

Why Spider Doesn't Get Caught in Its Own Web

Gently lay a straw across a spider's web, then very gently raise it, you will find that the outside circles of the web stick to the straw.

These outside circles are made, not of gossamer thread, but of gossamer tubing. They are hollow, and are filled with a sticky stuff which exudes through the tube. When a fly gets caught in a web, it's because of the glue.

At the center of the web, where the spider sits, the threads are not hollow, but when he wants to move across the outer circles to capture his prey, he uses the power of making his feet "sweat" an oily substance which counteracts the gummy stuff.

Honored Servant

When the department of Chinese at Columbia university was endowed by Gen. Horace Carpenter in 1901, he named the benefaction after his Chinese valet, Dean Lung. So the Dean Lung chair became and has remained the only chair of learning in the world founded in the name of a servant.

CLASSIFIED DEPARTMENT

FARMS AND RANCHES

BUTLER CO. IMPROVED 160. New house, insulated, electricity, with or without equipment. 1 1/2 miles town, 1/4 pavement. C. W. BONGERS - Brainard, Nebr.

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A Real Live Stock Com. Firm
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AUSTRIA-WHITES and LEG-ROX baby chicks, 13¢. Get your order in. Can furnish at once or until first day of June. HAROLD BAYSSON HATCHERY - Seward, Nebraska.

French Like Snails

A food highly prized by the French is snails. Parisians alone consume about 2,000,000 pounds of them a year. Snail farmers raise them in special houses, where they are fed cabbages and other vegetables.

SNAPPY FACTS about RUBBER

WFB has plans under way for expansion of facilities to produce 1,500,000 more truck and bus tires every three months for military and essential civilian use. Total production by next December is expected to reach a rate of 6,700,000 a quarter.

There are 1,450,000 rubber-tired tractors on American farms, many of which are now obsolete. It has been estimated that there will be more than 3,000,000 rubber-tired tractors on farms within ten years after the war.

The first known wheeled vehicles were used in Babylonia about 3000 B.C.



Dwight D. Eisenhower

B.F. Goodrich
FIRST IN RUBBER

EASE DIAPER RASH

Soothe and cool diaper rash by sprinkling baby with MESSANA. This soothing, medicated powder cools out stinging and itching. Used after every change, MESSANA often helps prevent diaper rash. A favorite for over 40 years. Contains ingredients often used by specialists to relieve this discomfort. Big supply costs little. Get MESSANA.

WNU-U Hours of 19-45

Watch Your Kidneys!

Help Them Cleanse the Blood of Harmful Body Waste

Your kidneys are constantly filtering waste matter from the blood stream. But kidneys sometimes lag in their work—do not act as nature intended—fail to remove impurities that, if retained, may poison the system and upset the whole body machinery.

Symptoms may be nagging backache, persistent headache, attacks of dizziness, getting up nights, swelling, puffiness under the eyes—a feeling of nervous anxiety and loss of pep and strength. Other signs of kidney or bladder disorder are sometimes burning, scanty or too frequent urination.

There should be no doubt that prompt treatment is wiser than neglect. Use **Doan's Pills**. Doan's have been winning new friends for more than forty years. They have a nation-wide reputation. Are recommended by grateful people the country over. Ask your neighbor!

DOAN'S PILLS

VICTORY IN EUROPE! Germany Forced to Capitulate After Six Years of Fighting; Allies Face Big Job in Pacific

Eleven hard and bitter months after General Dwight D. Eisenhower's armies smashed through the ramparts of "Fortress Europe" to set foot upon French soil, Germany's once proud wehrmacht, weakened after six years of the bloodiest war in history, bowed the knee unconditionally to the Allied powers.

Offered to Russia as well as the U. S. and Britain after earlier futile efforts to split the Allies by approaching the Anglo-Americans alone, Germany's surrender took place at General Eisenhower's headquarters in the little red school-



These are the men—Roosevelt, Truman, Stalin and Churchill, who were responsible in directing the victory against Germany. Truman, committed to the Roosevelt foreign relation policies, together with Stalin and Churchill, will direct the United Nations in plans for world's peace.

house in Reims, France, at 2:41 a. m., May 7, with Lt. Gen. Walter Bedell Smith accepting Col. Gen. Gustav Jodi's capitulation. Later the surrender was ratified at Russian headquarters in battered Berlin, with Marshal Gregory Zhukov participating for the Reds.

Grand Adm. Karl Doenitz's order to German troops to cease firing came as a sort of anti-climax since the bulk of the Nazis forces already had laid down their arms in the face of the Allied avalanche. April 29, 1,000,000 Nazis surrendered in northern Italy and western Austria; May 4, another 1,000,000 gave up in Holland and Denmark, and on May 5, 400,000 quit in southern Germany.

As the stiff-necked German officers formally admitted defeat, neither they nor the beaten country's new ministers entertained any illusions as to the character of the Allied terms, with Foreign Minister Count Ludwig Schwenn Von Krosigk telling the people:

"... Nobody must deceive himself on the harshness of the terms. ... Nobody must have any doubt that heavy sacrifices will be demanded from us in all spheres of life. ..."

Thus did the European war come to its end six years after the mighty German army, striking at the unprepared western powers, rolled through Poland; levelled the lowlands and France, and then turned back to the east again to challenge giant Russia.

As the Germans capitulated, behind them lay the remnants of a once all-powerful army, which, like Napoleon's, underestimated the vast steppes of Russia, and then found the U. S. and Britain gathering force behind its back; behind them lay Germany's blackened cities and shattered railway lines, pulverized by Allied aerial attacks; and behind them in the ruins of Berlin reportedly lay Adolf Hitler's dead body.

Because of the anti-climatic nature of the formal surrender, and also because of the premature announcement of the capitulation days before, some of the edge had been removed from the great event, with the result that the nation accepted



GEN. DWIGHT D. EISENHOWER
"Man of the Hour."

the news with restraint. As Germany's fall was substantiated, people looked to the east, where the Japs still remain to be defeated and the entire resources of the navy and well over 8,000,000 troops may be needed to assure victory.

With America scheduled to take over the occupation of central and western Germany and western Austria in accordance with Allied plans to maintain strict supervision over the country until a thoroughly democratic administration can be established, U. S. military authorities figure on the detention of 400,000 Yanks in Europe.

The first big break that signaled Germany's disintegration was the U. S. 1st army's surprise capture of the Ludendorff bridge spanning the Rhine below Cologne, permitting Lt. Gen. Courtney Hodges to build up a

OFFICIAL WORD

When the real V-E Day came, most U. S. citizens got absolute confirmation of the news before starting victory celebrations. They remembered the false reports of Saturday, April 28, that had swept over the nation only to be climaxed by a White House denial of the peace rumor. Pres. Harry S. Truman said at that time that he had been in contact with General Eisenhower and that there was "no foundation" for the peace report.

A PROCLAMATION

Here is a partial text of President Truman's victory proclamation:

"The Allied armies, through sacrifice and devotion and with God's help, have wrung from Germany a final and unconditional surrender. The western world has been freed of the evil forces which for five years and longer have imprisoned the bodies and broken the lives of millions upon millions of free-born men.

"Much remains to be done. The victory won in the west must now be won in the east. The whole world must be cleansed of the evil from which half the world has been freed.

"For the triumph of spirit and of arms which we have won and for its promise to people everywhere who join us in the love of freedom, it is fitting that we as a nation give thanks to Almighty God, who has strengthened us and given us the victory.

Now, therefore, I Harry S. Truman, President of the United States of America, do hereby appoint Sunday, May 13, 1945, to be a day of prayer.

"I call upon my countrymen to dedicate this day of prayer to the memory of those who have given their lives to make possible our victory."

HARRY S. TRUMAN.

powerful bridgehead immediately below the vital Ruhr district and on the edge of the rolling plains leading eastward to Berlin.

As the 1st army's bold move threw the German command off balance, the remaining Allied forces in the west soon poured over the Rhine, last formidable water barrier guard in the heart of the reich. While British and Canadian troops struck out against eastern Holland and the North sea ports, the U. S. 9th army set about reducing the Ruhr valley while one wing of the 1st joined in the attack and another kept step with Lt. Gen. George Patton's famed armored columns dashing eastward across the reich. Meanwhile, the U. S. 7th and the French 1st armies drove into the Nazis' mythical redoubt in the Bavarian Alps.

As the American and British armies slashed through the German positions and turned to their rearward to isolate the enemy into separate pockets, the whole enemy's front lost its coherence, contributing to the disintegration of Nazi resistance.

With whole groups of German troops entrapped without hope of reinforcement, their defense varied, with the majority of the older, more practical men giving up upon being cornered while younger fanatics carried on in the face of overwhelming odds.

Meanwhile, the Russians had drawn up along the banks of the Oder river from the Baltic clear down to Silesia, while still other Red armies thrust eastward through Czechoslovakia and Austria. Once the Russians opened their all-out attack on Berlin, in the face of the Nazi collapse in the west, the giant pincer was near its close.

Twice taken to war in 25 years and twice defeated, with nothing to show but the anguish and suffering of conflict, the mass of the German people in American and British occupied territory accepted unconditional surrender with a stolidity that masked their inner feelings. East of the Elbe river where the Reds stood guard, however, the populace tread in apprehension over fear of reprisal for the Nazis' devastation of Russia in four years of bitter warfare. Previously, many of the people had tried to escape to the west, only to be turned back.

THESE EVENTS LED ALLIES TO VICTORY—

The beginning of the gigantic life-and-death struggle known as "World War II" is generally set as September 1, 1939, the day the German armies rolled into Poland. Two days later France and England declared war on Germany.

Blitzkrieg tactics flattened Polish resistance in less than a month. Then began the half year of "phony war" at the Maginot line. In the spring of 1940 German troops overran Norway and Denmark, forcing the British. Early in May the campaign that frightened the entire world opened. Holland, Belgium and then France itself capitulated by the middle of June. Italy came in on Germany's side. The British expeditionary force barely escaped destruction at Dunkerque.

September, 1940, saw the massed air attacks on Britain by which Hitler hoped for a quick victory. The RAF held off the Nazi bombers until winter, when weather brought a slackening of attacks. That autumn of 1940 was probably the period of gravest peril to civilization in many centuries. Britain almost succumbed.

During the spring of 1941 Nazi troops smashed into the Balkans to aid the Italians, invading Yugoslavia and Greece. Bulgaria joined the Axis voluntarily. Germany controlled all of continental Europe excepting Russia by the middle of the year.

Without warning on June 22, Nazi armies crossed the Russian border in a tremendous drive.

As alarmed America prepared for defense, Japan attacked without warning at Pearl Harbor in the Hawaiian islands and the U. S. was immediately at war with both Japan and Germany.

By mid-1942, American marines stopped the Japs on Guadalcanal. In Africa the British halted the drive on the Suez canal and counterattacked successfully. The Russians epic defense of Stalingrad stalled the German thrust into the Caucasus. The tide had turned.

In the fall American and British troops landed in northern Africa.

The great Russian counteroffensive began in February of 1943. It rolled fiercely until mid-July, when the retreating Nazis stiffened and brought it to a standstill in central Poland. Meanwhile the air offensive from the British Isles was battering German cities and ports, preparatory to the invasion.

June 6, 1944, was the big day—the invasion of western Europe from England. After landing on the coast of France, American and British troops battled inland. Almost all France was under Allied control by November, 1944. Advance tank units were attacking on the German border by December. A substantial German counteroffensive was checked as the year ended.

On March 2 the American Ninth army reached the Rhine river. Within two weeks this great natural defense line was crossed. Racing tank corps smashed to the Elbe river, 30 miles from Berlin, and halted to await junction with the Russians. This signal event took place on April 27. Far to the south, American and Russian armies were roaring through Austria to seal off southern Germany. Organized resistance crumbled as German soldiers gave up in enormous numbers.

Japs Face Allied Power

We have won a war, but there is still another one to win. Before we can win the war against Japan, there is the gigantic problem of supply and moving the troops from the European theater to the Pacific.

The army estimates that 5,000,000 foot soldiers will be needed to defeat Japan. Our entire navy and air forces will be required. Some men will be released from service—the individuals will be determined on total service, overseas service, combat service and number of dependents. The bulk of the army will not be released.

Divisions will be regrouped to bring them up to combat strength. It will take several months to organize troops, crate and pack equipment before the units are ready to sail against Japan.

Some divisions will be lucky. They will be routed through the United States, while others will sail through the Panama canal direct to a Pacific port. Those landed in the United States will be given some leave.

About Four Months.

The divisions that sail direct to the Pacific will arrive about five months after V-E Day. It will take weeks after landing to check all equipment, for additional shipping to be available to bring necessary war material. Training for a new type of warfare must be undertaken.

Japan has 6,000,000 troops which have not yet met combat from our forces. They are calling up an additional million. They will be ready for us. She can raise another 2,000,000 when necessary. These have all had youth training.

Hedda Hopper: Looking at HOLLYWOOD

AFTER all his years here the town hasn't yet been able to corral and brand Walter Huston as a complete Hollywoodian.

It isn't that Walter's snooty. It's just that he prefers the outdoor life of a rugged man to the social stuff of some of our cinema gentlemen. Give him the wide open spaces and you can have your too - too swank small talk.

"I don't live away from Hollywood because I don't go in for social life," Walter told me as we chatted on the set of "Ten Little Indians."

"When you come right down to it, social life isn't important any more. People say it is, but all that counts is the job you do on the screen. You can be perfectly happy here without ever doing anything but go to a drive-in for a hamburger. It's just that I'm a funny kind of a guy. I have to get out where I can breathe—where I can get completely apart from pictures when I want to. But don't get me wrong—I love pictures."

When he's making one he lives at the Beverly Hills hotel, but Walter has two other homes where he goes whenever he can get away. One is his huge and ultra mountain lodge in Running Springs, in the San Bernardino mountains. The other his 8,000 acre cattle ranch at Porterville, Calif.

The Inner Man

It's in these two places that you'll uncover the real Huston, the man who is not an actor, but the man who has found that elusive something you're always hearing about and always wondering what it really is—happiness.

When you're talking to this character actor who has dignified so many important films, conversation switches from his lodge and ranch to his favorite subject—his son, John. In Walter's mind John is the best director—and writer—in Flickerville.

"Give John a story he likes, let him alone, and he'll come up with the doggonedest picture you ever saw," Walter told me. "There's nothing I'd like better than to go into the producing business with John when the war's over."

Rare Bird for Hollywood

Walter's modest. He never talks about his performances—just goes ahead, does his job the best he knows how and shuts up.

His whole life has been one of plugging away at acting. Even when he was a kid in Toronto, Canada, he knew he was going to act.

There was a matter of schooling. He was one of the worst students Canada had ever known, so it wasn't too hard to understand why he left school rather early and got a job as a clerk in a hardware store. From here he joined a dramatic outfit in Toronto, where he stayed until a traveling repertoire company came along.

Then he decided to go to New York. He arrived there frozen stiff, he had jumped a freight during a blizzard.

Richard Mansfield was auditioning players and Walter was handed a part. Mansfield personally honored him that night by throwing him out of the theater.

Electrician, Then Vaudevillian

Next he went to Detroit, tried electrical engineering, then tried vaudeville. In one of the acts on the circuit he was playing there was a girl named Bayonne Whipple. She and Walter decided to merge professionally—and maritally. For about 12 years they were headliners on and Keith circuit with their song and dance act.

This marriage like a former one blew up. He decided to go on his own with a big-time act. The Schurberts paid him \$1,750 a week.

At 39 he turned to the legitimate stage. He managed to get backing and made his Broadway debut in "Mr. Pitt."

The play wasn't so hot. But Walter was. He's never played anything but star roles on Broadway since.

It was during the run of "Elmer the Great" that he met Nan Sunderland and later married her. They are still working happily at it.

He began to make pictures in 1929, and since then has alternated between Broadway and Hollywood.

I've known Walter for years. He's a square shooter. All he asks of life is a reasonable amount of security, good companionship, and the respect of his fellow men.


They'll Throw Weight Now

The Lehman brothers move into the top list of movie moguls with their recent buy of a sizable block of 20th Century-Fox. They bought the Chase bank holdings of that company a couple of years ago. This gives them control of one of the most powerful lots in the industry. They also have their hands in Paramount, RKO, and in Technicolor.

Twentieth Century-Fox thinks it has a second Judy Garland in a little blue-eyed redhead, Georgia Lee Settle.

HERE'S Today's Baking Powder

The Baking Powder with the **BALANCED Double Action**



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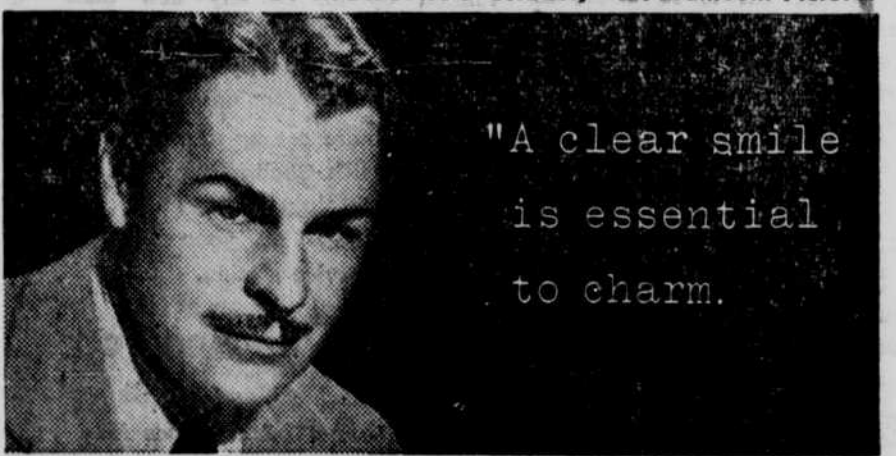
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BRIAN DONLEVY speaking:



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