

Condensed News of the Week

In the joint democratic caucus for United States senator for Tennessee, Governor James B. Frazier was nominated by acclamation to succeed the late Senator Bate. Mr. Frazier has served two months of his second term as governor of Tennessee. He was born in Tennessee forty-nine years ago, and is a lawyer. His great-grandfather was a member of the first constitutional convention of Tennessee in 1796. His father was appointed judge of the criminal court at Nashville by Andrew Johnson, and was impeached by the Brownlow legislature. He was, however, restored to his civil rights by the constitutional convention of 1870, and elected to his old position.

Daniel J. Sully and Edward Hadley of the failed firm of cotton brokers of D. J. Sully & Co., received discharges in bankruptcy from Judge Adams in the United States district court at New York. The discharges were granted without opposition on the part of many of the firm's creditors. This discharge wipes out all of Mr. Sully's indebtedness.

The Glass block, one of the largest buildings in Mankato, Minn., was entirely destroyed by fire and a number of adjacent buildings damaged. Only the strenuous efforts of the fire department and a fall of wet snow prevented a much greater conflagration. The total loss is estimated at \$150,000, partly covered by insurance.

In the lower house of the Illinois state legislature, Representative McKinley of Chicago has introduced an anti-trust bill drawn by the attorney general and endorsed by Governor Deenen. The definition of a trust is enlarged to include both life insurance companies and underwriters.

The confederate war cemetery on Johnson's Island, near Sandusky, O., has been sold to the Robert Patton chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, of Cincinnati for \$1,200. The Cincinnati chapter contemplates improving and beautifying it. A small piece of land adjoining the cemetery was also bought, which will be converted into a park.

Judgment for \$1,050 was obtained against Cassie L. Chadwick of Cleveland, O., by default, yesterday in New York in a suit brought by a firm of milliners to recover the amount due on a check made by her on November 16, 1904. It was alleged that the check was protested.

Rev. Dr. John Watson (Ian MacLaren) has resigned the pastorate of the Sefton Park church in Liverpool. Poor health is the cause.

Several hundred of the most prominent passenger officials in the United States, Canada and Mexico gathered at Pittsburg, Pa., celebrating the founding of the American association of General Agents in Pittsburg, fifty years ago.

An Associated Press dispatch, dated March 13, says: "The Daily News today says war to the knife between the 'big five' of the beef combine and twenty-six firms and corporations classed as independent packers will, it is as-

THE WABASH IMPROVING

In line with its policy of improvement in passenger service, the Wabash Line has uniformed its Cafe Car Waiters on the "Banner Blue Limited" between St. Louis and Chicago, with white Tuxedo coats and low cut black vests. The new uniform is very striking and attractive.

serted, begin in Chicago March 20, when the special federal grand jury begins its investigation of the affairs of the beef combine. A fund of \$3,000,000 has been raised to carry on the fight against the beef combine and set the claims of independent packers squarely before the public."

The attorneys for Mrs. Cassie Chadwick have filed a motion for a new trial on the grounds of errors in admitting incompetent testimony and errors of law in the trial. One of the attorneys for Mrs. Chadwick intimated that he believed the jurors were prejudiced.

An interesting character died at El Paso, Ill., March 14. He was David Strother, the first negro who ever voted in the United States. Strother was a respected citizen of El Paso for forty-one years.

An Associated Press dispatch, dated San Francisco, Cal., March 14, says: "The law departments of the Southern Pacific and Santa Fe have reached an agreement respecting the orange rates. They have decided to ignore the recent decision of the interstate commerce commission, which decided that the rate of \$1.26 on oranges from California to all eastern points was unreasonable and should be reduced to \$1.15. In other words, the railroads purpose to require the payment of the existing rate unless the orange shippers can find relief through the courts, which means that the shippers will not obtain any of the fruits of their big victory before the interstate commerce commission for a year or two."

President Roosevelt has refused permission to the Russian government to repair the Lena at the Union Iron works, San Francisco, and the ship will therefore be repaired at Mare Island by the regular yard employees.

The Spanish government is considering the advisability of giving General Weyler a pension of \$2,000 and the grand cross of the Order of San Fernando, in recognition of his services as governor general of Cuba. The military journals are opposing the measure but the government press insist that his record of services prior to the war with the United States has long been overlooked. The impression prevails that the measure will not succeed.

M. J. Burke, United States consul at St. Thomas, Ont., died at that place March 15, of pneumonia. He worked as a journalist on the Chicago Inter-Ocean and his consular reports were said to be among the best received at Washington. He was 48 years old.

The bridge which spans the Los Angeles river, at Los Angeles, Cal., fell into the river carrying with it fifteen persons, two of whom are believed to have been drowned. Throngs of sight-seers had gathered to watch the high water in the river, caused by rains, when the bridge supports were suddenly swept away.

The city of Pisagua, Chile, S. A., with a population of 20,000, has been abandoned by the inhabitants, owing to fear of bubonic plague from which several hundreds of people there have died.

Thrown into violent hysteria by an encounter on the street with a footpad who robbed her of \$10, Mamie Bowers, aged 18 years, lies at her home in East St. Louis, Ill., unable to recognize those about her, and is quieted only when songs are sung to

her. The attending physician thinks that the soothing influence of the music will eventually restore her to health.

The dining car of the Missouri Pacific passenger train No. 11, was overturned and ten persons were injured, in a collision with the Denver & Rio Grande passenger train No. 14 near Colorado Springs.

An earthquake shock sufficient to shake houses was felt Sunday night at Menominee, Mich. Several loud rumbling reports were heard and were followed by a violent shaking of the houses.

An Associated Press dispatch, dated St. Louis, Mo., March 14, says: "After having been pronounced dead by two physicians and a nurse, Mrs. Charles A. Sweet, wife of a provision merchant, was restored by the infusion of a salt solution into her veins and is now believed to be recovering her health. Five weeks ago Mrs. Sweet, suffering from gastritis, went to Hot Springs, Ark., in the hope of recovery. On the night of February 13 she seemed to be dying and eventually her heart ceased beating and respiration stopped. She was pronounced dead. A third physician, however, decided to try a salt solution infusion, and there followed signs of animation. The operation was continued and Mrs. Sweet revived. She has returned to her home in St. Louis and is now apparently recovering her health."

On March 11, the jury sitting in the case of Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick found her guilty of conspiring to wreck

a national bank, convicting her on the seven counts in the indictment. The maximum penalty for her crime is fourteen years in prison and a heavy fine. Mrs. Chadwick, when informed of the result, burst into tears while her faithful son, Emil, who has been in attendance upon his mother during all her trouble, tried to comfort her. It required the efforts of two deputies to control her when she was taken from the court room. She cried out continually that she was not guilty. The next step in the case will doubtless be the trial of Dr. Leroy Chadwick, her husband, on the charge of forging the name of Andrew Carnegie to \$5,000,000 notes and it is likely that Mrs. Chadwick will be a witness.

President Roosevelt has signified his willingness that government workmen join labor unions. The workmen themselves are to decide whether or not they will join, and no compulsion on the part of the unions will be tolerated.

Joseph C. Wingate, who for nearly twenty-five years was United States consul in China, died at the residence of his nephew in Winchester, Mass., aged 74. Mr. Wingate's grandfather, Paine Wingate, was the representative from New Hampshire in the first congress under the confederation, and United States senator in the congresses under the federal government.

BACKACHE

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UNDER OTHER FLAGS

MR. BRYAN'S NEW BOOK TRAVELS, SPEECHES, LECTURES.

SINCE Mr. Bryan's European tour a year ago, he has been besieged by requests for copies of letters describing his travels abroad. These letters together with a number of his lectures and other public addresses, have been gathered together and published in book form. The European letters contain Mr. Bryan's account of what he saw and learned while in Europe, and present interesting views of Ireland, England, Scotland, France, Switzerland, Germany, Russia, Holland, Belgium, and the Netherlands, together with a description of his visits with Count Tolstoy and Pope Leo. His Thanksgiving address, delivered before the American Society in London, 1903, is also included. In this volume appear Mr. Bryan's accounts of his visits to Cuba and Mexico, and he writes entertainingly of the "Birth of the Cuban Republic." He also included his lectures on "A Conquering Nation," and "The Value of an Ideal," both of which he has delivered a number of times before Chautauquas and other gatherings.

Other articles in the volume are his address on "Imperialism," delivered on the notification of his nomination in 1900; "The attraction of Farming," written for the Saturday Evening Post; "Peace," the address delivered at the Holland Society dinner in 1904; his St. Louis convention speech seconding the nomination of Senator Cockrell. "Naboth's Vineyard," "British Rule in India," the address at the grave of Phil Sheridan Bennett, and an account of his recent trip to the Grand Canyon entitled "Wonder of the West." The book is illustrated, well printed on good paper and substantially bound.

One of the features of "Under Other Flags" is the "Notes on Europe," written after his return from abroad, and giving in brief form a resume of the many interesting things he saw.

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