THE RED CLOUD CHIEF.

A. C. HOSMER, Publisher.

RED CLOUD. - - - NEBRASKA

CURRENT COMMENT.

THE first edition of Mr. Gladstone's Home Rule bill, which was printed for the use of members of Parliament, was entirely exhausted the first day. The demand for copies of the bill was so great that it was probable that as many as four editions would be required to meet it.

EUROPEAN newspapers are again devoting a great deal of space to recording the oddities of King Ludwig, of Bavaria. It is stated that when the Emperor of Austria was recently in Munich, the capital of Bavaria, King Ludwig took no notice of him, and the Princes Ludwig and Leopold, the King's nephews, were compelled to assume all the responsibility of entertaining the imperial visitor.

THE other morning two hundred Italians assembled at the Canadian Pacific depot at Winnipeg, Man., to go west to work on the road at $1.25 per day. Another body of men, who thought the wages were not large enough, interfered and prevented them from leaving. The strikers took possession of the cars and refused admission to the others. Clubs and stones were freely used and several men were injured seriously.

AN electric light wire in Superior street, Cleveland, O., broke the other evening and the two ends fell upon the sidewalk. Joseph Glaser, a salesman, ran against the wire and was flung into the street, where he lay senseless. He was taken to a pharmacy and thence to his home. It was believed that his injuries would result fatally. Two other men came into contact with the wire and were also thrown down, but escaped serious injury.

THE writ recently served at the instance of the Attorney General of Texas upon Colonel Charles Goodnight, a cattle king, whose ranges occupy about seven hundred and fifty thousand acres of grazing lands in the Panhandle section of the State, is intended to restrain him from building any more fences on or around school lands. The writ is also mandatory against his keeping fences standing any longer which he has already built upon school lands not leased or purchased by him. Similar important proceedings will doubtless follow against all the free grazers in Texas.

PRINCE BISMARCK, in the upper house of the Prussian Landtag speaking recently on the Government bill expropriating the land of the Poles in Posen, declared that the colonization of German Poland by Germans was a defensive act undertaken by Prussia to avert the destruction of Germanism, and to prevent the inhabitants of large communes of German ancestry from becoming wholly Polanized, and as the history of the past thirty years showed they were tending to become. "The Government," said the Chancellor, "must withstand the cancer-like spread of Polanism, and while it has no desire to extirpate the Poles, of themselves, still it does not wish to be extirpated itself by the Poles."

A PECULIAR incident happened in connection with the pardon of John Thornton by Governor Oglesby, of Illinois, recently. Thornton is a farmer of considerable property, the farm being located near Peoria. He was sent to the penitentiary for attempting to kill a neighbor during a quarrel over a line of fence. The day before his pardon Thornton's wife fell from her farm wagon and broke her neck. A neighbor at once telegraphed the husband in his cell at Joliet and asked Thornton to give an order so that a team could be sold that money might be raised to bury his wife with. Thornton refused to give an order to raise the money. Had the Governor known these facts it is doubtful if he would have pardoned the old man.

SUITS were begun recently at Raleigh, N. C., against the Governor and Auditor of North Carolina, with the object of forcing the levying and collection of the special taxes imposed in several acts of the North Carolina Assembly of 1868-9, at which time the special tax bonds of North Carolina were issued. These bonds aggregate eleven million dollars, and the special taxes imposed were sufficient to meet the annual interest. Subsequent legislation forbade the State officers to collect these special taxes, and an amendment to the Constitution forbids the Legislature to pay any thing, either on the interest or principal, without submitting the matter to the people. Before this suits have been brought in the Federal Courts, without avail, to enforce the rights of the creditors.

THE delegation of Mormon women in Washington are managing their campaign very shrewdly. They go from house to house. They pick out from the list of Senators and Representatives those most likely to be affected by their appeals, and it is really thought they are making considerable sentiment in their favor. They tell in detail their grievous experiences with the Edmunds law, and say that all they ask is the appointment of an intelligent commission to go to Utah and investigate the practical enforcement of the act. One quite effective argument used is that the obnoxious rulings under the law have been made by the Utah Judge appointed from Michigan, whose name was withdrawn from the Senate some weeks ago. The test of his interpretation of the law comes up in the Supreme Court soon, and the Mormon women think it is sure to be reversed.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

Gleaned by Telegraph and Mail.

CONGRESSIONAL.

IN the Senate on the 13th Mr. Platt offered an amendment to the rules, providing for open executive sessions, and addressed the Senate in support of the proposition. The House bill passed authorizing the Secretary of War to deliver to the owners certain classes of property captured in the late war, consisting of family heirlooms, silverware, watches, etc. Mr. Frye's resolution relating to American fisheries was, after debate, adopted. The Inter-State Commerce bill was then placed before the Senate. Adjourned.

In the House the Hurd-Romeis contest was discussed until adjournment.

THE resignation of Senator Jackson, of Tennessee, was laid before the Senate on the 14th. A memorial from the late wool growers' convention at St. Louis was also presented, protesting against putting wool on the free list. At two o'clock the Inter-State Commerce bill was taken up and debated until executive session. Adjourned. In the House the Hurd-Romeis contested case was taken up as unfinished business and the motion to adopt them in lieu of report of the committee declaring Romeis not entitled to the seat was defeated by a vote of 103 yeas to 105 nays, a Democratic vote coming in the negative. The majority resolution confirming Romeis' right to his seat was then agreed to without division. The Agricultural Appropriation bill was then passed, and the House adjourned.

WHEN the Senate met on the 15th Mr. Logan in a lengthy speech supported the resolution for open executive sessions. The Pension bill was then taken up, but set aside for the Inter-State Commerce bill. This in turn gave way to an executive session, at the conclusion of which the Senate adjourned. In the House the Senate bill accepting from Mrs. Grant certain objects of art presented to General Grant was favorably reported. Many other bills were reported from committees. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the Indian Appropriation bill. Before completing the bill the House adjourned.

At the expiration of the morning hour on the 16th the Senate resumed consideration of the Inter-state Commerce bill, and Senator Camden addressed the Senate in favor of the bill. The Senate then adjourned until Monday. In the House, on motion of Mr. Hiscock, the Senate bill passed for the establishment of two additional land districts in Nebraska. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the private calendar, after which it took a recess until evening. At the evening session forty-five pension bills passed.

THE Senate was not in session on the 17th. In the House many bills of a private nature were considered in Committee of the Whole, and when the committee rose several local appropriation bills passed. Without transacting any business of more than local importance the House adjourned.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

THE election returns in Peru indicate that Caceres is elected to the Presidency. Lima and Callao voted unanimously in his favor.

MINISTER McLANE presided at a banquet in Paris on the 14th in honor of M. Pasteur. M. De Lesseps made a speech glorifying the Panama canal.

DR. J. H. ARNETT, superintendent of the American Express Company, died at Niagara Falls, Ont., recently, from the effects of a stroke of apoplexy. He was seventy years of age.

THE upper house of the German Diet has adopted the bill for Germanizing Poland.

THE Austrian Reichsrath, by a large majority, has rejected a motion to shelve the Landstrum bill.

IN the New York State Senate a bill has been introduced to amend the charter of the Consolidated Gas Company of New York and to wind up its affairs. This company has a monopoly of the gas business in New York, being made up of a union of several companies.

THE King of the Sandwich Islands has issued an order that no Chinese should hereafter be permitted to enter the kingdom without a return certificate.

MR. GLADSTONE introduced his Irish land purchase scheme into the Commons on the 16th. The scheme involved a loan of £50,000,000.

THE sons of the late William H. Vanderbilt have given $500,000 to the New York College of Physicians and Surgeons to build and endow a building to be used exclusively for clinics. The building will cost $150,000. It will be known as the Vanderbilt clinic in honor of their father.

THE rumor that President Cleveland is to marry Miss Folsom this summer has been confirmed by the President's brother.

COLONEL THOMAS H. RUGER, Eighteenth Infantry, whose nomination as Brigadier General was pending before the Senate, has been placed in command of the Department of the Missouri, relieving Brigadier General Miles.

THE President has appointed Mrs. Virginia C. Thompson postmistress at Louisville, Ky.

THE Greek Chamber of Deputies has voted all the bills for military preparations.

THE Bishop of Madrid was shot and fatally wounded by a priest whom he had dismissed from his charge, on the 18th. The priest afterward attempted suicide, but was prevented and arrested.

SECRETARY MANNING on the 18th was able to sit up and had recovered the free use of his limbs.

EX-PRESIDENT ARTHUR was reported somewhat improved in health at New York on the 18th.

THE German Government refuses to recognize the German explorer Rochard, who claims to have acquired territory around Lake Tanganyika equal to half the area of Germany.

MISCELLANEOUS.

THE jury holding an inquest on the body of J. D. Thompson, killed on the bridge at St. Louis, during the recent riots, returned a verdict of homicide against the deputy sheriffs.

IT was thought that over fifty lives were lost and more than two hundred persons seriously injured by the tornado which destroyed Sauk Rapids and St. Cloud, Minn., on the evening of the 14th.

SIX persons were killed and several were seriously injured by a tornado on the evening of the 15th, which went through the country near Skidmore, Nodaway County, Mo. At Lenox, forty-five miles north of Maryville, many persons were injured by the storm.

ALL of the strikers who resumed work in the shops at Palestine, Tex., have been expelled from the Knights of Labor order.

THE French garrison at Bakel, Senegal, made a successful sortie lately, killing 400 rebels and losing only seven privates.

THE First National Bank of Angelica, N. Y., closed its doors on the 16th. J. E. Robinson, the cashier, was a defaulter to the amount of $30,000. He fled to Canada.

H. M. HOXIE, vice president of the Missouri Pacific Company, refused to accede to the request of St. Louis citizens to arbitrate the differences with the Knights of Labor.

THE mills of the Waycross Lumber Company at Waltertown, Ga., burned the other day. The loss was estimated at $150,000; insurance, $35,000. Four hundred persons were thrown out of employment.

THE business failures for the seven days ended the 14th numbered: For the United States, 195; for Canada, 27; total, 182. The failures were 215 the previous week.

THE pig-iron manufacturers of Great Britain have agreed to restrict the output in order to maintain prices.

THE pupils in all the public school buildings at Columbus, O., struck recently for less time in the school room, and the police were called upon to enforce the orders of the teachers. Thirteen boys were suspended and the strike was reported over.

THE yardmen employed in the Baltimore & Ohio yards at the stock yards, Chicago, went out on the 16th. Four hundred men were on strike.

ALL the drivers and conductors on the Third avenue street car lines at New York "tied up" their cars on the 16th. The men demanded higher wages and shorter hours. The company refused their demands.

THE cholera was reported raging at Brindisi, Italy. Sixty-eight cases and ten deaths occurred in one day.

OWING to a split in the ranks of the colored leaders of Washington, two processions were out on the 16th celebrating emancipation day. The President refused to review either, as he did not wish to take part in the personal quarrel.

MRS. HOGUE and a lady friend while standing in their doorway watching a storm at Newcastle, Pa., recently were struck by lightning. Mrs. Hogue was instantly killed.

THE jury acquitted Mrs. Bartlett, accused in London of murdering her husband with chloroform, while enamored of a Methodist minister. The charge was one of the most peculiar in criminal annals, her husband having arranged with her that she should marry the minister after his death.

A REVISED list of deaths from the Minnesota cyclone shows the number to be 67.

THE residence of John Douthett, south of Xenia, O., was recently discovered on fire. Douthett and his wife, an aged and respected couple, were burned to death. It was suspected that they were murdered and robbed and then the house fired.

A TERRIBLE conflagration took place in Stry, Austrian Galicia, on the 17th. Over 600 houses were burned and more than 400 lives lost by falling walls, etc.

THE milk train on the Rensselaer & Saratoga railway, near Albany, N. Y., collided recently with two flat cars loaded with huge granite blocks, attached to a stationary engine. Passengers were shaken up, but no one was seriously injured.

THE Treasury Department has received notice that the Canadian Government has fixed an additional duty of 7½ per cent on all sugars imported into Canada through the United States.

THE clearing house returns for week ended April 17 showed an average increase of 17.6. In New York the increase was 21.4.

THE Workingmen's Rifle Corps, a Socialistic society of New York, held a large meeting recently. The editor of the Leis Zeitung advised his hearers and working men generally to arm themselves in preparation for future troubles.

EUROPEAN money exchanges were generally dull during the week ended April 17. American securities were weak.

GOVERNOR OGLESBY, of Illinois, has issued a requisition on the Governor of Missouri for the delivery of Stewart Martin, Samuel Jones, John T. Williams, George Burnett, W. F. Laird, Charles Hentzler alias Kinseler, William Lurton and E. G. Hewlett, the deputy sheriffs who fired into the mob in East St. Louis.

THE running of street cars by electricity was begun recently at Montgomery, Ala., the machinery working perfectly.

JOHN BOITEAU, who with M. De Lesseps and as delegated representative of the New York Chamber of Commerce inspected the Panama canal, has submitted his report. He says that it would be about as safe to predict the quarter in which a ball will be settled next Christmas day at St. Petersburg, as the time when the canal will be finished or what it will cost.

WHILE experimenting in the iron works of Singer, Nimick & Co., at Pittsburgh, Pa., the other day, with a compressing steel mold, four pounds of molten steel suddenly gave way, scattering metal in all directions. Some sixty persons were injured, a few dangerously.

THE trouble between W. B. Thorn & Co., hat manufacturers, of Haverhill, Mass., and the Knights of Labor, which has lasted a year and a half, has been settled. It is announced that the firm has acceded to all demands, and will discharge its non-union workmen and take back its old employes.

OWING to favorable news received from foreign markets during the past week, sugar buyers offered better prices though not high enough to induce some holders to sell. The sales, however, were important. The market at Havana and letter Cuban outports closed with a fair demand and firm prices. The rainfall has been small.

IT was recently learned from a reliable source that the pool of the cables would reduce rates from all points in Great Britain to all points east of the Mississippi river 50 per cent.

RECENTLY Oak Hill Church at Elgin, Tex., was destroyed by fire and the circumstances point to arson. A man named Christian was arrested for the offense, tried and acquitted. The other night while going home in company with his wife, Christian was met by a mob and riddled with bullets.

ADDITIONAL DISPATCHES.

JAY GOULD has sent a check for $500 to Deputy Sheriff Williams, of Little Rock, who was badly beaten by strikers while guarding the Iron Mountain railway property some time ago.

THE Senate, on the 12th, was nearly all day in secret session. The House took up the River and Harbor Appropriation bill.

THE coke syndicate has caused to be posted throughout the Connellsville (Pa.) region a notice voluntarily advancing the wages of the miners and coke drawers from 5 to 10 per cent after May 1. The increase affects all the 10,000 men who took part in the recent successful strike.

ROBERT WOLF, an Indian, who was to have been hanged in Fort Smith, Ark., on the 23d, had his sentence commuted by the President to imprisonment for life.

GLASS manufacturers of Pittsburgh report a boom in demand, glassware, caused by the great strikes in Belgium. Prices have been advanced 5 per cent in the last few weeks.

A DISPATCH from Mandalay says that April 20, being the Burmese New Year, 1500 followers of the Myingzaing prince set fire to the city in several places. Hundreds of houses were burned, and the treasury, post-office and the smaller buildings within the palace enclosure were destroyed, and one-third of the walled city has been ruined.

T. V. POWDERLY was before the special committee of the House of Representatives investigating the labor troubles on the 20th. Mr. Powderly gave the history and objects of the Knights of Labor as an organization.

GOVERNOR OGLESBY addressed the Lake Shore strikers in Chicago on the 20th. The company was unable to move its freight trains.

THE Land Development Association (Limited) of London, has failed with $300,000 liabilities.

LORD OGMATH AITHE, owning property near Listowel, County Keary, Ireland, has been boycotted.

ANDRUZZ, wolf-bitten Russian, under treatment by Pasteur, has died in Paris of hydrophobia.

THE Senate in executive session on the 20th rejected the proposal to reopen the Weil and LaAbra claims against Mexico. The vote was 27 yeas against 26 nays, being less than two-thirds necessary for its ratification.

AMONG the recent confirmations by the Senate was Mr. Zach Montgomery, to be Assistant Attorney General for the United States Interior Department.

THE City National Bank, of Williamsport, Pa., closed its doors on the 20th. The cause of the old, old, old story—defalcation of over a year ago, which the directors had endeavored to keep secret, but which, leaking out, affected the bank's stability. The assets were sufficient to pay 100 cents on the dollar in full.

NEBRASKA STATE NEWS.

AT Chadron the other day one of the yard switchmen for the B. B. & M. V. Railroad named Pugh met and recognized an old friend, also a brakeman or switchman. Pugh went to the dispatcher and requested that if at any time he should want a good man in the yard, he would recommend his friend. Not more than fifteen minutes afterwards Pugh, while coupling cars, had his hand caught and it was found necessary to amputate the first and second fingers. His friend took his place.

THE Nebraska Senators and Congressmen have united in a letter to Commissioner Colman in which they say: "During the last two years the farmers and stock raisers of Nebraska have lost at least two millions of dollars by the death of swine from hog cholera and other contagious diseases which are not abated. The threatens to impoverish our farmers and bring ruin upon our stock raisers. In view of the vast importance of the interests involved in Nebraska and to avoid the evil consequences to threaten the Southwest and Northwest in the event of a repetition of these diseases, we respectfully urge that you at once send a competent special agent to Nebraska to thoroughly examine into the matter, place upon the ground where diseases also competent man authorized to make such and such experiments as may seem fit for the examination and treatment of the diseases." It is stated that Commissioner Colman has agreed to comply with the request.

A CONSIDERABLE portion of the property belonging to the late Hiram Hitchcock, of Omaha, was disposed of at auction on the 12th of April. The property, including the business block occupied by the Omaha National Bank, and other valuable business property, realized about $100,000. The property was purchased by Mr. Hitchcock's executors, who represent the estate, and all the forty odd lots belonging to the estate in Omaha, Council Bluffs and other parts of Nebraska, were sold at prices ranging from $100 to $1,000 each.

A NEW brick yard has been located at Ogallala.

A German man recently trapped in Platte County a Canada lynx. It was a fair specimen of its species and a ferocious animal.

IT is stated that every available house, room, stable or shed in Kimball is now overflowing, and immigrant goods of all kinds are piled up out doors.

THE town in the name of a new town recently started in Brown County, which expects to be the county seat at an early day. There are five land offices in the town, two banks, two roller grist mills, with hotels, stores, etc. A creamery has been started there which utilizes the product of 800 cows. The Methodists and Adventists are building churches.

AN editor at Homerville is reported as having skipped out under a financial and social cloud, leaving disgusted creditors and angry husbands to look for him in vain. He took with him the wives of two of the citizens of Homerville. He is a gay cuss.

DURING a recent heavy wind storm at Emerald the roof of Karl Barometer's barn was blown off. Some of the beams hit Barometer in the back of the neck, killing him instantly. Deceased was twenty-nine years old and leaves a wife and child.

FOUR gushers recently established in Nebraska—Butterfly, Stanton County, Dale & H. Linn, proprietors; Mars, Knox County, Hoffman & Simpson proprietors.

WHEN interviewed Harry Rosewater, appointed to get more out of Grand Island and the other night, said he did not care to discuss the matter. The suspension will shut up the city in a rather peculiar way. Its principal business is the manufacture of beet sugar, which is a comparatively new industry in the West, and is carried on by a company of capitalists who have spent a fortune in experimenting, waiting for the examination and treatment of the diseases. It is stated that the Commissioner of Agriculture has agreed to comply with the request.

A CONSIDERABLE portion of the property belonging to the late Hiram Hitchcock, of Omaha, was disposed of at auction on the 12th of April. The property, including the business block occupied by the Omaha National Bank, and other valuable business property, realized about $100,000. The property was purchased by Mr. Hitchcock's executors, who represent the estate, and all the forty odd lots belonging to the estate in Omaha, Council Bluffs and other parts of Nebraska, were sold at prices ranging from $100 to $1,000 each.

THE cattle quarantine has been raised for Kearney County.

GOVERNOR SCHOFIELD has issued a proclamation calling for the 10th of May next the annual election in Douglas County for a member of the State Board of Equalization and Assessment, to fill the place of Hon. Jerome Kiplinger, deceased.

A MEETING of the creditors of Nebraska City was held in the City last week, when a committee was appointed to confer with the Mayor and Council in the matter of the city's indebtedness, with a view to a compromise. The committee reported that the Mayor and Council had agreed to recommend to the creditors the following: That the city will issue its bonds for the entire indebtedness, bearing 6 per cent interest, payable in twenty years, but subject to call after five years, and that the creditors will receive the same in exchange for their present claims. The report was unanimously adopted by the creditors present, and it is believed that the proposition will be accepted by the Mayor and Council.

A SERIOUS accident happened to the locomotive attached to the passenger train on the Nebraska City branch of the Burlington & Missouri River railroad one morning last week. The engine and four cars left the track, and the smoker and one coach went down the embankment, the other cars and the engine remaining upon the track. John Bradley, a Swedenborgian minister, aged about 60 years, had his shoulder dislocated, and was otherwise bruised and injured. Jacob Miller, the baggage master, was also badly injured. Both were taken to Nebraska City. It was thought both will recover.

THE cattle quarantine has been raised for Kearney County.

GOVERNOR SCHOFIELD has issued a proclamation calling for the 10th of May next the annual election in Douglas County for a member of the State Board of Equalization and Assessment, to fill the place of Hon. Jerome Kiplinger, deceased.

A MEETING of the creditors of Nebraska City was held in the City last week, when a committee was appointed to confer with the Mayor and Council in the matter of the city's indebtedness, with a view to a compromise. The committee reported that the Mayor and Council had agreed to recommend to the creditors the following: That the city will issue its bonds for the entire indebtedness, bearing 6 per cent interest, payable in twenty years, but subject to call after five years, and that the creditors will receive the same in exchange for their present claims. The report was unanimously adopted by the creditors present, and it is believed that the proposition will be accepted by the Mayor and Council.

A SERIOUS accident happened to the locomotive attached to the passenger train on the Nebraska City branch of the Burlington & Missouri River railroad one morning last week. The engine and four cars left the track, and the smoker and one coach went down the embankment, the other cars and the engine remaining upon the track. John Bradley, a Swedenborgian minister, aged about 60 years, had his shoulder dislocated, and was otherwise bruised and injured. Jacob Miller, the baggage master, was also badly injured. Both were taken to Nebraska City. It was thought both will recover.

TELEPHONE TALK.

Attorney General Garland Goes on the Stand and Tells How He Became Interested in the Pan-Electric Company.

WASHINGTON, April 20.—The announcement that Attorney General Garland was to appear before the Telephone Investigation Committee caused a larger attendance than usual yesterday morning. The Attorney General appeared, looking pale and rather feeble. With a courteous salute to the committee he immediately took the stand and on invitation of the chairman began to make a statement of his connection with the Pan Electric Company. He wished, he said, to lay before the committee and reaffirm the matter contained in his statement to the President on October 5 last. In addition he wished to explain two or three points of that statement. In February, 1885, Mr. Garland said, General Atkins had said that to believe the Bell patents were of great utility if properly handled; that money could be made out of them. Being a partner in the firm of Garland, Merrick & Jenkins, he (Garland) advised the witness to enter into the business. "I had," said the witness, "I had never undertaken to make any money except by law and poker. I had always had a great respect for generals, and as law for I was working for a fee at the time, I thought it would pay improvements."

Continuing, the witness said that Senator Harris had made application to the same effect to him, and he (Garland) had written three letters to Harris. Had never interfered in Bell's interests, and had never been paid a cent for his services. He then briefly told of the organization of the Pan Electric Company. He had turned his attention to the organization of the Pan Electric Company, and had been asked his opinion as to the legality of the Bell Company.

It was an inference and not a fact, Garland said, that the Pan Electric Company made that application. The application was founded on two reasons, first that Colonel Young came with another gentleman in the latter part of May, and said he was known to be secretary and treasurer of the Pan Electric, and second, because the witness had on May 5 received a letter from Rogers, requesting that he (Garland) be made a member of the company. Grouping these facts together, it was fair to be granted that the Pan Electric had made the application. It was simply an inference.

In July Van Benthuysen had presented his application for a suit, basing it on a law which, he stated, had been passed at the last session of Congress. The application had been referred to the witness by the Interior Department, where it should have gone in the first instance, and witness had heard no more of it. It had not been refurbished last January with other projects.

After receiving Van Benthuysen's letter the witness had asked to work to examine into the matter, for, frankly he had no interest on to that effect, he was satisfied that either application would be made. Looking over the application, he had concluded that he could not endorse it, and so informed Van Benthuysen that he would not have it taken under any circumstances.

When the witness was still in the Senate Senator Platt had come to him one day with a little application for government work. Platt had said he was interested in it. Witness had looked over and said he could not endorse it, and had told Platt that it would not do. That was all the case. He had never heard about the Bell until he had been retained to help defend the Pan Electric application. The only time he had discussed the business with the Pan Electric officials were not infringements, but that they were improvements upon the Bell, that they were different, but a patent should be well in its original principle.

Turning his attention to the contracts, the Morgan contract, the witness said, he had been asked to come to Washington on Morgan's stand, and had entered into the contract between Morgan and his home in Arkansas. He chosen that time because the firm that had applied to him for the work, Smith & Sons of Washington, had made a contract in Arkansas in that month. Morgan came to Washington. The deed did not become operative until December. Mr. Omohundro had represented to the witness that Morgan was in the middle of August. The witness had said nothing to him about the application, but had received a letter from Morgan, who had said he did not know what to do. He supposed he was the man who had made the application. The witness had said he was willing to take a money advance for his services, and had taken a money advance for his services, and had taken a money advance for his services, and had taken