

SENSATIONAL ARREST.

The President of the Metropolitan National Bank of Cincinnati.

Charged with Violating the Banking Law—Richard E. Fox Arrested For Aiding Fries—Fights.

A Man Agrees to Suicide For the Benefit of Persons Whom He Had Debauched.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 7, 3 p. m.—William Means, president of the Metropolitan National Bank, has just been arrested for violation of the National Banking law.

With the fidelity cases fresh in mind and with the proof they gave of the relentless power of the Government where there has been a plain transgression of the law, this arrest causes a decided sensation.

There is a fairly well authenticated statement that the examination of the bank's books and papers show a gross violation of the Banking law in loans to officers and others connected with the bank very largely in excess of the limit allowed by the law to any one.

AN INSURANCE CONSPIRACY. NEW YORK, Feb. 7.—The trial of the suit of Frederick R. Smith against the National Benefit Society for \$20,000, the amount of a policy on the life of John Tyler, who was alleged to have committed suicide under the name of A. A. Allen, at the Mahaback Hotel, on November 12, 1894, was begun yesterday in the Supreme Court at Brooklyn, before Justice Callan and a jury.

The National Benefit Society and other cooperative companies refused to recognize the validity of the policies, alleging fraud and conspiracy. The present suit will be considered a test case.

DETECTIVES for a year in tracing the history of Tyler, and it is alleged that proof will be introduced that he entered into a conspiracy with certain persons whom he had defrauded to have his life heavily insured for their benefit, and then, failing of any other means to make good their claim, to commit suicide.

SENATOR STANFORD.

Explains His Vote For Lamar—Postmaster—Civil Service—Sugar.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—Senator Stanford, of California, has written the following letter to a constituent, who asked his reasons for voting for the confirmation of Mr. Lamar as a Justice of the United States Supreme Court.

KNIGHTS IN SENATE. PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 7.—The first regular session of the executive board of the Knights of Labor held this year was begun here today and will probably continue for at least ten days.

BOZEMAN, Feb. 7.—John S. Crowley, a prominent lawyer and trustee of six colleges, went to Europe unexpectedly in November. He is now reported to be a debtor to the extent of \$75,000.

It is stated that the French and Dutch agencies have agreed to negotiate a Russian loan of \$20,000,000.

EXECUTIVE SECRETRY.

Riddleberger Attempts to Address the Senate on the British Treaty.

He is Called to Order But Manages to Let Out Some Indications of the Treaty.

Centennial Constitutional Resolution Passed—Lowry-White Case Decided by the House.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 7.—In the Senate yesterday Mr. Riddleberger, from the special committee on the celebration of the Centennial of the Constitution, reported a joint resolution providing that, in addition to each other celebration as may be hereafter provided for, that the two houses of Congress shall meet in the hall of the House of Representatives, that the Chief Justice of the United States shall deliver an oration, and that the President of the United States, the Justices of the Supreme Court, the members of the Cabinet, the executives of the various States and Territories, and such other persons as may hereafter be determined upon, shall be invited to attend.

Mr. Riddleberger then endeavored to speak on the British extradition treaty and asked the chairman of that committee (Sherman), who had on every occasion endeavored to bring up the extradition treaty in executive session, whether he could not rise and tell the people what he had in a certain amendment to the treaty.

Mr. Riddleberger was about to reply and had begun by saying "it would come with better grace," when he was cut short by the Presiding Officer (Senator Ingalls), who said: "The Senate is now in executive session, and the Chair calls upon you to decide. The Senate in its legislative capacity, and the Senate in its executive capacity, are the same body, but their functions are essentially separate and distinct.

Riddleberger rose to reply. The Presiding Officer—The Senator will suspend one moment. The enforcement of the rules is entrusted to the Chair, and the Chair will endeavor (if supported by the Senate) to see that order is not violated, and that the rules are strictly obeyed. The Senator from Virginia will proceed in order.

Riddleberger said he would do so if he could, but he did not think anything he had done in the Senate justified the observations of the Chair. Still, in order to be in order, he would accept the ruling. He had not asked the Senator from Ohio to answer the question propounded to him with any hope that he would do so. He (Riddleberger) had been discussing the joint resolution reported by the Senator from Massachusetts, and had been trying to keep himself in order in considering it, as he understood it to be an international question.

The Presiding Officer—The Senator from Virginia will not be permitted to proceed with any reference to matters pending in executive session. The Senator will proceed in order.

Riddleberger said he was accustomed to believe he supposed it was still understood that he had a right to proceed in order—about the only right he had. This matter on which the Presiding Officer undertook to rule him down (as being in executive session), was not in executive session. And it would not go into executive session so long as there was a man on the floor to object to it. It was before the Committee on Foreign Relations, and was in the office of the executive clerk of the Senate. It had not yet come before the Senate in executive session, except so far as the Senator from Ohio had been pleased to discuss it himself. He appealed to the Senate whether he was not correct on that point. He had not been sent to the Senate to legislate in executive session, but in an open session, and he was now asking to be heard in an open session on that which more vitally concerned the people whom he represented than all that had passed from the Committee on Foreign Relations during the session, and he was rebuffed every time that he referred to it. He could stand the rebuff; and he intended to retort every time that the extradition treaty was one which the Senate would not dare to ratify in an open session.

The Presiding Officer directed Mr. Riddleberger to suspend his remarks, and promptly putting the question on an amendment offered by Senator Hale, to strike out of the joint resolution the introductory phrase. The amendment was agreed to, and the joint resolution passed.

Mr. Horner, from the Judiciary Committee, reported on the bill to provide for its inclusion under National authority, which was placed on the calendar. A minority report to be submitted hereafter.

Mr. Sawyer called up and the Senate passed the bill to amend the Postal laws, so that newspapers now sent free of postage to persons residing within the county of publication may be sent to persons living in other counties when they receive them at post-offices within the county of publication.

Mr. Vest reported from the Judiciary Committee and asked immediate consideration for the Senate bill for the relief of Henry H. Marmaduke, of Missouri, from all disabilities imposed upon him by the third section of the Fourteenth amendment to the Constitution. Passed.

Upon motion of Senator Saulsbury the Senate joint resolution relating to international coinage was taken up, and after remarks by Senator Saulsbury, was temporarily laid on the table.

Mr. Riddleberger said he had in his hand a copy of the treaty between Prussia and Russia, which, if the Chairman would allow him to put upon the record, would, he thought, come in very well at the time. He wanted it to be understood that the pencil marks upon the copy were not a part of the treaty. He therefore sent the document to the clerk's desk.

The Chair remarked that he did not understand what disposition the Senator from Virginia wished to have made of the document, to which Mr. Riddleberger replied that it was immaterial what disposition was made of it. He only wished to get it before the country. It was, therefore, placed upon the table.

Taken in connection with Mr. Riddleberger's previous remarks, it is assumed that the paper is similar in its provisions to the British treaty, which Riddleberger is anxious to have discussed in public. It is a treaty signed in St. Petersburg, January 12, 1888, for the extradition of malefactors. The crimes enumerated are murder, assault with intent to murder, voluntary deprivation of individual liberty, outrage, assassination, or attempt at such crime, preparation or possession of dynamite or other explosive material. The following, which is article 3 of the document, bears significant pencil marks:

The fact that the crime or misdemeanor, on account of which extradition is demanded, has been committed for a political purpose shall in no case serve as a reason for refusing the extradition.

The document bears the following note in pencil at the end:

A similar treaty has since been negotiated between Russia and Austria. The treaty between Russia and Great Britain was signed February 4, 1887.

The Educational bill having been laid before the Senate, was temporarily laid aside at the request of Mr. Platt, who addressed the Senate upon the President's message.

After executive session the Senate adjourned.

In the House yesterday many new bills were introduced, among them being one for a public bureau at Washington. At the conclusion of the call of States, Speaker Carlisle entered the chamber and assumed the gavel amid loud applause on both sides of the House.

A resolution thanking Mr. Cox for the able and impartial manner in which he had performed the duties of Speaker pro tem, was unanimously adopted and Mr. Cox acknowledged the compliment in an appropriate speech.

The House then resumed the consideration of the Lowry-White resolution. After a full discussion Mr. Crisp, chairman of the Elections Committee, moved the previous question upon the resolution submitted by the majority of the committee.

Mr. Rowell, of Illinois, moved as a substitute the resolution presented by the minority, declaring the sitting member, White, entitled to the seat. The substitute was agreed to. Yeas, 157; nays, 105.

The resolution, as amended by the substitute, was then agreed to, thus confirming White's title to the seat.

The House then adjourned.

FAST AND FURIOUS. The Steaming in Freight Rates Keeps On With New Boston Journal.

CHICAGO, Feb. 7.—The cutting was yesterday again fast and furious in Western freight rates. Lumber at the very onset was reduced from Chicago to Kansas City from 13 1/2 to 10 cents 100 pounds, and to Council Bluffs and Omaha from 16 cents to 11 cents, all the lines meeting the new rates. The Missouri Pacific, then reduced live stock rates per carload from Kansas City to St. Louis from \$2.50 to \$3.00, and the Chicago lines followed with a similar reduction to Chicago of from \$60 to \$47.50. The Chicago & Alton put in a 10 cent grain rate to Chicago from Kansas City, and five cents to St. Louis. The Burlington & Northern made the reduction from St. Paul to Chicago the same as the Milwaukee & St. Paul's reductions from Chicago to St. Paul—a cut of 25 per cent. The Omaha & Council Bluffs lines pulled down the rate on hog products to Chicago from 15 to 13 cents, a total decrease of 12 cents since Tuesday last.

MISSOURI. NEWARK, Feb. 7.—Miss Etta Shattuck, the school teacher who was exposed for seventy-eight hours during the recent blizzard and who lost both lower limbs as a result, died here yesterday morning. Her back was so badly frozen that the flesh dropped off. She suffered intensely before her death. Her share of the Omaha Relief fund amounted to near \$1,000. The money will probably be given to her parents.

NEWS NOTES.

It is reported that the King of Abyssinia is making overtures to Italy for peace. A great six-days 50-50-50-50-50-50 race started at Madison square garden, New York, on the night of the 5th.

Mr. Cox, M. F., has been removed from his cell in the Limerick jail and sent to the infirmary. He is said to have lost his appetite.

The O'Brien reception committee has been obliged to abandon the proposed meeting in London, being unable to obtain a suitable hall.

The Vienna newspapers agree that the publication of the Austro-German treaty is the final admission to Russia from these Governments.

The Sultan has promised Baron Hirsch that the negotiations for Turkish railways shall be satisfactorily concluded in spite of the Grand Vizier.

The constables who arrested the wholesale liquor dealer, at Des Moines, Iowa, and then released them, have been indicted for receiving bribes.

Three persons were killed recently at Steamboat Station, N. Y., by a train being thrown from the track by a broken frog. Several other persons were injured.

The yard men of the Illinois Central railroad at Centralia went out on a strike recently but were persuaded to return to work, pending an adjustment of the difficulties.

At Oakland City, Ind., a fire occurred the other morning which burned the business houses of Thomas Dryden, George Bobenert, C. F. Ricker and Kuch Bros., causing a loss of \$38,000.

A terrific explosion of gas occurred the other night at stop No. 1, at Natocoka, Pa. Four men were badly burned, namely David Evans, John Evans, John Griffith, Joe Diber and Anthony Minkay.

Israel Lucas, the absconding treasurer of Auglaise County, Ohio, and his wife were arrested recently in Toronto, Ont. When he left the United States, August 27 last, he had \$22,000 in his possession.

The Pope's jubilee was celebrated at the American colony in Rome on the 5th with a solemn high mass of thanksgiving and the singing of the "Te Deum." The Archbishop of Philadelphia officiated.

James Redpath was reported better in New York. He wrote a friend that though the doctors said he was going to die, he was going to push through, as he intended to live to see the Henry George doctrine accepted.

The Montgomery & Florida narrow gauge railroad running southward forty miles from Montgomery, Ala., has been put into the hands of a receiver on petition of the contractors, who had a claim of \$12,500 against the company.

The National Zeitung, of Berlin, has telegrams from St. Petersburg and Vienna stating, under reserve, that Count Schouvaloff, the Russian Ambassador to Germany, who is now returning to Berlin, will bring conciliatory proposals from the Czar.

Come and see us, we are prepared to do you good. Come to us with your prescriptions and receipts. Come to us for your drugs, paints, books. Come to us for your lamp and lanterns Deyo & Dor.

New designs in hanging lamps at Deyo & Dor.

Canon City coal for everybody at the Chicago Lumber Yard for \$8 per ton.

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The old reliable Smith Bros. Loan and Trust Co., are making farm loans at the lowest attainable rates. We require no appraisers on our applications. Loans completed quickly and safely. Call on our agent, G. W. Barke.

It is so.

That we are daily guaranteeing Kemp's Sasaparilla to the people. After taking three-fourths of a bottle without relief, we will refund the money. It is the greatest and best remedy on the market for cleansing the blood and giving you a new lease of life. A well known business man informs us he has gained 8 pounds on two bottles of this Sasaparilla. Price 1.00. For sale by Deyo & Dor.

Farm to Rent.

A farm with 125 acres under plow frame house, granary and stable, wind mill, etc. Enquire at elevator.

Cheap Farm Loans.

I can make you the cheapest Farm Loan that you can get in the west. No delay. Money ready as soon as title is perfect and security given. You can pay part on principal at end of any year and stop interest if you wish. Before making a loan compare my rates with others and you will be convinced that this statement is correct. All kinds of well secured notes bought. C. F. CATHER, Office over Post Office. Red Cloud.

Leave your order with us for any books you wish. If not in stock we obtain it for you. DEY & DOR.

We live in our store and can furnish coffins or caskets day or night at Winton's Furniture store.

Go to Winton's for Caskets and Coffins.

Lost.

A gold locket with a little piece of chain attached. Finder will please return it at this office.

Furniture of all kinds cheaper than ever at F. V. Taylor's.

Don't suffer with chapped hands & rough skin when you can so easily cure with a bottle of Cotting's Dermoline.

Blank books and stationery at Cotting's.

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GEO. O. AND R. D. YEISER, PROPRIETORS OF THE Webster County Abstract Office. RED CLOUD, NEB. Complete and only set of abstract books in Webster county. Grazing and arming lands and city property for sale.

LEGAL NOTICE. To Nancy J. Ross, non resident defendant. You are hereby notified that on the 1st day of February 1888, Charles Ross filed a petition against you in the district court of Webster county Nebraska, the object and prayer of which is to obtain a divorce from you on the grounds that you have willfully abandoned the said Ross without good cause for over the term of two years last past.

FOR MAN AND BEAST! Mexican Mustang Liniment. CURES: Sprains, Stitches, Burns, Scalds, Stings, Blisters, Bruises, Corns, etc.

A CAR LOAD! Baker Barb Wire, the Best in the land at LOW FIGURES. A. MORHART.

LEGAL NOTICE. In the matter of the application of John J. Shelton administrator of the estate of John Shelton deceased, to sell real estate. Now on this 21st day of December, 1887, this case coming on to be heard at the court house in Red Cloud, Webster county, Nebraska, upon the petition and evidence adduced and appearing to me that John Shelton died intestate seized of the south east 1/4 section 22 town 25 north range 2 west in said Webster county, and having the following heirs to wit: John J. James, George E. Henry, T. and Charles E. Shelton, his sons and Elizabeth Whitten and Anna Bell Leads, his daughters and also Richard E. Blackburn, William F. Blackburn, Emma E. Blackburn and Elias H. Blackburn being the children of his daughter Sarah Ann who was deceased at the time of the death of her father John Shelton deceased. That the sons and daughters of said deceased are each and all over the age of twenty-one years but that each and all of the said children of Sarah Ann Blackburn are still minors, that John J. Shelton was duly and legally appointed the administrator of said estate by the county judge of said county that a large part of the personal estate belonging to the estate aforesaid has been sold and the proceeds therefrom are each and all in the hands of the administrator is insufficient and inadequate to pay the debts outstanding against said estate and that the personal estate of the said John J. Shelton is insufficient to pay the debts of said estate and that the said administrator is insolvent and that the said debts are each and all due and owing to me at the date of the death of the said John J. Shelton. Therefore I have caused a copy of this order to be published for four successive weeks in the Red Cloud, Neb. Herald and also that a copy thereof be served on each party interested herein. It is further ordered that a copy of this order be published for four successive weeks in the Red Cloud, Neb. Herald and also that a copy thereof be served on each party interested herein. It is further ordered that a copy of this order be published for four successive weeks in the Red Cloud, Neb. Herald and also that a copy thereof be served on each party interested herein.