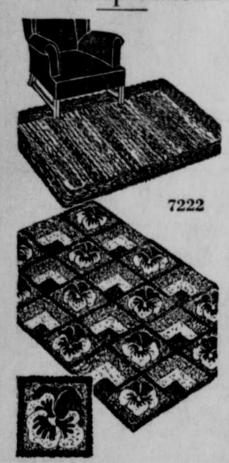
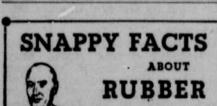
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GET out the rag bag and get to work. Weave, crochet, hook or braid these colorful rugs out of old scraps of material.

Need new rugs? Start today and make them yourself! Instructions 7222 has direc-tions for nine rugs; list of materials; pat-Send your order to:

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John L. Collyer, president of The B. F. Goodrich Co., believes that it will be at least two years after the first recapture of Far East rubberproducing territories before normal operations can be restored. Meanwhile, synthetic and the constantly decreasing amount of natural rub-ber in the U.S. will have to take care of our requirements.

Every time an escort of 1,000 fighter planes goes into ac-tion on the battle front or on bombing raids, some 50 tons of rubber are being carried into the air. The U. S. War Department figures show that the average fighter plane has 105 pounds of rubber somewhere in its construction.

Jerry Than



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Creomulsion relieves promptly be-cause it goes right to the seat of the trouble to help loosen and expel germ laden phlegm, and aid nature to soothe and heal raw, tender, inflamed bronchial mucous membranes. Tell your druggist to sell you a bottle of Creomulsion with the un-derstanding you must like the way it quickly allays the cough or you are to have your money back.

CREOMULSION for Coughs, Chest Colds, Bronchitis



EMULSION

WEEKLY NEWS ANALYSIS-

Of Scrap Materials | Germans Counterattack to Slow Allies' Smash Into Rhineland; OWI Warns of Hard Pacific War



As Holland became a flaming battleground, civilians are shown fleeing from battle zone near Kerkrade to safety.

EUROPE:

'Greatest Battles'

In what the Germans said was . . . the greatest battle of material in the world's history . . ." with 2,500,000 men facing each other on a 460-mile front, Allied forces moved slowly on the Siegfried line against stubborn enemy resistance.

All along the curving battle-line the Germans launched extensive counterattacks, throwing in large numbers of tanks to stem the Allied drive on their all important industrial belt along the Rhine.

Bearing the brunt of the enemy's aggressiveness were Lieut. Gen. Miles



Dempsey's British Second army driving northward in Holland and Lieut. Gen. George S. Patton's American Third army lunging for the coal-laden Saar basin beyond

Gen. Dempsey Metz and Nancy. In Holland,

strong German counterattacks were aimed at thwarting General Dempsey's Tommies from pressing past the northern anchor of the Siegfried line at Kleve, and of throwing an arm to the great water basin of the Zuider Zee to the northwest to cut off an estimated 200,000 Nazis still engaged in the lower extremity of the country.

In addition to employing masses of tanks against General Patton's men before the Saar, the enemy also made good use of the hilly and wooded terrain in the sector to reduce the valiant doughboys' advances

As the fighting raged to the north and south, Lieut. Gen. Courtney Hodges' First American army launched a heavy attack between those two sectors east of Aachen. fighting its way through thick woods to draw up within 27 miles of the

great industrial center of Cologne. Having smashed through the upper reaches of the Germans'

vaunted "Gothic line" in northern Italy, Allied troops fought toward the leveling plains of the great Po valley, cradling the majority of the country's population, and its most highly developed resources. De-



Gen. Clark

spite desperate German attempts to stem their drive, the Allies pushed on, with Lieut. Gen. Mark Clark's American Fifth army threatening to close an escape route for stubborn enemy troops ringed between it and the British Eighth army to the east.

As the remnants of Germany's Baltic armies pulled out of Latvia, the spotlight on the eastern front swung back to East Prussia in the north and Hungary on the south, where the Reds pushed offensives to crack these anchors of the Nazis' eastern front.

While the Germans could fall back on swampy, wooded lake country in East Prussia to slow the Russian drive, they had no such advantage in Hungary, where the Reds pressed for the broad open plains to

the southeast of Budapest. Having landed on the western coast of Jugoslavia, strong Allied forces worked inland to cut off the retreat of an estimated 200,000 Germans moving northward from the lower Balkans.

LOANS DOWN

Index of economic conditions, loans on life insurance policies outstanding in midyear approximated \$2,100,000,000, lowest in 15 years. During the critical depression period of 1932, loans reached \$3,800,-000,000, almost double present fig-

Offsetting a decline in civilian mortality, increased deaths among policy holders in military service resulted in an 18 per cent rise in insurance benefits paid out so far this

PACIFIC:

Airpower

Long is the reach of America's famed B-29 Superfortresses, which have flown to the wars to hamstring the flow of enemy supplies to his widespread Asiatic front by striking at principal Japanese industrial cen-

With recent improvements permitting the carrying of heavier bomb zation. loads, no less than 100 of the B-29s flew the equivalent of from Atlanta, Ga., to the Arctic circle in attacking manufacturing plants in Anshan, Manchuria, second largest steelmaking center in the Japanese em-

While the B-29s were on the wing. other U. S. army and navy planes struck at Jap positions along the whole Pacific front in attempts to soften the enemy against further ad-

Jap Resistance

With Japan possessing many strategic materials in the home islands and Korea enabling her to increase war production; with the country capable of putting 8,000,000 men in the field, and with American supply lines stretched, U. S. victory in the Pacific may require from 11/2 to 2 years after Germany's defeat, the Office of War Information said.

To America's advantage in pressing for victory, OWI said, was its own tremendous war output, capable of turning out 8,000 planes a month to Japan's 1,500; the threat to cut the enemy's supply lines from the Indies area and blockade the homeland, and the overrunning of his outer defenses which has brought U. S. forces close to the inner ram-

Far from slaking the Japs' fervor. Germany's fall might strengthen the enemy's determination to resist, OWI said.

POSTWAR GERMANY: Allied Plans

With Secretary of the Treasury Morgenthau's proposal for stripping Germany of all of its manufactories and reducing the country to an agricultural basis rejected, Allied postwar plans looked forward to the maintenance of the Reich's industrial machine under close supervision.

Challenging Morgenthau's position, Secretary of State Hull and Secretary of War Stimson declared that not only did Germany turn out certain essential industrial products for the rest of Europe, but that its business also put it in the market to purchase other countries' goods.

In order to check German industry's war-making capacity, Allied plans call for control over all strategic materials, with possible elimination of factories adapted to arms production.

BUTTER:

Tight Supply

With only 12,000,000 pounds of butter in storage earmarked for civilians and consumption on a day-today basis, the point value on the product was raised from 16 to 20 points per pound, OPA officials said.

Despite the government's plans for withdrawing from the butter market in October until production climbs in the spring, no immediate relief in the tight supply was seen. Said OPA Administrator Chester Bowles: " . . . We civilians are going to have to get along with less butter than formerly, at least during the next 90 days or so. . . .

Besides reserving 126,000,000 pounds of the present stocks of 138,-000,000 pounds, the government has been purchasing great quantities of butter fat from producers for powdered milk and other uses.

Thinking in terms of a utilization in space and weight, Ford Motor company officials are working on plans for largescale production of the lowest priced automobile since Ford's model A.

Declaring that the vehicle would not be of a miniature doodelbug type, Henry Ford II declared: "Such a car would be in addition to our regular line. What it will sell for, what it will look like, are matters of conjecture at the moment. The logical result . . . would be a better automobile for the American family."

PRICE CONTROL:

Must Stay-Byrnes

Until total victory is achieved in the Pacific, price and wage controls must be maintained to prevent an under supply of goods and overly stuffed pocketbooks to set off a dangerous inflationary cycle, War Mobilization Director James F.

Byrnes declared. Stating that figures of the bureau of labor statistics showed only an increase of 25 per cent since January, 1941, Byrnes said that farm income rose 81 per cent and the average weekly pay of workers 51 per ing. cent during the same period.

"The stabilization program has hurt neither the farmer nor the worker," Byrnes asserted. "The white collar workers and the people with small fixed incomes have fared less well during the war, but the only way to help them is to continue to hold the line against inflation."

Seek Higher Wages

Even while Byrnes spoke, organized labor pressed for revision of the government's stabilization program, urging that the formula for limiting wage increases to 15 per cent over January, 1941, levels be junked.

In appearing before the War Labor board, CIO Chieftain Philip Murray argued that public members of a WLB panel had found living costs increased almost 30 per cent since January, 1941, rather than 25 per cent as claimed by the bureau of labor statistics.

Declaring that both labor and management were entitled to a quick settlement of the wage question so as to be able to solve immediate and reconversion problems.

AFL leaders joined the CIO in the assault upon present wage stabili-

Early Start



To beaming parents Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Walls of Los Angeles, Calif., tiny six-weeks-old Evelyn is a constant

Picture proves parents' boast little Evelyn can stand up. In addition, she can raise herself while lying on her tummy and take three steps while holding her mother's hand.

RADIO TUBES:

Small Surplus

With such scarce radio tubes as the 12SA7 and 12A8 commanding as much as \$10 in black markets, army release of 1,000,000 surplus tubes for civilian use will tend to only slightly ease the tight supply situ-

To be returned to manufacturers for testing and packing before distribution to customers on an "equitable basis," the 1,000,000 tubes will not even approximate the production of 1,754,000 in July, which met only a fraction of the demand.

Because of the services' extensive use of radio equipment for communications between units on the fighting fronts, trade circles saw little hope for increased civilian supplies until Germany's defeat permitted a cutback in military orders.

FOOD STOCKS: Orderly Disposal

With the War Food administration already feeding the government's excess stocks of food to civilian outlets without disrupting the markets, U. S. officials will make every effort to maintain orderly disposal of surpluses with the war's end, WFA distribution director Lee

Marshall said. "We must maintain specified war reserves no matter how favorable the war may be going," he said, "but I, for one, don't think it necessary to build a separate stockpile of the same foods for postwar relief feeding."

In disposing of surpluses, Marshall said, salable goods would first be offered to companies which furnished the government with the products. Others in the same business would be given second choice.

WOMEN WORKERS

Tasting well the fruits of boomtime employment, with many adjusting themselves to industry since 1941, seven out of ten women war workers intend to stay at work after hostilities cease, a survey by the Northwestern National Life Insur-

ance company revealed. Nearly two-thirds of the married women and four-fifths of the single women declared their intention to remain in industry, the survey showed. Only 19 per cent planned to return to housework.

Some homemakers serve raw turnips in strips to be eaten with salt, like celery.

The bottom part of a funnel may be used as an apple corer in

Wax the metal wastepaper basket inside and out to prevent rust-

For a well-seasoned roast, add few gingersnaps to the juice in the pan.

To reheat bread, place in a paper sack, fasten tightly and warm for five minutes in a moderate

If you have difficulty in getting sonny boy to wash his neck and behind the ears, try giving him an old shaving brush and let him apply the soap.

If the sound sleeper has difficulty in hearing the alarm clock sound the awakening hour, place the clock upon a china plate.

A medium-sized gold fish bowl is excellent for use in whipping cream. Does away with splatter-

FARM FOR SALE

ONE SECTION WHEAT AND STOCK ranch for sale or trade. ALBERT LARSON, KIMBALL, NEBRASKA.

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That Nagging Backache

May Warn of Disordered Kidney Action

Modern life with its hurry and worry, irregular habits, improper eating and drinking—its risk of exposure and infection—throws heavy strain on the work of the kidneys. They are apt to become over-taxed and fail to filter excess acid and other impurities from the life-giving

You may suffer nagging backache, headache, dizziness, getting up nights, leg pains, swelling—feel constantly tired, nervous, all worn out. Other signs of kidney or bladder disorder are sometimes burning, scanty or too frequent uringtion.

urination.

Try Doan's Pills. Doan's help the kidneys to pass off harmful excess body waste. They have had more than half a century of public approval. Are recomended by grateful users everywhere. Ask your neighbor!

Those Girls!

Ann-Do you know what makes the tower of Pisa lean? Joan-No, if I did, I'd take some myself.

How Could He?

"Do you know you were driving at "Impossible; I've only been out of the garage for 20 minutes."

"You must be more polite to people," said the shopkeeper to his new assistant. "That lady who has just gone out is one of our most faithful askers."

He Stopped That Mrs. Spendmore-I had men running after me long before I married you.

Mr. Spendmore-Yes, and they would be running after you now if I didn't pay your bills.

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Gas on Stomach

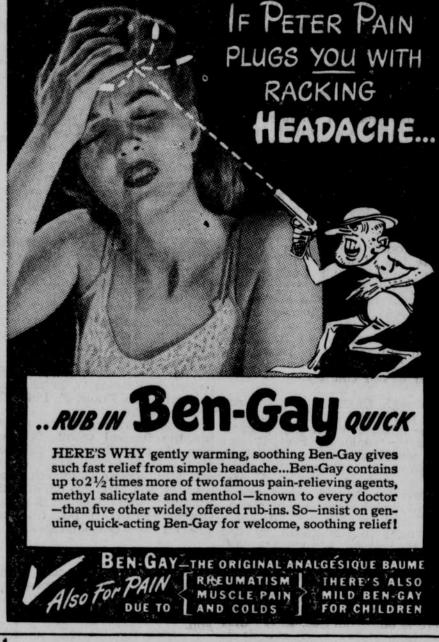
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