

THE FRONTIER

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Ask Bids On Road Work

The State Department of Roads and Irrigation is advertising for bids for the sand gravel surfacing of 5.2 miles of road on the Butte-Atkinson project No. 251-K state road. The bids will be opened on Sept. 22, 1938. It has been reported that a contract would be let shortly for the building of a road south of Page to connect with No. 20 south of that city and another for five more miles of work on highway No. 20 east of this city, but bids for this work have not as yet been advertised for.

Library Now Open

The Grattan library was reopened Wednesday, with the main room newly decorated. The library will be open Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday. The hours are 2 to 6 p. m. Wednesday and Saturday, and 2 to 5:30 and 7 to 9 p. m. Thursday and Friday.

The Weather

	High	Low	Mois.
Aug. 25	80	59	
Aug. 26	84	45	
Aug. 27	83	59	
Aug. 28	92	54	
Aug. 29	90	57	
Aug. 30	89	61	.10
Aug. 31	88	60	.14

Our local weather man announces that he has received word from the weather bureau that daily weather forecasts for Nebraska are broadcast direct from the Kansas City weather office, daily except Sunday at 10 a. m. Central Standard time, on a wave length of 610 k. c.

LOOKING FORWARD

By Franklyn Waltman
 Perhaps no objective has received from the New Deal so much lip service as that of coordinated planning and government efficiency. Certainly there is none toward which less actual progress has been made.

Mr. Roosevelt always is talking about the necessity of planning—but he seldom plans the work and policies of the New Deal agencies. Each one gropes along as it desires—frequently clashing with the purposes of others. Not to let your right hand know what your left hand is doing seems to be a New Deal axiom.

This lack of coordination among the New Deal agencies—leading to widespread confusion on the part of business—is well illustrated by RFC Chairman Josse Jones' one-man campaign to have the banks of the country loosen their purse strings and be more generous with loans.

Mr. Jones became quite bellicose about it. He warned that if the banks did not liberalize their lending policies, it might become necessary for an extension of governmental credit facilities. He even went so far as to suggest that the banks use their depositors' money for loans now usually made by finance companies with stockholders' money specifically put up for that purpose.

The fact of the matter is that most of the country's bankers feel they have been making all the sound loans possible within the limits of good bank management. They are as anxious to make money as anyone else, but they remember only too well that the banks which pursued liberal and generous lending policies prior to the first depression were among the banks which did not reopen in 1933.

But that is not the point at which we are driving. The point is that after Mr. Jones harvested a great deal of newspaper publicity by threatening the banks for being

too tight, the Federal Deposit Insurance corporation, also a New Deal agency, warned the banks against being too generous with loans.

"Bank supervision is concerned primarily with the protection of depositors," said the FDIC. "As in any other type of business, bankers, if they are to perform their function, must be prepared to assume some risk. But when these risks become excessive in terms of the amount of capital of the bank or when a bank is otherwise mismanaged, it is the duty of the bank supervisor to step in to seek correction."

Leo T. Crowley, chairman of the FDIC, went on to point out that "loans and securities will be criticized on the basis of judgment as to the ability of the obligor or debtor to repay the obligation."

And some people wonder why business is confused and uncertain. In this case the banker is in the dilemma of being told by Mr. Jones that if he does not liberalize his judgment on loans the government will go into competition with him—while Mr. Crowley tells him that if he does and any of his loans go sour he will be held to strict accountability.

But, of course, the most significant aspect of this whole business was the disclosure that the private bank in Houston, Texas, which Mr. Jones controls, has been more than usually cautious in its loan policy. Banker Jones, it seems, does not entertain the same ideas about this matter as does RFC Chairman Jones.

The Jones' bank in its June 30 statement revealed that its loans and discounts amounted to only 16 per cent of its total assets. Recent figures for the 503 Federal Reserve member banks of Texas disclosed that loans and discounts represent 28 per cent of their assets, while for the nation the comparable figure is 29 per cent.

At a recent press conference Mr. Jones was requested to reconcile his demands that the banks loosen up and the cautious policy of his own bank.

"I don't want people to do as I do, but as I tell them to do," the RFC Chairman replied.

There, concisely and clearly was epitomized the spirit of the New Deal, not alone in this but in most matters. Anyone who shows an interest in making a profit is assailed as greedy by those in the New Deal who never overlook a single opportunity for private gain.

Much is said about morality in private and public life, yet the White House secretarial offices are turned over to a young man whose income comes chiefly from premiums on insurance sold to corporations doing business with the Federal government.

Worthless convention books are autographed by the President and sold to corporations—in large quantities to some—for \$250 each to supply the party with funds. Federal workers are shamelessly shaken down for the benefit of the party war chest.

"I don't want people to do as I do, but as I tell them to do"—those words deserve to be painted across the New Deal banner.

THE NEBRASKA SCENE

By the Lowell Service
 Militant advocates of the unicameral legislative plan are expressing disappointment over what they claim is impotency on the part of the legislative council. They apprehend that the next meeting of that body will be as barren of results as the session last spring when the council failed to place before the people information concerning homestead exemption, old age pension plans and data concerning taxation and revenue questions.

"The council idea," said a "unicam" who served on the original committee to outline the one house proposal, "is entirely foreign to the whole single body plan of legislation."

"The unicameral idea emphasizes responsibility on the part of each individual legislator. A single vote is enough to insure a roll call and a record. The legislator is under pay throughout his two year term. He is supposed to study public questions and formulate policies ad interim. Legislation is his avocation."

"In creating the council this idea has been virtually abandoned. The members have subordinated themselves to the director, Dr. R. V. Shumate. He is normally a member of the faculty of the state university, a tax supported institution, administered under authority of the executive department of the state government. His hands are tied; his voice is muffled.

"The council has added expense. Its effect is to stifle free expression on the part of members.

Amos Thomas and others insist that the council will justify its existence by placing before the members of the next legislature important information.

As indicated in this column several months ago, constitutional lawyers at the state house and elsewhere are puzzled over the status of Charley Warner, speaker of the legislature and republican candidate for governor. Warner has been signing warrants for legislative expenses and otherwise discharging the duties of the office of the lieutenant governor since the ousting of Jurgensen after his conviction on a charge of embezzlement.

The departure of Governor Cochran for Oklahoma to attend the conference of governors aroused interest in the question. Some attorneys insist that Warner really became acting governor. Others insist that there is a vacancy in the office of lieutenant governor and it is claimed that the attorney general gave Nate Parsons the nod to run for the vacancy.

Several plans are being studied to clarify the situation by an amendment to the constitution to be submitted by the 1939 legislature. One of these provided for the filling of senatorial vacancies by special election.

Governor Cochran has announced that no appointment will be made to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Chief Justice C. A. Goss. The court members are now in the vacation period. The first sessions take place early in September. Two candidates are now engaged in a snappy campaign for the position.

A judge or judges of the district court will be called to assist the court. It is believed that the successful candidate will be seated by appointment of the governor immediately after election.

Lawyers admit that the fight for the office of chief justice of the supreme court will be a bitter one. The stage, they say, is prepared for a knock-down, drag-out fight between the conservatives in legal circles and the downright liberals. It was these elements, assert attorneys, that injected the acrimony into the fight for reorganization of the supreme court of the United States. Both Robert Simmons and C. A. Sorensen are seasoned campaigners and are masters in the art of making impassioned appeals to the electorate.

The highway patrol system, inspection of trucks and the brake and light testing law will be real issues in the campaign.

Alarmed by the circulation of petitions among farmers, a group of men representing the bonding companies met in Lincoln recently. A determined effort will be made to retain the patrol and the essential features of the brake and light testing law. Arguing that the number of accidents shows reduction, the representatives of the bonding companies may stage an educational campaign. Meeting with the bonding men were members of the Nebraska Safety Council who decided to combat the unfavorable impressions created in many communities by the circulation of petitions.

Governor Cochran recently ordered the state highway department to ease up at the car testing stations of Lincoln and York. In Lincoln elaborate equipment was installed. Those in charge of the (Continued on page 8, column 3.)

BRIEFLY STATED

Alva Marcellus made a business trip to Omaha returning Tuesday.

Miss Janet Pharris of Long Pine, spent the week-end here visiting Mrs. Goldie Liddy.

Mrs. Harrison Bridge entertained the 9FF club at her home on Wednesday evening.

Mr. and Mrs. Neil Groeling of Venus, announce the birth of a boy on Tuesday, August 30.

DR. SALSBUARY'S
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GET THE WORMS
 Yet DON'T KNOCK
 Egg Production

RoTa Caps remove large roundworms (ascaridia) and these tapeworms: R. tetragona and R. echinobothrida in chickens, and M. lucida in Turkeys.

O'NEILL HATCHERY
 Your Dr. Salsbury Dealer

Bob Morrison made a business trip to Sioux City Monday.

Emmet Moore drove to Columbus last Wednesday on business.

Miss Louise O'Donnell left Monday for Omaha where she will attend Duchesne college this winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Merriam and son, Jimmie, made a business trip to Omaha last Thursday.

Justice of the Peace, William Grutsch, of Rock Falls precinct, was in O'Neill Wednesday on business.

George Hammond left Wednesday for Long Pine, where he will be a guest of Earl Harpe for a few days.

Mrs. Fred Clift and daughter, Meta, of Long Pine, Nebr., were in O'Neill Monday visiting relatives.

Mrs. J. F. O'Donnell left Wednesday morning for a short visit with relatives and friends in Omaha.

Lillian E. Coombs of Lincoln, arrived here from Spencer Sunday to spend a few days looking after business.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Boshart and family returned Sunday from a months trip to California and the west coast.

Francis Soukup, who has been visiting relatives in Sheridan, Wyo., for the past two months, returned home Saturday.

Marian Quist of Laurel, visited here Tuesday with his cousins, Mrs. Alma Evans and Mrs. Clarence Cunningham.

James Gallagher, Ira and Earl Watson of Inman, and Dr. O. W. French left Sunday on a fishing trip to Aitken, Minn.

The following stores will close at noon on Labor Day, Sept. 5: Gambles, Sanuto's, Penney's, A. Toy, and Brown-McDonald.

Miss Veva Nightengale of Dorsey, has accepted a position in the county agent's office and entered upon her duties last Saturday.

Mrs. W. J. Hammond and daughters, Harriet and Mary Jean, drove to Sioux City Tuesday on a combined business and pleasure trip.

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Mason and Junior, of Lincoln, arrived the first of the week and will visit at the home of Dr. and Mrs. J. P. Brown.

Miss Elizabeth Stone of Omaha, who has been visiting at the home of her cousin, Mrs. Harry Bowen, returned to her home Tuesday night.

Francis Price drove to Omaha Saturday with Sheriff Peter Duffy and visited with Father Burke un-

til Tuesday when he returned home.

Mrs. Hugh Birmingham and Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Froelich returned Friday from Chicago, where they had been visiting for the past week.

Mrs. H. J. Hammond and Mrs. Elizabeth Grady returned Sunday from Denver, Colo., where they had been visiting relatives for the past three weeks.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Hancock and children and Mariam Kubichek left Saturday for Millsboro, S. D., where they visited Mr. and Mrs. Gene Ward until Monday.

Mrs. Frank Oberle, who has been visiting her daughter and family, Mr. and Mrs. Sam Boston at North Platte for the past two weeks, returned home Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Mark Gangman of Omaha, were week-end guests of her sister and family, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Gatz on their way home from the Black Hills.

Paul Schwisow and daughter, Eunice, left Saturday for Fairbury, Nebr., where they attended a family reunion Sunday. They returned home Tuesday.

Mrs. W. H. Harty, Gene and Mary, left Sunday for Grand Island where Mary will attend school this winter. Mrs. Harty and Gene returned the same evening.

Mrs. J. L. Shipman and Mrs. Mariam Copper of Elkpoint, Wis., who have been here visiting Mrs. Shipman's sister, Mrs. McCartney, left for their home Monday.

Mrs. C. G. Babcock and son, George, of Bazile Mills, Nebr., spent several days last week visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. Hugo Mittelstaedt and family.

Joe Langan and Tom Rotherham left Wednesday afternoon for Springfield, Ill., where they will visit their uncle and brother, Joe Rotherham, for a couple of weeks.

The Misses Mary and Catherine Murphy, who have been visiting at the home of their aunt and uncle Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Beha, left for their home in Lincoln Monday morning.

Mrs. Larry Cain and children left Monday for Omaha, where Mrs.

Cain will visit her parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. W. Hartlieb, and where the children will receive medical attention.

The Presbyterian Ladies Guild will meet at the home of Mrs. George Miles on Thursday, Sept. 8. Mrs. Melena, Mrs. Hughes and Mrs. Hank Tomlinson will be the assisting hostesses.

Mrs. Clea Luven of Omaha, sister of Mrs. Art Tibbets, and Lawrence Hanna of Amelia, left for Omaha Tuesday. Mrs. Luven and daughter, Darlene, had been visiting here since Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira George came here from Osmond last week and are now comfortably located in the Mrs. Ben Grady residence. Mr.

George takes charge of the High school band September 1st.

Gordon Anderson returned Monday, night from Glenwood Springs, Colo., where he spent his vacation visiting relatives and friends.

Dr. C. W. Alexander

Omaha Eyesight Specialist
 Again in O'Neill
Tuesday, September 6
 Golden Hotel
 Have yours and the children's eyes examined by an expert with 21 years successful practice in Nebraska. Prepare the children for school with normal vision. I prescribe glasses only when needed. I visit your town each month.

FRIDAY & SATURDAY SPECIALS

- Oranges Sunkist 2 doz. 29c
- Celery Large White Stalks Each 11c
- Peaches Colorado Elbertas Bu. \$1.79
- Lemons Giant Size 6 for 13c
- Bacon Squares Lean Per Lb. 15c
- Beef Steak Sirlion, Short Cuts T-Bones Lb. 18c
- Beef Roasts Shoulder Cuts Lb. 15c
- Pork Steak or Pork Roasts Lean Lb. 17c
- Pork Sausage Fresh Ground 2-lbs. 21c

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