charged into the crowd, firing right and left and the police and others dragged away the dead and wounded, numbering more than 130 into the neighboring court yard while the terror stricken demonstrators fled, pursued by a mob of ruffians who attacked them as they ran."

Dispatches from other sections show many horrible massacres in been widely circulated and the offiwhich hundreds of Jews have been brutally beaten, and many killed outright.

President Robbins of the Armour car line, and Traffic Manager Sproule, of the Southern Pacific company, declined to answer questions put to them in the private car line inquiry November 3 before the Interstate Commerce commission. An effort was made through Mr. Robbins to show that the Armour car lines through Armour & Co., or other firms are interested in business other than that of leasing cars to railroads and refrigerating perishable shipments. Mr. Sproule was asked regarding an alleged pooling contract between the Southern Pacific and Southern California railroads. Both witnesses declined to answer, and dispatches say that the hearing adjourned "indefinitely."

Charles J. Devlin, widel, known as a coal mine operator, and who recently went through bankruptcy with liabilities of more than five million dollars, died November 1 at a Chicago hospital from a stroke of paralysis.

Michigan members of the national manufacturers association, at a meeting held November 1, adopted resolutions endorsing President Roosevelt's position on railroad rate regulation.

The New York chamber of commerce has adopted resolutions favor ing the admission of Chinese of the "better classes" to this country on the same terms as now applied to trav elers from any other country.

Walter Wellman, Washington cor respondent for the Chicago Record Herald says that there is little likelihood for any action on the tariff at the next session of congress.

Charges have been made involving an alleged graft of \$320,000 from the Korean government, which charges are said to implicate a former American minister and a number of Ameri can contractors who built a street railroad in Seoul.

ARTISTIC ARRANGEMENT

The directors of the Louvre are being urged to get rid of the many spurious works of a t which have found their way into the galleries. It is pointed out that the clearance need not mean a financial loss to the institution, as such objects could easily be sold to wealthy Americans. -Punch.

Can't. Do It

Heart affections will not get well of themselves; neither do they remain inactive, If the cause is not removed, they continue to grow in number and severity.

They are the outgrowth of exhausted nerve force, and the heart cannot stop to rest, as do the other organs, but must continue to struggle until completely disabled, and-that's the end

On the very first indication of heart trouble you can stop all progress and effect a cure by

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

the most effective heart remedy known. It builds up, feeds and strengthens the nerves and muscles of the heart, and restores it to perfect health.

I had serious heart trouble: for two months my life seemed to hang by a thread, when my attention was called to Dr. Miles' Heart Cure. I commenced taking the Heart Cure, and Nervine, and in two months they restored me to comparative good health.

REV. W. A. ROBINS, Port Elgin, Ont. The first bottle will benefit, if not, the druggist will return your money.

Greenbacks and Silver Dollars

tional secretary, has issued a protest against the proposed retirement of the greenbacks and the destruction of the silver dollar. This protest has cers of the league will see to it that a copy of this protest is placed upon the desk of every member of con-

Mr. Stephens asks that newspapers generally reproduce this protest, and that the same be circulated for signatures in every county, after which it should be forwarded to some member of congress.

The protest follows:

"To the House of Representatives and Senate in Congress Assembled:

"We desire to enter our respectful, but very earnest protest against the congress of the United States assuming the manifestly unconstitutional authority recommended by the president in his late message to congress, in the following words, to-wit:

'The attention of congress should be especially given to the currency question, and that the standing committees on the matter in the two houses charged with the duty take up the matter of our currency and see whether it is not possible to secure an agreement in the business world for bettering that system. The committees should consider the question of the retirement of the greenbacks and the problem of securing in our currency such elasticity as is consistent with safety. Every silver dollar should be made by law redeemable in gold at the option of the holder.'

"We protest against the power of congress being perverted in the manner indicated in the message. The congress is authorized to create money. Currency proper is not money; it is a substitute for money, a wicked, vicious device by which corporations inflict upon the productive industries of the nation something in lieu of money, by means of which the producer of wealth is compelled to contribute of his earnings to fill the coffers of unholy greed.

"We protest against the retirement of the 'greenback' and the substitution therefor of the national bank note. A promise to pay is not, nor can it be made, money.

"We protest against the introduction of a large volume-or any volume at all-of corporate credit into the 'currency' of the nation. We deny and repudiate the claim that corporate credit devices are necessary or beneficial, or that such substitutes for money can in any manner promote the general welfare, which should be the only purpose influencing the congress of the United States.

"If credit promises to pay are a necessity in the money system of the nation (which we emphatically deny) that credit should be national, not corporate, and national credit without interest is far better, Lafer, wiser, more acceptable to the people than is any corporate credit, no matter how diligently fortified by deposits or other devices, or of so-called securities.

"A government promise to pay, without interest, rests upon precisely the same element of security that the interest-bearing bond has; both are bottomed on the faith and credit of the nation. One is as good, as safe, as valuable, as the other. Neither the interest-bearing bond nor non-interest-bearing note can be collected by judgment issued out of any court in the land.

"We protest against the congress of the United States wasting its time protest against such absurdity.

The United States Monetary league, elastic currency is an irridescent Joseph N. Stephens of Denver, na- dream. To put the control of the enlargement or the contraction of the volume of paper substitutes for money into the hands of the bank trust, upon the supposition or theory that such power would be used to promote the general welfare, rather than to use it in the interest of greed and avarice, would brand the congress as incompetent or corrupt.

controlled by the secretary of the treasury, administered in the interest of productive industries of the nation, to the exclusion of the corporate stock jobbers, pools, trusts, and of all other combines, who contribute nothing to the wealth of the nation, would, if well thought out, prove beneficial. But probably no such purpose is suggested in that portion of the message referred to.

"It is claimed that the large and unprecedented production of gold has justified the wisdom, as well as the expediency of the 'gold standard. We protest against this half truth being accepted as the basis of the legislation for the whole people. We readily admit the fact of the phenomenal increase in the production of gold in the United States. But such production is in no way due to the gold standard. It is due to the indomitable will, energy and perseverance of the American people, and in spite of the hostile legislation by congress, and of administrative acts.

"On the other hand, corporate credits have increased in the same years in a ratio ten, twenty, and in some cases perhaps one hundred per cent greater than the production of gold. And in this connection, we call upon the statistician of the treasury department to prepare and publish for general information a table of the increase in credit devices, such as capital stock, preferred and common, bonds, first, second, and third issues, and all other forms of credit issued, appropriated or secured by the promoters thereof; and we suggest that he commence with Standard Oil, United States Steel, Amalgamated Copper, together with all and singular the big and little imitators of the captains of finance, the pirates of the stock exchanges.

"We protest against further legislation by congress at the dictation of the banking trust, the prolific mother of all trusts. The system is dangerous. It is class legislation, hostile to the general welfare. Every financial panic which has devasted the industries of the people has been and will continue to be bank panics. With a sound monetary system in the United States, a money panic (really a credit panic) would be impossible.

"With the immense production of wealth, the industry of the people, fertility of the soil, permanence and richness of the mines of coal, iron, copper, zinc, silver, gold, a money system that promotes financial panics is a shame, a disgrace to the nation's intelligence, honor and patriotism.

"We protest against perpetuation of a financial system which promotes panics, breeds paupers and tramps, fills the lunatic asylums, causes suicides, ruins homes, encourages falsehood and trickery; benefits a few and robs the many.

"We protest against the proposed retirement of the silver dollar. It is now money; it enters into the circulation; it is the only form of money, except the greenback, seen by the great mass of people, unless they gaze at a small pile of gold safely enclosed with steel bars.

"To retire the volume of silver now in an attempt to legislate in relation in circulation in coin, or in coin certo an 'elastic currency,' whatever tificates, and substitute therefor nathat may be construed to mean. We tional bank notes, would be an act An of treachery to the productive in- Dr. R. S. Grimes, Lincoln, Neb.

HOG CHOLERA

The New Clethod of Treating this Destructive Disease Proves a Wonderful Success. A book, fully explaining the treatment mailed iree

The new treatment for Hog Cholers and Swine Plague has now been thoroughly tested by a number of the most experienced and practical hog raisers and breeders of the United States. It has proven a success beyond ques tion. These men tried the remedy on very bad outbreaks of the disease, beginning the treatment on them after the hogs were sick and dying off fast, stopped the disease and restored the herds to normal healthy conditions in a few days' time, saving almost every sick hog in the different herds that were able to take the treat-"An emergency money, issued and ment. Its success is phenomenal and it only remains for our farmers and hog raisers to learn this new method of treatment to stamp the disease out of the country. The method of handling the disease is simple and easy to understand by the ordinary farmer and is a ong thoroughly pract cal lines, so that anyone who will read the instructions and make an effort, cap stop the worst outbreaks of the disease that ever come and restore his herd to thrift in a few days' time

Mr. T. T. Schouler, Worcester, Mass.; Alva Stultz, Richwood, Ohio; O. D. Hili, Kendala, W. Va.; James Liddil, Lebanon, Ohio, and Dr. David Alkire, of Marco, Ind., who is a veternarian of high standing and has practised his profession forty years. These men have used this treatment for several years, and they are positive it is certainly the long looked for cure for hog cholera.

It salso a preventive of the disease by clearing the herd of every character of worm and parasite, and putting them into such a perfect state of thrift that there is no material danger of disease striking them. It is also an inexpensive treatment, because it clears a herd of every character of worm and puts him into such a thrifty condition that the extra gain he will make from its effect in a few months' time will return the farmer five times, in this extra gain it produces, as much as this treatment has cost him.

The Snoddy Remedy Co., of Alton, Ill., is now putting up this wonderful treatment. They ha e a book which fully explains the process that will be sent free to anyone who will send their name and address to The snoddy Remedy Co., Box 22, Alton, Ill. Every farmer should write at once for this free book.

terests of the nation of such momentous consequence to the general welfare, that no sound economic law can be found to warrant, or to excuse it.

"The nation is now shivering on the verge of financial disaster, nor can that disaster be long deferred, though the treasury department transfers uncounted millions of national credit, together with all its surplus money, into the hands of the 'pet banks' of the administration, and for the relief and support of the trusts, their combines and credit schemes of plunder and financial chicane. The system is vicious, and must go down, and out, before the rebellion of an enlightened public sentiment. And when that time comes, the silver dollar will be at a premium over gold as it was in New York City, in

August 1893. "The silver dollar is particularly the money of the people; and we protest against all legislation, or construction of legislation, which shall impair the rights of the people to enjoy its use, receive the benefits and share in the prosperity which an abundant volume of money in use, in circulation, not locked in banks and safe deposit vaults, but out in use, performing the beneficient purpose for which money was created."

Subscribers' Advertising Department

A GENTS WANTED TO SELL HIGH GRADE gas burners and mantles. Address, J. C. Jennings, Milo, Ohio.

WANTED-AGENTS IN EVERY TOWN in the country to sell my new book of travels entitled, "Forty Thousand Miles of World Wandering." It is profusely illustrated. elegantly printed and bound and is a ready seller. Nothing handsomer for holiday gift and trade. For terms, address Helen M. Gougar, LaFayette, Ind.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE-10 ACRES choice land, one mile east of Lincoln. Neb., all in cultivation. Nice build-ing site overlooking city. Will exchange for good land in southeast Nebraska, and pay cash difference, Address I. J. Holland, Lincoln, Neb.

FOR SALE-WISHING TO RETIRE FROM the practice of medicine, I offer for sale my office furniture, fixtures, and location, books, library and instruments, static machine with X-ray attachment, electric motor, nebulizer microscope, and other things too numer ous to mention. Practice established since 1877. Good place for the right man. Address, Dr. R. S. Grimes, Address,