

L. C. McKim

Republican Candidate for Supervisor
District No. 2.

Election, November 6, 1928.

C. E. Havens

Republican Candidate For
State Representative 64th District

Election, November 6, 1928

REPUBLICAN NEWS LETTER.

Lincoln, Nebr., Oct. 29, 1928.
On next Tuesday Nebraska and the nation go to the polls. Never perhaps in the political history of the nation has there been so many conflicting currents in an election voters. These assure that an immense vote will be cast, for the people are thoroughly aroused from the ethargy that usually marks presidential elections. In Nebraska as the campaign has proceeded there has been a steady and growing drift to Hoover as his character and accomplishments have become better known. That he will have the electoral vote of the state by a wide margin is generally believed and that he will be the next president is indicated by nation-wide polls and the prophecies of the ablest political seers.

Attention then in Nebraska next turns to governor where Charles W. Bryan, Democrat, former governor and frequent office seeker, is pitted against Arthur J. Weaver, Republican, who for the first time is candidate for a high political office. Mr. Bryan is following his old tactics of trying to make the people believe they have been victimized and robbed by designing and extravagant republican state administrations and left penniless and prostrate on the roadside. Mr. Weaver deals in none of the age-old tricks of the politician, but talks constructive argument and sound political sense. He has been seen and heard in every part of the state, has left a message that carries conviction and real information, and comes to the close of his campaign with the comforting thought that he added nothing to the confusion or misinformation of voters. The quality and vigor of his campaign, coupled with his winning personality, make it seem assured that to him will fall the honor and duty of being governor of Nebraska with the beginning of the next biennium.

How far the control of the Democratic party in the nation has swung from the party which William Jennings Bryan dominated to the one now controlled by Tammany, was strikingly presented in a speech by Senator Edwards of New Jersey, made shortly after the Houston convention. Senator Edwards is one of the outstanding supporters of Governor Smith. In his address he said: "The only major political figure in recent American history who tried to force a false and misleading issue down the throats of the electorate was the late William Jennings Bryan and he was defeated for the Presidency three times, and in organizing and promoting his own defeat he wrecked the Democratic party over a period of three decades. The fact that the great Commoner is now mouldering in his grave was the one and largest contributing factor to Democratic harmony at Houston. Without the blighting influence of Bryan, Miss Democracy has yet an opportunity to survive and prosper." This is a fair sample of the contempt Tammany held for the Commoner, and for the relief its chiefs feel in the fact that Mr. Bryan's commanding figure and eloquent voice are no longer present to thwart the schemes to install Tammanyism in the white house.

But Tammany does not speak for all New York. There is a Bryan Democratic League with headquarters in that city that is committed to the ideals and policies of the Commoner, even in his death. Recently this group through its campaign committee expressed what Nebraskans believe would be the attitude of Mr. Bryan himself if he were here in the flesh to speak. The committee in a public statement said: "Mr. Hoover embodies the very qualities which form the first campaign attracted to us by William Jennings Bryan—the same passion for the common man, the same fine scruples against underhand dealings, the same quick action against tricky injustices, the same mind on prohibition and Tammany." Can any loyal follower of Mr. Bryan doubt what his attitude toward Governor Smith and his Tammany associations would be in this campaign?

Recent investigation of taxes paid by Charles W. Bryan on one of his Lancaster county farms discloses the interesting fact that the Bryan administration was more expensive to Mr. Bryan than was either of the Mulen administrations. Mr. Bryan's farm, the southwest quarter of 17-9-7, was valued at \$17,900.00. In 1923, the first year of Mr. Bryan's administration, the total state tax on this farm was \$41.75. In 1924, it was \$37.62. In 1927, at the beginning of McMullen's second administration, the regular state tax was only \$40.27, but owing to the special levy of one and one-half mills to pay off the deficit, the total tax for that year was increased by \$26.85 to \$67.12. The 1928 state tax on this farm is only \$36.87. The investigating committee of the 1927 legislature found that Bryan's share of the deficit was \$1,668,660.08, or 36 per cent. of the total deficit. By properly apportioning the special levy of 1927, which cost Mr. Bryan \$26.85 in 1927, over the preceding years during which the deficit was created, it was found that the actual state tax on Mr. Bryan's farm in 1923 was \$44.65, and in 1924, \$44.41, while in 1927 it was only \$40.27 and in 1928 \$36.87. Thus the second McMullen administration actually cost Mr. Bryan only \$77.14 in taxes on this farm while his own administration cost him \$89.06.

Governor McMullen announces that he will make a number of speeches in the middle west in behalf of Hoover and Curtis during the closing days of the campaign. He will deliver at least one radio address in Nebraska. While still a believer of the equalization features of the McNary-Haugen bill, Governor McMullen sees more hope for the farmer from the election of Hoover than of Smith. The fact that Mr. Hoover was born in the middle west, that he has raised the farm question to the point of first importance among campaign issues, and that

he stands for high tariffs, which are essential to the welfare of the farmers, are the reasons given by Governor McMullen for his active support of the Republican candidate.

W. M. Stebbins, state treasurer, is making a speaking tour of the state, informing Nebraskans of the facts concerning state funds and taxes. In plain words he tells of the recent state deficit, how it was made and paid, and what part of it belonged to each of three governors, McKelvie, Bryan and McMullen. "McKelvie and McMullen admit the share of the deficit attributed to their administrations, but Bryan denies there was any deficit during his term," declares Treasurer Stebbins. Then he utters this sensible query: "Do you think it is safe to employ as head of this state a man who created a deficit of \$1,660,000 and doesn't know it?" No one has yet been heard to answer the interrogation in the affirmative.

C. A. Sorensen, Republican candidate for attorney general, has been making an active campaign over the state during the past month on behalf of the state and national Republican ticket. Mr. Sorensen reports an excellent sentiment in all parts of the state that he has visited, and predicts that the Republican candidates will carry Nebraska by a substantial majority.

CURTIS LAUDS BOB SIMMONS.

"Kearney, Neb., Sept. 25. In his rear platform speech at Kearney, Tuesday, Senator Curtis referred to Congressman Bob Simmons of the 'Big Sixth' as 'one of the most promising congressmen in Washington.' "I understand the people of this district are planning to send him back with a bigger majority than ever," said the Senator. "I am glad to know that. Congressman Simmons has been a close student of government and his chances to be of benefit to his district and his state will increase with every additional term he serves."

Tariff Talk

By DR. HUBERT WORK

ERRONEOUS impressions have gone forth, and are spreading, that there is no material difference between the Democratic and Republican stand on the tariff this year; or, seemingly many are prone to say that the tariff is not an issue. That impression is wholly erroneous, and should be corrected. The tariff is and should be a vital issue in this campaign.

Recall the Democratic platform adopted at Houston. It endorsed a competitive tariff, — quite different from a protective tariff. Furthermore, Governor Smith let the cat out of the bag by commending the ruinous Underwood Act.

The Republicans, of course, are standing four-square for adequate protection for American workers and farmers and prevent competition with low wages abroad.

Hoover Great Executive

Hoover represents the organized business interests of the country. He is one of the greatest executives and while he may not be as good a politician as the governor of New York, he will likely make one of the best working presidents the country has ever had.—Peoria (Ill.) Star.



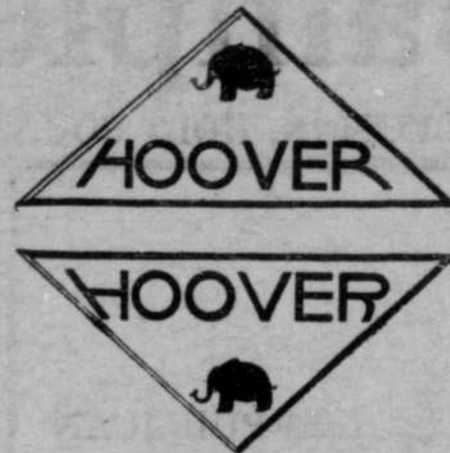
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RICHARD L. METCALFE
Nebraska's Choice for
U. S. Senator



"He is an ideal champion for the toiling masses in this state and nation because he is one of them. It has been easy for him to express their view of life because that has been his outlook. When he pleads the cause of the man who tills or the man who tills the soil, it is in behalf of a cause to which he has devoted his splendid talents for many years."

—Lincoln Star Editorial
He will be not only a Senator from Nebraska, but a Senator FOR Nebraska.



(Political Advertising)
DON'T FORGET TO VOTE
ON THE AMENDMENT

At the election booth, you will receive a special ballot proposing an Amendment to our Constitution. Without any additional expense to the tax payers, it provides for placing the

Schools for the Deaf and Blind under the jurisdiction of the University Regents. You are asked to vote For or Against this proposition.

The only ones opposing this Amendment are those who have political jobs at stake. Deaf and blind boys and girls of Nebraska are now classified with inmates of the Penitentiary, Insane Asylum, and Institute for the Feeble Minded. The adult Deaf and Blind feel that this classification is unfair and unjust. They feel that their Schools should have the same consideration as other educational institutions.

We want them placed under a Board, which has an educational power and viewpoint. The Deaf and Blind are not asking for any new Boards or additional expense, merely to be placed where they rightfully belong.

Please vote for this Amendment Tuesday, and in so doing, help the Deaf and Blind boys and girls of your state to an equal chance with their more fortunate brothers and sisters.

MICHAEL L. ENDRES

Democratic Candidate for
State Treasurer

Michael L. Endres was born July 28, 1875 in Bavaria, Germany, came to this country in 1893 at the age of 14, came to Omaha in 1898, was in business for 15 years, was elected County Treasurer of Douglas County in 1910 and served 6 years. This office includes City Treasurer, Board of Education and Metropolitan Utilities District. Received and disbursed over 120 Million dollars during his term. Served so efficiently the people elected him Sheriff and he served 4 years, did not run for reelection, was nominated for State Treasurer without a contest in the spring of 1928. His motto: "Efficiency, Honesty and Economy in Public Affairs."

Vote for M. L. Endres—Nov. 6



RE-ELECT

Judge James R. Dean

OF
BROKEN BOW

TO THE
SUPREME COURT
6th Judicial District



Judge Dean has the distinction of having received the largest Custer County vote ever accorded a candidate and we are predicting that this record will still hold good at the November election.
—Custer County Chief.

This is the package
Ask for it—Accept no other

SHREDDED WHEAT



12 ounces
full-size
biscuits

Crisp, crunchy, oven-baked shreds
of whole wheat—delicious for any
meal—ready-cooked, easy-to-serve—
easy to digest.



Daily Tasks Seem *Lighter*
to the Farm Wife With a Telephone

Household duties are made less tiresome to the farm wife who has a telephone. Long days are less trying.

With its aid she quickly reaches neighbors, or chats with relatives or friends in town.

The farm telephone banishes loneliness by keeping folks in constant touch with each other no matter how widely separated they may be.

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