RED CLOUD CHIEF

A. C. HOSMER, Proprietor.

RED CLOUD. - - - NEBRASKA.

CURRENT COMMENT.

THE Society of Charities and Corrections has decided to meet next year at San Diego, Cal.

CARL SCHURZ amuses himself in Berlin and passes a good part of his time in the Zoological Gardens.

WALTER BESANT is a small, animated, bright-eyed and black-haired man, fond of the theater, claret and a pipe.

IN a long opinion, Secretary Endicott favors a span of 730 feet over the main channel of the Mississippi at Memphis, Tenn.

A LISBON dispatch announces the death of Senor Jose Ferrera Burges de Castro, a distinguished Portuguese dipomat.

THE half-breeds in the British Northwest Territory are out in a manifesto threatening fresh trouble if not given their demands.

SERIOUS charges have been preferred against the Governor of the National Soldiers' Home at Togus, Me. A committee will investigate.

MME. MEISSONIER, wife of the celebrated painter, is dead, after a brief illness. She was the sister of Steinheil, a painter of religious subjects. The deceased lady was highly esteemed for her benevolence.

GENERAL BOULANGER, at a banquet the other night, said he hoped his sword would return to him before another year had passed. During a visit to St. Malo General Boulanger was given an ovation by the populace.

THE youngest Justice on the Supreme Bench of Tennessee is Judge Snodgrass, of Chattanooga. He is thirty-seven years of age and was nominated for the office when only a few months over thirty-five, the age at which he became eligible.

THE fleet which will accompany Emperor William as an escort on his visit to Russia will be the largest that Germany has ever put to sea. It will consist of six ironclads, four dispatch ships, four vessels of the training squadron, and a flotilla of torpedo boats.

A LONG distance telephone exchange has been opened in New York. The telephones are in glass cabinets. One can sit in a cabinet at a handsome cherry desk and send messages to Philadelphia, or to cities in Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island or to one hundred places in New York State with perfect ease.

RED SHIRT, the Indian chief, was taken recently to see a large painting of the ocean by Albert Bierstadt. He looked at it with great interest, and, when asked what he thought of it, made an eloquent gesture signifying the unpleasant memories called forth by such a realistic representation of the sea. Mr. Bierstadt said that he could not have been more delicately complimented than by this bit of pantomime.

E. S. STOKES has started a new down-town cafe in New York which is simply gorgeous. Is has a floor of Italian mosaic, which alone cost $12,000. The octagonal bar is of Mexican onyx and white mahogany, and cost as much more. The supporting pillars are also of white mahogany and onyx, and there are enough of them to make a man wish he were rich. Silver beer mugs and a collection of silver dishes are incidental to the general magnificence.

THE members of the Sioux Commission will meet shortly at Bismarck, D. T. Work will be begun at the Standing Rock agency. The other agencies will be visited in their regular order as they are reached in moving down the Missouri river. The Rev. Mr. Cleveland appointed a member of the Commission is not a brother of the President, as stated, but J. W. Cleveland, an Episcopal minister, and formerly a missionary at the Rosebud (D. T.) agency. He speaks the Sioux language fluently.

CHAIRMAN FAILTHORN, of the Western and Northwestern Freight Association, has advised lines doing business between Chicago and Council Bluffs that irregularities in rates in business originating in the East ought to cease, so as to prevent further demoralization in rates. The reduction now in effect was made from 67 to 55 cents first class several days ago. He thinks it advisable, in order to insure uniformity, that some date be established when all irregularities must be at an end.

PROF. POWELL, of the Geological Survey, recently made an argument, two hours in length, before the Senate Committee on Appropriations in the matter of the proposition to develop the arid land regions. Prof. Powell is very enthusiastic in the belief that his views as to the irrigation of this vast region, by establishing reservoirs in the Rocky mountains for the supply of water, is entirely practicable. The committee was very much interested in the subject, and it is possible that a considerable appropriation will be made to enable a test to be made of the practicability of the undertaking.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gleaned by Telegraph and Mail.

CONGRESSIONAL.

IN the Senate on the 9th Senator Stewart spoke against the frequency of pension vetoes, and Senator Vest defended the President's acts. The Senate then took up the bill to amend the Inter-State law, and after some discussion the bill passed. Several bridge bills passed, and after an executive session the Senate adjourned....In the House a resolution by Mr. Adams, of Illinois, requiring the special committee appointed to investigate trusts to report, and a resolution by Mr. Ford, of Michigan, for a special committee to inquire into excessive immigration (referring to pauper labor) were referred. The House then resumed consideration of the Tariff bill. The main feature of interest was the rejection of Mr. Cannon's amendment for free sugar and a bounty to producers. This item created a lengthy debate, and when disposed of the House adjourned.

IN the Senate on the 10th Mr. Sherman offered a resolution directing the Finance Committee to inquire into any bills referred to it that might appear to foster trusts or combinations that tend to prevent due competition in articles of domestic growth or manufacture, or imported articles. Senator Vest introduced a bill to amend the act to punish postal crimes. It refers to "bad debt collecting agencies." The Fisheries treaty was then taken up in open session and Senator Hoar spoke against it. Adjourned....Immediately after the reading of the journal the House went into Committee of the Whole on the Tariff bill, and debate continued during the ay. At the evening session a number of bills passed granting right of way through Indian reservations to railroads.

THE Senate held a short and uninteresting session on the 11th. The conference report on the Post-office Appropriation bill was agreed to as to several items; one fixes the rate on seeds at one cent for two ounces. Another conference was asked on the subsidy clause. The Sea Coast Defense bill was taken up but the Senate adjourned without action....In the House a conference was ordered on the Land Forfeiture bill. A report of disagreement on the Agricultural Appropriation bill was submitted, the House, however, accepted the Senate amendment of $100,000 for sorghum sugar experiments. The Tariff bill was then taken up and its consideration occupied the day. At the evening session the bill passed providing for taking the eleventh census. Adjourned.

IN the Senate on the 12th a resolution to print extra copies of the committee's report on seven vetoed pension bills furnished the text for a political debate. The Fisheries treaty received some consideration in open session. The bill referring to the Court of Claims certain claims for labor performed since 1868 by Government employes in excess of eight hours per day was under consideration when the Senate adjourned.....In the House, after routine business, consideration of the Tariff bill was resumed, the wool schedule being under discussion. An evening session was held for the consideration of certain pension bills.

AFTER transacting unimportant business in the Senate on the 13th discussion of the Fisheries treaty was resumed in open executive session and Senator Dolph spoke in opposition to the treaty, at the conclusion of which the Senate adjourned until Monday....In the House the conference report on the Post-office Appropriation bill was presented in which an agreement had been reached on all amendments except the subsidy clause. The rates for seeds, bulbs, plants, etc., is placed at one cent for two ounces. Debate on the subsidy amendment, which Mr. Bingham, of Pennsylvania, moved to amend by reducing from $800,000 to $450,000 and agree to, was continued until recess. At the evening session twenty-four pension bills passed.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

SENATOR DOLPH, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, has reported favorably the bill to prohibit the coming of Chinese laborers into the United States reported in the House by Mr. Belmont, chairman of the Committee on Foreign Relations, as a substitute for all bills before the committee relating to Chinese immigration.

THE Portuguese Government is preparing an expedition to go to the country north of the Zambesi river to secure and extend the Portuguese possessions in that region. The expedition will be under the command of Governor Guitiman.

THE Sultan of Turkey is much concerned about the approaching visit of Emperor William to the Czar and fears that the result of the interview between the two monarchs will be detrimental to Turkey.

THE provincial elections of Manitoba took place on the 11th, and resulted in almost a walkover for the supporters of the Greenway Government (Liberal). Out of thirty-eight constituencies only four or five elected Conservatives.

THE *St. James Gazette* says: "It is semi-officially stated that the report published in the *Pall Mall Gazette* to the effect that Dowager Empress Victoria is virtually under arrest at Potsdam is an abominable fiction."

MR. RANDALL was reported considerably improved in health at Washington on the 12th.

THE French Chamber of Deputies was in an uproar on the 12th. Boulanger called Floquet a liar and then resigned his seat, anticipating the censure about to be pronounced upon him by the President of the Chamber. It was thought that a duel would follow.

CONGRESSMAN CROUSE, of the Twentieth Ohio district, has declined a renomination because of ill health.

IN the British House of Commons on the 12th, Mr. W. H. Smith, the Government leader, agreed to a motion for the appointment of a committee to inquire into the *Times*-Parnell charges.

HON. D. L. RUSSELL, who was a delegate to the Chicago convention, and who was nominated for the head of the Republican State judicial ticket of North Carolina, has written a letter to the Republican executive committee in which he declines the nomination and advises the withdrawal of the entire State ticket.

COLONEL M. V. SHERIDAN, who is with the General at Nonquitt, Mass., declares that the sick man is scarcely able to lift his head.

GEORGE V. N. LOTHROP, Minister to Russia, and Lambert Tree, Minister to Belgium, are reported preparing to resign their respective posts.

HON. MR. RANDALL had four hemorrhages at Washington on the night of the 13th, which left him extremely weak.

GENERAL HARRISON, the Republican candidate for the Presidency, talked to a deputation of 900 railroad men on the 13th.

THE Italian Chamber of Deputies has voted down by a narrow majority a proposal to give the franchise to women.

MISCELLANEOUS.

EBENEZER STANYARD was hanged in the Ohio penitentiary recently for the murder of his former sweetheart, Alice Hancox, at Youngstown March 24, 1887.

FIVE persons, forming the family of Jacob Nye, a farmer, living eight miles south of Princeton, N. J., went insane the other day. The case was most mysterious. In their ravings they expressed a fear of being poisoned.

BY the fall of the gallery of the old Quaker Church at Alexandria, Va., during a negro entertainment the other night, one man was fatally and six women badly hurt.

SIXTY Canadian laborers who had been working at Port Huron and other points in Michigan and living in Canada have been ordered to stay out of this country under the Alien Labor law.

A TERRIBLE storm was reported off the New England coast on the night of the 12th. Many wrecks occurred, accompanied with loss of life.

THE crop prospects in India are said to be improving with the cessation of the drought. All fear of a famine has passed away except in Orrissa, where the drought still prevails.

A DISPATCH from Cape Town, Africa, of the 12th says that the Zeebers coal mine at Kimberly had caught fire and five hundred miners were entombed and thought to have perished.

HENRY M. IVES has been indicted by the Hamilton County (O.) grand jury. What the offense was the court authorities refused to tell.

NICHOLAS VERRES SMITH, son-in-law of the late Horace Greeley, was a prisoner in the Yorkville (N. Y.) court recently, charged by John Allen, proprietor of the Hotel Hamilton, of defrauding him out of $315, the amount of his bill for board and lodging for his wife and family.

JOHN ZACHAR, the Caledonia (Wis.) alleged faster, after an abstention from food for fifty-three days, is reported to have again started his feed mill.

FRED REMINGTON, an artist on *Harper's Weekly*, who had been sketching mountain scenery, took morphine recently with suicidal intent, and died at Trinidad, Col. Unrequited love was thought to have caused the rash act.

GOVERNOR MOREHOUSE gave Maxwell, who was to have been hanged at St. Louis on the 13th for the murder of Preller, a respite of thirty days, but refused any commutation of sentence.

A DUEL between Minister Floquet and General Boulanger occurred near Paris on the 13th. The General was quite seriously wounded in the neck. Floquet was only scratched.

MCHUGH, mayor of Sligo, Ireland, and editor of the Sligo *Champion*, was arrested recently on a charge of publishing land grabbing articles which advocated intimidation and incited to violence. He was released on bail.

JOSEPH WELLS and his twin sister, Mrs. Margaret Kelly, while returning to their home in Tomlinson, near Little Rock, Ark., in a buggy, attempted to ford a stream when they were caught in the current and drowned. The bodies were recovered.

MRS. RAWSON, who attempted to kill Attorney Whitney in a court room in Chicago some time ago, has been released on bail.

TERRIBLE suffering is reported in the lowlands of West Virginia as a result of the recent floods. Over 500 persons are in need of the necessaries of life.

BUSINESS failures (Dun's report) for the seven days ended July 12 number for the United States, 216; Canada, 24; total 240; compared with 214 the previous week and 179 the corresponding week last year.

THE residence of the Queen of Servia was raided by German police at Wiesbaden on the 13th and the Crown Prince forcibly taken from her. Much sympathy was expressed for her on account of this harsh proceeding.

CHIEF PIAH, the once notorious chief of the renegade Utes in North Park, Col., has ended his career by suicide. The old Indian shot himself on the old Navajo trail, about thirty-six miles south of the agency, about six weeks ago.

THERE were rumors at Helena, Mont., on the 13th that an eastern bound passenger train went through the Rosebud river bridge, on the Northern Pacific, and that thirty persons were drowned.

Two hundred natives and twenty-five whites were killed in the recent mine disaster at Kimberly, South Africa.

THE mail train east on the Pennsylvania railroad struck and instantly killed Mrs. James Crusan and her nine-year-old daughter Annie near Latrobe, Pa., recently.

THE window glass workers and manufacturers of the East have compromised on last year's scale with the understanding that the two should work together to regulate prices.

DILLON, GRANT & CO., retail dry goods merchants of Louisville, Ky., have assigned with $25,000 liabilities.

THE *Journal de St. Petersburg* denies that the Russian Government is about to issue another loan.

ADDITIONAL DISPATCHES.

THE corner stone of the colored Baptist seminary—the first of the kind in Virginia—was laid recently at Lynchburg before 5,000 persons.

A BRIDGE on the Fort Worth & Denver road, near Clarendon, Tex., was washed out by rain the other night and the engineer and fireman of an express train were killed and several passengers shaken up.

THE Marine Hospital Bureau is informed of the arrival at Ship Island quarantine station, Mississippi, of the Norwegian bark Magnolia, from Rio Janeiro. The captain and four others of the crew died from yellow fever after leaving Rio.

A NEW YORK paper has a long article purporting to be an authentic account of Mr. Gould's illness. It states on the alleged authority of Dr. C. Munn, that Gould was threatened with paralysis, but is now out of danger and improving.

COLONEL JOHN DUNN, president of the Atlanta & Florida railroad and a prominent wholesale grocer of Atlanta, Ga., is dead.

REPRENTATIVE MORRILL, of Kansas, from the Committee on Invalid Pensions, has reported favorably to the House the Senate bill to extend the benefit of the pension laws to ex-Confederates who, having had their disability removed, have since enlisted and become disabled in the United States service.

COMMANDER REA, of the G. A. R., has issued an order against members participating in political matters as Grand Army men.

THE Prison Congress at Boston on the 16th passed a resolution condemning O'Neill's Convict Labor bill.

ABOUT thirty girls went out on a strike at the Carlisle (Pa.) shoe factory the other day. The strike was occasioned by the reinstatement of Foreman Veller, who, the girls say, treated them in an ungentlemanly manner.

THE remains of the late Hon. Roscoe Conkling were removed from the receiving vault and interred in the Seymour lot in Forest Hill cemetery at Utica, N. Y., on the 16th. The casket was not opened.

THREE youths were drowned near Battle Creek, Mich., recently while bathing, one being unable to swim and the others dying while trying to save him.

OF four young printers who started recently to go in a boat from Dallas, Tex., to the sea, down the Trinity river, one has reached civilization. The others are probably dead.

THE Senate on the 16th passed a bill for the erection of a monument to General Clark, of revolutionary fame at Louisville, Ky. The Fisheries treaty was further discussed in open executive session. The House was in committee on the Tariff bill. Wool was kept on the free list by a vote of 120 to 102.

THE Grant locomotive works at Paterson, N. J., have been closed because of inability to compete with similar establishments elsewhere.

NEBRASKA STATE NEWS.

FIFTY-EIGHT Nebraska veterans were granted pensions on the 5th.

ON July 4, 5 and 6 the mercury ranged at 100 in the shade at David City.

THE Governor recently issued a requisition upon the Governor of Illinois for the arrest and return to Nebraska of Theodore Draw charged with the abduction on June 24, at Omaha, of Freddie W. Dainton, a child of eight years. Draw is perfectly blind, and is alleged to have carried the little boy away from his parents who live on the river bottoms just below Omaha. The child's father is a poor man in the employ of the smelting works. Draw was captured in Chicago.

A PETITION was filed in the district court at Omaha the other day by Francis C. Cleveland, Benjamin Folsom, N. R. Folsom and ten other heirs of the late John B. Folsom for partition of their several interests in city lots in Omaha, forming part of the Folsom estate. The property is valued at several hundred thousand dollars. The petition in the course of a very lengthy and elaborate statement of the case explains that "the plaintiff, Frances C. Cleveland, is the same person as Frances C. Folsom, named as one of the devisees in the said will, she having since the date thereof intermarried with one Grover Cleveland."

A MAN and wife became so absorbed in the festivities of the Fourth at Grand Island, and especially the giddy dance, that they put their babe to sleep in one corner of the room to let their "joy be unconfined." After the dance they drove home, twelve miles in the country, entirely forgetful of their offspring. Just as the loving mother got into bed she missed her two-year-old and with a scream made the fact known to her husband who had to hitch up and drive back to town, where he found the little one sleeping as soundly as babes only can sleep when properly tucked away by a careful mother. This story is vouched for.

THE Woman's Relief Corps of Schuyler gave a sociable the other evening which was a very remunerative affair. Thieves walked off with the supply of ice cream, and just as they had finished eating it were discovered. Instead of having the robbers arrested they were told to come down handsomely, which they did. The cream brought more money than if it had been retailed by the dish.

THE Governor has received a letter from Secretary Bayard inviting the State of Nebraska to be represented at the Exposition to be held in Paris, commencing May 5 and closing October 31, 1889, to which by joint resolution Congress accepted an invitation on the part of the United States.

IN the district court at Nebraska City the other day Judge Field decided against the contestant in the famous Hawke will case. The late Robert Hawke cut his only son off with a penny for having married against his wishes, but left him a valuable farm providing he would leave his wife. His son refused to do so, but asked for the farm any way.

AN illustration of the singular antics of Cupid is reported from the little town of Waco. Two years ago the principal of the schools there, a married man, eloped with a pretty young lady pupil. The pair started for Denver. The authorities there were notified. On their arrival at the Colorado capital the elopers were arrested by a young detective, who brought them back to Waco and turned them over to the authorities. The other day he again returned to Waco, and armed with a marriage license, took into custody his fair prisoner of two years ago and returned with her to Denver.

A GRAND ISLAND boy, seventy-three years old, has for several weeks been wrestling with a severe attack of whooping cough.

JACOB MILLER, an old and respected farmer residing near Omaha, committed suicide the other day by shooting. The extreme heat had made him insane.

ONLY 106 in the shade at Omaha on the 13th.

THE other morning County Superintendent Franklin was thrown from his buggy with such violence at York as to fracture his leg near the ankle.

MRS. KRUGG, who was recently arrested in Fillmore County upon the charge of having killed her husband with a hoe in a fight in the cornfield during a quarrel about the price of a pair of rubber boots, was discharged at the preliminary examination, the evidence showing the fact that the deceased came to his death from sunstroke and Mrs. Krugg was entirely exonerated from all blame.

EMMA DUENNERMANN, a three-year-old girl, was run over and killed by a team at Grand Island the other night, her neck being broken. Henry Kay, a farmer, who was driving the horses, was arrested but subsequently released. He had been drinking.

JOHN WIGGEN, a Cedar County farmer, owed a youth named Victor Nielsen a small amount of money, and the latter went to the farm recently to collect it. A dispute arose and the young man threatened to whip Wiggen. Mrs. Wiggen called for the hired man, who caught and threw Nielsen to the ground, and while holding him there she came up with a corn-knife and began hacking at the boy's legs, cutting a severe gash just below one knee and another in the calf of the other leg. Wiggen, his wife and the hired man were arrested. The young man's wounds were considered dangerous.

PENSIONS were issued on the 10th to the following Nebraskans: Original invalid, Joseph W. Berdue, New Auburn. Increase, Thomas Franklin, Gering; William J. Crane, Arlington; Elisha Cookins, Ocento; James C. McClay, Western; Menira C. Scott, Madison; George Miller, Falls City; Levi D. Hughes, Howe; Willis Davis, Geneva.

REPRESENTATIVE DORSEY recently had a long interview with the Commissioner of Indian Affairs to induce him to allow a small body of Indians to leave the Rosebud agency and proceed to Norfolk to take part in the reunion there, which is to come off shortly. There will be about fifty Indians in all, besides the four companies of infantry which the Secretary of War has already authorized.

THE United States land-office at Neligh is said to be at present taking in an average of $3,000 per day interest money on Winnebago Indian lands.

LOCUSTS have invaded Nance County.

REV. D. S. DAVIS, of York, recently sustained severe if not fatal injuries while driving a bull into the city. He was riding a horse, when the bull became unruly and charged upon the horse and rider. The horse was fatally gored and fell with Mr. Davis under him, the gentleman receiving severe internal injuries.

WHILE recently at work in a corn field in Filmore County, Bernard Krugg and his wife got into a quarrel about the cost of a pair of rubber boots, which resulted in a fight, wherein hoes were used as weapons. During the melee the woman struck her husband on the temple with a hoe, killing him instantly. She was jailed.

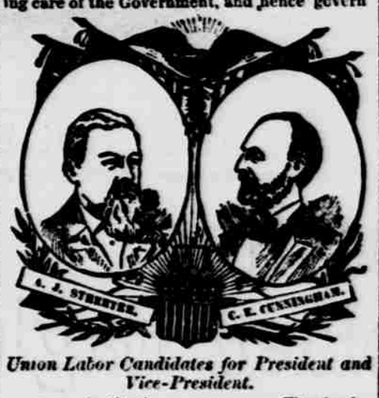
THE Garfield County teachers' institute will be held at Burwell July 30, continuing one week.

STREETER'S ADDRESS.

The Union Labor Candidate Out With His Letter of Acceptance.

NEW WINDSOR, Ill., July 16.—A. J. Streeter, the Union Labor candidate for the Presidency, has published his letter of acceptance. It is lengthy and is taken up with labor politics, the silver question, etc. It denounces monopolies and thinks the tariff a minor issue compared with the industrial question. Mr. Streeter says:

The prosperity of a nation is measured by the prosperity of its industrial people. If they are prosperous, then the nation is prosperous indeed; but if its productive people are struggling with poverty, taxes and debt, then the nation is poor, though its treasury, like ours, be overflowing with idle money. Such is the condition of our nation to-day. They tell us the country is growing rich, but the farmers and other working people are growing poor. Did our fathers ordain and establish this Government to be a machine to enrich the few at the expense of the many? I think not. But, on the contrary, the true intent of law and of government should be to protect the weaker members in society from the encroachments of the stronger. The stronger are better able to care for themselves, but the weaker need the fostering care of the Government, and hence govern



Union Labor Candidates for President and Vice-President.

ments are institutions among men. This fundamental principle has been subverted, and in lieu of it we have a government of the capital class, now merged into a moneyed aristocracy. * * *

There is something wrong and we all know it. We have tried a change of administration from one old party to another, but it gave the people no relief. We are even worse off now than when the change was made. Still interest, taxes, high rates for transportation and other combinations take nearly all we annually produce and leave but little on which to live and less to pay debts. A government that does not bid its industrial and working people to pay their debts is not a government of the people and is unworthy of their support. A government that has by its policy tolerated monopolies, greedy combinations and trusts and has not protected the people against their spoliations, is unworthy the support of its working people. Unfortunately, these unholy monopolies, combinations and trusts have increased in numbers and power and strength from one administration to another, until they think they have the power to control the Government and the people; until they have forced upon the country another irrepressible conflict—a conflict involving the prosperity and happiness of 60,000,000 people. It is an irrepressible conflict that will determine whether capital shall rule this country or the people who inhabit it. The other irrepressible conflict involved the liberty of 4,000,000 people, but this one involves the right and liberty of 60,000,000 people to the enjoyment of the fruits of their labor. To settle the slavery conflict it cost the Government a deal of money, of life and of sorrow, and it is to be hoped that this conflict may be settled peaceably at the ballot box and by the restoration of the government of the people to whom it belongs. But settled it will be, and let us hope without seas of fire and rivers of blood.

Hence, it is the part of wise statesmanship to look this growing conflict square in the face, and to make such changes in the law and the administration of the same as will restore confidence and prosperty to the people. Such is the object and intent of the Union Labor party. If either old party had given relief, then there would be no necessity for the Union Labor party. But both have been tried and both have failed. We see people leaving their old parties every day going to some new organization, and these changes are a vigorous protest against the wrong doing of the old parties. Some are still saying: "Let us reform within our old party," but that is a hopeless task. For history has no record of a political party that ever reformed within itself. It takes a new organization to do that, and that is what we are doing.

FALL OF THE BASTILE.

The Ninety-ninth Anniversary Celebrated Throughout France.

PARIS, July 14.—The taking of the Bastile was celebrated throughout France today. In this city patriotic societies, accompanied by bands and carrying banners, marched to the Strasburg statue and deposited wreaths upon it. The Patriotic League, headed by MM. Deroulede, Laguerre, Lasaint and Susini, was received with mingled cries of "Vive Boulanger," "Vive la France," and "Vive la Republique." The societies visited the monument of Gambetta and the statue of Joan of Arc, which they also decorated with flowers. M. Deroulede in depositing a wreath upon Gambetta's monument said: "We started from the statue of the Republic, we visited the statue of Strasburg, and we now confront the monument to the great patriot. Our pilgrimage has been more expressive than speeches. We know whither we are going—for the Republic; for Alsace-Lorraine. Vive Boulanger." Two men were arrested for carrying posters which contained General Boulanger's portrait and bore the inscription: "Let all patriots assemble to-night in the Place de la Concorde."

The Sugar Trust.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 15.—When Claus Spreckles announced that he would fight the great sugar trust single handed every one prophesied that he would come to grief in spite of his millions. Now the first victory for Spreckles in the fight must be recorded. When the trust was formed a few months ago the officers began not only to corner refined sugars, but to include in the squeeze the raw product. They of course pinched the producer as well as the consumer. The result of this was that they boomed the raw article, but caused hand-to-mouth buying of the refined product. Claus Spreckles saw through this little game, and quietly capitalizing his resources bought all the raw sugar he could secure. Now the refiners find that they have largely oversold refined sugars; that the raw product is beyond their reach and they are obliged to send to Europe for raw material.

Burglar Convicted.

BOONVILLE, Mo., July 15.—In the circuit court here yesterday three important cases of burglary and grand larceny against John Wray, Louis Kohlman and William Scott were decided. The jury in the case of Wray, after being out eighteen hours, brought in a verict of guilty, and his punishment was fixed at two years in the penitentiary. Kohlman and Scott were acquitted. Wray is one of the leaders of an organized band of thieves who have been operating in Boonville and vicinity for several years. He was arrested at Clinton, Mo., last fall for stealing, but after a long trial was acquitted. It is expected that his conviction will go far toward breaking up the gangs.

HARRISON AND R. R. MEN.

The General Addresses a Deputation of Nine Hundred.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 15.—There was comparative quiet about the Harrison residence yesterday, which continued until nine o'clock at night, when a large delegation of railroad men, led by A. D. Shaw, yardmaster of the Bee Line, made a call. The delegation numbered nearly 900. They were headed by a band of music, and a feature of the procession was a wagon profusely decorated and bearing several locomotive headlights. Mr. Shaw addressed General Harrison in a brief speech, and in response the latter said:

Gentlemen: Your visit is very gratifying to me and is full of significance and interest. If I read aright the language of your lanterns, you have signalled the Republican train to go ahead. [Applause and cries of "And she is going, too."] You have concluded that it is freighted with the interests and hopes of the workingmen of America, and must have the right of way. [Cheers, and cries of "That's true!" and "We don't have to take water on this trip."] The train has been inspected, you have given it your skilled and intelligent approval, the track has been cleared and the switches spiked down. Have I read your signals aright? [Cheers and cries of "You have," and "There's no flat wheels under this train."] You represent, I understand, every department of railroad labor—the office, the train, the shop, the yard and the road. You are the responsible and intelligent agents of a vast system that, from a rude and clumsy beginning, has grown to be as fine and well adapted as the parts of the latest locomotive engine. The necessities and responsibilities of the business of transportation have demanded a body of picked men—inventive and skillful, faithful and courageous, sober and educated—and the call has been answered, as your presence here to-night demonstrates. [Cheers.] Heroism has been found at the throttle and the brake, as well as on the battle field, and as well worthy of song and marble. The train man crushed between the platforms, who used his last breath, not for a message of love, but to say to the panic-stricken who gathered around him, "Put out the red light for the next train," inscribed his name very high upon the shaft where the names of the faithful and brave are written. [A voice, "Give him three cheers for that." Great and enthusiastic cheering.]

A FATAL MISTAKE.

A Farmer Kills His Brother, Whom He Mistakes for an Enemy.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., July 16.—News of a shocking tragedy in the Choctaw Nation reached here to-day. A few weeks ago John Ray, a white man who has for a long time been farming in the Nation, married a young girl near Topeka, Kan., and returning to the Nation with his bride gave a housewarming. Ray lives just below the line, and among the guests were a number of parties from Arkansas. One of these, a man named Graham, became incensed at Ray because he refused to permit his wife to dance with him (Graham) and fired at Ray as he stood among other guests. Ray's friends chased Graham away, he barely escaping with his life. He threatened to kill Ray on sight and Ray was advised to be on his guard. Saturday at midnight Ray was awakened by a noise in his bedroom and, raising himself in his bed, he saw a man whom he took to be Graham standing motionless near the doorway. Snatching his revolver, he fired at the intruder, who, with an inarticulate cry, fell on the floor. The household was aroused by the noise and an investigation showed that Ray had fatally shot his brother, Jeff Ray, who was engaged in farming with him. The brother was a somnambulist and had wandered into the room unconscious of his action.

HEAVY BANK ROBBERY.

A Cowboy's Daring Raid Upon a Colorado Bank.

LA JUNTA, Col., July 16.—Saturday afternoon a man dressed in ordinary cowboy attire entered the bank of La Junta, covered the cashier, Rufus Phillips, with his six shooter and ordered him to put the bank's money into a bag which he had brought in for that purpose. With death staring him in the face the cashier obeyed orders without a murmur. When all the cash had been turned over the robber ordered the cashier to open the back door and go out in the rear of the building. The robber had his horse tied conveniently and mounted and rode off, keeping the cashier covered with his gun all the time. A number of parties saw the robber while he was mounting his horse but so quick was he in doing the job that no one realized the situation until he had gone. He rode a very fleet horse and was clear out of sight before anybody thought of giving pursuit. A posse of citizens, headed by Deputy Sheriff Polk, are after the thief and they will not come back until they get him. No one knows the exact amount the robber secured but it is variously estimated at from $16,000 to $28,000.

BURNED.

Whitelaw Reed's Magnificent Residence Burned—Heavy Loss.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., July 16.—Fire broke out in the old Ben Holliday stone mansion, on the Ophyr farm, about three miles from this place, now owned by Whitelaw Reid, of the *Tribune*. The building was one of the famous landmarks in Westchester County, having been standing for over 200 years. Last year Mr. Reid purchased the place from the estate of John Roche, and commenced the refitting of the interior upon a magnificent scale. The dining room, 50x23 feet, was finished in hard wood with heavy carving over the doors of clusters of fruits and various kinds of game. The frescoing of the fourteen rooms on the first floor were magnificent. There were in all fifty-four large rooms in the castle, which were all finished. The origin of the fire is not definitely known, but it is a defective flue or the presence of the electric light wires. The loss on the building will reach nearly $500,000. Insured for about two-thirds of that amount. The question of rebuilding the castle will be determined in the future, after the condition of the walls, which are still standing, have been examined.

Fatally Wounded.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., July 16.—A serious shooting affray occurred here last night, in which William Dunn, a married man employed at Kingan's pork house, was probably fatally wounded. Four men were engaged in conversation, when Dunn approached the group and made a remark about General Harrison. One of the men, Frank Ernshaw, remarked that Sunday was no time to talk politics, whereupon Dunn responded that he could whip Ernshaw or any man in the crowd. Robert Hardpense took exception to this remark, when Dunn struck at him, but missed, and upon a second attempt Hardpense drew a revolver and fired, the ball entering just above Dunn's right eye.