



The democratic state committee for Tennessee in session at Nashville February 20 ordered a gubernatorial convention to meet in Nashville July 14. The committee also adopted a resolution endorsing Mr. Bryan for the democratic nomination.

C. W. Morse, a New York banker and former head of the ice trust and of the steamship trust, was arrested when he landed in New York on his return from Europe. Morse is charged with grand larceny. He was released on \$20,000 bail.

All is not harmony in republican circles in Alabama. A Birmingham dispatch to the Chicago Record-Herald follows: "As a preliminary to the meeting of the state executive committee of the administration faction of the republican party here tomorrow, Chairman J. O. Thompson and former Congressman W. F. Aldrich, engaged in a fist fight in the lobby of a hotel tonight. Aldrich received a blow under the eye. Aldrich is leader of the anti-administration forces and feeling has been bitter between the two men for months."

The democratic state central committee of Iowa in session at Des Moines endorsed Mr. Bryan for the democratic nomination for the presidency.

A St. Petersburg cablegram carried by the Associated Press follows: "Lieutenant General Stoessel was condemned to death this evening by a military court for the surrender of Port Arthur to the Japanese. General Fock, who commanded the Fourth East Siberian division of Port Arthur, was ordered reprimanded for a disciplinary offense, which was not connected with the surrender, and General Smirnov, acting commander of the fortress, and Major General Reiss, chief of staff to General Stoessel, were acquitted of the charges against them for lack of proof. The court recommended that the death sentence upon Lieutenant General Stoessel be commuted to ten years' imprisonment in a fortress and that he be excluded from the service. General Vodar, president of the court, read the sentence amid tense silence. By a great effort of self-control General Stoessel maintained rigid, soldier-like impassivity. General Smirnov was also seemingly un-

Faint Spells

are very often attributed to biliousness, and the stomach is treated to cathartics.

That's wrong. Faint spells are often accompanied by biliousness, but you will also notice shortness of breath, asthmatic breathing, oppressed feeling in chest, weak or hungry spells, which are all early symptoms of heart weakness.

Don't make the mistake of treating the stomach when the heart is the source of the trouble.

Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure

will strengthen the nerves and muscles of the heart, and the fainting spells, together with all other heart troubles, will disappear.

"Four years ago I was very low with heart trouble, could hardly walk. One day I had a fainting spell, and thought I would die. Soon after I began using Dr. Miles' Heart Cure, and after taking three bottles I feel that I am cured."

MRS. EFFIE CLOUGH, Ellsworth Falls, Maine.

The first bottle will benefit, if not, the druggist will return your money.

moved, but there were tears in the eyes of General Reiss. The sentence of death was pronounced upon General Stoessel for surrendering the fortress before all the means of defense had been exhausted; for failing to enforce his authority and for military misdemeanors."

An Associated Press dispatch under date of Philadelphia, February 20, follows: "The marching of nearly 1,000 foreigners upon the city hall, where they said they intended to make demands upon Mayor Reburn for work, precipitated a riot in Broad street late this afternoon. In which twenty persons were injured before the police dispersed the marchers and arrested fourteen of them. The men, most of whom were Italians and Poles, marched from the foreign settlement in the lower section of the city. The leaders and a score of others carried red flags having a black border. When they reached Broad street, a few blocks below the city hall, several wagons attempted to pass through the line. The drivers were dragged from their seats by the marchers and beaten. Policemen ran to the rescue and a riot call was sent in. The motor bicycle police were sent through the center of the city and rounded up the entire mounted police squad, the big reserve street squad and all patrolmen, who were hurried to the scene in wagons and automobiles. Private carriages were even pressed into service. A number of persons who were watching the paraders got into the first disturbance and when the big reserves hurried down upon the marchers a general riot was in progress. Some of the marchers drew revolvers and began firing at the police, and the mounted officers, riding into the center of the fight, used their batons right and left upon the heads of the leaders. In the melee three policemen were shot and slightly wounded and Charles Munn, who was watching the fight, was struck in the leg with a stray bullet. Reserve Officer Piott was beaten unmercifully and is in a hospital, as is Policeman Smith, who first went to the rescue of the drivers. Henry Druding, one of these, was beaten and nearly stripped of his clothing. Fourteen participants in the demonstration were severely clubbed and had to be sent to a hospital."

Speaker Cannon's presidential boom has been endorsed by the republican committee of Guilford county, N. C. Mr. Cannon was born in that county.

Crosby S. Noyes, editor of the Washington Evening Star, died at Los Angeles.

Owen Wister, the novelist, was defeated for the city council in Philadelphia. Wister was an independent candidate, but the republican majority was too large.

The democratic state central committee of Ohio adopted a resolution endorsing Mr. Bryan for the presidential nomination.

Frank H. Hitchcock has resigned as first assistant postmaster general. He will be succeeded by Charles P. Grandfield of Missouri. Mr. Hitchcock will take charge of the Taft boom.

An Associated Press dispatch from Washington says: "Rising in the senate to a question of privilege, Mr. Tillman today made complaint of the use of his name in connection with efforts to sell railroad grant lands in the northwest, which might be affected by the inquiry he has set on foot concerning such lands. He said his attention had been called to a very adroit scheme of swindling, in which his name was used as a decoy, and that letters had come from Con-

necticut, Wisconsin, Virginia and Michigan. He declared that he had not invested one cent nor located a single quarter section for himself or any one. Senator Tillman has called the attention of the postoffice department to the matter, with a view to the issuance of a fraud order."

WHAT CAUSES HEADACHE

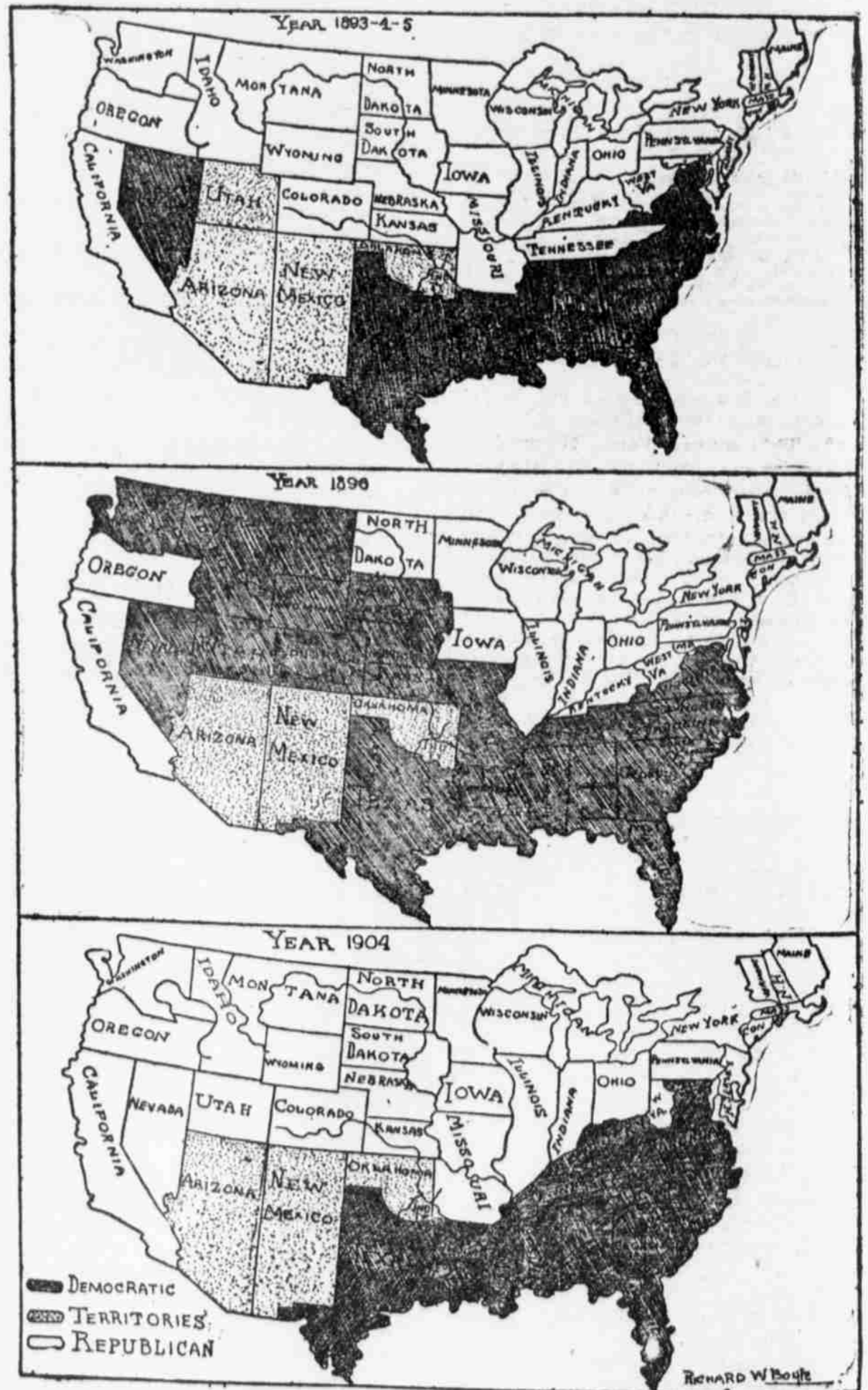
From October to May, Colds are the most frequent cause of Headache. LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE removes cause. E. W. Grove on box 25c.

Maps Which the New York World Has Not Published

Showing the Political Complexion of the Country in 1893-4-5, 1896 and 1904

From the Buffalo New York Times.

The New York World has issued a pamphlet in which it attempts to prove that the leadership of Mr. Bryan has made the democratic party small. It prints a number of maps showing some of the political changes



in the past twelve years, but omits maps which would make a good showing for the democracy. The Times supplies these maps which are historically accurate, compiled from the New York World Almanacs, which throw needed light on the situation.

The map at the top shows the political complexion of the country when Mr. Bryan was nominated for president in 1896.

The second map in order shows the political complexion of the country at the close of Mr. Bryan's first presidential campaign.

The third map in order after Mr. Bryan's leadership had been set aside and the campaign of 1904 had been fought.

The maps speak for themselves—Bryan made the democratic map larger.