

THE WORLD AT LARGE.

Summary of the Daily News.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

The President formally opened the Southern Exposition at Montgomery, Ala., by touching a telegraph button in the White House.

The President issued his proclamation declaring Montana a State on the 8th.

The annual report of United States Treasurer Huston on the operations and condition of the treasury for the fiscal year ended June 30, has been made public. Revenues amounted to \$387,050,058, and expenditures to \$299,288,978, inclusive of \$17,292,362 paid in premiums on bonds purchased.

THE EAST.

KATE DREXEL, daughter of the Philadelphia banker, has taken the white veil.

JOHN L. SULLIVAN, the pugilist, has been made a co-spondent in a divorce suit brought by a Syracuse (N. Y.) barber against his wife.

FIRE in Allegheny City, Pa., the other morning destroyed Dovey's brass foundry and a carpet cleaning place, causing \$40,000 loss. A negro was burned to death.

Two small children of Jeremiah Shaw, of Haverhill, Mass., were buried in a sand bank and killed the other day.

JAMES JACKSON aged eighteen, while gunning at Jamaica Plains, L. I., was killed by the accidental discharge of his gun. Harry Weeks, while gunning at Rockwell Center, L. I., was fatally wounded.

BUSINESS failures (Dun's report) for the seven days ended November 7, including Canada, numbered 257. The corresponding week last year the number was 226.

Two boilers exploded in A. Rardee & Co.'s mine near Hazleton, Pa., the other morning. John Burke, Frank Munch and Joseph Bano were killed. Cold water run into a hot boiler was the cause.

DAVE WAMBOLD, one of the best known negro minstrels in the country, died at New York on the 10th.

THE WEST.

The Montana State Canvassing Board finished the canvass on the 4th. The entire Republican State ticket was said to be elected except Toole for Governor. The returns from Silver Bow were given to the Republicans.

GOVERNOR THOMAS, of Utah, in his annual report, expressed a doubt of the honesty of Mormon professions respecting polygamy. The tillable land of Utah was almost entirely in the hands of the Saints, and it would be many years before the Gentiles could obtain control of affairs. The inhabitants of the Territory numbered 230,000.

The most unique way of celebrating the success of James E. Campbell for Governor of Ohio was displayed by Allen O. Myers, the Cincinnati journalist. He rode through the streets mounted on one of John Robinson's camels. The animal was gayly attired and the turnout was followed by an immense mob.

MANY of the prominent Cherokees have expressed themselves as dissatisfied with the defiant tone of Chief Mayes' letter to the Cherokee Commission.

The McCracken mill and adjoining property at North Muskegon, Wis., was destroyed by fire recently. Loss, \$100,000; insurance about half.

A DECISION of the Michigan Supreme Court declares null and void an act endorsing foster children with rights passed by the Legislature in 1861 on the ground that the act did not set forth its purpose in the title as commanded by the State Constitution.

By a collision of freight trains near Wawaka, Ind., the other morning, two engines and fifteen cars were completely wrecked but no one was hurt.

BLOONVILLE, ten miles east of Tiffin, O., was recently swept by fire.

The Spring Valley (Ill.) coal miners' strike is virtually settled.

The Indiana Supreme Court has decided the Legislative act unconstitutional which prohibited the piping of natural gas outside of the State line, the same interfering with Federal law regulating inter-commerce.

DR. MARY WEEKS-BARNETT, has brought suit for \$50,000 damages against Frances E. Willard, president of the National Women's Christian Temperance Union, for circulating false statements concerning the management of the Women's Christian Temperance hospital on Cottage Grove avenue, Chicago.

THE Flatheads are willing to leave their reservation in Bitter Root Valley, Montana.

The mother and seven children of a family named Parker were drowned recently near Yaquina, Ore., while crossing in a small boat from Newport to South Beach. The father only escaped.

The schooner Southwest and nine men have been lost in Lake Erie.

The post-office and several business houses at Buena Vista, Col., were recently destroyed by fire. All the mail was lost.

FREDERICK OTIS, of the Yale divinity school, died at the New Haven hospital of typhoid fever. His relatives reside at Olivette, Mich.

THE SOUTH.

The sentence of Simon Walker, of Chesterfield County, Va., the negro boy who committed a criminal assault upon Mary Ann Quinn, aged eleven years, and who was twice sentenced to be hanged and respited, has been commuted by the Governor to twenty years' imprisonment.

A HEAVY storm struck the harbor of Galveston, Tex., on the 5th. Considerable damage resulted to shipping. Many streets were flooded.

A. GOODWYN, Jr., a Democratic judge of election for the Second ward of Petersburg, Va., has been arrested on a warrant sworn out by J. M. Birdsong, a Republican judge of election for the same precinct, charging him with stuffing the ballot box.

CHARLESTON, S. C., had a great earthquake revival festival. The whole town was in gala attire by day and by night.

By the explosion of a \$75,000 dredge boat at the South Pass of the Mississippi river two firemen were killed recently.

GENERAL MAHONE has been held for trial for the shooting of a man named Harrison during disturbances before Mahone's house at Petersburg, Va., on the night of the election.

AN unknown maniac ran amuck at Bayou Beuf Station, La., the other day. He stabbed five or six persons, some fatally, and was shot as he pushed out in a boat. He fell into the water and disappeared, his body not being recovered.

FOUR convicts were shot recently while attempting to escape from the penitentiary at Huntsville, Tex. One was killed and two fatally wounded.

The disastrous snow storm of New Mexico extended into Texas. Several herders perished with their stock.

THERE was a terrible fight between citizens at Brownsburg, Rockbridge County, Va., on the 8th. Three persons were killed or fatally injured and many others were seriously wounded.

A physician named Walker had threatened the life of Henry Miller for insulting Mrs. Walker and the tragedy occurred in the court room. Mrs. Walker and Miller were killed and Walker fatally hurt.

The wool growers of Western Texas have decided to send a representative to Washington to look after their interest before Congress.

STEPHEN O. BRIDGES, a young married man, was fatally shot at Baltimore, Md., the other night by Miss Annie Konig, whom he had ruined and deserted.

COLONEL GOODLOE, who was shot in the recent terrible affray at Lexington, Ky., succumbed to his injuries two days later.

The License-Thomas Hardware Company of Paris, Tex., one of the largest concerns in the State, has made an assignment. The liabilities amount to about \$100,000 and the assets are expected to foot up \$125,000.

The Catholic centennial at Baltimore, Md.,—a three-fold event—took place on the 10th and was unparalleled in Church affairs. Two Cardinals and hundreds of Bishops and priests were present. The oration was delivered by Archbishop Ryan.

GENERAL.

The Prince of Wales received a great ovation on his recent visit to Alexandria, Egypt.

A NUMBER of natives of the Solomon islands deceived an Englishman named Nelson and three native boys to one of their villages and murdered them and devoured their bodies.

The sum of \$400,000 was paid over by the Provincial Government of Quebec to Father Turgein, representing the Jesuit order in Canada, in consideration of the order's total and perpetual abandonment of claims to the estates which became the property of the Crown when the order was suppressed nearly a century ago.

EIGHT hundred and forty-five Italian men were landed at Castle Garden by the steamships Bolivia and Alesia from Mediterranean ports on the 6th.

The shipwrights of Hamburg to the number of 1,500 have struck work.

Four hundred thousand people visited the Paris Exposition on the 6th.

The British warship Amphion struck a reef off the coast of British Columbia recently. She came near sinking with the Governor-General of Canada on board.

ADMIRAL KRANTZ, French Minister of Marine, resigned suddenly on the 8th.

DIFFERENCES as to rent have again arisen between the Sultan of Zanzibar and the German East African Company.

The Admiralty Court at Halifax, N. S., has ordered the sale of the seized American schooner, David J. Adams, unless the owners act soon.

The Legislature of the State of Nuevo Leon, Mex., has seconded the initiative in relation to unlimited Presidential terms.

An English syndicate is reported to be negotiating for the great maiting plant of George H. Bullen & Co., of Chicago—the largest in the West.

It was reported in the City of Mexico that the Government of Guatemala has prohibited the sending of news abroad.

It was rumored in the City of Mexico on the 10th that United States Minister Ryan would not return to the Mexican capital.

The Germans of Lamu do not believe the reports that Dr. Peters' expedition has been massacred.

CLEARING house returns for the week ended November 9 showed an average increase of 24.9 compared with the corresponding week of last year. In New York the increase was 30.0.

THE Svet, of St. Petersburg, says that China is arming her troops on the Russian frontier with repeating rifles and that the soldiers are being drilled by German officers.

The first sod of the Nicaragua canal was formally turned on the 22d of October amid the booming of cannon and the cheers of thousands of spectators and in the presence of Governor Irineo Del Godollo and staff; representing Nicaragua, the chief engineer and staff of the Nicaragua Canal Company and the foreign Consuls in the city. Work was really begun June 2, but owing to some slight misunderstanding between Nicaragua and Costa Rica (which has since been amicably arranged) the formal opening was postponed.

SANDBAGGED A WITNESS.

An Important Witness in the Cronin Case Sandbagged—Sullivan Discharged. CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—Mrs. Mandie Morgan, who is said to be an important witness for the prosecution in the Cronin case, was sandbagged by an unknown person, and as a result of the blow is now in a dangerous condition. Mrs. Morgan was returning from a visit about 9:30 o'clock. To shorten the distance she walked through the alley in the rear of the house. She had just entered the alley when a person closely wrapped in a heavy shawl, stepped from the shadow of the building and dealt her a heavy blow on the head. Had it not been for her roll of hair the blow would probably have killed her. For nearly an hour Mrs. Morgan was unconscious. Upon recovering she described her assailant as a man disguised as a woman. The police are searching for the person.

ALEXANDER SULLIVAN DISCHARGED. CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—The matter of the application of Alexander Sullivan, for release from bail of \$25,000, in which he was held by the coroner's inquest last June, pending action by the grand jury for alleged complicity in the Cronin case, came up again before Judge Baker yesterday morning. The State did not contest the motion and the obligation was thereon discharged by order of the court.

PRINTING HOUSES BURNED.

The A. N. Kellogg Newspaper Company and P. H. Tiernan's Large Job Office at Kansas City Burned. KANSAS CITY, Mo., Nov. 11.—The three-story brick building at 312, 314 and 316 West Sixth street, owned by Peter H. Tiernan and occupied by P. H. Tiernan, book binder and job printer, and the A. N. Kellogg Newspaper Company, were completely gutted by fire Saturday night. The loss to building and contents will amount to about \$65,000, both being fully covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is not known. The alarm was sounded at 9:45 o'clock and by the time the fire department had arrived the entire second and third floors of the building at 312 West Sixth, occupied by Tiernan, was ablaze. The fire seemed to have started in the middle of the building and is supposed to have been occasioned by the heated pipes in the book publishing company's rooms. The fire spread rapidly and seven fire companies from Kansas City, Mo., and one from Kansas City, Kan., seemed at first powerless to check it. The presses and other machinery in both establishments were badly damaged and the type and other appointments are a total loss. Both houses carried fair insurance.

The A. N. Kellogg Newspaper Company immediately set to work to secure new quarters temporarily, and all patrons will be supplied with but slight delay.

'GOODLOE DEAD.

Colonel Goodloe Also a Victim of the Recent Deadly Encounter. LEXINGTON, Ky., Nov. 11.—Colonel William Cassius Goodloe died here yesterday about one o'clock from the effects of the wound received from Colonel Swope's pistol in the terrible encounter in the post-office here last Friday afternoon, in which Swope was cut to pieces and died. He died peacefully and painlessly, surrounded by his family and a few close friends. He joined the Episcopal Church before he died and was baptized. The entire city is in mourning, and the flag on the Government building has been put at half mast. The funeral will be held tomorrow afternoon at two o'clock. All members of the family were at the dying man's bedside except Major Green Clay Goodloe, his brother, who did not get here until last night.

Goodloe's statement of the difficulty after he was told that he could not live made Swope the aggressor, as he drew his revolver and shot Goodloe just as the latter got his knife open. Goodloe said that, feeling he had received a death wound, he cut him until he fell. Hundreds of telegrams of sympathy have been received by the family.

ATTEMPT TO KILL.

An Editor Refuses a Retraction and Trouble Follows. BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 10.—Detective Kilroy, candidate for street commissioner, attempted to kill Norman E. Mack, editor of the Times, for publishing an article last Sunday, charging him with having stabbed Thomas McAuliffe over a card quarrel some time ago. The story was considerably exaggerated and Kilroy demanded a retraction. This was demanded from time to time until Kilroy went to the Times office and called on Mack. A quarrel ensued and Kilroy rushed at Mack with his hand apparently on a weapon in his hip pocket, when Editor Crosby rushed between them and stopped the infuriated man. Mack subsequently went up stairs to the editorial rooms, Kilroy following and swearing. When half way up the stairs Detectives Crowley and Taylor, who had been summoned, arrived, and bore the drunken and infuriated man away. The Times is out with an article denouncing Kilroy and preferring further charges, and further trouble is expected.

Bold Forgery.

BOSTON, Nov. 11.—May 2, 1889, Elbridge G. Stone, of Harvard, died and a few days afterward his nephew presented a will purporting to have been made March 4, which was put in the probate court at Worcester. This will had the names of Erwin J. Smith, William Orr and Mrs. A. Fairbanks as witnesses, and Dr. Stone received the bulk of the property, valued at about \$20,000. Yesterday Dr. Stone, who resides at Newburyport, was arrested, charged with forgery. Mrs. Fairbanks having furnished information showing that some of the supposed witnesses had witnessed the signing of the will.

CATHOLIC ANNIVERSARY.

A Notable Celebration in Baltimore—Magnificent Services at the Cathedral—Clerical Magistrates Present. BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 11.—The most important group of events in the history of the Catholic Church in America began here yesterday morning. It was the commencement of a triple celebration—the hundredth anniversary of the appointment of the first American Catholic Bishop; the inauguration of the first congress of Catholic laymen held in the United States, and the dedication of the new National University for Catholics.

Ten thousand strangers were in Baltimore to witness the spectacle—four times as many people not counting local Catholics as could possibly be accommodated in the Cathedral where the initial scenes were to be witnessed. So great was the pressure for seats that persons known to have traveled across the continent from California expressly to be present were among those disappointed in not securing admission. The old Cathedral that crowns the Charles street hill had within its walls an assemblage most notable, and around its iron picket fence on Charles, Mulberry, Cathedral and Franklin streets people thronged in thousands, who watched, some with interest, others with pride, the procession of priests and Bishops, and lingered long after the chant of the seminarians announced that the service had begun. Admission to the church could be gained only by the tender of a card of invitation. Every available bit of space within was utilized, yet thousands of people, visitors as well as Baltimoreans, had to be shut out.

The gathering of prelates embraced two Cardinals, seventeen Archbishops and seventy-five Bishops. The Pope was represented in the person of Archbishop Satolli of Lepanto, Canada by Cardinal Taschereau, Mexico by Bishops Montes D'Oca and E. Antequera-Gillow, England by Bishop John Virtue, of Portsmouth, and Mgr. Gald, of London. All of the Archbishops in the United States were in attendance except Kenrick, of St. Louis, who was too feeble to travel.

The hall in which the priests assembled was elaborately decorated. Above the doors were the Papal colors, yellow and white—and above these stretching upward to the eaves were great streamers of red, white and blue. When all was ready, 600 clergy, walking two and two, emerged clad in white surplices and black cassocks and berretas.

Presently, while the white surpliced priests were opening ranks a mass of purple enveloped figures were seen in the Cardinal's doorway. It was the gathering of nearly all the Catholic Bishops and Archbishops of the United States, with representatives from Mexico, Canada, England and Rome.

Within the Cathedral, ten minutes later, the scene was simply magnificent. The pews throughout the church were crowded to the utmost with laity.

The solemn pontifical mass was begun at 11:15 with the following officiating: Celebrant, Archbishop William of Boston; assistant priest, Rev. Dr. Magan, of Baltimore; deacon, Father Bartlett, of Baltimore; subdeacon, Father Duffy, of Brooklyn; master of ceremonies, Rev. J. S. McCallen, of Montreal, and assistants, Fathers Wheilan and Riordan, of Baltimore.

Probably the most impressive part of the mass, next to the consecration, was the conferring of the Papal blessing. The venerable Archbishop at the altar seemed to feel it a doubly solemn moment when, turning to the congregation, he paused an instant and while the people in the church knelt he raised his hand and slowly made the sign of the cross.

The mass ended with special intercession for the Pope chanted by all the clergy. It was 1:45 p. m. when the "Ite Missa Est" was said. The first oration of the centennial ceremonies began. It was delivered by Archbishop Ryan, of Philadelphia, whose fine presence and magnetic eloquence, in spite of the long ceremonial preceding, held his hearers for an hour and a half. The patriotic spirit of the Archbishop's address and his tribute to the recent devotee of the colored people and Indians seemed to awaken general enthusiasm, but the most telling effect was aroused when he vindicated the rights of Catholic editors, if need be, to freely comment on the failings of the clergy.

After this the benediction was given and the procession of clergy moved out down Cathedral street to Mulberry, to the Cardinal's residence, where ranks were broken.

In the evening the scene at the Cathedral was a re-enactment of the morning with a substitution, of course, of vesters. Archbishop Hess, of Milwaukee, was the celebrant. Archbishop Ireland, of St. Paul, preached the sermon, which dealt entirely with the future.

The Catholic editors attending the Congress held a meeting last night. Father F. W. Graham presided, with Con DeFalleh, of St. Louis, as secretary. They decided to hold a convention of editors at Cincinnati on the first Wednesday of May, 1890. The officers of this meeting were instructed to make the necessary arrangements for the convention.

Coal Miners in a Bad Flight.

SPRING VALLEY, Kan., Nov. 10.—The prospects of a settlement here are not as bright as a few days ago. The men agreed, in conference, with the coal company's superintendent to a form of contract and it was forwarded to Mr. Scott for his approval. Instead of an answer he has sent in some new miners from Pennsylvania. The contributions for the relief of the needy have fallen off in consequence of the false statements that a settlement had been made and the miners' relief committee have a large number of persons on their hands in want of food, coal and clothing.

THE LATE ELECTIGNS.

The Result Decidedly Favorable to the Democrats—Foraker Defeated in Ohio and Mahone in Virginia—A Great Surprise in Iowa. OHIO DEMOCRATIC. COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 7.—The Democratic State Committee is claiming the election of Campbell by a plurality of 12,000 to 13,000 and the rest of the ticket by pluralities ranging from 4,000 to 8,000. These conclusions are reached from meager returns and mostly by estimates, but are believed to be reliable within the pluralities which are given. The Republican committee has not given up entirely and do not think Campbell's plurality will reach over 10,000, and the rest of the State ticket will not be elected by more than 2,000 or 3,000 plurality.

The Republican committee, though, does not think that the complete figures will be sufficiently favorable to save any part of its ticket. Both committees and chairmen seem to be agreed that the Democrats will carry the Legislature in both branches. It is not probable the figures, as agreed upon, as to membership will be changed from those which have already been announced, though some counties are doubtful. From the best at hand, gathered from both headquarters, the House will stand: Sixty-one Democrats and fifty-three Republicans; and the Senate nineteen Democrats and seventeen Republicans. This would give the Democrats a majority of ten on joint ballot.

THE IOWA COUNT. DES MOINES, Iowa, Nov. 7.—Complete returns from ninety-five counties and the remaining four counties estimated the same as two years ago, show that Boies, Democrat, for Governor, has 5,995 plurality. The entire State ticket, Lieutenant-Governor, Justice Supreme Court, Superintendent Public Instruction and Railway Commission is elected. The Republican claim the Legislature by eight majority on joint ballot, but the Democrats do not concede more than three. A telegram was sent to Assistant Postmaster-General Clarkson that the Legislature is very close and extremely doubtful.

THE RESULT IN VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 7.—Out of 100 counties in this State seventy-nine have been heard from; out of fourteen cities returns have been received from nine. Every city and county shows a gain for McKinney over the vote of 1888. The latest estimate of the vote of the State gives McKinney 30,000 majority. The Republicans have elected twenty-four members of the House of Delegates with five counties to hear from, and eleven members of the Senate with two districts to hear from. The Democrats will have control of the Legislature by an increased majority.

NEBRASKA.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 7.—Returns from this State are incomplete, but there is no doubt that the Republicans elected Laws to Congress in the Second district by from 2,000 to 3,000 majority, and the Republican candidate for Supreme Judge and Regents of University by from 20,000 to 25,000 majority. Douglas County elected the entire Democratic ticket with the exception of one commissioner.

THE NEW YORK ELECTION.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 7.—Returns from the various counties in the State to a late hour gives pluralities aggregating as follows: Democrats, 88,582; Republicans, 64,931. Democratic plurality, 23,651. It is estimated that Rice's plurality for Secretary of State will be fully 22,000.

THE VOTE IN MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, Nov. 7.—Returns have now been received from every town in the State except Gosnell, which has about twenty voters. They give Brackett, Republican, 126,792; Russell, Democrat, 120,812; Brackett's plurality, 5,980. In 1887 Ames, Republican, had 136,000; Lovering, Democrat, 118,394.

THE VOTE IN NEW JERSEY.

NEWARK, N. J., Nov. 7.—Returns from all the counties in New Jersey show that the Assembly will stand: Democrats, 37; Republicans, 23. The Senate, Republicans, 11; Democrats, 10. Grubb polled 9,326; Abbott, Democrat, 20,263. Abbott's plurality is 11,000.

THE ELECTION IN MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 7.—The latest returns from the State indicate that the Democrats will have a majority in the State Senate and House of Delegates, but not so large as in the last Legislature.

BOYER'S PLURALITY.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 7.—According to the latest computation Boyer's plurality for State Treasurer is 62,241.

RUBE BURROWS.

The Outlaw Coolly Travels on a Passenger Train.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., Nov. 7.—Rube Burrows, the train robber, took a ride on the night express train, on the Kansas City, Memphis & Birmingham railroad last night. He was seen and recognized and no one attempted his capture. He boarded the train west bound at a small station in the western part of Alabama and rode a few miles across the line into Mississippi. He was alone, but carried a large Winchester rifle and two pistols. While on the train he occupied a seat in the smoker and seemed perfectly at ease. The passengers and train men breathed a sigh of relief when they saw him leave the train. It is expected that he is arranging for another train robbery, and the trainmen on the road have been warned to be on the lookout. Passenger Agent Bowman, of the Kansas City road, was on the train and recognized Burrows.

Increase of Pension Claims.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—Third Auditor Hart, in his annual report to the Secretary of the Treasury, says that, though a quarter of a century has elapsed since the close of the war, still the volume of varied claims pertaining to the struggle has no material diminution, and experience demonstrates that the most rigid investigation is necessary often to prevent duplicate payments, and always to serve the legitimate rights of the Government. The number of pensioners on the rolls July 1, 1889, was 490,000, and there will probably be added 35,000 more by June 30, 1890.

RELIGIOUS AND EDUCATIONAL.

—Five hundred women in Tokio and Yokohama have subscribed to a fund for the purchase of a handsome Bible to be presented to the Empress of Japan.

—A group of German physicians have published a protest against forcing children to learn the piano before they are twelve. They point out damaging results to the intellect and the physical condition.

—The African News says there are twenty-seven societies having missions in Africa, with 403 ordained and 107 lay preachers and helpers; 186 women, 10,000 native pastors and helpers, and about 16,000 communicants.

—The Roman Catholic Bishop of Havana appealed to the Government of the island to close the cemetery which the Baptists had opened in that city, but the Government in Spain has decided that the Baptists were acting according to the laws, and may have their place of burial.

—"General" Booth, in opening a new salvation hall in Liverpool, recently, defied any one to point out any authorized doing of the Salvation Army not justified from the Bible. They had 2,700 societies and 8,000 officers, for the most part self-supported, and the annual income was not less than \$4,000,000.

—Rev. C. H. Spurgeon recently paid a visit to the Island of Guernsey, in the English Channel. He preached four times in one day. Admission to the services was by ticket, and no fewer than nine thousand applications for tickets were made. Mr. Spurgeon's visit appears to have resulted in a great quickening of spiritual interest, the whole island being greatly stirred.

—The New West Education Commission is supporting wholly or in part, seven academies and twenty-three common schools in Utah and New Mexico. They have been attended during the past year by 3,256 pupils. During the nine years in which the Commission has existed, it is estimated that over 8,000 different pupils have been taught in its schools.

—There are between 500 and 600 Chinamen in Sunday-schools and missions in New York. They are there chiefly to learn to talk English, for there are only fifty-three of the number who are out-and-out Christians; that is, members of the churches. A religious worker among the Mongolians says the church people have got to realize that the Chinaman is a pretty hard subject to Christianize.

—Rev. Merensky, superintendent of the missions, and for a number of years missionary in Southern Africa, gives the following statistics of missions in Africa: There are at present in that country 550 evangelical mission stations. The members of the churches number 400,000 souls; 70,000 children daily attend evangelical schools. The annual increase of evangelical Christians is 35,000. Within the last five years about 200,000 negroes died a martyr's death.

WIT AND WISDOM.

—The man who knows himself thoroughly has little confidence in others.—Aches.

—In prosperity it is the easiest of all things to find a friend; in adversity it is of all things the most difficult.

—The world owes every man a living, but it doesn't owe any man any other man's living.—Oil City Blizzard.

—If a woman hates you, you may be sure she has loved you, loves you now or will love you.—Fleegende Blatter.

—Endurance is more valuable than cleverness. It is the patient, steady plodders who gain and keep fortunes.—Washington Post.

—The woman who declares she wouldn't marry the best man on earth often picks out one of the worst ones.—Terre Haute Express.

—It is not the treatment which a man receives that affects him in the long run, it is the temper with which he bears it.—Rebecca Harding Davis.

—The man who can never say "No" is likely to get into trouble sooner or later. But when he gets there "a general denial" is the first thing on his lips.—Puck.

—It is not generally the girl with the most beaux who gets married first. It is the little, grave, demure girl who sits in the corner with one young man and hangs on to him.—Somerville Journal.

—Because a new movement is strong with the people, it does not follow that there is any good in that movement. The majority may be right on an occasion, but much of the time it is very far from right.—S. S. Times.

—Of all the vanities and fopperies, the vanity of high birth is the greatest. True nobility is derived from virtue, not from birth. Titles, indeed, may be purchased, but virtue is the only coin that makes the bargain valid.—Burton.

—Infinite toil would not enable you to sweep away a mist; but by ascending a little, you may often look over it altogether. So it is with our moral improvement; we wrestle fiercely with a vicious habit, which would have no hold upon us if we ascended into a higher moral atmosphere.—N. Y. Ledger.

—You will find yourself much happier in studying the good qualities of others and exercising feelings of charity and good will toward them than you will by criticising them. The one course will make you happy, the other miserable. Give free indulgence to every noble and generous sentiment. Rejoice in the excellence and prosperity of others. Keep self out of view and show interest in others. Sympathize with them and enter into their feelings.

—In private life, and in all life, the best of motives to action are those which lie outside of self and its supposed interests. To build the ship staunch and safe and the house firm and healthful for the sake of the human lives that will be intrusted to them, to administer justice because of its equity, to heal disease and teach sanitary laws for the sake of suffering humanity, to cherish in every employment some glimpse of an interest in the good that it is to produce in the world, introduces a finer element into the labor and actually brings forth a better quality of work than can be educed by the mere hope of personal benefit to the worker.

—Once a Week.