

Supervisors' Proceedings

(Continued from page 5.) and grant to assist under the terms of the National Recovery Act to erect a court house; and further, be it resolved that the Chairman of the Board of Supervisors and the County Clerk of Holt county be instructed to prepare and execute the necessary application documents.

NOTICE OF PROBATE OF WILL

In the County Court of Holt County, Nebraska, June 13, 1935. In the matter of the Estate of Thomas E. McKenzie, Deceased. Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court for the probate of a written instrument purporting to be the last will and testament of Thomas E. McKenzie, Deceased, and for the appointment of John M. Grutsch as executor thereof; that July 5, 1935, at 10 o'clock A. M., has been set for hearing said petition and proving said instrument in said Court when all persons concerned may appear and contest the probate thereof.

SALESMEN WANTED

MEN WANTED for Rawleigh Routes in O'Neill. Write today. Rawleigh Co., Dept. NBF-252-SB, Freeport, Ill. 3-4p

MISCELLANEOUS

THIRTY years successful practice is your guarantee that Perrigo Optical Company will make your glasses right. See their representative at Golden Hotel, Saturday, June 22. 4-2

WANTED TO BUY

I have a buyer for a modern house. —R. H. Parker, O'Neill. 3tf

FOR SALE

KEEN Kutter lawn mower, good as new; also 4-wheel trailer chassis with tires. Vic Halva Shop. 41p

REGISTERED Hereford Bulls

from calves to 15 months.—Walter Sire, Inman. 52-7p

Q'S QUALITY Milk and Cream

The best by test, at John Kersenbrock's, or phone 240.—John L. Quig. 40tf

TRAVEL BY BUS

Grand Island-O'Neill Stages Lv. 8:00 O'Neill Ar. 8:45 Ar. 12:15 Grand Island Lv. 4:15 Service thru to Hastings, Lincoln, Kearney, North Platte, Denver, Salt Lake, Boise, Portland, Los Angeles and San Francisco. For information call GOLDEN HOTEL Phone 35 We Carry Express

Dr. J. L. SHERBAHN

CHIROPRACTOR Phones Res. 147-R Office 147-W

Diamond--Watches--Jewelry

Expert Watch Repairing O. M. Herre—Jeweler In Reardon Drug Store

W. F. FINLEY, M. D.

Phone, Office 28 O'Neill :: Nebraska

DR. J. P. BROWN

Office Phone 77 Complete X-Ray Equipment Glasses Correctly Fitted Residence Phone 223

Dr. F. A. O'Connell

Dentist GUARANTEED WORK MODERATE PRICES O'NEILL :: NEBRASKA

RESOLUTION

RESOLVED, That John Latenser & Sons, Inc., of Omaha, Nebraska, be hereby employed as architects for the new court house building and that it proceed to prepare the application, sketches and outline specifications necessary and required to make application to the Federal Emergency Administration of Public Works for loan and grant to assist in financing of the court house building with the understanding that the cost of architectural services is to be 5 per cent of the cost of the work exclusive of furniture and equipment; all of the above subject to the execution of satisfactory contract.

Motion by Steinhauser, seconded by Carson. The above resolution, on being put to a vote by the Chairman, was declared carried.

At 5:00 P. M., on motion, Board adjourned until May 27, 1935, unless called at an earlier date by the Clerk.

John Sullivan, Chairman. John C. Gallagher, Clerk.

O'Neill, Nebraska, May 27, 1935, 10 A. M.

Holt County Board of Supervisors met as per adjournment. All members present. Meeting called to order by the Chairman.

Minutes of meeting of April 26 and May 21, 1935, were read and on motion were approved as read.

The following claims were audited and approved and on motion were allowed and warrants ordered drawn on the 1935 estimate of the General Fund in payment of same:

Table of claims and amounts: Harry Boween \$75.00, John P. Sullivan 53.50, Francis Sullivan 65.00, Inez O'Connell 83.33, Ira H. Moss 166.66, Marjorie Dickson 65.00, Julius D. Cronin 108.33, C. J. Malone 183.33, Ruth S. Oppen 65.00, Harold Weier 65.00, Clarence J. McClurg 158.33, John C. Gallagher 166.66, Loretta Phalin 104.17, John C. Gallagher 16.06, Teresa Connolly 65.00, C. C. Bergstrom 65.00, C. C. Bergstrom 157.45, Peter W. Duffy 150.00, Peter W. Duffy 247.59, Harry Bowen 10.00, Esther Cole Harris 4.20, Esther Cole Harris 125.00

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed bids will be received at the office of the Department of Roads and Irrigation in the State House at Lincoln, Nebraska, on June 20, 1935, until 10:00 o'clock A. M., and at that time publicly opened and read for SAND GRAVEL SURFACING and incidental work on the STUART-NEWPORT PATROL NO. 831, State Road.

The proposed work consists of resurfacing 11.8 miles of GRAVEL-ED ROAD.

The approximate quantities are: 2,020 Cu. Yds. Sand Gravel Surface Course Material.

The attention of bidders is directed to the Special Provisions covering subletting or assigning the contract.

The minimum wage paid to all skilled labor employed on this contract shall be seventy-five (75) cents per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all intermediate labor employed on this contract shall be sixty (60) cents per hour.

The minimum wage paid to all unskilled labor employed on this contract shall be forty-five (45) cents per hour.

The attention of bidders is also directed to the fact that the State Director of Reemployment, Lincoln, Nebraska, will exercise general supervision over the preparation of employment lists for this work.

Plans and specifications for the work may be seen and information secured at the office of the County Clerk at O'Neill, Nebraska, at the office of the County Clerk at Bassett, Nebraska, at the office of the District Engineer of the Department of Roads and Irrigation at Ainsworth, Nebraska, or at the office of the Department of Roads and Irrigation at Lincoln, Nebraska.

The successful bidder will be required to furnish bond in an amount equal to 100% of his contract.

As an evidence of good faith in submitting a proposal for this work, the bidder must file, with his proposal, a certified check made payable to the Department of Roads and Irrigation and in an amount not less than One Hundred (100) dollars.

The right is reserved to waive all technicalities and reject any or all bids.

DEPARTMENT OF ROADS AND IRRIGATION A. C. Tilley, State Engineer. C. L. Carey, District Engineer. John C. Gallagher, County Clerk, Holt County. Chester Stockwell, County Clerk, Rock County.

Table of names and amounts: Clara Cole 4.00, Ed Hancock 65.00, B. T. Winchell 10.00, B. T. Winchell 169.96, Della Harnish 65.00, George Shoemaker 104.17, B. T. Winchell 166.66

At 12:00 noon, on motion, Board adjourned until 1:00 P. M. John Sullivan, Chairman. John C. Gallagher, Clerk. O'Neill, Nebraska, May 27, 1935, 1 P. M.

Holt County Board of Supervisors met as per adjournment. All members present. Meeting called to order by the Chairman.

On motion the following claims were allowed on the County Road Relief Fund:

Table of claims and amounts: John Wrede \$33.15, John Wrede 2.40, Frank P. Wilson 17.40, Vaughn Merc. Co. 8.00, Yantai Store 9.60, Anton Toy 1.50, A. Toy 10.40, R. Schulz 4.00, Abe Saunton 3.00, G. E. Shaver 6.38, George L. Smith 5.40, Mrs. D. Stannard 9.60, J. C. Penney Co. 5.00, J. C. Penney Co. 58.40, John Protivinsky 3.00, John Protivinsky 13.30, O'Neill General Hospital 17.00, John Melvin 2.00, R. R. Morrison 13.80, R. R. Morrison 5.00, Pat McGinnis 3.50, P. W. McGinnis 25.30, Pat McGinnis 6.00, Ira L. Livingston 4.80, Ira L. Livingston 55.95, Roy Karr 11.90, Haskinson Merc. Co. 20.00, Golden Rule 6.90

The following claims were audited and approved and on motion were allowed and warrants ordered drawn on the 1935 estimate of the Bridge fund in payment of same:

Table of claims and amounts: J. P. Harte 3.00, Ben J. Grady 1.60, Mrs. Harry Kopp 4.80, Mrs. Harry Kopp 12.00, Greenstreet Bros. 53.24, J. I. Gray Co. 3.20, J. I. Gray 3.50, J. I. Gray 10.30, John Finch 9.00

Economic Highlights

It was long rumored that lawyers close to the Administration—as well as those associated with industrial and business organizations—felt the NRA was partly unconstitutional.

It was likewise believed that an NRA Supreme Court test case would result in a split decision—probably 5 to 4—as in the railroad pension and gold seizure cases. NRA friends were certain that the liberal justices—Hughes, Cardozo, Brandeis and Stone—would uphold the law. They were almost equally certain that the conservatives—McReynolds, Butler, Vandevanter and Sutherland—would vote against it.

As a result, when the Supreme Court, by a unanimous decision, threw out the NRA in entirety, the Administration was staggered.

In the week following the decision, many wild rumors filled the air. NRA friends said that the Supreme Court's act meant the return of the sweat shop, child labor, industrial peonage. NRA opponents said that way was now cleared for business to go ahead full blast.

Democratic leaders in Congress spoke vaguely of framing new laws which would attain the purposes of the dead NRA, and still be constitutional. President Roosevelt, in a startling press interview, intimated that he might seek a Constitutional amendment giving Congress the power the Supreme Court has said it does not now possess.

Now that sufficient time has passed to review events calmly, it seems safe to say that no new NRA law will be attempted—most Administration lawyers have admitted that the decision leaves no room for further efforts along that line—and that the most extreme NRA friends and enemies were wrong. Employers are not cutting wages and increasing hours, and the fact that the NRA no longer exists has not given rise to a major boom in business overnight.

So far as the public is concerned, the NRA did three things: It artificially raised wages, shortened the working week and increased prices. Industry in general was, and still is, in favor of fair hours and wages. Since the decision, the heads of literally hundreds of major corporations have announced that they will not change existing wage and working conditions, and in only a handful of relatively unimportant cases have concerns gone back to pre-NRA standards.

Prices are another matter. Once the codes were thrown out, industry was at liberty to operate on a competitive basis. First break came in cigarette prices, which, held by the code to a minimum of 13 cents, dropped at once to 10 and 11 cents. And in many lines of business, jobbers canceled future orders, believing that they would soon be able to buy the same products for much less money.

Responsible industrialists were largely opposed to NRA price-fixing—but they also know the disastrous possibilities of uncontrolled price cutting. As a result, various groups which were under codes have announced that they plan to voluntarily continue them, even though it is no longer legally obligatory. This is pleasing to the Administration, which still believes that stabilized price levels are essential to the recovery program.

Thus, the upshot of the Supreme Court's decision is likely to result in the best phases of the NRA being continued voluntarily—while its worst phases, compulsion, price boosting and overriding the constitutional rights, will be dropped. It is equally obvious that the psychological effect of the decision—which said, by intimation: "State's rights still exist, and the federal power does not include dictatorship over private endeavors not within interstate commerce"—will be a spur to industrial expansion. And those who gravely feared that the decision would cause an immediate drop in the worker's income are wrong.

On the same day as the NRA decision, the Supreme Court handed down another opinion which, while not so publicized, is of equal importance. The Frazer-Lemke farm mortgage moratorium law provided that when a farmer was threatened with foreclosure he could apply to a federal court for aid. The Court was empowered to issue a stay against the foreclosure and have the property revalued by local appraisers. Thereafter, the law provided, the farmer could remain on the property for five years for a small annual rental. At any time during that period he could again regain title to the property by paying the appraised value—which, as the appraisal was made on the basis of depression values, was bound to be much less than the original mortgage.

The Supreme Court, in a unanimous decision read by famed liberal Justice Brandeis, declared this law unconstitutional, as it deprived a mortgage holder of property without just compensation as provided for in the Constitution.

BRIEFLY STATED

Walter Calkins and Enard Leach are in Iowa at various points on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Bauman made a business trip to Norfolk last Monday.

Mrs. Mat Cleary, of Atkinson, was visiting friends in this city last Tuesday.

Esther and Gene McCarthy made a business trip to Omaha the latter part of the week, returning home Sunday.

William Bokhoof, one of the pioneers of the west end of the county, was down from Atkinson Monday.

Charles Mulhair, one of the pioneers of Boyd county, was transacting business in this city last Tuesday.

Mrs. W. J. Froelich has been selected as chairman of the ladies bridge committee during the golf tournament.

Sheriff Peter W. Duffy and District Judge R. R. Dickson attended to business near Dustin Tuesday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. F. N. Cronin drove to Sioux City Wednesday for a couple of days visit with relatives and friends.

L. G. Gillespie was up to Bassett last Wednesday on business and incidentally looking over the non-political field.

Frank Gallagher returned last week from St. Louis, where he had been attending medical school for the past year.

Edward Adams was up from Chambers Monday. Ed. says that things are looking beautiful in the South Fork Valley.

Constance Golden left last Friday night for Hampton, Iowa, where she will spend a couple of weeks visiting relatives.

Leonard Bazelman left last Saturday for a two weeks tour of the Black Hills and other points of interest in that section.

Miss Grace O'Donnell, who has been attending school at Winona, Minn., for the past year, came home Wednesday night.

J. B. Ryan and sister, Miss Mary, returned last evening from a short visit with relatives in Chicago. They were accompanied back by Robert Ryan, who had been attending school at Prairie du Chien,

Wis., for the past year. William Ryan, son of Mr. and Mrs. John Ryan, of Gillette who is also a student in the Wisconsin school came back with them and took the train here for his home.

A new feed grinder has been installed at the elevator operated here by Enard Leach east of the Burlington railway depot.

Superintendent Roy Carroll went down to Lincoln last Monday where he will take a special summer course in the State University.

Mr. and Mrs. William Welsh and family expect to leave in the morning for Grand Island, where they

will visit friends during the day. Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Gatz went up to the Minnesota lakes last week to try out the fishing.

Robert Biglin, who has been attending Creighton University the past year, came home last Thursday night for the summer vacation.

FREE! What do you know about that—Set of Auto Seat Covers with a Car Radio at \$23.95—GAMBLE'S JUNE SALE—FREE Equipment with each Bicycle—FREE, \$-Tine Hay Fork with 100-ft. 3/8-in. Pure Manila Rope, 25-ft. Garden Hose with 5-blade Lawn Mower.—Adv.

Advertisement for A & B Drug Stores, Inc. featuring a list of products and their prices: 60c McKesson's Shampoo (49c), 50c Dr. East Toothbrush (19c), 25c Dr. West's Toothpaste (50c), \$1.00 Face Powder Lipstick (51c), \$1.00 Armand's Face Powder (69c), \$1.00 Set Golf Balls (67c), \$1.50 Mineral Oil (79c), 50c Ipana Tooth Paste (33c), Robinson Malt Syrup (59c), \$1.00 McKesson's Cod Liver Oil (63c), 10c Cans Hershey's Chocolate (4c), Fairmont's Ice Cream Pint (19c). Includes a drawing of a woman's face and the slogan 'CHECK THESE PRICES and SAVE the limit!'.

Large advertisement for Mellor Motor Co. featuring the slogan 'Out in Front!' and 'White Rose Gasoline Protection'. It includes an illustration of a soldier and text describing the benefits of the gasoline, such as 'Powerful... easy starting... quick pick-up... speedy... knock-proof... its leadership is unquestionable'. The address is 'Fifth & Douglas O'Neill, Nebr.' and the slogan 'At the Sign of the Boy and Slate'.