



Let this Machine do your Washing Free.

There are Motor Springs beneath the tub. These springs do nearly all the hard work when once you start them going. And this washing machine works as easy as a bicycle wheel does.

There are slats on the inside bottom of the tub. These slats act as paddles, to swing the water in the same direction you revolve the tub.

You throw the soiled clothes into the tub first. Then you throw enough water over the clothes to float them.

Next you put the heavy wooden cover on top of the clothes to anchor them, and to press them down.

His cover has slats on its lower side to grip the clothes and hold them from turning around when the tub turns.

Now we are ready for quick and easy washing.

You grasp the upright handle on the side of the tub and, with it, you revolve the tub one-third way round, till it strikes a motor spring.

This motor spring throws the tub back till it strikes the other motor spring, which in turn throws it back on the first motor spring.

The machine must have a little help from you, at every swing, but the motor springs, and the call-bearings, do practically all the hard work.

You can sit in a rocking chair and do all that the washer requires of you. A child can run it easily full of clothes.

When you revolve the tub the clothes don't move. But the water moves like a mill race through the clothes.

The paddles on the tub bottom drive the soapy water THROUGH and through the clothes at every swing of the tub. Back and forth, in and out of every fold, and through every mesh in the cloth, the hot soapy water runs like a torrent. This is how it carries away all the dirt from the clothes, in from six to ten minutes by the clock.

It drives the dirt out through the meshes of the fabrics WITHOUT ANY RUBBING, without any WEAK and TEAR from the washboard.

It will wash the finest lace fabric without breaking a thread, or a button, and it will wash a heavy, dirty carpet with equal ease and rapidity. Fifteen to twenty garments, or five large bed-sheets, can be washed at one time with this "1900" Washer.

A child can do this in six to twelve minutes better than any able washer-woman could do the same clothes in TWENTY times the time, with three times the wear and tear from the washboard.

This is what we SAY, now how do we PROVE it? We send you our "1900" Washer free of charge, on a full month's trial, and we even pay the freight out of our own pockets.

No cash deposit is asked, no notes, no contract, no security.

You may use the washer four weeks at our expense. You find it won't wash as many clothes in FOUR hours as you can wash by hand in EIGHT hours you send it back to the railway station,—that's all.

But, if, from a month's actual use, you are convinced it saves HALF the time in washing, does the work better, and does it twice as easily as it could be done by hand, you keep the machine.

Then you mail us 50 cents a week till it is paid for. Remember that 50 cents is part of what the machine saves you every week on your own, or on a washer-woman's labor. We intend that the "1900" Washer shall pay for itself and thus cost you nothing.

You don't risk a cent from first to last, and you don't buy it until you have had a full month's trial.

Could we afford to pay freight on thousands of these machines every month, if we did not positively KNOW they would do all we claim for them? Can you afford to be without a machine that will do your washing in HALF THE TIME, with half the wear and tear of the washboard, when you can have that machine for a month's free trial and let it PAY FOR ITSELF? This offer may be withdrawn at any time it overcrows our factory.

Write us TODAY, while the offer is still open, and while you think of it. The postage stamp is all you risk. Write me personally on this offer, viz: H. E. Lieber, General Manager of "1900" Washer Company, 293 Henry St. Binghamton, New York.

tem of reciprocity with all the countries of North and South America, and thereby encourage the most friendly political and commercial relations.

Our duty is at home, to protect, nourish, comfort and bless our own people.

First, to maintain unimpaired the fundamental principles of democratic government.

Second, the wise, judicious and economic administration of our national affairs for the benefit of our people and the honor of the nation, and not for the perpetuation in power of any political party.

Third, efficiency and integrity should be the qualifications of appointment and promotion in the public service.

Fourth, the Federal government should be absolutely divorced from obligations to or contamination with trusts of any character.

Fifth, the three co-ordinate branches of the government should be exercised with absolute independence of any usurpation or influence over each other.

Sixth, the law controlling illegal combinations should be enforced, and if necessary, additional legislation should be enacted for the benefit of the people.

Seventh, there should be harmony, confidence and mutual interest promoted between capital and labor.

Eighth, constitutional guarantees should be sacredly preserved.

Ninth, the system of improving our waterways that has been found so beneficial should be continued where it is required by the necessities of the public, and not for the purpose of expending the public treasure in the interest of individual politicians; and if the same public interest that has been manifested in the waterways could be advantageously carried forward to the improvement of the highways and public roads it would be of inestimable value to the farmers and business interests of this country.

Tenth, the pension laws should be carried out in spirit as well as in form, and a just service pension law regularly authorized.

Eleventh, the transformation of our arid lands by a system of irrigation which we have advocated many years and has been inaugurated in response to the demand of the people will be of inestimable value to the home builders of the country, and should be encouraged.

Twelfth, the measure to promote a great avenue of commerce across the Isthmus should be conducted with the highest regard and sense of honor, not only on our own part, but with regard to the interests of others.

The comrades who volunteered their services and freely gave their lives in that great army of more than two millions of patriots, fought for the preservation of democratic institutions. Even those who fought against us fought for a principle, as they believed, in the right of the states to withdraw from one federation and to form another confederation. They did not fight for an imperial power, but fought for a republic.

The danger of imperialism was awakened some years ago in the minds of men, many of them prominent leaders and founders of the Republican party. At first this idea was scoffed at and ridiculed. Yet the tendency toward centralization, the exaltation of the executive branch of the government to the prejudice of the other two, has caused a feeling of concern not only in the minds of a few individuals, but in the great mass of honest, patriotic people to the extent that it now is one of the chief elements of discussion by the Democratic party, and is a matter of deep concern in the minds and hearts of many in the Republican party.

The change from servitude and oppression on the part of a people to

liberty and independence is usually wrought by violence, by heroic deeds and great sacrifices. The change from democracy to despotism is slow, subtle, insidious and fatal. Hence it behooves every patriotic citizen to guard with the utmost care any approach of the re-establishment of tyranny.

Citizens must be blind indeed if they have not observed within the present decade marked indications of the approach to centralization and imperialism. The flag that we carried through the storms of battle and which we see displayed so conspicuously over political clubs, does not mean the same to the millions of people living in our dependent colonies as it means to us, and as it meant to our fathers. "The flag which we received without a rent we shall hand down without a stain." Shall the policy of according the right of citizenship to the people of one part of the United States and denying it to the people of another part of our territory be continued?

Answer the question on the 8th of next November.

In reference to the indications of the imperialistic spirit that seems to be spreading over our land, I will call attention to a single incident—a ceremony that is about to take place in the capital of our country. It has been our glory that for more than a hundred years that capital symbolizes democracy, and there we find an atmosphere of freedom and independence unlike that found in the capitals of monarchial countries. Yet we are informed that a ceremony is about to be enacted at Washington which certainly will impress our comrades and citizens with different ideas than those inspired by any other ceremony in this country.

Formerly a statue of George III. was standing at Bowling Green, New York. This was overthrown and destroyed by our fathers during the Revolutionary war, and since that time no statue of an imperial monarch has been erected on the soil of the United States. Our government is expending between three hundred and four hundred thousand dollars in building a war college at Washington where the officers of the American army are to learn the responsibilities and duties of soldiers of the republic. We are informed that the first statue, that of Frederick the Great, is to be dedicated during the present month, and it has been publicly and repeatedly announced that this is to be one of four, the others being Alexander the Great, Caesar and Napoleon—all monarchs, all imperialists, and two of them overthrew republics to gain their power. Are our American soldiers to understand that these are the only men who are to be classed as the greatest soldiers, and are they to be inspired to emulate their lives? In that group we find no American or others who fought for our liberties. Washington, Steuben, Lafayette, Jackson, Taylor, Scott, Grant, Sherman, Meade, Thomas, Hancock, McPherson, Sheridan or Robert E. Lee and Stonewall Jackson, who were the equals in military genius and in character to any of those

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selected, and who also fought for a principle and a republic, and not for imperialism, are not to stand in that group at the national capital.

From the imposing monument which adorns the capital the spirit of Washington will look down upon that imperial dedication. The Goddess of Liberty, standing high in midair over the capitol, may well veil her face at such a scene. The spirit of American heroism and fortitude can view

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the rest of the world. The countries of North and South America are still occupied by only one hundred and fifty millions of people, whereas the remainder and less valuable portion of the earth is occupied by a thousand millions of the human race. Hence it is of great importance that we should have a well defined established sys-