

THE RED CLOUD CHIEF.

A. C. MOSENER, Publisher. RED CLOUD, NEBRASKA.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gleaned by Telegraph and Mail.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

ACHINGHURST WALSH has arrived in Rome. His visit is made at the request of the Pope, who desires to confer with him in regard to the attitude of the Catholic bishops in connection with political affairs in Ireland.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The latest statement by Mike Kelly is that he has decided to quit ball playing and give his attention entirely to his business in New York. He says that his health is none too good, and that he will go to Florida for a protracted stay.

The will of the dead Prince Napoleon designates Prince Louis Napoleon, one of his sons, as the head of the imperial house of Bonaparte. Prince Napoleon's estate, by the same instrument, is divided between the Princess Letitia, his daughter, and Prince Louis. The name of Prince Victor, his other son, is not mentioned in the will.

Said a railroad official recently: "The western passenger market never was so free of rate tickets. There is no denying the fact that the brokers have been reduced to extremities. I don't think they are doing much business. The sales of tickets from our office are larger now than they have been during a corresponding season in years."

In answer to a note from the world's fair auxiliary association tendering him an honorary membership and suggesting that a song from his pen be sung at the opening of the fair would be appreciated, Lord Dunsany replied: "I accept your offer of an honorary membership, not without gratitude. But as for a song, I am an old man, verging on 82, and I can not promise."

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF VANEY has issued a general order for the observance of the silver anniversary of the Grand Army April 6, 1891. It is ordered that all posts will hold on the anniversary a public commemorative meeting, notice of which must be given every comrade and special invitations extended to the Sons of Veterans, the Woman's Relief corps and kindred organizations; also to citizens generally.

The United States local inspectors of steam vessels have submitted their report of the cause of the collision of the steamer Shenandoah with the tug Chesapeake and Ohio bridge. They found nothing wrong with the machinery or with the crew and attribute the accident solely to the smoke and steam from the lower funnel obscuring the tug's light on the Cincinnati bridge so that the pilot lost his bearings.

The St. James Gazette, of London, says that it is curious to find the people lately lamenting the fall of the Mafia conspirators at New Orleans. They were wretches who had been driven out of their own country as pests of society. The grief of Marquis Di Rudini for the men who were hanged in Italy is something that the Mafia should not have received equally short shrift from Sicilian vigilantes.

SECRETARY NOBLE states that he will do all in his power to stay the payment and settlement of the Choctaw and Chickasaw Indian claims, as passed by Congress. The secretary, it is claimed, is in error when he says that he will have anything to do with the matter. When Lawyers Payne and Orrick present the relinquishment papers to the president and he finds them all correct, under the law that ends the matter and the government must pay the price agreed upon.

The Italian navy consists of 22 heavy armored vessels, their displacement ranging from 1,000 tons to 10,000 tons; 100 armored vessels of from 700 tons to 3,700; 4 gunboats of from 250 tons to 500 tons; 6 smaller gunboats, 100 first-class torpedo boats and an ample force of transports and dispatch boats. In addition to this, the navy has at least 10,000 men on the auxiliary list, and of these three have been fitted for torpedo launching.

SIDNEY DILLON, president of the Union Pacific railroad, has confirmed the report that the directors were arranging to place a mortgage on the property. It is reported that the mortgage will be for \$50,000,000, the largest ever recorded, and will provide for the taking up of the underlying lines as they accrue and also for an immediate loan to pay off the floating debt. The plan is expected to be completed in time to present to the stockholders at their meeting next month.

The test of a treaty of extradition between the United States and the Republic of Colombia has been made public by presidential proclamation and the crimes for extradition to be reciprocal are: Murder, attempt to murder, kidnapping, abduction, robbery, burglary, perjury, rape, arson and malicious destruction of buildings and bridges when the act endangers human life.

SOME excitement has been caused in the foreign fruit trade by reports from the United States that the orange and lemon crops have been destroyed by the recent storms. President Conde of the Italian chamber of commerce, who is at present at Sorrento, Italy, has written a letter to the effect that the damage to the orange and lemon crops has been enormous and was caused by a gale of wind which swept all the leaves off the trees, leaving the oranges and lemons without protection. The crop, he estimates, will be reduced about 75 per cent.

The English Wesleyan body is intensely excited over a speech made by Prof. Davidson at a meeting of the London Wesleyan ministers in which he spoke of the composite character of the pentateuch and the double authorship of Isaiah, and held that the traditional view of inspiration was no longer tenable, and that Christians should take up the position that their faith in the Scriptures depended upon their faith in Christ. These declarations have caused dismay in orthodox circles.

MALCOLM KRAN, the ex-Persian ambassador to England, who was recently expelled by the shah of his title and honors, has written a letter to the London Times, in which he declares that he never received anything but the highest expressions of esteem, flattery and reverence from the shah and his ministers.

NOTWITHSTANDING the stringent measures recently taken by the government to suppress brigandage in Cuba, kidnapping is still carried on at intervals. The latest was that of a youth near Santa Clara, who was kept in captivity until his friends had paid the ransom of \$510 demanded by his captors.

A PLEASANT party of sixteen persons were precipitated down a mountain above Georgetown, Va. All were injured, some seriously.

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LIQUOR TAX.

A MISAPPREHENSION EXISTING IN Certain Minds. A PREVIOUS MISTAKE CORRECTED.

The Possession of a Federal Tax-Receipt No License to Retail Liquor—Acting Secretary Nettleton's Opinion.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Acting Secretary Nettleton, of the treasury department, makes public the following circular letter to the internal revenue collectors throughout the country:

WASHINGTON, March 21.—Sir: Letters are frequently received at the department stating that the collector of the county retail liquor dealers claim to have a permit or license from the United States for carrying on the business of retailing liquor. The law is clearly and positively stated in the act of Congress of 1890, and that this fact, together with the belief common among many of our citizens, that the United States government does in fact issue licenses, greatly retards the enforcement of wholesome restrictive laws and promotes disorder.

It should be unnecessary to state that the United States government does not issue a license or permit of any nature to any person in any state to carry on the business of retailing liquor, and it is difficult to understand how any intelligent citizen can be imposed upon by the opposite claim. Retail liquor dealers are not licensed by the United States government, but by the laws of the state in which they carry on their business, and it is the duty of the collector to see that the laws of the state are enforced.

It is to be made clear that the purpose of the act of Congress of 1890, which authorized the collector to issue a license to carry on the business of retailing liquor, was to give the collector a means of enforcing the laws of the state in which he carried on his business, and not to give him a license to carry on the business himself.

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Official Statement of the Appropriations by the Late Congress—Why Several Appropriations Were Increased.