

THE RED CLOUD CHIEF.

A. G. HOSEMER, Publisher. RED CLOUD, . . . NEBRASKA.

CURRENT COMMENT.

The House Committee on Commerce has agreed to report favorably the bill for full State control over oleomargarine.

The Russian Ambassador in Paris has publicly thanked the police of that city for unearthing the Nihilist plot against the Czar.

REPRESENTATIVE FLOWER, of New York, has introduced in the House a joint resolution appropriating \$250,000 to complete the Grant monument in New York.

JOHN P. KUNER, the little German lately tried with the Cronin convicts, was married recently in Chicago to his sweetheart, who stuck to him in his troubles.

JOHN WILLIAMS, who claims to have murdered Emma Roberts, a domestic, in Leeds, England, in November, 1879, and to have been a sailor ever since, has surrendered to the Chicago police.

PRESIDENT HARRISON has transmitted to Congress a letter from the Secretary of State upon the recommendation of the Pan-American Congress that an international American bank be established. The draft of a bill to authorize the incorporation of the bank accompanied the message.

The various Governments of Europe are conducting negotiations with a view to common action for the suppression of Anarchy. Germany is taking the leading part in the matter and the only hindrance to complete success of the plan is the refusal of England to agree to extradition of Anarchist refugees.

It is reported from Berlin that the Anti-Socialist law which will expire on October 1 will not be renewed. This is a part of the Government bid for the support of the Socialist members of the Reichstag, who are also expected to be won over to the Emperor by the bill amending the present Factory and Workshops act, which goes very far in ameliorating the condition of the laboring people.

F. M. COOK, associate editor of the Eagle, of Ellenville, N. Y., is a candidate for the Republican nomination. The last issue of the Eagle contained a vivid editorial, written by its other editor, Dr. Leo, declaring the Eagle would not support Cook, but would do all possible to defeat him, but announced that Cook might defend himself over his name in the paper. Neither editor will sell his interest in the paper.

The Democratic Senatorial caucus adopted the report of the committee in charge of assignments to membership on the Senate committees and placed Senator Carlisle on the committees on Finance, Territories and Woman Suffrage. He takes Senator Blackburn's place on the Committee on Territories, who goes to the Committee on Appropriations to fill the vacancy there caused by the death of Senator Beck.

Much discontent exists in France on account of the virtual embargo on American pork, which has raised the price of meat considerably throughout the country. The American product is discriminated against by vexatious and unnecessary inspections, on the pretense that disease may be lurking in the meat. The working classes in the cities are indignant over the discrimination, which they regard as intended for the benefit of the peasant farmers of France at the expense of the consumers in the industrial centers.

A SPECIAL from Grand Falls, Que., says: Ex-Sergeant-at-Arms Silcott of the United States Congress and a French Canadian woman have been living in St. Louis Parish in the Saguenay region. Mr. Mayberry, of the Grand Falls Hotel, learned of this from the lumbermen, and after some delay in getting advice from Washington, he started with a warrant for their arrest. He found the couple had flown. Three days before he reached the place the woman called on the Quebec steamer, and when he arrived Silcott was not to be found and none of the natives knew where he was. A little but twelve miles in the woods which the couple had occupied all winter was empty.

The Norwegian boat Concordia has arrived at Halifax, N. S., with Spencer Decker and Eugene Bourke, belonging to the American fisherman Nellie G. Thurston. They were picked up on the banks May 19, after drifting about for five days and four nights without food or water. They were attending trawls when a fog set in and they lost the vessel. They tried to make the Newfoundland coast, 300 miles distant, but their attempts proved useless. Their suffering from thirst, hunger and cold was intense. The fifth day they became very weak, their arms breaking out in sores, and their feet and lips became swollen. The Concordia almost ran over them before they were seen. They were unconscious when picked up.

The Denver & Rio Grande railroad intends, it is reported, to complete its tunnel through the main range of the Rocky mountains at Tennessee Pass for running trains in July next. The Colorado Midland railroad is about to commence running another through the same range about ten miles south, which will take about two years to complete. It will be about a mile and three-quarters long (9,350 feet) and 1,000 feet below the top of the range, probably avoiding snow blockades and heavy expenses in overcoming the greater elevation. Some air lines from Denver to Grand Junction to be built in the future—perhaps by the Denver, Colorado Canon & Pacific line—will greatly reduce altitudes and heavy grades by abundant tunneling. The Midland tunnel is expected to cost \$1,000,000.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Cleaned By Telegraph and Mail.

CONGRESS.

IMMEDIATELY after the reading of the journal on the 29th the call was admitted to Mr. Carlisle as Senator from Kentucky. Senator Plumb offered a resolution instructing the Finance Committee to prepare and report in connection with the tariff bill certain information regarding the duties under existing laws and the changes by the new bill, which was amended and agreed to. Senator George introduced a bill subjecting National bank and Treasury notes to State taxation. The Naval Appropriation bill was then considered at length and finally passed. Adjourned. The day in the House was exclusively devoted to District of Columbia business.

AFTER disposing of motions and resolutions of the Senate on the 29th resumed consideration of the "Original Package" bill and Senator Coke and Easton spoke against and Senator George in favor of it. The bill then went over. The Vice-President announced the appointment of Senator Carlisle on the Committee on Finance, Territories and Woman Suffrage. In the House on the 29th the Kieley submitted the conference report on the Customs Administrative bill, which Mr. McMillin (Tenn.) opposed. The report was agreed to, the Speaker counting a quorum present. The River and Harbor bill was then considered until adjournment.

THE Senate completed no business on the 29th. Soon after assembling the bill subjecting imported liquors to the laws of the several States (the "Original Package" bill) was taken up and the discussion that followed took a wide range and occupied the entire sitting. When the House met Mr. Vaux, as Representative from the Third Pennsylvania district to succeed Mr. Randall, was sworn in. After disposing of routine business the House went into Committee of the Whole on the River and Harbor bill. When the committee rose Mr. Dockery moved to report the bill back with the Honorable seal clause stricken out, which motion was lost and the bill passed. Adjourned. A bill to amend the laws of the "Original Package" bill—subjecting imported liquors to the laws of the several States, the bill, after discussion, was amended and passed, passed, says in the bill passed provides that liquors transported into any State for consumption, use, or storage shall on their arrival be subject to the laws of such State or Territory, enacted in the exercise of its police powers, and shall not be exempt therefrom by reason of being produced in the original package. The bill was reported by the Senate and the House adjourned on Monday.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

BISHOP JAMES O'CONNOR, of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Omaha, is dead.

GOVERNOR BUCKNER, of Kentucky, has called an election for a successor to Senator Carlisle, to be held June 21. There are a number of candidates, including Theodore Hallam, formerly Carlisle's partner.

FRIENDS of Secretary Blaine say that he will not be a candidate for the Presidency.

HEINRICH NIKEL, the German composer, is dead.

The Emin relief committee at Berlin has received a letter from Dr. Peters, dated Buhahya, Uganda. Dr. Peters says he is about to begin his return journey to Bagamoyo.

THE Scotch-Irish Congress met at Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 29th.

GOVERNOR ANNETT, of New Jersey, has signed the Ballot Reform bill and it is now a law.

CHARLES H. FILSON, formerly of Indiana, has been appointed clerk of the Oklahoma court.

GARFIELD'S monument was dedicated at Cleveland, O., on the 30th in the presence of President Harrison, ex-President Hayes, Vice-President Morton and many other notables. The parade was the largest ever seen in Northern Ohio. Ex-Governor James D. Cox, of Cincinnati, delivered the oration.

HENRY M. STANLEY was the guest of the United States Legation at London on the 30th.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE Emperor of Germany has asked the assistance of English trades unions in furtherance of his labor schemes.

ELZO ALLEN, who robbed the Austin Investment Company at Kansas City of \$50,000, has been arrested at Chicago.

MRS. "FRITZ" EMMETT has obtained a divorce.

The American Baptist Educational Society met in Chicago on the 28th. Announcement was made that the gift of \$600,000 by Rockefeller, the oil king, had been supplemented by the necessary \$400,000.

A STRANGER trading between Chinese ports has been destroyed by fire. Twenty-two persons are missing.

CLARENCE, the wrecker of the Sixth National Bank, New York, has been found guilty of misappropriating funds. The Chicago gas trust stock has been greatly depressed because of adverse legal decisions.

THE dredge boat Josephine is deepening the channel at Corpus Christi, Tex. The body of John Coleman, of Newburg, N. Y., has been found six miles from a ranch in Howard County, Tex. It is supposed he took sick and died while tending some sheep. There were no marks of violence on his person. He disappeared over a month ago.

At a meeting of the Christian scientists at New York resolutions offered by Mr. Bailey for the formal disorganization of the National association were adopted. This calls for an abandonment of the old charter as a National corporate body, but retains all local ones.

At a meeting of the Ohio grand lodge Knights of Pythias the constitution was amended to prevent initiation of all non-believers in the Supreme Being and all engaged in the liquor traffic.

THE Irish tenants' defense fund now amounts to over \$50,000.

SECRETARY of the copper syndicate, has been convicted at Paris and sentenced to six months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of 10,000 francs. Others concerned in the famous "copper" were fined.

A RACE WAR is threatened at Six-Mile, a small town in Bibb County, Ala. JOSEPH KAISER, a New York follower of Johann Most, has been arrested in Chicago on suspicion of complicity in the recent attempt to blow up the Haymarket police monument.

BENJAMIN HAWKINS, colored, has been hanged in the jail at Washington for the cruel murder of his wife from whom he had separated.

FIRE in Seattle, Wash., has destroyed an entire block of cheap lodging houses, saloons and restaurants, causing \$50,000 loss. There were many narrow escapes.

JOHN McNEAL, on whose claim Central City is located, was shot dead on the streets at Kingfisher, Ok., by Joe Welch, of Deer Creek. The killing grew out of a contest case now pending before the United States land-office.

A DISPATCH from Palermo says that Signor Arigo, a wealthy merchant, has been captured by brigands near that city and is held for a ransom of \$50,000.

A TERRIBLE hailstorm visited the Red river valley, Northern Minnesota, on the 29th. In places the hail was four feet deep.

THERE was a mishap on the Brighton beach race track, New York, on the 29th. Several horses went down in a collision and one jockey was killed and two others seriously hurt.

FIVE persons were killed by lightning at Hamburg, Germany, and six children were killed by the falling of a swing at a kindergarten in the village of Reinskindorf.

THERE was a cloudburst at Arcadia, Wis., on the 30th. One person was drowned and two mill dams and a mill were swept away.

Mrs. O. J. STONE, her two children and a Mrs. Wimmer were killed in a buggy near Marion, Ind., recently while crossing the Panhandle track as a train came along.

THE magnificent Texas Spring Palace at Fort Worth, Tex., was burned on the night of the 30th while a ball was in progress. A fearful panic followed the alarm of fire. Several were killed and fatally injured, many others being seriously hurt. The loss was \$250,000.

THE brewery of Kleiber & Bothe, Reading, O., was destroyed by fire recently. Loss, \$75,000.

SHOWEN SMITH, a farmer of Washington County, Ark., died recently from the effects of a dog bite over a year ago. His agony was terrible.

THE Arkansas State Press Association has elected E. R. Williams, of Fort Smith, president, and John R. Jabe, of Searcy, secretary.

MAJOR PANITZA, charged with conspiracy to murder Prince Ferdinand of Bulgaria, has been sentenced to death. Three others were sentenced to imprisonment.

DECORATION day was celebrated in the various cities as usual on the 30th. The speakers at the ceremonies at the Soldiers' Home at Washington criticised unsparingly the scenes at Richmond, Va., on the unavailing of the monument to General Robert E. Lee. Senator Ingalls delivered the oration at Gettysburg. In New York 30,000 persons were in the parade. In Western cities the exercises were marred by rain.

THE Normanna, the latest addition to the Hamburg-American fleet, made her maiden trip from Queenstown to New York in six days, five hours and one minute, beating the maiden record. She received some damage by collision with an iceberg.

It is stated now that the shortage of Cashier Thompson, of the Owego (N. Y.) National Bank will be made up and the bank resume. The defalcation was 100,000.

THERE was a terrible accident on the narrow gauge railroad between Oakland and San Francisco on the 30th. A train plunged into Antonio creek, the draw of which was opened to allow a vessel to pass. Some thirteen persons were drowned. The engineer and fireman of the ill-fated train died after being rescued from the water.

THE cattle dealers of Montreal have petitioned the Montreal Council to establish union stock yards and close the present small places.

ADDITIONAL DISPATCHES.

THE fire at Fort Worth, Tex., was not so fatal as first reported. Only one person was killed. Thirty were hurt.

A C. B. BAKER, a millionaire banker of Marinette, Wis., committed suicide recently by shooting himself. He had been ill.

PRESIDENT HARRISON was the guest of the Scotch-Irish Congress at Pittsburgh, Pa., on the 31st.

CLEANING house returns for the week ended May 31 showed an average increase of 4.8 compared with the corresponding week of last year. In New York there was a decrease of 1.5.

BUSINESS was quiet on the London Stock Exchange during the week ended May 31. The Continental bourses were firm and fairly active. Sugar was steady at Havana.

A LETTER from the Czar written in reply to one from the Queen of Denmark is published. In this letter he promises a strict inquiry into Siberian scandals and says he will punish heavily offenders of severity on the part of officials. Lastly he promises to instruct his Ministers to draft measures of amelioration.

The Dupont paper mills, Louisville, Ky., burned recently. Loss, \$235,000; insured.

ROB. JOHN THOMPSON died suddenly at New Hamburg, N. Y., recently of heart disease, aged eighty-one. In 1856 he was elected to Congress, being a member during the exciting time over the admission of Kansas, in which he took an important part in the debate.

INCENDIARISM was the cause of the burning of four squares of buildings at Middleborough, Ky., the fire being started in Hoyland's grocery. The loss was \$300,000 and 2,000 people were rendered homeless.

Two brothers named Raymond living at Attica, Mich., were found dead beside the Chicago & Grand Trunk track at that place the other morning. Both were terribly mutilated. It was thought they had jumped off the train.

THREE laborers were crushed to death in a cave in near Curry & O'Brien's rock quarry near Castle Rock, Col.

In the case of a soldier who died while serving under a court martial sentence, Assistant Secretary Bussey, of the Interior Department, has decided that the widow is entitled to a pension, the sentence being held to be no bar.

A HURRICANE did much damage at Sofia, Bulgaria, on the 1st. Many persons were killed and injured.

BOWEN, CLAYTON, of Arkansas, and N. B. SCOTT, of West Virginia, have been elected members of the National Republican Executive Committee.

NEBRASKA STATE NEWS.

SEVEN members of the Omaha City Council recently brought libel suits for \$10,000 against the Bee. The paper charged the plaintiffs with corruption in office.

THE Governor has issued a proclamation convening the Legislature in special session June 5, for the purpose of passing a maximum rate law, repealing the law creating the State Board of Transportation, providing for an Australian system of voting and declaring for more currency and the free coinage of silver. The Governor thinks that the cost will not be more than \$5,000 a week, and that two weeks will be long enough to transact the business.

THE Covington school board has decided to erect a \$10,000 school building. T. J. ELLIOTT, of Wilber, while recently in a delirious condition, escaped from the house and ran to the creek, a distance of one mile, where wading into the water, he began praying preparatory, it is supposed, to drowning himself. Drawn to the spot by the noise, his son, with some neighbors, succeeded in rescuing him.

THE other day a deputy United States marshal and the representative of the whisky trust went to the distillery at Nebraska City and proceeded to remove the machinery. Several pieces were uncoupled, when a crowd of fully one hundred citizens swooped down on the building and drove them out. Much excitement prevailed.

THE barn of Andrew Anderson, of Stromsburg was struck by lightning the other day and three horses were killed, but the building was not damaged in the least.

On the afternoon of the 29th a furious wind and rain storm visited the vicinity of Lincoln, breaking down trees, overturning light buildings, demolishing fences and chimneys and occasionally doing more serious damage.

THE ice houses of the Lincoln Ice Company, two miles west of the Burlington & Missouri depot at Lincoln, were entirely consumed by fire the other evening. The building was 100x80 feet and the loss is probably \$5,000. Carter Wilcox, one of the firemen, was run over by the hose cart and had his leg broken; he also received internal injuries which might prove fatal.

Mrs. LARSON, a Swedish woman, whose home is about seven miles northwest of Whitney, gave birth to five children recently. The little ones weighed about two pounds each, but were all dead when born.

In the Nebraska City distillery contest case the Supreme Court has rendered a lengthy decision holding the Anti-Trust law constitutional; that the proceedings by which the distillery was turned over to the whisky trust were illegal and void, and that the property still belongs to the original stockholders. The agents for the trust commenced dismantling the distillery under an order from Judge Dundy, of the Federal Court, who held that the trust owned the machinery. The conflict between the State Supreme Court and Federal Court is regarded with interest by local attorneys.

An attempt was recently made to burn the residence of Mrs. S. J. Dunn at De Witt by placing rats saturated with oil under the building, but the flames were discovered before much damage was done.

THE proposition to issue \$24,000 in bonds to build a court house was defeated in Thurston County by 200 majority. The Indians voted solidly against the bonds.

THE public school house at Pleasanton, Buffalo County was burned the other day. Supposed to be the work of tramps.

THE colored people of Nebraska City held a jubilee meeting the other night to protest against maintaining a separate school for colored children, and a committee was appointed to wait upon the Board of Education about the matter.

W. D. WYATT, ex-master of chancery of Logan County, who disappeared in November, 1884, leaving a shortage of \$10,000, was arrested the other day in New Orleans.

Mrs. ELMIRA SAGE, living near Doniphan, has been taken to the Lincoln insane asylum for the fourth time. Her condition was caused by religious excitement and she recently attempted suicide by hanging.

DRIVING a late saloon brawl at O'Neill Ernest Weeks disfigured Tom Tierney for life by nearly biting off the latter's nose. Weeks was arrested and held in bonds of \$750 for trial in the district court.

JOHN SHORNSBERGER, a twelve-year-old Genoa lad, was hit on the leg with a shiny club last February and so badly injured that it was found necessary the other day to amputate the limb.

WILLIE WALKER, the eleven-year-old son of G. C. Warner, is missing from his home at Beatrice.

WHILE recently moving an old barn near Gothenburg the Jagger boys encountered a rat den and commenced the slaughter of the rodents. When the conflict ended 305 dead rats were counted.

GOVERNMENT has good prospects of securing the location of a plant to manufacture plows before the end of the year.

GEORGE M. KEARNS, a farmer near Loup City, had one of his legs broken recently by the kick of a colt which he was leading.

THE State firemen's tournament will be held at Plattsmouth June 24, 25 and 26. The money prizes aggregate \$2,500, besides several gold and silver badges will be given.

A MADISON man has discovered a process for manufacturing both soft and hard soap from corn at one-third the cost of other soaps. A stock company is about to be formed for its manufacture.

WILLIAM FOX, a sly citizen of Beatrice, recently eloped with a young girl, leaving a wife and two children destitute.

THERE is said to be a mad dog at Rushville which has proven vicious when applied to rattlesnake bites as well as to wounds produced by dogs.

THE CENSUS.

Forty-three Thousand Enumerators Commence Their Work.

The Chronic Disease Answer Not Imperative—Willful Refusal to Answer Questions Render Persons Liable to Penalty.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—The machinery for taking the census for 1890 was put in operation to-day all over the United States, and as it will be pushed as expeditiously as possible Superintendent Porter expects early returns to his office, so that the work of tabulating can be entered upon and completed within a reasonable period. All the preliminary matters have been arranged, blanks prepared and enumerators instructed as to their duties, and all that remains to be done is to collect the data which it has been decided shall become a part of the census. It requires 43,000 men as enumerators to gather the requisite information and each of these is either employed in a definite locality or upon some special topic. This, however, does not include the additional thousands of clerks employed in collecting and tabulating the returns that will come back from all over the country as the result of the labors of the enumerators, so it can be seen at a glance what a corps of men it requires and the immense sum of money which must be expended to accomplish this undertaking.

Mr. Porter has accepted and confirmed the supervisors' selection of enumerators except in a few instances where the fitness of the appointees was questioned, and it being shown that they were incompetent others were substituted. In the South in some places objection was made to the appointment of colored men, but the supervisors being held responsible for their men he concluded to trust to their discretion and declined to interfere upon that ground.

It is known, however, that appointments of this kind are few and even in the case of a colored supervisor nearly all of the enumerators designated by him are white.

It is not anticipated that much trouble will be experienced in obtaining answers to the questions that are propounded, but where refusals are met with they will be at once reported and steps taken to enforce the law. The Superintendent is not given any discretion in the matter, but it is made obligatory upon him to report each and every person who fails to comply with the requirements of the law to the proper persons, who will institute a vigorous prosecution against the violators of it, and they become liable to a fine of \$100. It is thought that some trouble will be experienced in securing answers to the inquiries regarding mortgages as well as those concerning special information in relation to disease about which physicians have recently given opinions. No exceptions will be made in propounding the questions of harsh measures resorted to in enforcing the law, but where it becomes plain that the provisions of the law are intentionally being violated, then the parties so offending will be called upon to take the consequences.

Mr. Porter intimated very plainly last evening that so far as the "chronic diseases" questions were concerned it was not the intention of the office to endeavor to bring to punishment those who were reluctant to make answer, but as to the "mortgage" question he spoke not quite so cheerily for those who had determined not to answer this part of the schedule, though the probability is strong that nothing will be done with recalcitrants on this matter. He expressed himself very earnestly, however, with regard to bringing the law to bear on those who should willfully refuse to answer any and all questions put to them by the enumerators. They would be compelled to answer, he said, or to take the consequences of their refusal. He thought there was a possibility that members of the criminal classes might take advantage of the fight made against the diseases and mortgage questions to refuse any information whatever to the enumerators and he stated that this would not be tolerated under any circumstances.

Washington Memorial Arch.

NEW YORK, June 1.—Friday morning at ten o'clock the corner stone of the Washington memorial arch was laid with impressive ceremonies. The music was a special feature and was rendered by a choir of 300 voices selected from the Oratorio and other singing societies. The anthem, "America" and the "Star Spangled Banner" were sung by the choir, the great multitude standing about the stand joining in. The exercises were opened with prayer by Bishop Potter, after which George William Curtis, the orator of the day, spoke.

The corner stone was laid by Grand Master John W. Vrooman of the Masons of the State.

Want American Pork.

LONDON, June 1.—Much discontent exists in France on account of the virtual embargo on American pork, which has raised the price of meat considerably throughout the country. The American product is discriminated against by unnecessary and vexatious inspections, on the pretense that disease may be lurking in the meat. The working classes in the cities are indignant against the discrimination, which they regard as intended for the benefit of the peasant farmers of France at the expense of the consumers in the industrial centers.

Subsistence at Chicago.

CHICAGO, June 1.—Yesterday the weather was remarkably warm for this time of the year. Captain Benji of the steamer Eva Fuller and an unknown man working in a lumber yard were overcome by the heat and died. Robert Gassas, a builder, was also overcome and was removed to a hospital.

Astray at Sea.

HALIFAX, N. S., June 1.—The Gloucester schooner Mabel Kennison, at Louisa, reports that John W. Newman and Alonso Kenny strayed from the vessel in a dory during a fog on May 30 and have not since been heard of.

IN HONOR OF GARFIELD.

The Great Monument at Cleveland Dedicated—President Harrison and Other Notable Present—Magnificent Street Parade.

CLEVELAND, O., May 31.—The Garfield memorial in Lake View cemetery was dedicated yesterday with imposing ceremonies in the presence of the President of the United States, members of his Cabinet and distinguished men from all parts of the country.

The memorial is a colossal structure, towering 165 feet above an eminence in the cemetery, which overlooks the city and surrounding country. The edifice cost \$150,000, of which amount one-half was contributed by the people of Cleveland.



IN THE INTERIOR.

land, the remainder coming from every State and Territory in the Union and from many foreign lands.

The exercises began with a parade of military and civic societies, the procession forming in the center of the city and moving to the cemetery, a distance of five miles. The city was filled with strangers, and thousands of people watched the parade. The decorations were the finest ever seen here. The procession moved at one o'clock. General James Barnett was chief marshal, and General Edward S. Meyer was adjutant-general.

The day was perfect and not a cloud was seen in the sky. The procession, which was a very long one, was viewed by two solid lines of people extending from Erie street to Lake View cemetery, five miles. President Harrison, General Sherman, ex-President Hayes, Vice-President Morton and General Schofield were applauded very frequently. The spectacle, barring Garfield's funeral procession, was the most imposing ever seen in Cleveland.

A vast concourse of people had preceded the procession to the cemetery, and when the exercises began there were thousands congregated about the great stand that had been erected and on which were seated the distinguished guests. Ex-President Hayes, the president of the Memorial Association, presided, and after "America" had been sung by the memorial chorus, he spoke briefly of the monument and its history and purpose. The divine blessing was invoked by Right Rev. Bishop Leonard, and ex-Governor Jacob D. Cox, of Cincinnati, delivered the oration of the day. In the course of his remarks he said:

"It is well that this memorial should be built here in the capital city of the Western Reserve, on the eastern side, where the branching roads lead to all the counties of the old district that Garfield served for nearly twenty years. Himself a type of the Western Reserve boy, his marble effigy under the dome is a sort of apotheosis of Western Reserve manhood. It is the emblem of the heroic qualities developed out of the pioneer life of the West. It typifies the courage of the men and women which planted new homes where savages still roamed; the physical vigor of body and limb, which felled the forest and subdued it to the plow; the tireless industry and thrift which would be content with nothing short of the highest civilization and the broadest enlightenment; the soaring purpose and unflinching will which made it possible for every farmer's boy to aim at the highest flights in literature, in science and in statesmanship."

The "Hallelujah Chorus" by Handel was next sung, after which President Harrison, Vice-President Morton, the members and ex-members of the Cabinet, the General of the army and the Governor of Ohio were presented.

Following brief ceremonies by the Knights Templar the "Doxology" was sung and the benediction pronounced by Rev. D. T. Powers, D. D. Then followed an impressive service by the Knights Templars. This closed the exercises and the crowds returned to the city.

Flour Trade Deal.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., May 31.—The Northwest Miller says: The flour output last week was 107,540 barrels, averaging 17,800 barrels daily, against 129,740 barrels the week before and 103,000 barrels for the corresponding time in 1888, and 162,000 barrels in 1889. Under the influence of the present listless flour market there is a growing tendency to curtail the output. This is true of the country as well as of Minneapolis. Outside mills that have heretofore been able to keep more or less orders ahead are now beginning to run short of the usual supply and are reducing their product, while not a few others of large capacity are shut down entirely much of the time. The flour market is still extremely dull and sales are reduced to the minimum.

Shuttlecock.

MAY'S LANDING, N. J., May 31.—About four o'clock yesterday afternoon Sheriff M. E. Johnson was telegraphed for to go to Richland, Atlantic County, immediately to quell a riot among Italians at that place, who, not having received their wages for several weeks, had struck and built obstructions across the track to prevent trains from running. The Italians were armed with pikes, stones and clubs and would not allow the company to do any further work. The sheriff went to the scene, but was unable to do any thing with the mob and returned to Richland for reinforcements.