

THE RED CLOUD CHIEF.

A. C. BOWEN, Publisher.

RED CLOUD, . . . NEBRASKA.

CURRENT COMMENT.

France in Mississippi has played havoc with early vegetation.

The Socialists of Germany cast nearly 1,500,000 votes at the late election.

Dr. E. A. Kildorn, the noted expert on insanity, died at Elgin, Ill., recently of paralysis.

The Portuguese Government has resumed the duty on foreign wheat to 16 cents per kilogramme.

Harold M. Swall has been confirmed by the Senate as Consul-General for the Samoan islands.

Mr. Trevelyan Constantine, of Newport, Ky., has offered to compromise his \$35,000 delinquency for \$5,000.

Germany is again permitting the import of American meat, subject to a very elaborate system of inspection.

The granite dealers and quarry owners of New England have formed an association for mutual protection.

An autopsy performed on a New York man the other day showed that his vital organs were all in wrong places.

The experts appointed to examine the designs for the New York Grant monument have pronounced all submitted to be failures.

The "starving" Chippewa Indians of the La Pointe (Wis.) reservation have refused the supplies voted by Congress unless given as a gratuity.

The Armenian patriarch has demanded that the Sultan of Turkey restore the privileges of the Armenian Church and institute promised reforms.

Oklahoma papers say there is a sufficient number of contents already filed in the Kingfisher land-office to keep the clerks at work for three years.

The influenza assumes new importance in view of the reported Papal decree abolishing the Lenten fast this year or at least making it optional because of the prevalence of the disease.

The lower house of the Maryland Legislature has passed a bill granting the Consolidated Gas Company a monopoly in Baltimore for fifteen years, on paying the city \$10,000 a year.

Only a little while ago scientists announced the discovery of a worm that fouled on nails and dined on railroad ties. Not satisfied with this they declare now that they have found another worm that is making honeycombs of the big logs.

Mr. Davis, member of the Canadian Parliament for the Northwest Territories, intends to ask the Government to appropriate \$25,000 to be devoted to inducing Dakotas and farmers in the Northwestern States to emigrate to the Canadian Northwest. The request will probably be granted.

The Russian Government has done something to alleviate the condition of the natives. It has purchased a steamer in which to convey them down the Volga river, not only quickly but in the old fashions which George Kennan has so graphically described. But there is not much consolation in the thought that the journey to Siberia has been made easier.

Bishop Randolph, in an address to Methodist Episcopal ministers on the Church, said that forty years ago the Methodist Episcopalians numbered 700,000 and now they numbered 8,000,000. There were only three important educational institutions, while now there were a larger number connected with the denomination and the educational work among the colored population alone was greater than all the educational work of forty years ago.

There is no doubt much of a sensational nature in the reports concerning the intended management of Oklahoma by the negroes. For a long time it has been a dream of the leaders of the colored race to found a State that shall belong to the colored race, and many have expressed the idea that Oklahoma would offer the best opening. But it scarcely seems probable that an organized movement such as that lately reported has been made to bring about the end they desire.

The Senate "smelling committee," which is trying to learn the source from which newspapers obtain their news of executive sessions, it was said, would make a preliminary report setting forth the fact that many of the witnesses called refused to answer the questions put to them. It was not thought that the Senate would take any step to make these correspondents answer except, perhaps, in the case of the correspondent of the New York Tribune, whose paper published a copy of the British extradition treaty. There is a law which is construed by some to warrant the punishment of any person publishing an executive document of the Senate.

The general passenger agents of the Western roads after a two days' session at Chicago agreed to run a series of so-called home-cookers' excursions to the West, beginning in April. A rate of one fare for the round trip was decided upon, except to points west of the Mississippi river or west of St. Paul and Minneapolis, where the rate is to be the one way rate to the river or to the twin cities plus 50 cents, which is to be the minimum rate to that territory. The sale of tickets will be on April 25, May 30, September 3, and October 10. These excursions will be run to points in Southwestern Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Indian Territory, Arkansas, Texas, New Mexico, Colorado, Wyoming, Utah, Idaho, Montana and the Northwest.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gleaned By Telegraph and Mail.

CONGRESS.

When the Senate met on the 24th Senator Chandler rose to a question of privilege and offered a resolution concerning Senator Call, of Florida, for objectionable language used in debate on the question of the annexation of a deputy United States marshal in Florida. After both Senators had spoken the resolution went over. The Blair Educational bill was then taken up and further debated, and after passing several bridge bills and an executive session the Senate adjourned. The House devoted the entire session to voting on the choice of location for the World's Fair, the galleries being crowded with interested spectators. The first ballot resulted: Chicago, 133; New York, 73; St. Louis, 61; Washington, 55; Cumberland Gap, 1. Seven ballots were taken resulting in no choice but on the eighth ballot Chicago was chosen as the site. The second ballot resulted: Chicago, 137; New York, 171; St. Louis, 51; Washington, 35. The result was greeted with a thunder of applause, and amid the uproar the House adjourned.

The Senate on the 25th among the bills placed on the calendar was one to authorize the purchase of gold and silver bullion and the issue of treasury notes in payment thereof. It directs the purchase of silver bullion to the amount of \$1,500,000 a month and as much of the bullion as may be offered and the issue of treasury notes and to repeal the law directing the coinage of \$200 silver dollars per month. The Chandler resolution in regard to Senator Call was then taken up and Senators Call and Chandler indulged in a bitter personal fight. Debate on the Blair Educational bill occupied the remainder of the session. In the House a bill passed authorizing the substitution of a draw for the pension bridge at Leavenworth, Kan. The Oklahoma bill was considered in Committee of the Whole until adjournment.

After the presentation of petitions in the Senate on the 26th, a large number of pension bills were passed, also a bill appropriating \$100,000 for the building of a post office, Kan., and a bill to provide for a judicial determination of the controversy between the United States and Texas as to Greer County, Texas. The Educational bill was then considered and after an executive session the Senate adjourned. The House took up the contested election case of Atkinson vs. Pendleton, from the First district of West Virginia, and a debate continued until adjournment.

The Senate on the 27th passed a bill for the creation and location of a prison at Columbus and the removal of the naval monument to a new site. It appropriated \$750,000. The bill to declare Texas unincorporated territory and to set the land into executive session and adjourned. The House considered the contested election case of Atkinson vs. Pendleton, from the First West Virginia district, by seating the contestant by a strict party vote. The Democrats refrained from voting to make a test question, but the speaker declared a quorum present and Atkinson was sworn in. The Uruguay delinquency bill was then considered until adjournment.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

WILLIAM STURWAY, the noted New York piano manufacturer, has subscribed \$50,000 to the Chicago World's Fair.

The Enterprise with the remains of ex-Minister Pendleton on board, arrived at New York on the afternoon of the 23rd.

A MIWAUKEE & ST. PAUL train collided with a stock train at Salt Lake, near Elgin, Ill. Twelve cars of the stock train were demolished, much stock killed, two persons fatally injured and two boys badly hurt.

A THROUGH mail car was burned recently at Blue creek, Utah. It had no registered letters, fortunately.

A LANDSLIDE on the Chesapeake & Ohio, 150 miles east of Charleston, W. Va., caused the wreck of a freight train of eighteen cars recently. Nobody was hurt.

It has transpired that Mrs. William Astor sailed for Europe a few hours after the death of her brother-in-law, John Jacob Astor, not knowing that he was dead. This tends to confirm hints of an Astor family feud.

A BIO FOUR passenger train crashed into a freight train near Indianapolis in a fog the other night. Only one person was hurt and he not seriously.

COMMANDER McCALLA, of the Enterprise, has published a denial of the alleged inhuman acts during the cruise of the vessel of which he has been accused.

A MASS meeting was held at Cooper Union, New York, on the 25th, denouncing the Caesar for the prison abuses in Siberia.

The hearing in the lard investigation ended at Washington on the 26th.

Sir MONELL MACKENZIE, Emperor Frederick's physician, won his libel suits against the St. James Gazette and the Times, of London. The Gazette was to pay him £1,500 and the Times £150.

THERE was a report at Portland, Ore., on the 25th that Silcott, the defaulting cashier of the House of Representatives, had been caught at Toledo, a town on the Northern Pacific.

WALTON, the Pacific Express thief, was discharged at St. John, N. B., the prosecution acknowledging that the warrant for his arrest was insufficient.

PREMIER HARRISON has referred the cases of the three condemned Navassa island murderers to the Attorney-General.

RATES from Chicago to Kansas City were cut to \$2.00 second class on the 25th. Rates from Kansas City to Chicago \$2.00, and other points in proportion. First-class passenger rates averaged \$2.00 more.

BUSINESS FAILURES (Dun's report) for the seven days ended February 27 numbered 301, compared with 370 the previous week. Business was less satisfactory.

The Alaska seal fishery lease has been awarded to the North American Commercial Company, of New York and San Francisco. The Government will obtain about \$1,000,000 a year under the new conditions, the old lease giving \$300,000.

RICHARD H. HAWES, the murderer of his wife and two children, was hanged at Birmingham, Ala., on the 25th. He made a confession. It was at an attempted lynching of Hawes in December, 1888, that ten persons were killed and many wounded, the sheriff ordering his deputies to fire on the mob.

EX-CONGRESSMAN TAUBEE, of Kentucky, was shot in the head in the Capitol building at Washington on the 25th by Charles Kincaid, correspondent of the Louisville Times. He was seriously wounded. The cause grew out of a scandal published while Taubee was in Congress, the latter (who was a large man) taking every opportunity to pull Kincaid's nose and otherwise insult him for the exposure.

ADDITIONAL DISPATCHES.

ARMED factions were disputing the possession of the Greek Church building at Shenandoah, Pa., on the 25. A riot was prevented by the police.

CLEANING house returns for the week ended March 1 showed an average increase of 13.7 compared with the corresponding week of last year. In New York the increase was 19.1.

The public debt showed a decrease during the month of February of \$6,156,489.

The French Government has decided to prosecute the paper L'Egalite, for advising the German Socialists to shoot Emperor William.

A DISPATCH from Brisbane, Queensland, says the steamship Quetta, which recently foundered at sea on her voyage from Cooktown, Queensland, for London, had on board 280 persons. Of these 113 were saved, including the captain and several other officers of the ship.

REPORTS from Northern Texas say that hundreds of range cattle were frozen to death during the recent cold snap.

RENEGADE Apaches are reported making themselves troublesome along the Mexican border of New Mexico.

M. CONSTANT has retired from the French Cabinet.

RUMBER goods are likely to be still further marked up.

EX-GOVERNOR ENGLISH, the well-known Democratic leader of Connecticut, died at New Haven on the 25. He was seventy-eight years of age and left a fortune of \$2,000,000 and \$3,000,000.

BOTH Lieutenant Steele, of the army, and Commander McCalla, of the navy, are likely to be tried for cruelty—the first for striking Private Wild and the latter for cutting down a sailor with a cut-throat.

The long overdue missionary steamer Glad Tidings has arrived at Port Simpson, B. C.

WARRANTS have been sworn out against the owners of the huge glassworks at Marshalltown, Iowa, for maintaining a nuisance in polluting the Iowa river.

TRAIN hands disguised as bandits recently robbed a train near Palermo, Sicily. The robbery was a little too theatrical and ended in the masqueraders being lodged in jail.

REV. FATHER PENN, of Baltimore, died in Philadelphia recently. He had evidently been severely beaten and was lodged in the police station while unconscious.

Mrs BUTLER'S famous drooping eyelid has been removed by a surgical operation.

NEBRASKA STATE NEWS.

THE man Caton, who was arrested at Kansas City some time ago on the charge of stealing cattle, and who answered the description of the man Neal, who recently sold eighteen head of cattle at South Omaha belonging to the murdered Smiths, was taken to Omaha and fully identified by parties to whom he had sold the stock. Circumstances strongly point to him as the murderer of the aged couple.

The Governor has appointed the following delegates to the Inter-State Cattlemen's convention, to be held at Fort Worth, Tex.: Elijah Filley, J. B. Erion, A. C. Davenport, C. H. Gould, Austin Humphrey, J. G. Meek, W. T. Auld.

THE other night a middle-aged German farmer named Wenzel Marech, living a few miles in the country from Albion, went to town and became intoxicated. While there he purchased a bottle of alcohol and one of carbolic acid, put both in his inside pocket and started to drive home in company with his wife, son and another woman. About three miles out he took a drink of the carbolic acid instead of the alcohol. He was driven to the nearest house but died in about fifteen minutes.

Two boilers in the Armour-Cudahay packing house at South Omaha exploded the other day, wrecking the boiler house and killing John Tigh, Henry Olson and Thomas Linahan, besides badly injuring eleven other men, some of them it was feared fatally. The loss to property was about \$50,000.

The Farmers' Alliance which was instituted at Wisner a few weeks ago with sixteen members now number over fifty and is constantly growing.

The report of the president of the Woman's Relief Corps shows that the membership has increased in Nebraska the past year over six hundred. There are now 2,000 members in the department.

At a recent convention of farmers at Dorchester a mutual fire insurance association was organized.

THE other morning about five o'clock the residence of L. W. Hawley at Orleans was destroyed by fire, together with contents. The children were carried out in their night clothes. Insurance on the house \$1,000, and \$500 on contents.

Under the provisions of the Slocumb law incorporated cities and villages a liquor license shall not be less than \$500 in cities under 10,000 population and not less than \$1,000 in cities over that population. The saloonkeeper shall pay all damages to the community or individuals by reason of such traffic and shall support all paupers, widows and orphans and the expense of all civil and criminal actions growing out of such traffic.

The new school building at Stuart has been completed.

NORTH BEND business men have raised a \$5,000 bonus for a fifty-barrel roller mill to cost \$20,000.

The Washington birthday supper given by the Madison Woman's Relief Corps was attended by over three hundred people.

A FURNITURE factory and planing mill is to be started at Plattsmouth.

The Young Men's Christian Association at Ashland now has fifty-one members.

The general store of Veak & Lash at Gresham has been closed by creditors. The liabilities are \$4,000.

The Senate on the 27th confirmed the nomination of W. H. Clark, register of the Lincoln land-office; A. L. Towle, collector at O'Neill, and M. M. Neeves at Sidney.

PENSIONERS recently granted Nebraska veterans: Original invalid, Henry R. Ayden, Cambridge, Increase, John M. Buck, Sutton; Thomas Whitner, McCook; Charles Arnold, Beemer; James W. Magner, Chambers; William Edwards, Ashland; Julius Frost, Croft; Charles H. Holden, Riverton; Levi M. Moulton, Moulton; Daniel Clark, Gordon; Samuel Emy, Benkleman; Sylvester Beesley, Omaha; Charles E. Myers, Neligh; David L. Dennis, Battle Creek.

A LATE fire at Firth destroyed the drug store of J. H. Davis, H. J. Febring's grocery store, the Fifth Bank building and Fleckinger's harness shop. The loss was estimated at \$18,000; insured for \$5,000.

On February 25 the corn stored in cribs at Dorchester amounted to 240,000 bushels, and thousands of bushels were being daily hauled in.

A WOMAN named Hilt, missing her little boy who had been playing in the aisle, jumped off the Burlington "flyer" near Ashland the other night when the train was running at the rate of forty miles an hour. She was found in an unconscious condition, with one leg broken and her body badly bruised. The child in the meantime was found fast asleep in the seat she had left. It is thought that her injuries were not fatal.

JOSEPH MCKEE recently made a murderous assault on George Carbor with a knife at Nebraska City, for which he was bound over to the district court in 1900.

JOE SHELLENBERGER, alias Joe Gray, was arrested at Nebraska City the other evening on the charge of being an accomplice of Neal, the Omaha murderer of Mr. and Mrs. Jones. It was reported that he made a full confession.

Two crooks were recently captured at Fremont while in the act of robbing a farmer who was intoxicated and had his pocket full of money. One of them, who gave his name as James Moran, proved to be James Lamb, who is wanted at Escanaba, Mich., and for whom a reward of \$500 is offered.

MARTHA LEWIS, sixty-nine years of age, was recently burned to death at the residence of her son-in-law, near Reynolds, by the tipping over of a coal oil lamp. She had fallen asleep while sitting near the lamp and on waking up tipped it over, setting herself and the room on fire. A nine-year-old boy extinguished the fire by scooping snow upon it with a shovel, but not until the old lady was fatally burned.

The cannery factory at Beemer was recently sold at public auction and was purchased by a West Point man for \$2,500. The building will be repaired and will be opened for business the coming season.

A ROBBER'S FATE.

He Receives Two Loads of Buckshot in His Chest.

The Desperado's Hazy Description of Himself Excites Suspicion and He is Speedily Trapped and Killed.

MEHREN, Kan., March 2.—"I am a slicker" were the words with which a stranger greeted Night Telegraph Operator Taylor, of this place, at 11:30 o'clock Saturday night prior to asking the usual question as to the time the morning train would be due for Atchison.

Being somewhat surprised at this unusual gruff and uncalled-for remark, Taylor scrutinized the man before him more closely than he would have otherwise done and at once recognized from the description sent out by wire no less a person than the outlaw who just five hours before had entered the bank of Hicks, Gephart & Co., of Valley Falls, and at the point of two revolvers compelled Cashier Coen to hand over the cash he was then in the act of putting in the safe prior to closing the bank for the day.

After being informed as to the train time the man's next interrogatory was where he might find a hotel to remain over night, and, upon being informed, he went directly to the hotel and requested the landlord to have him a bed prepared and to be called for the train going to Atchison at five o'clock in the morning.

Upon the departure of the "slicker," as he termed himself, Taylor informed the authorities at Valley Falls of his discovery and requested that they come and make the arrest.

Officers Shire and Summerfield arrived in due season and arrangements were made with the hotel people to awake their much sought after guest and bring him into the hotel office, where Meriden's city marshal and two deputies from Valley Falls were stationed immediately.

Upon the entrance of the unknown two shotguns loaded with buckshot were leveled at his head, and he was commanded to hold up his hands and surrender, but to the officers' surprise he never faltered, but on the contrary advanced with bold determination, reached both hands toward his outside coat pockets and endeavored to get possession of the revolvers he held in the face of Cashier Coen when he compelled him to hand over his cash. This time the outlaw was not so fortunate as before, for at this moment both deputies emptied the contents of their guns into his chest, and he fell dead in his tracks.

About \$2,500 was found upon his person, most of it concealed in his boots. Two \$500 packages of currency were found with the cashier's noting on the wrappers.

From a registered receipt dated at Burlington, Kan., it is believed the fellow's name was Robertson, and that the money was payable to one D. S. Smith at Ottawa, Kan., supposed to be an alias. His watch was marked "R." and a two-foot rule the same.

The dead desperado was 5 feet 11 inches tall, weighed about 160 pounds, had light complexion, light hair and eyes and a small blonde mustache. The body will be held here until Tuesday when, if not identified and taken in charge by his friends, it will be buried here by the county.

Yesterday a coroner's inquest was held before Justice Frazier, and the following verdict was rendered:

State of Kansas, Jefferson County, ss: An inquisition holden at Meriden, in Jefferson County, on the body of an unknown person here lying dead, by the jurors whose names are hereunto subscribed: The said jurors, upon their oath, do say that the said body is so identified as that of the robber of the Hicks, Gephart & Co. Bank, at Valley Falls, Kan., on March 1, 1900, and killed by a gunshot wound while attempting to escape arrest at Meriden, Kan., in apprehending him as said robber. We find that said killing was lawful and justifiable in every respect. We further find that said death was not felonious, and that the said jurors have hereunto set their hands, the day and year here below written, March 2, 1900. Abraham Mosler, foreman; Robert Smith, George W. Potts, Nathan Glenn, George A. Smith and B. H. Frazier, Justice of the peace, setting court.

The man was identified as the robber beyond all question.

STORY OF THE ROBBERY.

VALLEY FALLS, Kan., March 2.—Cashier Coen of the bank of Hicks, Gephart & Co. yesterday told the story of the bold robbery in detail. He said that about four o'clock Saturday while he was alone at work a supposed farmer with a red handkerchief over his face entered the bank and stated that he was suffering terribly with neuralgia and that he wished to remain there until Dr. Gephart should come in, as he needed some treatment and Gephart was his physician. He took a seat by the stove and waited there until six o'clock. It being Saturday and the first of the month the cashier was very busy and did not lock up early.

At six o'clock the cashier closed up his business and was placing the money in the vault when the thief appeared at the vault door with two revolvers and demanded that the cashier pay him \$10,000, and said that he proposed to lock him in the vault for security. The cashier recognized that he was in the power of the desperado and pleaded for his life. The thief then demanded the currency and got about \$2,500. He then made the cashier lock the front door, backed out of the rear side door, looked it and dropped the key by the side of the house and leisurely walked away.

DICK HAWES HANGED.

The Alabama Murderer Pays the Penalty For His Foul Play—A Full Confession.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 1.—Dick Hawes was hanged for the murder of his wife and two children at three minutes to one o'clock yesterday. His neck was broken and death was easy. The little jail was packed to suffocation. In the streets outside thousands of people stood in the rain waiting, though they could see nothing.

Before the block cap was adjusted Hawes spoke briefly. He called a newspaper man, shook hands with him, and gave him for all 'a' statements against him. He then handed an Age-Herald man a written confession and asked that it be published. He stated that he was guilty and suffered justly; that whisky and a bad woman had brought him to his end. He warned young men against following in his footsteps. His written confession would tell the rest. Dr. Purser offered a prayer. The drop fell and all was over.

The crime for which Richard H. Hawes paid the penalty of his life was the murder of his wife and two children, May and Irene, Tuesday morning, December 4, 1898. The body of May Hawes was found floating in an artificial lake at Eastlake, a pleasure resort six miles from this city, but it was not identified until the next day. The discovery led to still further investigation and the residence of Hawes was visited by several persons, who found the place deserted and evidence that a horrible crime had been committed. There were blood stains on the floor, and in a corner of one of the rooms a bloody club was found. On the same day it was learned that Hawes had been married to Miss May Storey, at Columbia, Miss. He was arrested the same night while passing through Birmingham on his way to Georgia to spend his honeymoon. He identified the body of his child, but stated that he had been divorced from his wife and she had gone away. The children, he said, had been placed in a convent at Mobile and he was at a loss to understand how May's body came to be found where it was.

The palpable improbability of such a story convinced those who heard Hawes' statement that he had murdered the rest of the family, and by the direction of the coroner the lake was drained and the bodies of Mrs. Hawes and little Irene, heavily weighted with railroad iron, were found on the bottom.

The finding of Mrs. Hawes' corpse inflamed the public mind to a state of frenzy. All the efforts of the press of the city and the county authorities to allay the excitement were futile. The jail was stormed by 10,000 persons determined to lynch the murderer. The sheriff ordered a halt, but the mob replied with cries of derision and pressed forward. The order was given to the guard to fire and a volley resulted in the killing of ten persons and the wounding of many more. The spirit of the mob was broken and it never returned to the attack, contrary to the expectation of the authorities, who had in the meantime telegraphed to the Governor for militia.

The trial of Hawes began April 26 and lasted eleven days.

THE READY REVOLVER.

EX-CONGRESSMAN TAUBEE Annoted in the Capitol at Washington and Received a Bullet in the Head From the Pistol of an Irate Newspaper Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, March 1.—Ex-Congressman Taubee was shot in the head by Charles Kincaid, correspondent of the Louisville Times, at 1:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the very Capitol itself. Whether the wound will be fatal can now not be told.

Both men are Kentuckians and the trouble was caused by the ex-Congressman pulling the correspondent's nose for publishing certain statements in regard to him.

A call of the House had been ordered shortly after noon when the two men met as they had done many times before since the trouble between them originated, about a year and a half ago, in the publication by the correspondent of a notorious scandal affecting the moral character of the then Congressman.

Taubee, who had a business engagement with Congressman McCree, of Kentucky, and several others, came out of the House while Kincaid was standing in the outer doorway, and walking up to him said a few words in an undertone, indistinguishable to the doorkeeper or only two or three feet away. It is said that the lie was passed. After a few hot words the two parted.

This quarrel was not generally known even to the intimate friends of the two men, when, at about 1:30 o'clock, members and friends dining in the restaurant were startled by the sharp report of a pistol fired very near the personal room attached to the restaurant. They rushed out breathlessly while other persons ran down the stairway and soon there was an excited crowd surrounding a man holding his head, from which blood was gushing in a steady stream, while another man was exclaiming that he had done the shooting. The bullet was fired at a range not the length of a man's arm.

Kincaid said that Taubee had been hounding him for more than a year past and several times insulted him. He circulated stories that he was a coward and afraid to meet him (Taubee). These reports, in his nervous state, so overwrought him that he hardly knew what he was doing. He also understood that Taubee had threatened him with violence. Yesterday he assaulted him and pulled his nose and ear and this was more than he could endure.

The Western Fair.

NEW YORK, March 1.—While admitting that the outlook for a World's Fair in New York in 1903 was not at all encouraging, Mayor Grant said that he was not prepared to say that he had given up all hope of Congress regaining its senses and passing the proposed legislation where it properly belonged. "There are possibilities," he said, "which do not reach quite up to prohibition that should Chicago find itself unable to satisfy Congress that there is within reach a sufficient sum of money with which to carry on an exhibition suitable to the dignity of the United States, Congress may reconsider its action."