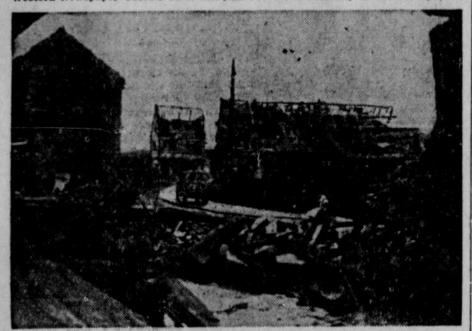
WEEKLY NEWS ANALYSIS

Nazis Gird for Counter-Blow; B-29s Rip Japs' Home Industry; Approve Huge Waterway Bill

(EDITOR'S NOTE: When opinions are expressed in these columns, they are those of Western Newspaper Union's news analysts and not necessarily of this newspaper.)



Converted into fortress by Germans, the town of Langerwehe wa reduced to rubble by Allies in advance into Reich.

PACIFIC:

Fear B-29s

on far-flung Asiatic fronts, super-

with one force of over 100 B-29s set-

As a result of the growing B-29

attacks, Japanese officials, who once

described the assaults as attempts

cessitating the evacuation of civil-

As the giant superfortresses

ians from danger areas.

WATERWAYS:

Large-scale development of U. S

waterway resources was authorized

by congress in a \$1,000,000,000 flood

control bill, while conferees from

both houses met to iron out differ-

ences for approval of expenditures

of an additional \$500,000,000 in proj-

Part of the country's job

creating program when peace

comes, the two bills provide for

flood control, navigation, rec-

lamation and hydro - electric

power, with the \$1,000,000,000

measure calling for an initial

appropriation of \$400,000,000 for

the development of the Missouri

river valley by army engineers

and the bureau of reclamation.

In acting on the bills, the senate

rejected the effort of Senator Aiken

(Vt.) to push through the \$421,000,

000 St. Lawrence seaway and pow

er project as an executive agree-

ment requiring a majority vote

With demands of the services and

the Allies expected to account for

approximately 26,500,000 cases.

there will be little surplus of eggs

in 1945, Lieut. Col. R. W. Olmstead,

deputy director of supply for the

War Food administration, told s

Colonel Olmstead spoke after the

WFA announced that beginning Jan-

uary 1 it would support prices at

27 cents a dozen for producers of

candled eggs and 24 cents a dozen

for current receipts to represent 90

per cent of parity as required by

About 25,000,000 cases will be

needed for the processing of 365,000 .-

000 pounds of dried eggs for the

services, Russia, Britain, Belgium,

Holland and France, Colonel Olm-

stead said, and, in addition, Britain

is expected to take approximately

1,500,000 cases of shell eggs. What

surplus remains may be disposed

of through school lunch programs,

In revealing that WFA has re-

duced its 1944 holdings to 150,000

cases of shell eggs. Colonel Olm-

stead said that no stocks would be

dumped on the market in 1945, with

prices tending to reflect production

costs which are expected to remain

From 7:30 a. m. to 3:30 p. m.,

six days a week, Genevieve has

been operating three machines

From 4:30 p. m. until 10:30

p. m., Monday through Friday,

she has been frosting cakes and

acting as shipping clerk for

Syracuse's Mohican bakery. Sat-

urday nights and Sundays, she

works as a counter waitress at

McCarthy's Seafood restaurant.

She took that tob last June.

institutions or for tankage

high through the year

and a "sander."

V-Girl's Day Belongs to Uncle Sam

trade meeting in Chicago.

a two-thirds margin.

EGGS:

Huge Program

EUROPE:

Nazi Hopes

Fighting now with its back to the wall, a desperate Germany is drawhig up its dwindling strength for one great counter-blow next year in the hope of yet winning the war, fortress air raids were stepped up, according to advices from London.

The reports came through even ting fire to the Mitsibushi twinas the enemy struggled to retard U. S. armies' steady advances on Nagoya below Tokyo. the Ruhr, Rhineland and Saar, and the Russian march on the Austrian

In Hungary, the Nazis retreated to lower enemy morale, took a more to mountainous terrain both in the serious attitude toward the bombnorth and south, in an effort to slow | ings, claiming that their steady exup the Russians' steady advance upon Austria, 100 miles distant.

In reputedly preparing for a counter-offensive, the badly mauled but fanatical enemy apparently was placing his hopes in a still strong army, whose forces have been care- U. S. forces in the Philippines fully husbanded; in new weapons, and in short supply lines.

With 4,000,000 Germans in the field in both the east and west, the On Leyte, the Japs were faced with Nazis have been fighting a defensive war from strongly fortified posi- Arthur's forces continued to comtions in recent months in the hope press them in the northwestern corof inflicting maximum losses on the ner of the island, with their lines Allies and keeping their own casual- under attack from the north, east ties to a minimum. Because of the and south. employment of many foreign workers inside the Reich, they have been able to draw heavily on their own manpower.

Now being used against Allied troops in the west, the V-1 buzz bomb and V-2 rocket are two of the new weapons the Nazis intend



Rep. Clare Booth Luce (left) conferent

to utilize in any counter-assault. They have hinted at the producof two other destructive weapons, but the only other one that Allied authorities have knowledge of is a submarine with new devices for underwater breathing, which they intend to unleash against ship-

Finally, the enemy hopes that his short supply lines in contrast to our longer ones will enable him to feed WFA Program his armies with much greater rapidity, but here concerted Allied bombings can be expected to play havoc with his land routes.

Whatever the German plans, Allied armies were giving the enemy no chance to dream, as they maintained their terrific pressure both in the west and east.

New Political Crisis

To the complicated European political scene was added another disturbing incident in the Russian sponsored Polish National council's announcement that the new year would see the formation of a provisional Polish government independent of the U.S. - British backed Polish exile regime in Lon-

Declaring that it would be the new provisional government's concern to break up large estates for the distribution of land to 8,000,000 propertyless tenants, a National Council spokesman assailed the present exfled regime as being representative of the powerful nobility bucking Soviet influence in Poland because of

a fear of reform in ownership. In Greece, the British moved to patch up differences between radical and rightist elements and restore order in that country fronting Britain's Mediterranean lifeline.

Three jobs, 101 hours a week.

seven days and nights a week-

going into war bonds!

time to donate blood.

and 85 per cent of her earnings

That leaves comely Genevieve

Delctoppo of Syracuse, N. Y., 27-

year-old wife of a tank driver in

Italy, 51/2 hours a day for sleep-

ing-and time to do her own

housework, which includes

washing, ironing and cooking.

In addition, this V-girl finds

New Draft Rule

WORK ORDER:

With 300,000 workers needed for critical war industries, the nation's draft boards checked through their files to offer those in the 26 to 37 age group not presently engaged in essential production the alternative

of "working or fighting." Reversing a previous Selective Service policy of granting liberal deferments for the group over 30, local boards are expected to adopt a more stringent attitude toward considering the essentiality of a registrant's employment, it was thought. Registrants who left deferable positions for less important work will face a return to their old or similar position or induction.

While the latest crackdown principally was prompted by the move to provide manpower for essential industry, Selective Service Director Maj. Gen. Lewis B. Hershey declared that increased military activity called for a greater amount of replacements, with the result that a 10 to 20 per cent increase in inductions could be expected in the next few months.

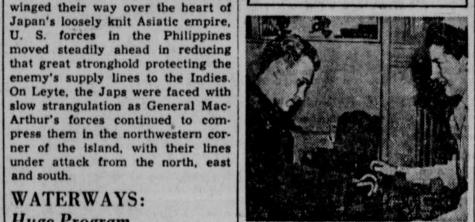
Output Lags

Although production of critical war material rose 6 per cent in October over the previous month, a greater increase for the remainder of the year is necessary to assure required deliveries to the services. the War Production board reported.

In reviewing October production, Aimed at knocking out the great | the WPB said the following programs were below schedule: airindustrial centers of the Japanese homeland, supplying enemy forces craft, 3 per cent; ships, 1 per cent; guns and fire control, 4 per cent; ammunition, 2 per cent; combat and motor vehicles, 5 per cent; communications, 6 per cent; and other engine bomber and fighter plant at equipment and supplies, 1 per cent.

ed, are the tire and cotton duck production programs, what with 500,000 vehicles in operation on the western front alone, and the Nazi destructension presaged wide damage, ne-

Rehabilitate Vets



practice, known as occupational therapy, is one of the means being used to rehabilitate disabled U. S. war vets. At the Walter Reed hospital in Washington, D. C., Pfc. William L. Harris de-

velops dexterity in the movement of artificial right arm by playing checkers with counters of different sizes, with Occupa-tional Therapist Susan Pohland.

SMOKES:

Plan Allocations

As long as manpower shortages will persist and wartime conditions will make extension of facilities difficult, manufacturers will not be able to increase their already record production of cigarettes, the trade told a congressional commit-

Meanwhile, tobacco distributors Must Boost Imports, announced plans for the adoption of Foreign Investments nationwide rationing of supplies among retailers to assure equitable stocks for all smokers, with efforts rather than as a treaty calling for made to readjust deliveries to shifting populations.

> Speaking at the congressional hearing, Col. Fred C. Foy said that the army will have procured 68.000,-000,000 cigarettes by the end of 1944. but movements of the smokes to the front line areas were impeded by limited facilities for unloading and the need for rushing more vital materials like food and gasoline to the combat zones.

AGRICULTURE:

Boost Ceilings

In a move designed to reflect parity to producers, the OPA hiked ceilings on cash wheat 4 cents, and at the same time raised the top on all hogs except sows, stags and boars

In announcing the ceiling boost on wheat, OPA revealed that the increase affects all levels of distribution, but could not disturb the cost of bread. The present subsidy of 19 cents a bushel to flour producers will stick until the first of the year, OPA said, when new rates will be established.

With official admission that the boost in the hog ceiling to \$14.75 was effected to increase feeding of corn, the market for that grain spurted, although heavy country offerings tempered activity At Chicago, hog prices were especially strong, partly because inclement weather kept large supplies on farms.

Washington Digest

Practical Planners Plot Nation's Economic Future

Map Expansion of Foreign Trade as Help in Meeting Goal of 60,000,000 Jobs In Postwar Period.

By BAUKHAGE

News Analyst and Commentator

WNU Service, Union Trust Building who had no responsibility for the Washington, D. C.

'Sixty million jobs!" That phrase has been batted about hopefully, contemptuously, with the raised eyebrow of cynical doubt, with the set jaw of desperate determination.

People may believe it is an ideal dream or feel that it is quite practicable but the majority of experts will tell you unless it is achieved we face the old cycle: inflation, depression, war and pestilence.

But the phrase "60 million jobs" has acquired a new meaning in the last few weeks. Why? Because of a plan that has been presented to achieve this goal. The men who have worked it out, and the things that have brought them together and welded their ideas into an effective implement, have caused some of the hard-headed experts, who are accustomed to weigh such ideas on the scales of experience and either toss them into the scrap heap or hold Particularly critical, it was report- them up as worthy of use, to call this plan good.

The "plan" is contained in a little red-bound booklet issued as Pamphlets Nos. 37-38 of the National tion of shelter in the bitter scorched Planning association and called earth fighting necessitating much "America's New Opportunities in World Trade." And let me hasten to say right here that this organization is not to be confused with another New Deal group of a similar name which congress in its wisdom, or otherwise, has weighed in the balance and found wanting.

> The National Planning association about which I am writing is a nongovernmental, non-partisan association of businessmen and scholars, labor leaders, farmers, bankers and manufacturers,-all, insofar as this task is concerned, at once selfless workers in the vineyard of the public good, and husbandmen who Birth of a realize their neighbor's prosperity is Big Idea likewise their own.

There are three reasons why the plan for creating jobs, worked out Adjustment to new conditions through by this organization, has made an impression on Washington and else-

> First, it has been examined and praised by certain media of public thought which can hardly be described as champions of the impractical, the utopian or the unAmerican -the New York Times, the New York Herald Tribune, and Business Week, to mention only three.

> Second, because of the men who authored or sponsored it-all leaders in their respective fields of American enterprise.

Third, because of the way the organization which brought these men together came into being. Now let me give you the gist of the plan.

A 10 billion dollar trade budget calling for increased imports and increased foreign investments. That sounds pretty unorthodox to start with. There would be tariff reductions to increase the imports on the theory that only thus will foreign countries be able to get the money to buy our goods.

There would be steps taken to make foreign capital investments secure in order to build them up.

There would be an international bank for reconstruction and development; there would be long-time foreign trade agreements coordinated with long-time investment programs.

Now, in order to understand why such an unorthodox program finds such ready acceptance in a hard-bitten world fed up with utopian planning, let me take you back to the genesis of the organization from which this plan emerged.

We find ourselves in the comfortable but somewhat gloomy quarters of the old City club in New York where met a group of men. most of them engineers, some economists, others interested as members of that club, who had become tired of the type of "research" which was largely a collection of ancient history and which looked backward instead of forward

These men saw the weakness in the kind of "report" frequently asked for and submitted to great corporations and other institutions by high-paid and well-informed experts, but written entirely by men | vermin with trained ferrets.



actual carrying out of the programs,

men who had no power whatever to

At about the same time, a simi-

lar group was meeting in England.

It had moved a little farther ahead.

perhaps because its members had

come to the point where they felt

that efficient planning, such as suc-

cessful business institutions carried

through, might be applied to public

affairs as well. They called them-

selves the "P E P" (political and

economic planning). This group was

made up of British government offi-

cials, people from the "City" (Lon-

don's Wall street), members of in-

dustry, finance, the Bank of Eng-

land (which, you recall, is a pri-

national marriage the ideas of the

mingled. And so, the American

group came to the conclusion: first,

decisions to carry out the plans.

Second, that since (as the previous

years had shown) even the well-

efforts fall when the "unplanned" ef-

forts go down as they did in the

depression, it might be wise to car-

ry the planning into the national

By 1934 the National Planning as-

received the backing of a number of

Just when the "60 million jobs"

Other reports followed.

vestments and profit."

Whether this caused the board of

trustees of the NPA to call upon

its committee on international policy

to set their heads to writing a pre-

caused constructive thinking in that

These are some of the men in-

William Batt, one of America's

leading industrialists and a member

of the War Production board, heads

the NPA's board of trustees. The

chairman of the committee of the

NPA which prepared the report is

There are 21 others who compose

the committee which drew up the re-

bers of industry, labor, agriculture.

finance, public affairs, professional

(Copies of the plan - "America's

Pamphlets Nos. 37-38, can be ob-

tained for 50 cents by writing the

RATS! They say that rodents de-

21st street, Washington, D. C.)

sert a sinking ship.

McGraw-Hill publishing company.

By virtue of a fortunate inter-

vate institution) and others.

which they were faced.

Looking at

leon, Belasco and Beau Brummel, but P. T. Barnum would be much better, because De Mille, like Barnum, is a great showman.

His record is unbelievable. His films have earned a shocking amount of money-more than \$200,-000,000. This doesn't include returns

from his latest. "The Story of Dr. Wassell," which stars Gary Cooper and which make the decisions necessary to Paramount meet the actual conditions with claims will make more money than any other Paramount picture with one exception, perhaps-

"Reap the Wild Cecil B. De Mille Wind," in which

world (in 1913 with "The Squaw is the most played film in history), are milestones in this picture busi-

American and British groups King for a Day

De Mille is a wise and gay man rich with wisdom and experience. that planning must be done by for- At 63 years he's become spokesman ward-looking, rather than histori- for the film capital. He reaches cally-minded groups, including per- 40,000,000 people weekly on his radio sons who actually had to make the show. When he recently went to Washington, D. C., to participate in the premiere of "The Story of Dr. Wassell" he was given the No. 1 planned industrial and governmental treatment reserved invariably for visiting potentates. He got pomp and circumstance from the President down the line to foreign ambassadors. In other words, for one day the most discussed man back there was C. B. De Mille. He set the sociation had been organized, had stage and they gave him the works. Many entertaining stories have

foundations, individual contributions and memberships and was able to issue its first report in December of that year setting forth its principles. idea was born, I do not know. Cershe'd walk off the set-or faint. tainly it was before anyone had hit upon that particular figure which. indeed, must be considered rather as a symbol than an exact estimate of tomorrow's needs. But there was one statement made at a meeting in 1940 which seems to me to have been the inspiration for the present It was Donald Nelson who spoke and the gist of what he said was "In order to get full production for the war effort we must conquer certain future fears. Labor must be cured of the fear that this tremendous production effort will bring a reaction and that war workers will could be afraid of a little thing like be working themselves out of a job you?" Claudette said as she did the later. Capital must be cured of the scene; and De Mille smiled wisely. fear that it will bring inflation and

depression which mean that they are C. B. when he's making pictures. working themselves out of their in- Sundays, nights, they're all the

Well. What Else?

lice" De Mille was doing a scene scription for full employment, I do of a group of supposedly badly not know. But it might seem to have | wounded Mounties returning to their barracks, which were aflame. For hours his assistant rehearsed the men. After many rehearsals, what with being bound up with bandages. splints, crutches, carrying litters. etc., the men were tired. De Mille called for a final rehearsal. The Mounties dragged themselves out of camera range, then, summoning their waning strength, began to Stacy May, economic advisor to the march across the lot. De Mille watched their weary progress. Suddenly he shouted: "Stop! Stop! What in heaven's name do you men think port. They are representative mem. you are? A bunch of cripples?"

Hollywood's pet story about De Mille is the one about the great Los Angeles earthquake of years back As the earth shook and rumbled and New Opportunities in World Trade." the players were tossed from their beds they awoke shouting, "Yes yes. Mr. De Mille!"

National Planning association, 800 If that is the case Washington is assured a safe voyage for we have in the capital more than our share And the White House has its quota, too, although the situation there has been ameliorated since the days favorite on the radio." And that, when Theodore Roosevelt hired a special rat charmer to run out the

Ready for Anything William Demarest received a pis-

tol from Winfield Sheehan. So on turned out to be a merchant seaman, ed up cooking breakfast for him.



CECIL B. DE MILLE has been called a combination of Napo-

I got my puss for a smart quarter of an hour.

Ever since C. B. founded Hollywood as the movie capital of the Man") his astute showmanship has been apparent. "The Sign of the Cross," "King of Kings" (which still and "The Ten Commandments" still

grown up about him-many of them true, too. There was, for instance the time De Mille was making "Cleopatra," and the sequence called for Claudette Colbert to grasp an asp (that's a snake, dearie) to Mille knew Claudette loathed snakes. He knew if he asked her to hold one Well, two weeks before the scene De Mille rented a huge boa constrictor from a local zoo, had it brought or. the set in a box. Claudette fainted when she saw it. De Mille told her to be brave, to try to get used to its presence. Then one day before the scene was scheduled De Mille had a tiny asp brought in. "What's that?" asked Claudette. "This little thing is just an asp," De Mille replied, looking at Claudette. "Why, that itty-bitty thing couldn't hurt anybody," said Claudette, picking up the asp and looking sideways at the huge reptile in the box. "Who

Time or the day means nothing to

During "North West Mounted Po-

But his wife tells this one. It's

her favorite story. Some years ago he was in the back country around New Orleans, and some natives hearing his name and voice, said, "O. Mr. De Mille, you sure are our favorite!" C. B. beamed and asked. "Which of my pictures did you like best?" "O, is you in pictures, too? We meant you is our my buddies, is his favorite, too He's just a ham at heart-and aren't we

location Gary Cooper's teaching him to shoot. That came in handy when Demarest woke up at the crack of dawn and heard voices outside. He looked out, and there was a great big guy trying to get through his gate. He grabbed his pistol, ran downstairs, opened the door, and said. "Stick 'em up!" The fellow a bit fuzzy and lost. Demarest end-



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Seas Named During War

The list of the world's 50-odd seas has been increased by three new names, born of war necessity: The Solomon sea, the Philippine sea and the Bismarck sea.

How To Relieve Bronchitis

cause it goes right to the seat of the trouble to help loosen and expel germ laden phlegm, and aid nature to soothe and heal raw, tender, inflamed bronchial muccus flamed bronchial mucous mem-branes. Tell your druggist to sell you a bottle of Creomulsion with the understanding you must like the way it quickly allays the cough or you are to have your money back.

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MISCELLANY

A recent survey shows that 184 million Victory gardens were grown

The figures show that more than half of the U. S. farm people live in the 13 Southern states; cultivate less than one-third of the nation's crop land; and receive one-fourth of the nation's farm income.

BRIEFS ... by Baukhage

"Merry Christmas," said the boy. "Well, I might," said the wistful lady, "if he asked me." I don't know who Bobby is, but at

least he deserves a sock. It is a dangerous thing when cigarettes, biting your nails, oversleeping or being inaugurated gets to be

a habit.

What about the rugged individualists who can't roll their own?

It is easier to let the cat out of the bag before you want to than to let it out of the back door when it wants to.

Turning in a victory bond is like killing the goose for one gold-plated