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THE NEBRASKA SCENE

by James R. Lowell

election contest of judges of the gain his own ends. ning for re-election will be ousted. on Binderup's "leftist" tendencies

elected this year from the First, Third and Fifth (old) districts. Judge Eberly, Stanton, is without opposition in the Third. Judge Bayard H. Paine, Grand Island, who is serving his first term, is picked by prognosticators to stay on the bench as Fifth district representative despite spirited opposition from a petition candidate. The upset, is appears, will be in Judge Rose faces a younger and competition. Few odds are being more vigorous opponent in the person of Frank A. Peterson of Lin-

ities attached thereto. If re-elect- political capacity. ed, he would be past 81 years of Nevertheless Nebraska democage when his term was completed, racy went up a few points as a reand political observers at the state sult of the executives's visit, just are none too good right now.

an at the state house in governmental office holding, having been Governor Cochran and Congresson the public pay roll ever since man Coffee of the Fifth district. coming to Nebraska in 1889. Incidently, he has never conducted a private law practice.

librarian. From 1901 to 1908 he eral government is certain, and was assistant attorney general, that suffering of a serious nature In 1908 he was appointed to the will be warded off. He estimates supreme court, having been chair- that the peak of WPA and resettleman of the republican state central ment aid cases this winter will be committee in 1906.

Mr. Peterson, the other supreme years. He is a former county at- the Kansas record of a 45-day sesattorney of Lancaster county, for- sion, mer assistant United States attor-

finishing his first term. He has Senator Norris, but failed. had considerable judicial experi- With three Swansons running the New Deal has proved to be for ence, however, including 14 years for state office, complications are the American farm country is being as a district judge, along with 12 beginning to arise. Harry R. forcefully analyzed by Mr. Peek. years of private law practice at Swanson, democrat and present He asserts that the New Deal

the primary, but shortly after the Burkett, who alleges the name of dollars, while substituting therefor supreme court decision this summer "Swanson" is responsible for the yearly federal benefits of only half on the Tri-county case, holding it state official's success in political a billion dollars. illegal to divert water from one life. On the other hand, Duane Mr. Roosevelt won the support watershed to another, Mayor F. Swanson, republican candidate for of George Peek and the farm A. Anderson of Holdrege got into state railway commissioner, thinks country with pledges his adminis the race as a petition candidate Swanson a pretty goood name any tration has not fulfilled. and is making a determined fight. way you look at it, and is "going Mr. Peek sought the reaization Judge Paine did not sit in on the to do something about it" if his of his dreams first through the Tri-county case as he and Mrs. republican colleague doesn't cease Agricultural AdJustment Admin-Paine own land in the territory in- his attacks on the grand "old istration, of which he was the first volved and the Judge was thus dis- name." qualified for any part in the decis- Accompanied by an amplifying the rocks of the Wallace program ion, but in the Tri-county area truck, Robert G. Simmons, repub- of "idle acres and dead pigs." there is considerable resentment lican senatorial nominee, will visit He then sought to save American toward the supreme court as a 120 towns in seven weeks, begin- farmers from ruin by revitalizing whole, and, fairly or not, Judge ning September 14. His campaign foreign trade, only to give up in Paine has this attitude to combat, tour will carry him approximately disgust when the Roosevelt adminespecially in Phelps, Kearney and 25,000 miles. Adams counties. The consensus is that he will win, however.

parties are fairly well agreed that vided for in an act passed by the dustrial producers. -Omaha Beethe Nebraskans in congress next 1935 legislature may become an News. year are not going to give the ad- actuality in the near future as the ministration (if Roosevelt is re- result of a district court decision elected) the support it received holding the act constitutional exduring the past two years, and cepting one section giving the govthat there is a good chance that ernor the power to remove or sus-Landon (if elected) would have a pend constitutional officers of the majority of the state's congress- state without trial for failure to ional representatives behind him. obey he provisions of the law.

is rated as the most likely of the the result of a fight between surety five in the state to change its bonding companies and the state present status. Judge Ernest B. when the bonding companies

THE FRONTIER Perry, Lincoln, has had constructed able more experience in governmade other demands. The state or D. H. Cronin, Editor and Proprietor mental affairs than his contestant, law did not permit the state or Cogressman Luckey, democrat, and counties to pay the rate demanded, the political winds in the First and for about four weeks State district are alleged to be shifting Treasurer Hall could not give his in Perry's favor. Incidentally, the million dollar bond, and the busi-Every subscription is regarded as latter is not making the mistake ress of the state was at a standan open account. The names of of unequivocally condemning every- still. subscribers will be instantly re- thing done by the Roosevelt ad- Difficulties, largely techinal, in

ministration. to the administration.

acity during his first term in Wash- urer from 1927 to 1931. Ordinarily the Nebraska voter ington by playing ball with the ad-

mosphere of sanctity surrounding district contest is considered a tossthat high body and the "ins" staythe democratic incumbent, Charles funds with out security. This year, however, it appears that G. Binderup. The Arthur J. Denney supporters, however, count

Supreme court judges are to be to lose him a number of votes. Apparently the "battle royal" will be waged in the Fifth. Most committed to state hospitals, few of the citizens in this district admit that Harry B. Coffee of Chadron has been an unusually good ging. The auditor's biennial rerepresentative for a first-termer, and under ordinary circumstances he would have no trouble getting a second term. But even the democrats concede that Coffee's opponent, Cullen N. Wright of Scottsbluff, furnishes more than ordinary given in this contest.

Early September highlights of Judge Rose has served long and the Nebraska political scene include creditably as a member of the the appearance of President Roosesupreme court. His present weak. velt in this and adjoining drouthness as a candidate lies in his ad- damaged states, altho the president vanced age and the growing frail- avowedly was not appearing in

house say his health and hearing as republican stock boomed with as republican stock boomed with proved a boon to the fair from a financial standpoint. The 1935 fair funds should be spent without waste Judge Rose is perhaps the veter- speaking tour. Benefitting from paid out for the first time since and absurdities," he said.

Governor Cochran, who conferred with the president at Des Moines and enroute to the Iowa The first twelve years in Ne- capitol from Omaha, reports that braska he was assistant state adequate drouth aid from the fedbetween 28,000 and 30,000 cases.

Speaking at Chadron state park, court judgeship candidate in the Dwight Griswold, republican nom-First district, is only 55 years of inee for governor, severely critiage and is in the prime of his life, cized Nebraska's 1935 legislature His experience includes actual for "their longest and most expractice before the state and fed- pensive session in the history of the eral courts for over twenty-five state," and lauded by comparison

Terry Carpenter, democratic canney and former city attorney of didate for United States senator, assured a North Platte crowd that In the Fifth district contest an he would back he Townsend plan, entirely different state of affairs if elected. Several days later he fact for which the New Deal can exists. Judge Paine, the incumb- visited New York in an attempt to only blame itself, according to Geo. ent, is much younger than his col- induce the democratic national N. Peek, former foreign trade adleague, Judge Rose, and is just committee to back him instead of visor to President Roosevelt.

secretary of state, is being assailed farm program has reduced the an-Judge Paine was unopposed in by his 23-year-old opponent, Bill nual farm income by three billion

Political soothsayers in both state and its subdivisions as pro- ition upon American farm and in-

The First congressional district The state bonding fund act was

Perry, Lincoln, has had consider- doubled their premium rate and

the treasurer's office during the The Second district is least like- past decade as to faulty record the subscription remains in force ly to lose its incumbent in the No- keeping and methods of accounting at the designated subscription price. vember election. There the prog- were responsible for the demand that these conditions are made a nosticators count on continued dem- of the bonding companies for highpart of the contract between pub- ocratic representation despite the er rates, and another of those in hostility of both the Omaha dailies tra-treasury mixups is now due to be aired in court.

likewise to repeat, altho the sup- \$149,000 against former State in a speech delivered before a porters of John Havekost (D) vow Treasurer Stebbins, of Gothenburg, crowd of 25.000 persons here. they will give Stefan a run for his and his bond sureties because of money. The latter has demon- loss of unsecured state deposits in strated considerable political sag- failed banks. Stebbins was treas-

The state contends the law makes fails to enthuse much over the ministration, at least enough to the state treasurer insurer of the At this reckoning, the Fourth bins' defense will be that the state guaranty fund law, then still in

> STATE HOUSE SHORTS: Altthough the 1935 legislature authorized counties to levy a special tax to pay for the keep of their insane counties took advanage of the act and paymen of those bills is lagport shows \$265,639 is still due from the counties for state care of

which levied a 2 per cent tax on eral government came from hidden gross premiums of fire insurance companies for firemen's relief will be tested in the supreme court. The act was ruled invalid by district court decision this summer. Incidently, Omaha police are preparing to foster a bill in the 1837 legislative session providing funds | ment.' from some special source for policemen's pensions.

While it was with fear and trembdling that the state fair acter of the neighbor who buys botrd decided to allow pari-mutual more than he can afford, and evenbetting on horse races at the fair tually "winds up on the rocks." last year, the pari-mutual legalized by the 1935 legislature has the betting, and total receipts of \$122,256. Grandstand attendance jumped over 350 per cent as a result of the pari-mutual races, and from appearances they will take in even more this year.

BAD BARGAIN TO FARMER

Government checks to farmers Deal to take the agricultural states out of the election campaign.

The Roosevelt administration confidently expected to add a new "solid west" to the "solid south" traditionally relied upon by the democratic party.

The New Deal expectation was that it could count the electoral votes in the middle west along with those in the south, without going to the trouble of campaigning for them.

It thought those votes had been bought and paid for.

This illusion has been blasted, a

The nature of the bad bargain

head. This hope was dashed upon

istration closed the world market to American products and opened State bonding officers of the the floodgates of foreign compet-

> Born in Pennsylvania Alf M. Landon, Republican candi-

date for president, was born at West Middlesex, Pa., in a Method ist parsonage—the home of his mother's parents-on September 9,

Tax on Pork Chops

When you buy a pound of porl

chops, included in the price is sever

cents for New Deal taxes.

Poor Bear Bigger Tax Load: Landon

Urges Honest Bookkeeping in Buffalo Speech; Warns of Federal Waste.

BUFFALO, N. Y .- Gov. Alf M. Landon of Kansas charged the Roosevelt administration with increasing by 25 per cent the share of the cost of government falling mainly on persons of incomes of \$25 a week or less,

He deplored wasteful spending and deficits, with their increased burden of hidden taxes, and declared, "The time has come when we must establish a system of simple. honest bookkeeping."

"We must remember," he said, "that every time the government spends a dollar, that dollar will have to be paid by our children." The Republican Presidential candidate reiterated his belief in direct taxes levied on the net incomes of individuals and corporations as a means of charging everyone his

fair share of the cost of govern-

ment and letting him know what

that share is. Taxes Hit Low Incomes.

"In the year 1932, 59 cents out of every dollar collected by our federal government was secured from direct taxes," said Gov. Landon. "The other 41 cents was collected from indirect and hidden taxes.

"Four years later what do we find? We find that 51 cents out of Constitutionality of the 1935 act every dollar collected by the fedtaxes. In other words, the share of the cost of government falling mainly on those with incomes of \$25 a week or less has increased 25 per cent during the three years of the present administration. They are paying far more than their rightful share of the cost of govern-

> G. O. P. for Relief. Gov. Landon likened the New Deal party's policy of spending double its income to the familiar char- an average of \$46.00 each.

"The Republican party believes in being generous in the spending of

Politics Keeps Dakota Cattle Dry, Says 'Ding'

Washington, D. C .- How politics has denied water to Dakota cattle during the drouth was described by Jay N. Darling, known affectionately to millions as "Ding" the cartoonist, when he was interviewed on were counted upon by the New the William Hard radio hour. Until recently "Ding" was chief of the bureau of biological survey of the department of agriculture. "The bureau of biological sur-

vey," said Mr. Darling, "made a careful survey for the New Deal administration of the water re-



JAY N. "DING" DARLING

sources of North Dakota. A program of impounded water reservoirs to hold all the water that might fall in good years and bad was completed. "But," continued Mr. Darling,

"the relief money for North Dakota was handed over to political administrators for distribution, and the scientific men who had prepared the water conservation program were told that the only way in which they could secure the authorization of their projects was to apply to these politicians. The result has been that the only water available in North Dakota in this year of excessive drouth is to be found in the few ponds - very few - which the biological survey was able to construct out of some stray moneys on which it managed to lay its hands."

William Hard's Hour.

Chicago.-The radio division of the Republican National committee announced that the program, "News for Voters" would in the future be known as "William Hard's Hour". It is heard nightly, from Monday to Friday, over the NBC coast-to-coast Blue network at 9:00 P. M., EST, except on Wednesdays when it is heard at 8:45 P. M., EST.

Invisible Taxes

"We cannot buy a stitch of clothing without the government's taking in taxes a part of the money we pay out. We cannot buy an ounce of food at our grocery store without being taxed to support the government. We cannot go to a movie, or to a baseball game, or ride in an autor obile without this invisible tax arm of government reaching out and taking a part of the money we spend."-Alf M. Landon at Buffalo, N. Y., August

"If the major portion of the government's income is obtained from indirect and hidden taxes-taxes upon such things as food, clothing, gasoline and cigarettes-then the main burden falls upon those of small income and the cost of government is hidden. In this case, it is the wage earner, the salaried worker, the farmer, and the small business man, who have to pay most of the bill."-Alf M. Landon at Buffalo, N. Y., August 26, 1936.

Two Extremes

While the Roosevelt administration was spending two dollars for each dollar of revenue received, and creating a deficit of more than \$14,-000,000,000, Gov. Alf M. Landon was holding down government expenses in Kansas and seeing to it that the state did not spend more than

Paid in Cash To balance the Kansas budget ev-

ery state employee from governor down accepted a pay reduction. This included school teachers, but they received their salaries when due, and in cash. They thoroughly approve of the Landon system. In the process no child in Kansas was deprived of school opportunities.

Cotton Checks

Big cotton planters in the South received generous helpings of government funds for not growing cotton. Forty-six received more than \$10,000 each and one was sent a check for \$123,000; 1,131 received checks of over \$2,500 each and then of the little fellows, 732,075 received

THE FOREIGN FLOOD

Food Imports 1933-1935



1933—6,470 lbs. 1933—31,383 bu. 1933—160,288 bu. 1935-3,414,317 lbs. 1935-27,438,870 bu. 1935-43,242,296 bu.

The latest figures from the De- | 3,414,317 POUNDS. This is fine for partment of Commerce at Washington show what has happened to the

of New Deal mismanagement. While New Deal bureaucrats were slaughtering hogs, ploughing under crops and yanking farm lands out of production, the rest of the world was busy shipping in food that the American consumer is buying.

American food market in two years

In 1933 we imported only 6,740 pounds of live-weight hogs. IN 1935, AFTER THE NEW DEAL HOG SLAUGHTER, WE IMPORTED | ing that this flood be stopped.

the foreign hograiser, but is hard on domestic producers and consum-

The American corn and hog producing states have been penalized by fantastic New Deal theories which have turned the home market over to foreigners. Corn, hogs and wheat represent

only part of the loss to the American farmer. Hay, butter, beef and other farm products are pouring in. The American farmer is demand-

"The Universal Car"

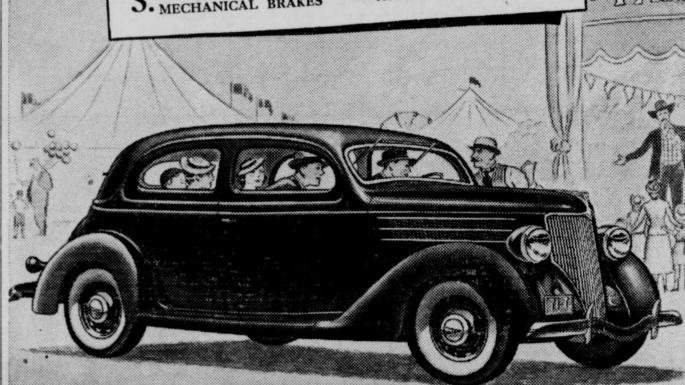
ONE NAME comes quickly to mind when you think of "The Universal Car." The description is distinctively Ford. No other car is used by so many millions of men and women in every part of the world. Everywhere it is the symbol of faithful service.

That has always been a Ford fundamental. Something new is constantly being added in the way of extra value. Each year the Ford has widened its appeal by increasing its usefulness to motorists.

Today's Ford V-8 is more than ever "The Universal Car" because it encircles the needs of more people than any other Ford ever built. It reaches out and up into new fields because it has everything you need in a modern automobile.

The Ford V-8 combines fine-car performance, comfort, safety and beauty with low first cost and low cost of operation and up-keep. It depreciates slowly because it is made to last. There is no other car like it.

Only the Ford V-8 Gives You These Fine-car Features CENTER-POISE V-8 ENGINE PERFORM-T. RIDING COMFORT ANCE WITH ECONOMY 5. WELDED STEEL BODY ... 3 SAFETY GLASS ALL L. AROUND AT NO EXTRA WELL AS STEEL SURFACE CHARGE NEW INTERIOR 3. SUPER-SAFETY MECHANICAL BRAKES O. APPOINTMENTS



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