witnessed two important events in connection with the dedication of the world's fair and these were followed at night by the inauguration, reception and banquet at the Auditorium.

The first event was the celebration of "Columbus day" by the school children of the city and youthful enthusiasm was given the widest play. The committee of state and city superintendents had arranged a programme for the celebration in the public schools and the children executed the order of exercises with vim simultaneously in the scores of school buildings, which were all decorated. First came the reading of President Harrison' proclamation. This was followed by a flag raising and the pupils saluted the colors, piedged their allegiance to the flag and in concert sang "America." The next feature was reading of the scriptures or some acknowledgement of the Divine Being. Each school then joined in singing "Columbus Day." In the primary grades the little ones recited patriotic verses and sang little sougs, while in the grammar and high schools historical essays were read and declamations delivered and Joaquin Miller's song, "Columbus," as arranged by O. Black-mau, was sung. Singing of "The Flag of the Free" by each school closed the

Dividing attention during the day with the school celebration was the arrival from Washington of the cabinet officers, members of the diplomatic corps and justices of the supreme court.

Stevenson Not Yet Ready. BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Oct. 20.—Gen. Stevenson, when asked when he would give his letter of acceptance to the pub-lic, answered: "I am now very much engaged during the canvass in the south and will not give out my letter until I return to Illinois"

Cleveland to Speak

New York, Oct. 20. - The campaign committee under the auspices of the Business Men's Demogratic association have decided to hold a meeting at the Madison Square garden October The speaking will be opened by Mr.



system after "La Grippe,"
pneumonia, fevers, and
other proctrating acute diseases; to build up needed
flesh and strength, and torestore health and vigor
when you feel "run-down"
and used-up, the best thing
in the world is Dr. Pierce's
Golden Medical Discovery.
It promotes all the bedily
functions, rouses overy organ into healthful action,
purifies and enriches the
blood, and through it
cleanses, repairs, and invigorates the entire system.
For the most stubborn
Scrofulous, Skin or Scalp Discases, Dyspepsia, Billousness, and kindred nilments, the
"Discovery" is the only remedy that's
guaranteed. If it doesn't benefit or cure. TO BRACE UP the

"Discovery" is the only remedy that's guaranteed. If it doesn't benefit or cure, you have your money back.

Can you think of anything more convinc-ing than the promise that is made by the proprietors of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy I It is this: "If we can't cure your Catarrh, we'll pay you \$500 in cash."



years ago I had Bronchitis, which finally drifted into-Consumption, so the doctors said, and they had about given me up. I was confined to my bed. One day my husband went for the doctor, but he was not in his office. The druggist sent me a bottle of Piso's Cure for Consumption. I took two doses of it, and was greatly relieved before the doctor came. He told me to continue its use as long as it helped me. I did so, and the result is, I am now sound and wellentirely cured of Consumption.—Mrs. P. E. BAKER, Harrisburg, Illi-

TWO GREAT REMEDIES.

nois, February 20, 1891.

The human citadel is open to attacks from two sources and aside from accidents these two are the avenues from which of the maladies that afflict the race spring. The first of these are what is known as. the excretory organs-the lungs, the kidneys and the skin. These suffer from: congestion which takes the form of colds. Starting from what is called a cold the maladies that result are wide spread ranging from a cough to consumption. They attack all ages and all stations. No one is free from these troubles. There is, however, a remedy that is a safeguard. This is REID'S GERMAN COUGH AND KIDNEY CURE. It contains no polson, and it will heal any form of lung trouble or any malady that arises from a cold. The other class of disease arise from derangement of the digestive organs and result in constipation. When the bowels do not act the stomach soon refuses to digest the food and we are troubled with indigestion and a long train of disorders that embrace a large range of maladies. THE LAXATIVE GUM DROPS will correct any difficulty of this sort. They contain nothing deleterious, but are-safe and pleasant. Get them of any dealer. SYLVAN REMEDY CO., Peoria, Ill.



CATARRH **GREAM BALM** when applied into the catarrhal virus, caus-ing healthy secretions, It allays inflamma-HAY FEVER DE Lon, protects the membrane from addi tional colds, completerestores sense of taste TRY THE CURE. HAY-FEVE

A particless applied into each nestril and is agreable. Frice 20 cents at Druggists or by mail.

Bullang Moore Emergy Co. KANSAS CITY.

