

THE FRONTIER

D. H. Cronin, Editor and Proprietor
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ADVERTISING RATES
Display advertising is charged for on a basis of 25c an inch (one column wide) per week. Want ads 10c per line, first insertion, subsequent insertions, 5c per line.

Notwithstanding the fact that the law specifically provides penalties for soliciting campaign subscriptions from federal employees the present administration is "shaking down" all the federal employes in the state, according to stories in the daily press.

Senator Vandenberg, of Michigan, will be on the air next Saturday night with a real message for the voters of the United States. The address will be broadcast over the nation and can be heard in this section over KFAB, Omaha-Lincoln, from 7:30 to 8:00 p. m. If you want to hear a real orator with a real message for the people be sure and tune in next Saturday night.

Dickson Has A Splendid Record As District Judge

At the coming election a Judge of this Judicial District is to be elected. This is a most important office. It would seem unnecessary to call attention to the fact that Judge Robert R. Dickson is a candidate for re-election and make mention of his qualifications and his record on the bench. His services on the bench were so satisfactory to the voters that he had no opposition in the Primary, evidence of the people's approval of his judicial administration.

He is a progressive and enterprising citizen and has contributed of his time and means to every worthy object and enterprise in his community and has responded to the call of the citizens of the district on many public occasions and has addressed every High School in the district. He has accomplished much with juvenile offenders and in many cases the once erring boy is now leading an exemplary life, proving what can be done when the right means are employed.

In years past and present, many land owners by reason of the depression, poor crops and low prices were unable to pay taxes, mortgages or interest, resulting in the bringing of many foreclosures. In

order that the land owner might save his farm and home, confirmations of sales were continued and moratoriums granted. When crops failed, pastures burned up and meadows failed to produce, Judge Dickson adjusted the matter of rent of those holding their lands under moratoriums by relieving them in many instances from payments of all rent or by reducing it in keeping with conditions that developed during the crop seasons. This course of procedure on the Judge's part brought about many settlements and adjustments whereby the land owner was able to save his home. Judge Dickson has never confirmed a foreclosure sale or denied a moratorium without giving the land owner every opportunity to save his home.

Judge Dickson has refused to call juries when in his judgment the business was not of sufficient importance to justify the calling of a jury for the term, either trying the cases himself without a jury or continuing them until there was sufficient business to justify the expense of a jury. Every jury term of Court held without a jury saves the county at least \$250.00. Since he has been upon the bench, juries have been excused in Boyd county for 12 terms of court; in Brown county for 17 terms of court; in Holt county for 11 terms of court; in Rock county for 22 terms, and Keya Paha county for 27 terms of court. This was a saving to the counties of the district of about \$20,000.00. These figures can be verified by an examination of the records of the Clerks of the District Court of the several counties.

More than 12,000 cases, criminal and civil, not including many Juvenile cases, have been disposed of by Judge Dickson. Since he has been upon the bench 276 cases have been appealed to the Supreme Court, which is a comparatively small number when we consider the many important criminal and civil cases disposed of in the district. There were appealed from Holt county 149 cases, with 17 reversals; from Boyd county 60 cases, with 12 reversals; from Brown county 23 cases, with 4 reversals; from Rock county 26 cases, with 2 reversals, and from Keya Paha county 18 cases, with 4 reversals, making only 39 reversals since Judge Dickson has been upon the bench, and only two reversals in the last four years. There are pending and undecided in the Supreme Court five cases. This record is not excelled by any judge in Nebraska and is due to the careful and conscientious consideration of the law and facts in each case and accounts for the small number of cases appealed to the Supreme Court and the very few reversals. Judge Dickson has been called upon by the Supreme Court to sit as an Associate Justice and his opinions reflect his ability as a

jurist. The citizens of the district and every lawyer of the district have absolute confidence in his judicial integrity.

Much has been done by the Judge to bring about respect for law and constituted authority and the due administration of justice in our courts. Every man who believes in a fair and impartial trial by a court and jury owes Judge Dickson his loyal support to the end that the letter and spirit of the Constitution guaranteeing a fair and impartial trial may be had.

In these times and conditions we are very fortunate to have on the bench a judge with the ability and experience of Judge Dickson. His re-election assures a continuation of the due administration of justice, and that without fear or favor. He has devoted the best years of his life to the service of the district, and if you feel that his years of faithful service entitle him to re-election, vote for him.

Mullen Now For Norris

Arthur F. Mullen is back in Nebraska and in a radio address the forepart of the week endorsed the candidacy of George W. Norris for the United States senate. Arthur has always been a fighting democrat and has always been a strong supporter of democratic candidates, whether they were friendly to him or not. But this year he kicks Terry Carpenter, the regular democratic nominee for the state out of the way and comes out for a man whom he has opposed politically for the past thirty years. My, what a change has come over the political eyesight of this Holt county boy, who has gone places and done things. Some of you may wonder what caused this great change in Arthur. He did not do it voluntarily, it was the command of the "big chief" in the white house. He not only picks the candidates for the people, but tries to cram them down the throats of the electorate. If this is not dictatorship, what is it?

More than 100 supernumeraries and employes have been cut off the legislative payroll by the new system.

When the unicameral legislature is in session there will be no committees. The usual committees are to be named during the ad interim periods. So when the legislature is called to order, temporary and permanent organization occupy but a few minutes.

After the canvass of the vote for the constitutional state officers, the new legislature is expected to plunge at once into routine business. The judiciary committee, composed of a representative of each business vocation, industry and profession in the state, makes its report.

THE NEBRASKA SCENE

by James R. Lowell
Within less than three weeks Nebraska voters will have awarded to 43 men and women the distinction of being members of our first unicameral legislature, and political observers from such far away states as Oregon and New York already are getting their pens and typewriters limbered up.

No one is quite certain how the legislative experiment will turn out, but the supposition is that nothing of the bicameral system will

be revived in the one-house body. However, there are some observers who declare that politics will continue to dog the legislature despite the intended nonpartisan set-up.

The lieutenant governor is the presiding officer of the one-house body. The body will elect a speaker. As the members have been elected on a nonpartisan ballot, there will be no party caucuses such as were wont to enliven the legislative sessions of yesteryear.

Friends of the new system say that political leaders will be impotent; that gag rule can no longer exist; the governor, the state officers, and the supreme court judges will be without authority so far as the legislature is concerned. It will be virtually the board of directors of a gigantic corporation. Business problems, not political questions, will be solved.

An executive secretary is to be chosen after a speaker is elected. The speaker presides in the absence of the lieutenant governor, or while he is discharging the duties of governor. There will be a reading clerk, a record clerk, two pages, two engrossing and enrolling clerks and five stenographers.

There will be no chaplain, no sergeant at arms and no postmaster. The civil service mail carrier on duty at the state house postal station distributes the mail. The state sheriff furnishes a deputy to serve papers, and this official also is called in case of disorder.

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This is really a shifting committee, reporting at the beginning of the session instead of at the close. Contacting this committee are the state officers, county officials, mayors, and the reporter of the supreme court. The reviser of the statutes works with the judiciary during the time when the legislature is not in session. He is on duty when the legislature convenes.

In one report the judiciary committee is to present all the bills usually classified as "chicken feed" legislation. This class of bills include the great mass of measures that clog the legislative hoppers. Slight statutory changes, minor amendments, and the repeal of obsolete statutes are taken care of by the report of this committee. All other committees report on the important bills introduced by the members. These will be prepared in advance, and many of the proposed measures are being discussed during the present campaign.

Bills may be introduced at any time throughout the session. Each member has a file containing all the bills that will have been presented to the legislature. This record is kept up thru the years, and when a legislator is defeated for re-election, the secretary provides his successor with a complete file.

The lobby has been outlawed and abolished thru the new system, its sponsors say. All information of value is to be secured from official sources, from constituents, and from officers of state. The idea is to avoid the obsolete arguments foisted on new members by lobbyists.

BRIEFLY STATED

Romaine Saunders was up from his south country ranch last Tuesday.

Mrs. John Beal, of Ainsworth, is here this week visiting at the home of her brother, John Green.

Mr. and Mrs. Al Pierson, of Neligh, were in the city Sunday, visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Harnish.

Ed O'Donnell came up from North Platte last Saturday and visited relatives and friends here Sunday and Monday.

J. G. Kennedy, of Page, was transacting business in the city Tuesday and incidentally visiting his many old time friends in this city.

Jake Reis, of Hooper, Nebr., is in the city today looking after his real estate interests in this section.

Fred W. Binger, of Neligh, and Miss Wilma Faulstick, of the same city, were granted a marriage license in county court last Saturday.

Those having names and recipes for the Ladies Guild birthday calendar, please get them to Mrs. Malone on or before Tuesday, Oct. 20.

E. J. Ramold, of Gregory, S. D., proprietor of the O'Neill Food Center, was in the city Wednesday looking after his business interests here.

Cap Addison was in from his place in the southwest part of the county Tuesday and Wednesday, buying a few winter supplies and

getting some repairs for his farm machinery.

Mr. and Mrs. P. J. O'Donnell came up from Randolph last Saturday and spent Sunday and Monday visiting relatives and friends in this city, returning home Monday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. John Schimdt and Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Donohoe drove over to Brewster in Blaine county last Thursday, to attend the district meeting of the Farmers Union. They returned the same evening.

Mr. and Mrs. E. M. Gallagher left last Friday morning for Lincoln where they joined a party of Lincoln friends and went to Minneapolis to witness the Nebraska-Minnesota football game, returning home Monday.

U & I STORE Phone 55
Friday, Saturday and Monday **SPECIALS**
3 Free Deliveries Daily Fresh Milk and Cream

SODA CRACKERS, 2-Lb. Boxes	17c
WAX or GREEN BEANS, No. 2 Cans, 2 for	23c
SWEET CORN—Standard—No. 2 Cans, 2 for	25c
TOMATOES—Ex. Standard. 2 No. 2 Cans	19c
PORK & BEANS—11-oz. Cans, each	5c
VEGETABLE SOUP—10½ Cans, 2 for	15c
PEANUT BUTTER—32-oz. Jar	28c
PRUNES—Large Size, 2-Lbs.	25c
MINCE MEAT—"Non Such"—2 for	25c
LARD—Armour's Star, Per Lb.	17c
OLEOMARGARINE—Red Rose, 2-Lbs.	38c
WHEATSWORTH BREAKFAST CEREAL	
100% Whole Wheat—Per Package	17c
"Jersey Cream" Pancake FLOUR—3½-Lbs.	19c
MACARONI—Bulk, per lb., 5c—10-lbs.	53c
TOKAY GRAPES, Per Lb.	10c
BANANAS—4-Lbs	25c
CELERY—3 for	25c
CABBAGE—Per Lb.	3c

RALPH TOMLINSON, Proprietor

Wake Up, Nebraska!
Stop the "Spending Spree" by the State House Political Machine
HOW YOUR TAX BILL HAS GROWN

	Last Year Under Bryan	First Year Under Cochrans
Property tax	\$ 4,530,053.49	\$ 4,330,679.45
Gasoline tax	9,574,839.97	11,205,676.29
Tax on insurance premiums, liquor, inspection fees, etc.	4,246,389.88	6,139,307.93
TOTALS	\$18,351,283.34	\$21,675,663.67

INCREASE IN NEBRASKA TAX BURDEN in first year under COCHRAN \$3,324,380.33

NOTE: The above figures do not include one penny of federal money. This is money which came out of the pockets of the people of Nebraska.

WHO SAYS COCHRAN HAS NOT CREATED NEW TAXES?

- 1—How about the one-cent additional gas tax?
- 2—How about the \$2,000,000 in liquor taxes?
- 3—How about the \$2 head tax on every person under fifty years of age?

If the cost of our government had been held down, the income from liquor taxes would have brought about a real reduction in the property tax levy.

Two-fisted, Aggressive Dwight Griswold
Stands for Honest, Efficient and Economical Government.

VOTE FOR
DWIGHT GRISWOLD
FOR GOVERNOR
End the six-year rule of the Statehouse Political Machine

THEY WILL BE SURPRISED WHEN WE TELEPHONE THEM.

YES, PEOPLE IN EUROPE DON'T USE THE TELEPHONE NEARLY AS MUCH AS WE DO.

AMERICANS LEAD THE WORLD IN THEIR USE OF TELEPHONE SERVICE

• The average American makes nine times as many telephone calls as the average European.

In the United States, you can get more and better service for your money than anywhere else in the world. Under such conditions, it is natural that Americans should use telephone service more than do the people of other countries.

Your telephone dollar has been buying more and more each year. It buys swifter, more accurate and more dependable local service; it buys out-of-town service amazingly faster, clearer and more sure at substantially lower cost; it buys service which reaches across oceans and covers almost the whole world.

For more than half a century, the Bell System has worked constantly to improve and extend telephone service and to keep down its cost to telephone users. In this way, it has helped to give the United States world leadership in telephone service.

NORTHWESTERN BELL TELEPHONE COMPANY

About 800,000 Persons Have Savings Invested in the Bell System

Coming

SAT. NOV. 7

New **CHEVROLET 1937**
The Complete Car—Completely New