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"STAND PAT" DEFINED

The Lincoln (Nebraska) Journal (Rep.) says: "Thus it comes to pass that a 'standpatter' in Iowa and in other states as well is now generally understood to be a man who opposes any radical change in existing institutions. Because of inertia, or ingrained conservatism, or his personal relations, he is willing to allow interests with a cinch to hold on to their advantage indefinitely."

But what about the "stand pat" edict from Oyster Bay?

"Stand pat" is the republican policy for 1908. How may one "stand by Roosevelt" without "standing pat?"

Yet this republican paper tells us that to "stand pat" means to show a willingness "to allow interests with a cinch to hold on to their advantage indefinitely."

This is a valuable hint. It is a complete definition by republican authority.

A "DOLLAR PUT IT BACK FUND"

Mr. Roosevelt has forwarded one dollar for the republican campaign fund. Republican newspapers are pointing to this as an excellent example. It is an excellent example when the president seeks to encourage his party to depend upon campaign funds provided by the people rather than by the corporations.

But the president may set another good example. Let him call upon Postmaster General Cortelyou, who is also chairman of the republican national committee, to state just how many hundred thousand dollars of money embezzled from the insurance policy holders found their way into the coffers of the republican party.

Then when the sum has been determined upon, let Mr. Roosevelt suggest that the republican party "put it back" and call upon the rank and file of the party to contribute dollar donations to

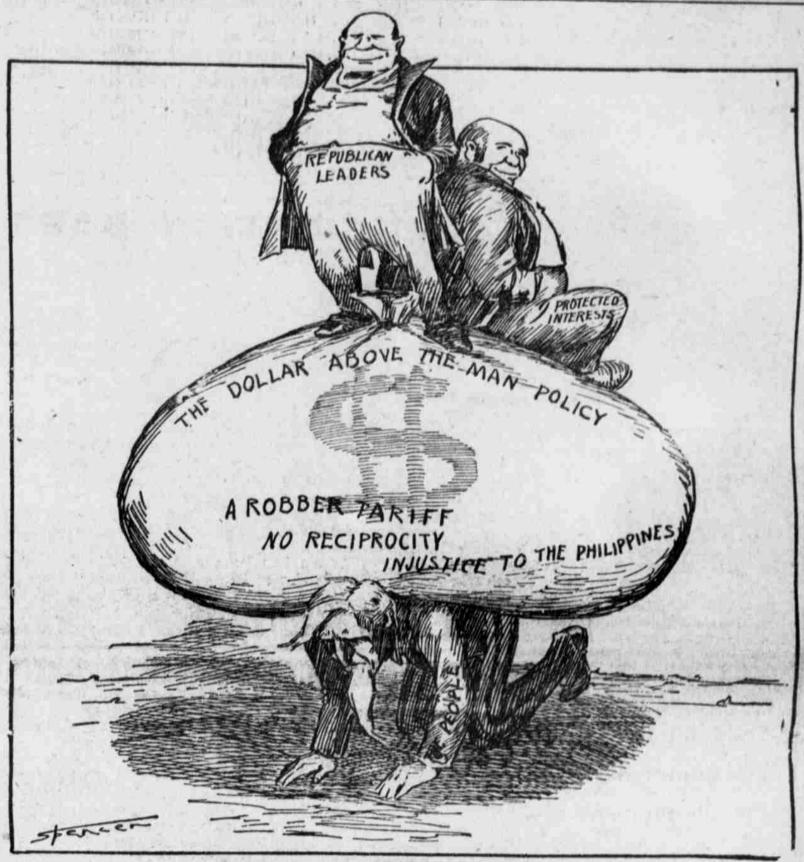
that end. It might be called "The Dollar Put It Back Fund."

Republican leaders certainly do not expect the people to forget these stolen funds.

111 WHO?

Newspaper dispatches announce that Secretary of War Taft and Speaker Cannon will go to Maine to take the stump in favor of the re-election of Representative Littlefield against whom the American Federation of Labor is making a

vigorous fight. Taft and Cannon will speak for Littlefield on the labor question, but who will speak for Taft and Cannon?



"WE STAND PAT!"

GALILEE

Mr. Bryan's Thirtieth Letter

The boat schedules-and they can not be ignored on the Palestine coast-compelled us to reserve Galilee for the conclusion of our tour, and it was not an inappropriate ending, for while Jerusalem was the scene of the crucifixion and ascension, the greater part of Christ's life was spent in Galilee, and it was there that "most of His mighty works were done." Nor is its history confined to the New Testament, for it has its Carmel, associated with the life of Elijah, and Mount Tabor where Deborah's victory was won. Haifa, the seaport of Galilee, is built along the front of Carmel on the edge of a bay which the mountain helps to form, for Carmel instead of being a peak, is really a long ridge, but a few hundred feet in height, jutting out into the sea at this point and extending several miles to the southeast, A Roman Catholic monastery is erected over a cove overlooking the Mediterranean, where Elijah is said to have lived.

To the north of Carmel lies the plain of Esdraelon through which the Kishon river flows. The road to Nazareth follows the south side of this valley to a point some seven miles from the shore where the hills of Galilee approach so near to Carmel as to leave but a narrow pass for the river. Here the road crosses over to the north side of the valley, and for the remainder of the distance winds upward over the hills giving a

commanding view of Esdraelon. The upper part of the plain is as beautiful a country as can be imagined-well watered, fertile and thoroughly cultivated. The land is not held in severalty as in America but by communities. The cultivators live in villages built at intervals around the edge of the valley, and the land is apportioned each year by the village chief, no one receiving the same tract two years in succession. As we looked down upon the valley we could distinguish the different allotments as they lay in long strips of equal width. Wheat is the chief product of the valley, although there are a few olive orchards, and the mulberry tree is being planted. Oxen are the animals usually employed in cultivation, but we occasionally saw a horse and an ox yoked together or a camel and an ox, and once a camel

and a donkey, Jezreel is on this plain, at the foot of Mount Gilboa where the middle plain connects with the plain leading down to the Jordan between Gilboa and Little Hermon. This is historic ground, for it was here at a great spring which flows out from under Gilboa that Gideon selected his gal-

lant band. The village of Nazareth, nestling among the hills of Galilee, must always be a place of supreme interest to the Christian. Its location probably determined by the presence her