THE FRONTIER, O'NEILL, NEBRASKA

WEEKLY NEWS ANALYSIS

U-Bcat Warfare Takes Turn for Worse; New Wedge Driven Into Rommel Lines As Allies Continue Furious Air Attack; **Outline International Currency Plan**

(EDITOR'S NOTE: When opinions are expressed in these columns, they are those of Western Newspaper Union's news analysts and not necessarily of this newsp#per.) Released by Western Newspaper Union.

Faid El Diem Sidi Bouzid B SFA) ezzouna-Graiba Mahares El Guett Sekhira etidou GULF OF GABES GABES DJERID SWAMP Berdj Zoumit

Map shows Allied progress in the campaign to oust Axis forces from North Africa. Hard on the heels of Marshal Rommel, "The Fox," was the British Eighth army, under Gen. Bernard L. Montgomery. After a week's pause, during which Montgomery brought up troops and supplies, the Eighth army stormed Rommel's improvised defenses at the Wada el Akarit. The chief passes to the coast, where the Americans fought hot engagements, are in the areas of El Guettar, Maknassy and Fondouk.

TUNISIA: Fight to Meet

Action in Tunisia continued with Lieut. Gen. George Patton's Second American Army corps Eghting for a junction with British forces at Gabes.

Thousands of mines blocked the American advance. Sappers kept busy clearing the fields and later American tanks rumbled into action.

In their bid to prevent an American and British junction, the Axis tanks thrust at the American armored columns. Americans brought up artillery to heavily shell Axis troop and motor concentrations.

Slowly but surely Patton's men advanced along the Gafsa road. Awaiting them at Gabes were the British, who brought up their heavy guns to shell Marshal Rommel's entrenched Afrika Korps along a BOLIVIA: row line in the El Akarit gulch

RUSSIA:

Sparring for Knockout In Russia, the two giants continue

to spar for positions. Sloughing through marshy swampland, hardy Russ engaged German infantry in hand to hand grappling near Novorossisk, gaining ground.

Here the Nazis are backed against the Black sea coast. In the Smolensk region, Russian troops consolidated positions encircling this vital Nazi supply base. The Germans remain active in the Kharkov district. Two hundred miles to the north, Nazis claimed advances at Orel. Seventy miles to southeast, German attacks the against Red lines on the western

resistance, the Russ said.

BANKHEAD BILL: And Parity

After President Roosevelt had vetoed the Bankhead farm bill (because he believed it "inflationary") supporters of the measure attempted to override this action by a twothirds vote in congress. First scene of action in this connection was the senate floor where a day-long lively debate resulted in farm bloc members realizing that they could not muster sufficient support to bring this to pass.

These senators then became content to force the bill back to the agricultural committee from whence it could be resurrected whenever the farm bloc felt it had enough votes handy to defeat the President's action

White House opposition to the measure on the grounds of inflation presented itself because it would prohibit deductions of benefit payments from parity in setting farm price ceilings.

FLYING FORTRESSES: New Offensive

The American air offensive in Europe has gotten under way.

Fleets of powerful Flying Fortresses have pounded the Renault motor works near Paris, with heavy hits causing great damage among the main buildings and auxiliary plants. Coming right back, Flying For-

tresses flew over Antwerp, bombing Erla airplane works. These the works have been repairing engines for the Nazi luftwaffe. Buildings were shattered and large fires

started. Swinging at Europe's underbelly, 100 Flying Fortresses dumped their bombs on Naples, splattering 24 ships in the harbor. RAF bombers followed up the attack with another heavy raid. Wharves and the industrial area were left flaming. Eight bombers and eight fighter

planes were lost in the operations. **RUBBER**:

Self Sufficiency

Self sufficiency in rubber production for the United States was predicted by William M. Jeffers, rubber director, who expressed belief that the nation will develop a syn- furloughing individual soldiers to thetic rubber industry that will free the country from dependency on outside sources in the future.

"There is one very definite forecast I want to make-we'll never again be caught the way we were at the outbreak of war," Jeffers said. He added that he envisioned a postwar rubber economy independent of any sources outside the Unitbank of the Donets river met stiff ed States. He said he viewed the South America as "insurance"

Washington Digest **Army Clarifies Policies Regarding Farm Labor**

Military Units May Be Employed on Crops During 'Emergency Situations': Individual Furloughs Not Contemplated.

By BAUKHAGE News Analyst and Commentator.

his place.

England's Method

The President said to us that in

England they have increased food

WNU Service, Union Trust Building, | One farmer wrote me he'd rather have grasshoppers than city folks on Washington, D. C.

"Home on a furlough." I wonder how many of my readers remember that very popular print of two (or maybe more) generations ago. Well, never mind if production 60 per cent. And they you don't (though I would appreciate did it with the help of a land army, a letter from any who do); "home mostly women with no previous on a furlough" is going to mean training. They got the training. A something quite different now.

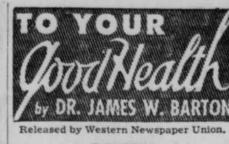
lot depends on the training. I remember the original picture only vaguely. I didn't know what who took on a city boy, green as the word "furlough" meant. But I grass. The boy probably thought know there was a tousle-headed blond boy in the middle of an adand probably would have looked in miring farm family, telling his adthe toolbox for a boar. ventures.

Today, the farm boy with a conscience, and the farm family with a farm, are looking forward to the "furlough" that will bring the boy home for work, not the telling of his tales of adventure.

It isn't going to be quite that way. The President, when the farm bloc was riding the administration its hardest last month, went into considerable detail as to what was to be done to solve the farm labor question. Since then some concrete steps have been taken but not the ones the farmers, or some of them, would have liked. They would have liked their own sons, or their own hands, who enlisted because they simply couldn't stay "out of the show," back doing the old chores they used to do. But this is what the army said:

"The army does not contemplate work on farms," the war department announced in a statement clarifying policies and procedures by which soldiers may be used to alleviate the farm labor shortage.

"World War I experience demonstrated that such temporary releases of individual soldiers were of little assistance to the agriculture industry and disrupted the organization and training of the army. If huge natural rubber development in furloughs were granted for this purpose, neither agriculture nor the



GOITER

Perhaps you or one of your family has been found to have the severe type of goiter or Grave's disease, in which there is rapid heart beat, trembling of limbs,

failure of eyelids to move together with lessness. Your physician may advise other patient you know that he has ad-

ment and in another Dr. Barton treatment.

Why should there be three methods of treatment for the same ail-I talked with a farmer near here ment?

One reason is that for the average and digestive disturbances. individual surgery is considered best shorts were something you wore Maybe you heard him talk on the to the minute, who walked into my tion. office three weeks after operation

sick when he had to let him go back and I found his pulse rate 72. X-ray be given which may take by surgery?

some patients would not likely with- ture for each 2.5 pounds of milk a stand operation well.

Treatment by rest and medicine sense and patience, they are going hundreds of miles to have a noted before feeding time so that they will surgeons who perform this opera- As soon as pasture grasses begin

tion. Annals of Surgery, reports 19,700 need to be increased. thyroid operations with a death

rate less than one in every 100 operations. When we remember that the great majority of these cases are of the severe type of goiter and scribe a snow storm or a hot spell many may enter hospital in late stages of this disease, it can be seen how "safe" this operation has

a newscast, and if enough facts con- Dr. Lahey does not advise operacerning the weather were revealed tion on cases that can be treated by



Pasturing Cows for First Time in Spring

Sudden Change in Diet May Lower Milk Output

Although luscious, green grass is the eyeball, lack of one of the best dairy feeds, milk appetite, and sleep- production may drop when cows are first turned out to pasture unless special care is taken to prevent it, operation whereas says W. B. Nevens, professor of in a case of the same dairy cattle feeding, University of type of goiter in an- Illinois college of agriculture.

It is best not to turn cows to pasture for the first day until after they vised X-ray treat- have been well fed in the barn, and then to limit the number of hours rest and medical at pasture for the first two or three

days. A sudden change from the feeding of hay, silage and grain mixture to pasture feeding only may cause a sudden drop in milk flow

Fresh, green grass is so palatable because the patient can withstand in early spring that cows will fill the operation and can be back at up on it if given the opportunity, his work sometimes within three but, because of the high water conweeks after operation. I have spo- tent of the grass, they fail to reken of a physician friend who before ceive enough nutrients from grassoperation had a pulse rate of 110 alone to maintain high milk produc-

A grain mixture should be fed to higher-producing cows throughout Why, then, should treatment by the pasture season, Nevens points out. Holsteins, Swiss and Ayrshires months to get the results obtained need about one pound of grain mixture for each three pounds of milk There are two reasons. First, produced over and above 30 pounds some patients naturally object to daily, while Jerseys and Guernseys surgical operations, and second, need about one pound of grain mix-

day over and above 20 pounds daily. If cows do not care for grain mixis used in early or mild cases only. ture when pastures are luxuriant, it It is not many years ago that pa- may prove advantageous to take tients with Grave's disease traveled them from pasture one or two hours surgeon operate for removal of thy- consume the mixture more readily. roid gland-goiter. Today practically The use of 11/2 to 2 per cent of salt every hospital has one or several in the grain mixture is also helpful.

to ripen or become scanty in Thus the Lahey Clinic, Boston, in amount, the rate of feeding may



to school. City folks are dumb in a lot of ways. But so are farmers. It's true you can lead a horse to water but you can't make him drink. Also, a lot of horses have got the sense to drink if you've got sense to

lead them to the water. In spite of dumb help or none at all, in spite of lack of machines and a lot of red tape, the farmers. of the country have signed up to raise a bigger crop than they've ever raised. I believe with a little horse to pull through. No team pulled together until they

were in harness. If they don't, God help us and the

. . . The Weather-A Dead Topic

army at meal time.

As you know, mention of the weather on the radio these days is forbidden. The newspapers can debut the radio commentators cannot. There is a good reason for this.

A lurking submarine could pick up become.

Farm and Home Hour. Well, I met him and the farmer, too. The kid is crazy to get back this summer and the farmer told me he was

15 miles north of Gabes.

At Akarit, "The Fox" was expected to put up another short, stiff fight before falling back toward Sfax. His strategy calls for a series of delaying actions while the Axis completes coastal defenses in Italy.

In northern Tunisia, Nazi troops fell back toward the coastal bastion of Bizerte under the pressure of British troops. Native Arabian Ghouims, armed with knives, have been helping the British with guerrilla activity.

Fighting Before Talk

Gen. Charles DeGaulle's scheduled meeting with Gen. Henri Giraud in | MONEY : North Africa for the purpose of consolidating all anti-Axis French in the war has been postponed by request of Gen. Dwight Eisenhower.

General Eisenhower felt that political discussion in the midst of critical fighting in Tunisia could only mighty important - "it" being a have a disturbing effect. Prime Minister Churchill is supposed to have persuaded DeGaulle to await An- values in terms of gold. thony Eden's report of American reaction to the complicated North African problem.

U-BOAT WARFARE: Turn for the Worse

Indications that the battle of the Atlantic has taken a turn for the worse were made evident when Secretary of the Navy Knox announced that Allied ship losses were considerably worse during the past month.

Although the secretary gave no estimate of the total number of Uboats the Nazis have used in their spring offensive, he said that "just as we expected and as I said it would be, there are more German subs out there."

The subs are concentrating in the middle Atlantic, along the shipping is predicted that the submarine camgets better. Naval experts estimate dalay. the Axis will have 700 submarines operating in packs along supply routes this spring.

To counter the U-boat offensive the United States is rushing construction of a fleet of destroyer- power house, oil tanks and a distillaescort vessels, smaller than destroyers.

PROMISE:

More Farm Tools

Following a review of the legislative situation with Democratic congressional leaders, President Roosevelt has indicated that, in view of the improved war outlook, he will made their way to Dutch circles in give more attention to domestic London. The reports added that a shey says. problems. Speaker Rayburn, following the conference, said the "President is going to give his personal Nazi attacks was sweeping Holland. more iron and steel allotted to the manufacture of farm machinery." | bound for the interior.

'Essential Move'

Even before the Bolivian congress had a chance to formally declare war on the Axis, the nation was told that such a move was essential to American solidarity and that the country's productive facilities must be immediately expanded.

When President Enrique Penaranda and his cabinet held a conference with United States Vice President Wallace to discuss a war decree, Brazil was the only South American country at war with Germany and Italy. Bolivia had broken off diplomatic relations with the

Axis a year ago.

Stabilized Currency?

Secretary Morgenthau called it "tentative" and John Q. Public thought it looked complicated but everybody realized that it was work of all those engaged in procomprehensive plan to stabilize postwar world currencies and fix their

Actually involved in the program were these major points for working out a system to maintain the monetary solidarity of all the nations of the world at the end of the war: 1. Creation of an international stabilization fund (five billion dollars).

This would be set up by the United Nations and associates. 2. Value of currency in each country would be "fixed" in terms of

gold. 3. An agreement between all nations to the effect that none would devalue their currencies without consulting the others.

BURMA:

New Air Blows

Strengthened British and American air forces continued to demonroutes from the United States to strate their superiority in Burma, England and the Mediterranean. It raining borabs on Japanese supply lines with emphasis on the imporpaign will become worse before it | tant railway from Rangoon to Man-

The RAF dropped 1.000 - pound bombs on the Rangoon ratiway station. Photographs showed destruction of an oil refinery, fires from which were visible for 60 miles. A tion building were hit. American

fliers scored hits at Mandalay.

NETHERLANDS:

Invasion Spadework?

Reports that "scores of British agents" have been landed on the Netherlands coast and are preparing the way for an Allied invasion have wave of optimism, accompanied by new outbreaks of sabotage and antilanding parties of two and three

synthetic rubber plants in this coun-

LOADED DICE: In Axis' Favor?

In the opinion of Adm. William James, British chief of naval information, the "dice are loaded heavily" in favor of the Axis in any Allied attempt to land on the continent of Europe. But, said Admiral

James, ways and means could be found "when the time comes." "We saw at Dieppe, which was a most carefully planned enterprise, how a few well-situated guns on shore can wreck an amphibious op-

eration." Predicting that there will be no new startling invention to deal with

marine menace eventually would be beaten "by the hard unremitting

tecting our trade." NATIONAL APATHY: General Speaks

Army day this year was passed over with little official celebration for the nation's fighting men were too hard at work to stop for festivities. However, one commanding general-Ben Lear of the Second army-took the occasion to score national apathy and lack of aggressiveness in many phases of American life. He called for the end of internal bickering and urged that Americans apply themselves to crushing the enemy. Speaking of the popular dislike of "absenteeism" General Lear declared that this situation is not confined to industry. By this he meant that unless every citi-

zen did his or her part, whatever the job, they were defeating the war effort and were therefore-absentees.

BRIEFS

CUBAN DRAFT: Eight thousand Cubans between the ages of 20 and service TRADE COMPROMISE: Bi-parti-

country. AIR LINER: Henry J. Kaiser, the

shipbuilding wizard, proposes to build a metal plane that will fly 17,000 miles without stopping.

DAD'S DRAFT: Drafting of dads | Governor Ellis Arnall of Georgia | might be delayed if public opinion has joined the ranks of Victory Garforces unmarried youths between 18 deners, planning an extensive to five. and 25 years out of deferred war garden on the grounds of the execujobs, Selective Service Director Her- tive mansion. An old barn, once

Japanese oil refinery below Rangoon . The governor indicated that his wife bridge area of the Burma Road also of vegetables. was raided.

against possible shortcomings of army could be assured that the sol- by stations in enough widely sep- rest and medicine even though opbe engaged in agricultural activities.

> "Certain emergency situations may develop in which vital crops may be endangered because of critical shortages in local agricultural labor. In such cases, military units may be employed under command of their own officers to supplement is a terrible handicap to me. Rethe local farm labor until the crisis is over.

"Troops so employed will be housed and fed by the army and will be subject to military control at all times

"Requests for use of military units for emergency farm duty must be transmitted to the war department by the chairman of the War Manpower commission."

the U-boat problem, he said the sub- Another Loophole

However, there is another loophole which all of the farmers or the farm men in service may not know about. A soldier over 38 years of plaints have come in from other age who is on active duty in the continental United States can get his discharge right now if he can get a statement from his local farm agent to the effect that he is needed.

But the application has to get in by May 1. The same thing applies to men overseas and they have until June. (Better tell them by V-Mail.) The President explained to us twice, why a batch of young men couldn't be pulled out of a division and sent home.

You can take 10 or 20 soldiers out training and it doesn't make much many men out of an outfit already trained and booked for overseas. Not without crippling the outfit so badly

That's his explanation and he back in his chair and obviously trying hard to get over an idea that he believes is right.

There is going to be a "land 25 will shortly be drafted for army term because it made the farmers san support was seen for a compro- He knows what the farmers think

diers thus furloughed actually would arated localities, even an amateur eration would bring about a cure in meteorologist-and the Germans are much less time. He points out that no amateurs-could make a pretty as there is no fear of death in the good weather forecast by putting two patient's present condition, awaiting and two together.

> But being unable to describe the manifestations of nature that I see on my way to work in the morning Treatment of cently I've gotten around the difficulty by talking about last week's weather, and before going on the air, reading what I was going to cer) is due to the same causes as say to the censorship officials and getting their O. K. In no case did they restrict me. The other day, however, I forgot to call up the Censorship office but the Blue Network didn't forget. I got this message:

"Censorship says you have to cut out all references to weather from now on. They say that there was nothing actually censorable in what you have said or what you have written today but so many comstations that you were violating the regulations and so many other stations have been using your comments on the weather as an excuse for violating the rule, that we will have to ask you to stop discussing the subject entirely."

The following is what censorship didn't let me say but what it has no objection to my printing:

"It was pretty hard the past week not to mention the swiftly changing scene which nature provided Washingtonians-one day, not so long ago of an outfit that has just started a top coat was far too heavy for comfort and in the park, the dark difference. But you can't take that patches were beginning to be studded with jeweled buds and the sunlight seemed to turn into solid gold on the bursting forsythia. On that balmy that it really interferes with battle | day I remarked-'Well, we must be due for a blizzard.'

"Twenty-four hours later the fine made it to us the other day, leaning snow began to fall and late that afternoon and the following morning, the tree limbs and trunks were wrapped in great soft blankets of down-even the high branches were army." He said he didn't like the wide bands of white-but when we went home from work in the evethink they were going to have a lot | ning, the streets were dry and clean of green city folks descend on them. | again and only here and there in the shadow of a hedge or in the mise reciprocal trade treaty act about folks who will scare the sheltering cups of the brown ivy which would allow American pro- horses, sprain their ankles, try to leaves was a dust of snow-like ducers the right to seek modification of any agreement with a foreign give, say: "The valves are stuck." sugar on the rim of a doughnut."

BRIEFS . . . by Baukhage

FIRE OIL: Allied bombers hit the to provide additional garden space. 10 size cans, instead of smaller in continuing attacks upon enemy and son would be the "boss garden- tons of steel, 1,000 tons of tin, 43 tons attention to the question of having The British were said to have been installations in Burma. The Mytinge ers" and predicted a bumper crop of rubber and 5,500,000 man-hours of cannery labor in 1943.

Cotton fabrics for women's work clothing have been cut from 14 types

Government purchase orders. specifying that canners pack fruits, ones, may save as much as 57,000

the result of rest and medical treat- it's the style for smart high school ment involves no danger.

Stomach Ulcers Ulcer of the stomach (gastric ul-

duodenal ulcer which is ulcer of the first part of small intestine into which stomach empties the food after the stomach has done its part of digestion. In fact, a duodenanl ulof an inch from the stomach. Both the stomach ulcer and the intestinal ulcer are called peptic ulcer and are

treated in about the same manner by diet, medicine and surgery. It so happens, however, that while stomach ulcer is not so common as duodenal or intestinal ulcer, unfortunately stomach ulcer turns into cancer more often; about 10 to 20 per cent of stomach ulcers develop into cancers.

In the Post Medical Journal Dr. Rodney Maingot, London, England, states that as far as symptoms are concerned the stomach ulcer cannot be distinguished from an early stomach cancer, therefore, the chances taken with a patient with ulcer of duodenum cannot be taken with a patient with a stomach ulcer. For this reason he suggests that patients with chronic stomach ulcer should enter hospital instead of undergoing home treatment. If by special diet and medical treatment in hospital

the ulcer does not heal they should undergo surgical treatment, because early operation saves lives. The medical treatment of stomach

ulcer in hospital is bed rest, test meal examinations, tests for "hidden" blood in stools, complete examination of the blood, examination of stomach by gastroscope which by means of a mirror enables the physician to see the lining of the stomach, the barium X-ray examination. In addition to removing any infection (teeth, tonsils, gall bladder) present, the size, shape and position of the stomach are drawn on a special chart. . . .

QUESTION BOX

Q .- Is drilling of the teeth necessarily painful?

A .- Drilling is not painful in most cases. In cases where it is necessary dentists can anaesthetize the jaw and no pain is felt. Your dentist will explain this to you.

Q .- Are pork and oysters healthful food?

A .- Pork is a good food, rich in fat. Too much can upset liver and gall bladder. Oysters are a good food, also rich in fat.

It may not be a zoot suit but students this season.

Agriculture in Industry By FLORENCE C. WEED

SHEEP

One industry where there is never a surplus is wool-growing. The cer can be located just a fraction United States has 472,000 wool producers and 46,000,000 sheep, yet 40 per cent of the nation's requirements must be imported. Twothirds of our output comes from the Rocky mountain and West coast states. Chief producers are Texas, California, Wyoming, Montana, South Dakota and Ohio. We also produce each year, about 350,000,000 pounds of shorn wool and 60,000,000 pounds of pulled wool from slaughtered sheep.

After the fleece is removed from slaughtered sheep, the slat goes intoglove leather, lining for shoes, sweat bands for hats, and college diplomas. The wool grease or Lanolin is used as a basis for medicinal ointments.

Sheep fat has wide uses in tallow, soap, stearine or oleo oil. As glycerine, it goes into anti-freeze liquids and finds uses in paints, cellophane, cosmetics and bases for polish. Blood is used in serums, medicines, weather-proof glue and animal feed and as a retardant for plaster.

It requires the glands of 100.000 lambs to make one pound of adrenaline, the powerful heart stimulant which has been known to cause a heart once stopped to resume its beating. Sheep intestines become strings for violins, cellos, harps and ukuleles and many other musical instruments. They are much used for surgical ligatures to tie blood vessels and sew wounds during operations. They are much favored because nature absorbs them while the wound is healing. The best quality of casings can be used for strings for tennis rackets.

Farm Notes Agricultural insecticides and fun-

gicides will be available in sufficient quantities this year for all farm and urban victory gardens. . . .

The churning of sour cream is easier than the churning of sweet cream. You can sour, or ripen cream by keeping it at a temperature of about 70 degrees the day before churning.

used to house cows, will be razed vegetables and juices in large No.

plans.