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THE RED CLOUD CHIEF.

VOLUME IV. · RED CLOUD, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, SETEMBER 14, 1876. NUMBER 6.

THE RED CLOUD CHIEF

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AT

RED CLOUD, NEBRASKA

M. H. WARNER & J. S. GILLHAM,

Editors and Proprietors.

GENERAL NEWS CONDENSED.

Rev. W. G. England, Methodist minister, his wife, a step-daughter, and four sons, were all murdered at their home, six miles from Montezuma, Texas, on the night of August 26th, by a party of disguised men. It is supposed the butchery was committed for money, as the family was rich....Telegrams from Sidney, Nebraska, of August 31st, say that fifteen men were killed at North Deadwood by the Indians on Sunday, the 20th, and that four were killed at Buffalo. On the 22nd, the Indians made a raid on a party five miles south of Custer City and killed James Kidd, Samuel Wallace, Jacob Weilly and one Thompson....By the explosion of a boiler attached to a threshing machine near Dover, Minn., August 31st, George Bennett, engineer, C. Arnold, and another man, name not given, were instantly killed, Everett Jones had a leg broken and received internal injuries; he will probably die.

By a collision a few days ago on the Montpelier & Wells River railroad, the engines were wrecked and several passengers injured, one, Mrs. Longley, probably fatally....The Prohibition party of Connecticut have nominated a State ticket, with Joseph Cummings, D. D., late President of Wesleyan University, as their candidate for Governor....It has now been officially announced that G. A. Finklinberg has accepted the Republican nomination for Governor of Missouri....The Democrats in convention at Napoleon, Ohio, have nominated Frank H. Hurd for Congress....The Republicans of the First Michigan district have nominated H. M. Duffield for Congress, and in the Ninth district the Democrats have nominated J. H. Kilbourne.....In the Second district of West Virginia, the Democrats have nominated Hon. T. Martin for Congress. ....The Democrats of the Twenty fifth Pennsylvania district have nominated G. A. Jenks for Congress.....The Democrats in the Eighth Illinois district have nominated G. L. Fort for Congress, and in the Tenth district John H. Hungal. ....Mrs. Pauline Wright Davis, well known from her connection with the woman's rights movement, died at Providence, R. I., August 24th.

Gov. G. C. Walker has been nominated for Congress in the Third district of Virginia....Capt. Lender, of Macon, is an Independent Greenback candidate for Congress in the Twelfth Missouri district in opposition to Col. Glover, the Democratic candidate....The Republicans of the Seventh Illinois district have nominated P. C. Hayes for Congress....The Democrats of the Eighth Illinois district have nominated Geo. W. Parker, the nominee of the Independent party, for Congress....The Democrats of the Third Kansas district have nominated T. L. Davis for Congress....The Republicans of Colorado have nominated a full State ticket, with John L. Routte for Governor, and Lafayette Head for Lieutenant Governor. James B. Belford was nominated for Congress....The Republicans of Nevada have nominated Thomas Wren for Congress....James Murphy, 19 years old, was hung at Dayton, Ohio, August 25th, for the murder of Wm. Dawson, in that city, in August, 1875.

....The heaviest rain storm for years passed over Wheeling, Virginia, August 25th. Great damage was done....John Jacob Zabriskie, a well known cotton yarn manufacturer at Hoboken, N. J., was drowned in his mill pond, August 24th....Silas Ostrander, yard master of the Cairo & Vincennes Railroad, at Cairo, was thrown from a car, August 25th, and killed....At Wyandotte, Mich., August 25th, Mr. Liskey's store and dwelling were burned, and Mr. Liskey was suffocated while endeavoring to remove goods from the building.

The Boston *Journal* says charges have been made against Adjutant General Cunningham, of Massachusetts, to the effect that he received bribes from the firm which furnished supplies to the State. Gov. Rice has appointed a committee of investigation....A fire at Savanah, on the night of August 25th, destroyed property valued at $200,000....Drake & Co., extension tanners of Berlin, Wayne county, Pa., have failed, with heavy liabilities.... B. Duliton, the most extensive boot and shoe manufacturer in Buffalo, N. Y., has made an assignment. Liabilities about $200,000; assets from $50,000 to $75,000....Gen. A. T. Wickoff, Adjutant General of Ohio, has resigned in order to devote his whole time to his position as chairman of the Republican Executive Commiitee. Capt. Charles W. Karr, of Cincinnati, was appointed to fill the vacancy.. .The Democrats of the Twentieth Ohio district have nominated Hon. Rufus P. Ranney for Congress....The Corliss engine at the Centennial has been purchased by a European firm....Of 690 persons who died in New York in one week, 339 were under two years of age....A California letter says that Ralston's speculations and defalcations are now fully understood to have been immense, and amount to the greatest series of thieveries ever committed in this country. ..According to latest news from [illegible] the Indian country the red-skins seem [illegible] to be scattering in all directions. [illegible] ook and Terry both think it now too [illegible] season for extended field [illegible]

Five "Molly Maguire" prisoners, recently convicted of murder at Tomagua, near Pottsville, Penn., have been sentenced to death....Extensive fires have been raging in the mountains on the Pennsylvania side of the Delaware river, near Pond Eddy, and a vast amount of valuable timber has been burned. It is supposed to be the work of incendiaries....James Hummell, a German, in Cincinnati, made a desperate attempt to kill his wife and commit suicide, on the night of August 28th. He attacked her with a butcher knife, hacking her on the arms, limbs and body, and when she fell from loss of blood, thinking her dead, he severed an artery in his right arm. The police broke into the room and found both insensible. Physicians think the woman will recover, but that Hummell will probably die....The residence of Sidney N. Delapt, at Mansfield, N. Y., burned August 28th. Loss, $30,000; insurance, $20,000....In view of the improved demand for prints, the Sprague mills at Providence, R. I., and the print works in Maine and Connecticut, which have been idle for several weeks, will resume operations....W. F. Slemmons has been re-nominated for Congress by the Democrats of the Second Arkansas district....P. S. Marsh, member of the Buffalo, N. Y., Board of Trade, and one of the heaviest grain dealers of that city, died suddenly from apoplexy, while in New York, August 27th.

A great fire visited San Francisco on the night of August 27th, breaking out in a box factory on Brandon street in the southern part of the city. The buildings consumed were mostly frame dwellings, stores and manufacturing establishments. Over two hundred families were rendered homeless, and the loss is estimated at half a million dollars. During the conflagration a fireman named Steward fell from a ladder and was instantly killed....The boiler of a steam threshing machine near Lone Jack, Mo., exploded, August 29th, killing George Cabb and a young man named Powell, and seriously injuring several others....The Dayton Short Line freight depot at Cincinnati burned, August 30th. Loss heavy.... State Tax Collector Yates, of St. James parish, Louisiana, has been arrested charged with being a defaulter to the State for over $40,000....Allen C. Laros, at Easton, Pa., has been convicted of murder in the first degree....A water spout which burst in Kill Creek Valley, Osborne county, Kansas, August 26th, flooded the entire bottom in fifteen minutes. Horses, cattle and crops were swept away, and Mrs. Brighton and her two children and Mrs. Green were drowned ...The Magnolia flouring mills at Oswego, N. Y., barned August 30th. Loss, $35,000....The Dayton Short Line freight depot burned at Cincinnati was valued at $25,000, and the loss of freight is variously estimated at from $100,000 to $150,000, upon which there was but very little insurance. A large part of this loss will fall upon the consignors, as the law makes the railroad company responsible only for goods stored for 24 hours or less, and most of the freight had been stored two or three days.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Germany has decided so send an offer to Turkish headquarters to report any further cruelties....The Turks refuse to grant an armistice until the preliminaries for peace are settled....The soundings for the channel tunnel to connect England and France are about completed, and the engineers report the results very satisfactory....The steamer, C. F. French was burned off the Dutch coast, Aug. 25th, and is a total loss. The cargo was valued at $200,000, and was insured in Europe. It consisted in part of 3,630 tierces of lard, 20,000 bushels of wheat, and a considerable quantity of tobacco. The vessel was valued at $200,000, and was hartially insured in New York....A dispatch to the London *Daily News* from Belgrade says Gen. Tchernayeff has telegraphed to Prince Milan that the Servians won a great victory a few days ago. Gen. Harovatorick abandoned the pursuit of the Turks at Fesibaba, and attacked the rear of the Turkish right wing. Tchernayeff at the same time attakced the Turks in front. The Turks were routed with a loss of 15,000 killed wounded and prisoners. Thirty-one Russian officers were killed in this battle....On the 24th of August the Turks violated the Austrian frontier near Ossoinik, seized ninty sheep and cattle, and fired upon the peasants, wounding one. Another was captured and decapitated. They also fired at Austrian gens d'arms, and then retreated into their own territory with their booty. Two companies of Austrian troops have been armed at Ossoinik.

Preliminary negotiations for peace between Turkey and Servia have been commenced. It is proposed as a basis of arrangement that Prince Milan should be retained on the throne of Servia, and pay a war indemnity; and that Turkey shall have the right of placing a war garrison in Servian fortresses on the Turkish frontier....It is reported that the chances of the new Sultan's recovery diminish daily. The ministers are seriously considering the question of the approaching change in the succession....The reported discovery of a conspiracy in Spain is confirmed. Two Seargents of the Spanish army were found guilty of high treason, and immediately shot.

The *Official Gazette* at Madrid, publishes a convention concluded by the government of Spain, with Spanish capitalists for an advance of twenty-five million piastres for the expenses of the war in Cuba. The bonds are redeemable in ten years, guaranteed by the customs of Cuba, bear interest at the rate of ten per cent. per annum and two per cent. per annum for the expenses of the capitalists, who are pledged to advance 300,000 of it in August and 450,000 in September....The Mark Lane *Express* reports less than an average crop of wheat, but of fine quality and heavy weight....The Roman Catholic church in Ching Knohfee, China, was recently attacked by a mob, who threw combustibles among the congregation and slaughtered the members....A special from Belgrade says that Tchernayeff and Havatovisch drove the Turks out of Brugavaez and Slatanez, and then joined their forces, which increases the army of Moravia to 10,000 men.... The London *Standard's* correspondent with the Turkish army says that the severe fighting of August 26th and 27th resulted in a complete Turkish victory, the Servians being driven back with great loss....Schuyler, in the preliminary report of his investigation into the outrages in Bulgaria, addressed to the Minister of the United States at Constantinople, fully confirms the worst that has been told of the Turkish attrocities. He found that much of the slaughter was done by regular Turkish soldiers; that 65 villages have been burned in these districts, and 15,000 men women and children killed.

A dispatch from Constantinople says a cabinet council, at which all the grand dignitaries were present, has resolved to depose the present Sultan Murad, and proclaim Abdul Hamid. The change will occur shortly....Official advices state that the Turks attacked the Servian left, August 28th, but were repulsed with heavy loss. They left their killed and a large quantity of arms and ammunition on the field. A Turkish attack on Little Zwarnick was likewise repulsed....The Great Powers are constantly interchanging telegrams concerning the proposed mediation between Turkey and Servia. A general agreement has been reached touching the principal features of the policy to be adopted, but the details are unsettled. Germany is the most backward of the Powers....It is stated that 900 men, with Krupp and Placentia guns will embark at Santander and Cadiz, Spain, for Cuba....A dispatch from Rome says that it is affirmed that the Cardinals have unanimously agreed to omit certain ceremonies in the conclave to be held when the election of a successor to Pope Pius IX becomes necessary. The object is to hasten the election of a new Pope, and to keep the conclave from foreign influence .... Lord Ribbledale, step-son to Earl Bussell, has committed suicide in Switzerland.

It is asserted that Montenegro did not intend to join Servia in suing for mediation, and did not agree to the course taken by Prince Milan; but Prince Nicholas has informed Milan that he need no longer consider himself bound to keep the agreement made at the beginning of the war, that neither should separately enter on negotiations for peace. The Montenegro official newspaper publishes an article rejecting foreign mediation, and declaring that Servia and Montenegro will not abandon the conflict until the Sclavonic provinces are completely freed from the Turkish yoke....A dispatch from Belgrade says the popular feeling there is warlike. It is generally expected that the Porte will refuse an armistice. ....The Servian army is fast becoming a Russian auxiliary force fighting on Servian soil. The Russians are fighting with great valor. Of 68 who fought as a company at Alexinatz, 30 were left dead on the field. The Servians are said to be becoming jealous of the Russians. They feel that the control of the army is slipping from them, and they will accept peace if it can be obtained on good terms....The seven days fighting before Alexinatz has been greatly exaggerated. It is estimated that the entire Servian loss is only a few hundred killed and about 2,300 wounded. ....A Madrid dispatch of August 30th, says that the government of Porto Rico has been officially notified of the royal decree ordering the issue of bonds to the owners of the liberated slaves.

POLITICAL NOTES.

The New York State Democratic Convention, at Saratoga, August 30th, nominated Horatio Seymour for Governor, by acclamation. The platform endorses Tilden and Hendricks....The Independent Greenback party held a grand ratification meeting in New York, on the night of August 30th, and speeches were made by Peter Cooper and Samuel F. Carey, the nominees of the party for President and Vice President. Resolutions were passed endorsing the platform of the Indianapolis Convention. ....The Prohibition Reform party of New Jersey, in State Convention at Trenton, August 30th, ratified the nomination of Green Clay Smith, of Kentucky, for President, and Gideon J. Stewart, of Ohio, for Vice President. An electoral ticket was chosen, and both the Democratic and Republican parties denounced as favoring the liquor interests....The Democrats of the First Ohio district have renominated Milton Sayler for Congress, and in the Second district they have renominated H. B. Banning....At the Democratic Congressional Convention at Sheboygan, Wisconsin, Edward Briggs, of Fond du Lac, was nominated for Congress over Samuel Burchard, present Representative....The Republicans of the Twelfth Ohio district have nominated George K. Nash, of Columbus, for Congress.... The Greenback Congressional Convention at Detroit, Michigan, nominated John [illegible] for Congress from the First district....The Democratic Convention for the Ninth Illinois district, nominated G. A. Wilson for Congress. ....The Republican State Convention at New Haven, Connecticut, nominated Henry C. Robinson, of Hartford, for Governor, and T. J. Kingsbury, of Waterbury, for Lieutenant Governor.

Democratic State Convention.

The Iowa Democratic State Convention convened at Moore's Opera House in Des Moines, at 10 o'clock, A. M., August 30th, 1876, and was called to order by Hon. Ed. Campbell, Chairman of the State Central Committee. Col. W. W. Merritt, of Montgomery county, was chosen temporary chairman, and T. O. Walker, of Davis county, temporary secretary. The usual committees were appointed, as follows:

CREDENTIALS.

1st District—W. J. Babb, Henry county.

2d District—Henry Horstman, Clinton.

3d District—P. J. Quigley, Dubuque.

4th District—Henry Schlessinger, Franklin.

5th District—Capt. C. C. Cook, Linn.

6th District—P. G. Ballingall, Wapello.

7th District—F. M. Ross, Dallas.

8th District—Thos. Bowman, Pottawattamie.

9th District—Al. Adams, Humboldt.

PERMANENT ORGANIZATION.

1st District—James Shepherd, Van Buren.

2d District—D. T. Hedges, Cedar.

3d District—Samuel H. Kinne, Allamakee.

4th District—George W. Wilson, Blackhawk.

5th District—A. C. Sherwood, Marshall.

6th District—C. A. Clark, Jasper.

7th District—J. C. Watson, Warren.

8th District—C. W. Gould, Fremont.

9th District—A. P. Keith, Crawford.

RESOLUTIONS.

1st District—James Hagerman, Lee.

2d District—J. H. Murphy, Scott.

3d District—J. F. Bates, Dubuque.

4th District—G. C. Wright, Bremer.

5th District—T. S. Parvin, Johnson.

6th District—F. M. Davenport, Mahaska.

7th District—H. C. Ayers, Clark.

8th District—George Wedgewood, of Cass.

9th District—L. R. Train, Webster.

On motion, the Convention adjourned until 2 o'clock.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

The committee on credentials reported, presenting a list of delegates—report adopted. The committee on permanent organization submitted their report, as follows:

President—D. F. Miller, of Lee county.

Secretaries—T. O. Walker, of Davis county; Charles Starr, of Des Moines F. Barth, of Blackhawk.

Vice Presidents—Matthew Leech, of Van Buren; D. W. Morrison, of Cedar; P. L. Cook, of Fayette; G. C. Wright, of Bremer; J. D. Hale, of Poweshiek; James M. Clement, of Jasper; H. Harper, of Dallas; W. A. Stowe, of Fremont; Al. Adams, of Humboldt.

Mr. Miller, on taking the chair addressed the convention, concluding his remarks by moving a vote of thanks to Hon. Edward Campbell for his faithful work and services as chairman of the State Central Committee. The motion was adopted.

Prof. T. S. Parvin made a report from the committee on resolutions, which was adopted, as follows:

Resolved, By the Liberal Democratic party of the State of Iowa in convention assembled, that we adopt as our platform of principles the resolutions and declarations of the National Convention at St. Louis, and earnestly approve the sentiments of the eminent statesmen of the party, Hon. Samuel J. Tilden and Thomas A. Hendricks, so ably presented in their letters of acceptance of their nomination at said convention.

The roll of districts was then called, and the following were selected as members of

THE STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

1st Dist.—**Ed Campbell, Jefferson.**
2d " **D. N. Richardson, Scott.**
3d " **Thos. C. Medary, Allamakee.**
4th " **A. Pratt Roberts, Hardin.**
5th " **L. G. Kinne, Tama.**
6th " **John L. McCornack, Marion.**
7th " **J. M. Walker, Polk.**
8th " **N. C. Ridenour, Page.**
9th " **S. S. Webb, Boone.**

Hon. John P. Irish moved that the State Central Committee select their own chairman who may or may not be a member of the Committee, and also a Secretary not a member. Carried.

Mr. Sherwood, of Marshall, offered the following:

Resolved, That the State Central Committee shall have power to fill all vacancies on the State ticket if any may occur, and also any that may occur in the Central Committee, and also to name the time and place of holding the next Democratic State convention. Adopted.

On motion the Convention proceeded to the nomination of candidates for State officers.

The following were nominated by acclamation:

For Secretary of State, John H. Stutsman, of Marion county.

For Treasurer of State, Wesley Jones, of Des Moines county.

For Auditor of State, William Grossweg, of Pottawattamie county.

For Register of the State Land Office, N. C. Ridenour, of Page county.

For Attorney General, J. C. Cook, of Jasper County.

For Judges of the Supreme Court, Walter I. Hayes, of Scott county, for full term and also to fill vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Judge Cole, William Graham, of Dubuque county, was chosen the other nominee for Judge of the Supreme Court.

A motion was made and carried that the Convention make no nomination for superintendent of Public Instruction, but that the State Central Committee be instructed to fill the vacancy, without regard to party.

The following were chosen District Electors:

1st Dist.—John Rheinhart, Washington.
2d " D. C. Cloud, Muscatine.
3d " Wm. Hoffkaver, Dubuque.
4th " O. B. Harriman, Franklin.
5th " I. M. Preston, Linn.
6th " T. B. Ferry, Monroe.
7th " W. W. Witmer, Polk.
8th " H. H. Scott, Montgomery.
9th " M. K. Ramsey, Boone.

The following were chosen Electors at Large: Daniel F. Miller of Lee Co., and John P. Irish, of Johnson county

Mr. Millard, of Clark, offered the following, which was adopted:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Iowa, appreciating the necessity of retrenchment that has been forced upon the country, by extravagant Republican administration, on the slender basis of which has been the support of the swarm of public officers, are earnestly in favor of such a reduction in the salaries of all officers within the State as will fairly correspond with the financial condition of our people.

After some remarks by Mr. Irish, the convention adjourned.

The Story of a Tramp.

He shuffled into the *Herald* office about 11 o'clock last evening. He was a tramp. There was no mistake about that. His whole raiment, from his dirty blue cotton shirt to his tattered trousers and gaping shoes, looked as though it might have been shed by a last year's scarecrow. The rolling prairie of dirt and chronic wofulness that constituted his face was relieved by a rubicund nose, which stood guard over a mouth able to span an Alabama watermelon without a wink of the bleared optics above. He approached our reporter as though death was leading him by one ear and the Prince of Darkness by the other, and in the voice of a man about to be hung, he murmured, "My friend, I want you to do me a favor. I haven't drank anything but a glass of cider for a week, and I haven't had anything to eat to-day, and I have been trying to get work but can't, and a man down to the railroad said he would give me a place to sleep, and if you could only let me have a few pennies to get some crackers, for I think I am starving and can't hold out any longer." Our reporter remarked that it was pretty hard for a man to starve, but that the hunger of the tramp was generally for whisky, and not bread; and that only two days ago he lent a man thirty cents to buy an overcoat, and the ungrateful wretch had gone off and bought an overdose of gin, necessitating some overwork by a policeman and an overture by the Recorder in the morning. The suspicion of the tramp's truthfulness involved in this facetiousness completely overcame him, and he burst into a flood of tears. At last, moved by his appeals, our reporter forgot that the man before him was a healthy-looking man for a wretch in the last agonies of starvation, and felt around in his pocket for any stray change that might have come out of the last picnic unscathed. After much searching a solitary silver quarter was discovered, which he handed to the tramp with the secret satisfaction that the latter was unconsciously receiving but 23 ⅓ cents in scrip, owing to the present ruinous depreciation of silver. To the tramp, however, it was twenty-five cents, and gratefully bowing his thanks, and amid another flood of tears and promises that he would immediately go and buy bread he shuffled into the street. His slip-shod footsteps would have dreamily died away in the distance had they not suddenly stopped in what struck our reporter as being suspiciously close proximity to a saloon. To lay the conclusion to which we had come, "that the greatest of these is charity," on the table, pending the inquiry, we hastened to the door, but the line of gas-lamps revealed no tramp hurrying breadward. Spurred by an increasing suspicion, our reporter hurried to the nearest place where the bibulous do congregate, glided stealthily in—and lost all faith in human nature. There upon the bar lay the depreciated silver. Leaning familiarly against the bar was that demon of ingratitude, with a decanter of bourbon in his right hand and a five-fingered drink in the other. Delmonico was just reaching out for the quarter when he beheld with amazement the size of the drink the tramp was transferring to his capacious maw. Visions of financial ruin struck him dumb for a moment, but recovering his presence of mind he exclaimed, "I say, my friend, there's a fly in that whisky." "Is there?" said the tramp, lowering the glass. "Yes," remarked Delmonico, as he seized a spoon and reached out for the whisky, "let me get it out for you." Just as Delmonico got possession of the whisky our reporter seized the quarter, with the remark that he guessed he would take it back, as he had given it to the fellow to-day to buy bread, not to purchase whisky by the wholesale. "Well," added Delmonico, "if that is the case, I'll take back the whisky, and back it went into the decanter. A look of amazement and disgust combined settled upon the countenance of the tramp, and turning reluctantly upon his heel he shuffled out of the saloon, murmuring sadly and reproachfully, "Only a smell, only a smell."

Mark Twain's Home.

Quite recently I rode out on Farmington avenue to view the domicile of that latter-day eccentric Mark Twain, and was much gratified by half an hour's inspection of the premises. A queer, rambling edifice of variegated brick, possessing innumerable steep gables of different sizes, and two octagonal wings sprawl on the top of an irregular elevation, facing, of course, to the rear. Fronting the street is the kitchen, with a row of clothes-lines before it, upon which, every Monday morning, curious pedestrians may inspect the family linen. Opposite, commanding a fine view of the stable, and up a steep decline, where Hog river, the muddiest stream in Connecticut, trickles at the bottom, is the parlor. Before it, upon a wide piazza, are scattered numbers of easy chairs of rattan, tables of the same material, and here also swings a hammock. It is the pride of the fortunate proprietor that no two rooms in the building resemble each other in the least respect, and indeed a glance at the odd nooks and corners, the projecting balconies, diminutive windows, and incomprehensible recesses would suggest an architectural conundrum of extreme intricacy. To the left on entering the grounds are several green houses, in the rear a spacious barn, and to the left of that a servants' house in which many a family might live comfortably. All of the buildings are a dull red, variegated with bright crimson, and may be described as edifices of aboriginal extraction in their war-paint. Just opposite, and within the same lawn, is the winter residence of Mrs Harriet Beecher Stowe, a two-story-and-a-half white frame cottage, with a high mansard roof. The lady was invisible at the time of the visit, but a healthy-looking domestic, busily engaged in wrestling with a tub of under-clothing, afforded conclusive proof that the pomps and vanities in this temple of Minerva are not wholly ignored. At Hartford Mark Twain appears to occupy the enviable position of court jester, and people, particularly those of the gentler sex, laugh at his drollery with unmixed glee. The misfortune is that those who laugh with the humorist eventually laugh at him, but the author of "Innocents Abroad" seems rather to enjoy it.—*Cor. New Orleans Times.*

Wooden Clocks.

The place where wooden clocks took their origin, at least as an article of any considerable trade value, was in the farm house in the Black Forest, in Baden and Wurtemburg. There is hardly a hamlet in the civilized world where the Black Forest clock, or one made upon the suggestion of that original, may not be found. And though various improvements have been introduced, perhaps it is safe to say that the improvements are rather in the mechanical construction and the cheapness of manufacture, the quality of the article, the wages of the Black[illegible] down the price, the accuracy of the [illegible] man wooden [illegible] any other [illegible] compensating [illegible] metal w[illegible] is not [illegible] ciple [illegible] easy [illegible] the [illegible] cl[illegible]

Mixture of Races in European Turkey.

Our recent reference to the strong anti-Slavonic feeling of the Albanese race in Turkey has been quickly confirmed. Sixteen thousand well-armed Albanese have joined the Turkish army at Oikup, west of Nisch. It may not be amiss to observe that even Servia, small well it is, with but little more than [illegible] inhabitants, is by no means homogeneous in race or speech. Its east in districts are inhabited by Wallachs, or Roumans, who just now give great trouble in Lord Beaconsfield's army. In the southeast of Servia, a section of Bulgars dwell within the frontier, and they, after all, are a race different from the Serbo-Slavs. In Croatia, as we have before stated, the Christian Slavs and the Mohammedans nearly balance each other. Turning to the remnant of European Turkey, we find the Albanese, or Arnauts, along the Adriatic and Ionian Sea, from the frontier of Montenegro down to the boundary of Greece. The territory between the Albanese districts and the Middle Wallachian frontier, where the Roumans dwell, is mainly inhabited by Bulgars, but with gold sprinklings of Arnauts, Turks and various other races. In the eastern part of European Turkey, from Philippopolis to Kirkilisse, and up to the frontier of Roumania, the Turks and the Bulgars are represented in about equal numbers, in hopeless intermixture. At the very edge of the Black Sea is the Greeks concentrated, and in the projecting tongue of land which stretches out toward Constantinople, there is an intermixture of Turks and Greeks. In the provinces near the Ægean Sea, Greeks, Albanese, with Turks and Bulgars. In the districts near the Greek border the Turks, Hellenes, Wallachians, and Albanese race form a mosaic which it is impossible to disentangle. This is only a description made in the gross, without entering into the variegated details of the confusion of races often found in many a single town or village. Enough has, however, been said to show what difficulties attend all attempts of solving the Eastern question.—*London Examiner.*

The New Law Concerning Trade Marks.

Several manufacturing firms in this city will be interested in the act passed at the late session of Congress concerning trade marks. Few persons are aware of the passage of such an act. It provides that any person who shall make, order, or in any way procure the fabrication of a counterfeit trade mark, or any colorable imitation of such mark, registered in accordance with the laws of the United States, shall be fined not exceeding $1,000, or imprisoned not more than two years. It covers with the penalty affix the fraudulent [illegible] any way meddle or tamper with [illegible] sion, or fill the packages [illegible] handle or have the [illegible] or any likeness, imitation [illegible] device of any kind [illegible] trade mark; or who shall [illegible] sale, deal in, or have [illegible] used or empty box, [illegible] case, bottle, or other package [illegible] is affixed so that the [illegible] literated without subjecting [illegible] the package, and trademark [illegible] erated so as to prevent [illegible] use. Any alteration [illegible] law is to be [illegible] not exceeding [illegible]