

and the dish will be a very good imitation of broiled meat. Half a cupful of rich, nourishing gravy will be in the pan, if care is taken.

For the Spring House-Cleaning

Where it is desirable to remove paint from furniture, two or three applications of wood alcohol will remove old paint or varnish.

To remove water marks from a porcelain tub or wash bowl, wet a flannel cloth with coal oil and thoroughly rub the surface; wash with scalding water when clean, pouring some washing soda, dissolved, therein, dry thoroughly with a clean flannel cloth, and the surface will have a beautiful polish.

Match marks made by scratching the match on paint can be removed by rubbing first with a slice of lemon, then with whiting, and washing with soap and water, carefully drying and rubbing well afterwards.

Odds and Ends

Where the hearth tiling becomes stained, and water will not affect the stain, try rubbing with a flannel cloth soaked with turpentine; after this, polish with a dry cloth.

Where plastered walls have been painted, and blackened with smoke, wash with two parts warm water and one part milk, soaping as usual the cloth wrung out of the milky water. After cleaning, rinse with clear water, by sponging it off.

In regard to damp walls: If a wall be damp and the paper is loose or stained, get a piece of twill sheeting and paste well; then stick smoothly on the wall, smoothing it down so no "blisters" will show. Let this dry, and then paper as you would the wall, and the paper will dry like cardboard. This is much better than using pitch, or tar paper.—Mrs. E. L.

Going over the walls with shellac varnish, giving several coats, letting each dry before applying another, is also claimed to prevent the wall staining the paper, which should be applied to the varnished wall when dry.

BOOKS RECEIVED

Makers of America. Franklin, Washington, Jefferson, Lincoln. By Emma Lillian Dana, Model School, Hunter College. Immigrant Publication Society, Incorporated, 241 Fifth Ave., New York.

Science of Government. By W. Ashton Taylor. Published by Shaw & Borden Co., Spokane, Wash. Price 50 cents.

The New York World 1915 Almanac and Encyclopedia. Issued by the Press Publishing Co., Pulitzer Bldg., New York. Single copies 25 cents. By mail, 35 cents.

The Kaiser's War. By Austin Harrison. With an introduction by Frederic Harrison. George Allen & Unwin, Ltd., publishers, Ruskin House, 40 Museum St., W. C., London, England. 2 shillings, net, in Great Britain.

Police Practice and Procedure. By Cornelius F. Cahalane, inspector in charge of the training school of the New York police department. With introduction by Arthur Woods, police commissioner. With 12 illustrations. E. P. Dutton & Company, 681 Fifth Ave., New York. Price \$1.50.

The Future of World Peace. A book of charts showing facts which must be recognized in future plans for peace. The prospects for peace. By Roger W. Babson. Lectures delivered in 1914 before the Economic club of Providence, the Economic club of Portland, and other similar bodies. Published by the Babson Statistical Organization, W. Mesley Hills, Mass. Library binding, gold type. Price \$1.



(Continued from Preceding Page)

No. 7078—Children's Dress—This little frock pictured can be developed in dark blue serge with the collar, cuffs and belt of white serge. The skirt is cut with four gores. The pattern, No. 7078, is cut in sizes 4, 6, 8, and 10 years.

No. 7064—Ladies' Apron—This apron fastens in the back, and has a large pocket at each side of the front. It can be made in either the long or short length. The pattern, No. 7064, is cut in sizes small, medium and large.

No. 7081—Ladies' Dress—Any of the striped material can be used to make this dress with the trimming of plain material. The skirt is cut in four gores and can have either the high or regulation waistline. Long or short sleeves can be used. The pattern, No. 7081, is cut in sizes 34 to 44 inches bust measure.

No. 7077—Misses' Dress—This dress closes at the left side of the front and can be made with either the long or short sleeves. The three gored skirt can be made full length or perforated for a tunic. The pattern, No. 7077, is cut in sizes 14, 16, 18 and 20 years.

7088—Ladies' Dressing Sack—Any of the pretty flowered materials can be used to make this sack. The sack is cut in one piece, and can be made with or without the seam at the back. The cap also is in one piece. The pattern, 7088, is cut in sizes 36, 40 and 44 inches bust measure.

7073—Ladies' Skirt—This skirt is cut in six gores and is plaited on each side of the front and back. The high or regulation waistline can be used. The

skirt is perforated for cutting in tunic length. The pattern, 7073, is cut in sizes 22 to 32 inches waist measure.

No. 7061—Ladies' Shirt-Waist—Crepe de Chine, linen, wash silk or messaline can be used to make this shirt-waist. The waist closes at the front with a high neck and long or short sleeves, and is gathered on each side of the front. The pattern, 7061, is cut in sizes 34 to 44 inches bust measure.

7070—Children's Rompers—This garment is very simple to make. It closes at the back, has a front yoke and long or short sleeves. The high or low neck can be used. The pattern, 7070, is cut in sizes 2, 4, 6 and 8 years.

7083—Children's Dress—Linen or serge can be used to make this dress. The dress closes at the front and has a one-piece yoke. The long or short sleeves can be used. The pattern, 7083, is cut in sizes 2, 4, 6, 8, and 10 years.

7042—Ladies' House Dress—Linen or gingham can be used to make this dress. The dress has a three gored skirt with a tuck, high or regulation waistline and long or short sleeves. The pattern, 7042, is cut in sizes 34 to 44 inches bust measure.

7048—Ladies' Apron—This apron is very simple to make and can be developed in gingham, linen, percale or chambray. There is a pocket on each side of the front and the closing is in the back. The pattern, 7048, is cut in sizes 36, 40 and 44 inches bust measure.

7075—Ladies' Dress—This dress can be made with the fronts rolled to form revers and with a vest, or it can be buttoned to the neck without a vest. The skirt is cut in three gores. The

THE SUFFRAGE VOTE

What seems to have been a foregone conclusion was recorded yesterday in the house when the constitutional amendment proposing nationwide woman's suffrage was rejected by a vote of 174 to 204. Not only did the resolution fail to command the two-thirds necessary for passage, but it fell short of a majority of the vote cast by sixteen, and was forty-one less than a majority of the full house. This result was generally anticipated, save that a larger percentage of the house was expected to favor the amendment. The vote, therefore, is not a surprise, except in the emphasis with which the house rejected the proposition to admit women to the franchise in all the states.

It can not be said that this action by the house is a setback for the suffrage cause. In one respect it is an assistance, for it demonstrates the futility for the present of seeking suffrage by constitutional amendment, and will permit and encourage the concentration of effort on the part of the suffragists upon the various states which have not yet admitted women to the vote. Undoubtedly some ground has been lost during the past two years through the fruitless effort to secure congressional action while so much work remained to be done in the states.

Woman suffrage is a progressing cause and its ultimate success throughout the country is not doubted. Unless there is a decided change in congressional sentiment in the near future the developments must be accomplished through the adoption of state constitutional amendments. Yet every state that is added to the list will strengthen the support of the federal amendment in congress. It is expected that during the next two years several states will be added to the list. In the south particularly the field is open and the women are actively at work these making converts to their cause.

Friends of the equal suffrage principle should not be downcast by yesterday's action in the house.—Washington Star.

THE PRESIDENT'S JACKSON DAY SPEECH

President Wilson's Jackson day speech at Indianapolis has the true democratic ring, and it will have no small bearing on shaping the lines on which the party is to make its contest for retention of power in the campaign of next year. A splendid characteristic of the speech is its aggressiveness. The president gives assurance that he does not want to serve any party any longer than it serves the needs of the country, and he is justified in entertaining the belief that a great majority of the people are with him in his efforts to provide these needs.

Those who look on usually think they can do the work better than the person performing it, but no one whose sense of fair play outweighs partisan prejudice will deny that the president in his administration of public affairs, has not at all times been guided by lofty and patriotic motives and that his one desire has been to do those things which shall bring the greatest good to the greatest number.—Pittsburgh Post.

pattern, 7075, is cut in sizes 34 to 44 inches bust measure.

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