

NEWS NOTES

FOR THE

BUSY MAN

Most Important Happenings of the World Told in Brief.

PERSONAL

Louis A. Gregori, who fired upon Maj. Dreyfus during the ceremonies last June incident to the placing of the body of Emile Zola in the Pantheon, the Dreyfus affair, was acquitted by a jury.

John Mouton, a leper, who escaped from the Louisiana leper home in Iberville parish about a year ago, was found selling tickets at a nickel theater in New Orleans.

Bishop John L. Spalding of the Catholic diocese of Peoria, Ill., resigned because of ill health.

George W. Fitzgerald, accused of having stolen the \$173,000 which disappeared from the United States treasury at Chicago, was discharged by Judge Chetlain.

Count Leo Tolstoy received innumerable letters, telegrams and gifts from all parts of the world on the occasion of his birthday.

Judge Alton B. Parker said he was not willing to make the race for governor of New York.

"Billy" Sunday, the evangelist, armed with a sledgehammer, destroyed \$3,500 worth of plates containing an edition of his sermons in the pressroom of the W. B. Conkey Publishing company at Hammond, Ind.

Congressman George L. Lilley was nominated for governor of Connecticut by the Republicans.

Harry J. Handy of the New Illinois Athletic club won the Marathon ten-mile swimming race at St. Louis.

Gov. Davidson of Wisconsin saved the lives of two men on Lake Mendota. The men were in a canoe that capsized. The governor rowed to the rescue.

GENERAL NEWS

The towns of Grand Marais and Beaver Bay were reported to be burning and many other places were endangered by the forest fires of Michigan and Minnesota.

A hurricane of great fury swept over Turks Islands, B. W. I., and the town of Grand Turk was devastated. A number of lives have been lost, but just how many cannot yet be said.

Emperor William disappointed the general expectation that he would set foot on French territory in the course of a sight-seeing voyage along the Vosges range.

In a flight lasting one hour, ten minutes and 26 seconds, Orville Wright surpassed all his exploits for a time and distance flight for a heavier-than-air machine.

The number of unemployed in London, England, was strikingly illustrated when 3,000 men surrounded and attempted to make their way into a hospital which had advertised for a porter at a wage of \$1.50 a week and meals.

Warm praise was given President Roosevelt by Judge E. H. Gary, chairman of the board of directors of the United States Steel corporation, at a banquet given for him by Sir Hugh Bell, president of the Iron and Steel Institute, and others.

The plant of the Cosmoplaste Cement Company, located at Cosmoplaste, 17 miles southwest of Louisville, burned with a loss estimated at \$2,000,000.

Hibbing, the largest town on the Mesaba Range, was threatened with destruction by forest fires and a desperate fight was made to save it. Grand Marais also was reported in great danger.

Mrs. Abbie Rice testified at the inquest over Dr. F. H. Rustin of Omaha that he had planned for her to shoot him and kill herself and that when she weakened he told her he had made the same arrangement with C. E. Davis, a bank clerk. Mr. Davis admitted Dr. Rustin gave him drugs with which to commit suicide but denied any knowledge of the physician's death.

Republican standpaters in the Iowa legislature blocked the election of Gov. Cummins to the United States senate.

Kansas City is in fear of a race war, the negroes having purchased firearms.

Carroll Hall, aged 14, of Danville, N. H., accidentally shot and killed his 16-year-old sister.

An attempt was made to turn a meeting of unemployed workmen of New York into an anarchistic demonstration, and for half an hour the big meeting held in Cooper Union was the scene of wild excitement, during which red flags were raised, the police denounced and incendiary speeches made. Alexander Berkman and a young woman were arrested.

Stanley Ketchel of Michigan, former middleweight champion of the world, was knocked out in the twelfth round at Los Angeles by Billy Papke of Illinois, who is now middleweight champion of the world.

At Fort Myer Orville Wright made the two greatest aeroplane flights ever made publicly in this country when he remained in the air for over 11 minutes on his first flight and for nearly eight minutes on his second flight.

Adam Menche, deputy factory inspector and former president of the Illinois State Federation of Labor, was found dead in his room at Kewanee, Ill. He is believed to have succumbed to heart disease.

The independence party in Minnesota named William H. Allen of St. Paul for governor.

Twelve hundred employees of the Great Northern Paper Company at Millhocket, Me., went on strike.

The commodities clause of the Hepburn railroad act was declared unconstitutional by the United States circuit court for the eastern district of Pennsylvania.

Judge Kenesaw Landis, who fined the Standard Oil Company of Indiana \$29,000,000, is charged with having permitted outside influences to govern his decision by the attorneys for the company in their answer to the application for a rehearing filed in the United States court of appeals.

County Attorney English at Omaha, Neb., filed a complaint against Charles E. Davis, charging him with murder in the first degree in connection with the shooting of Dr. Frederick Rustin.

In a flight requiring great skill on account of a ten-mile wind, Orville Wright in his aeroplane circled around the drill ground at Fort Myer 58 times in 65 minutes and 52 seconds, breaking his own world's record.

The American battleship fleet arrived at Albany, the capital of Western Australia.

Jacob Hornesniemi, with his two sons, respectively 12 and 14 years old, met death while trying to fight off the forest fires that swept their homestead on Otter river near Calumet, Mich.

Falling a victim to its policy of over-extension and poor management the well-known fish, oyster and sea food house of A. Booth & Co. of Chicago, the largest in this country, was forced into the hands of a receiver.

The supreme court of Oklahoma upheld the validity of the depositors' guaranty law, denying the injunction prayed by the Noble State bank to restrain the state from levying a one per cent. assessment upon the deposits of the bank.

Miss Patricia Egan, daughter of Maurice F. Egan, the American minister to Denmark, was married in Copenhagen to Jerome Elmer P. Murphy of Los Angeles, Cal.

The body of Mrs. Ashton Harvey, dressed in white and literally covered with jewels worth a fortune, was found in the private pleasure lake on the estate of Stewart Hartshorn, at Short Hills, N. J., by blood hounds which had been brought from New York to seek her.

Mrs. Harvey was the wife of Ashton Harvey, a millionaire corporation lawyer.

The St. Vincent, the largest and heaviest battle ship ever built for the British navy, was launched successfully at Portsmouth.

Queen Wilhelmina's hopes of providing an heir to the throne of Holland were frustrated once more by a miscarriage.

Robert Wiltse, a veteran of the civil war, shot himself in the ante-room of the G. A. R. post at Oswego, N. Y., while a post meeting was in progress.

Batling Nelson clinched his claim to the lightweight pugilistic championship by defeating Joe Gans for the second time at San Francisco. The fight ended in the twenty-first round when Gans, beaten down by a succession of blows from his sturdy conqueror, failed to get upon his feet within the count of ten.

A severe gale caused many casualties among smaller craft along the coast of Great Britain. The schooner Phyllis Gray, laden with coal, went aground and turned turtle and the crew of six men were lost.

Philip Lienthal, manager of the Anglo-California bank, San Francisco, was killed in an automobile accident.

The Republican squabble in West Virginia was ended by the recognition of the Swisher convention as regular.

In view of 7,000 persons at the Richmond county fair, held at Dongan Hills, Staten Island, William Coby, a youthful balloonist of Milwaukee, fell from an exploded balloon and was probably mortally injured.

D. R. Anderson, former cashier of the First National bank of Mason-town, Pa., died at the penitentiary from paralysis. He was serving a five-year sentence for embezzlement.

Factions of the union and non-union stogie makers of Gallipolis, O., met on the street and fought a desperate battle which resulted in serious injury to John White and Clarence Hayes.

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TO THE FREIGHT MEN

WHAT CLARK HAD TO SAY TO TRAFFIC MANAGERS.

THE LAW WILL BE ENFORCED

Incorporations and Their Rules Should Be Overlooked and Supervised by Federal Tribunals.

St. Louis, Ill.—"I doubt if the whole history of lawmaking in this country discloses such a record of ignoring, evading and defying law as has marked the course of the interstate commerce law. Its purpose has been defeated through technicalities, but it must not be assumed that the effort toward government regulation of interstate commerce has been, is, or will be a failure or that it will be abandoned in despair. There will be no vindictiveness, no playing to the galleries and no partiality in administering the law as laid down by congress, but there will be a firm purpose and an earnest effort to enforce the full intent."

This statement was made by E. F. Clark, interstate commerce commissioner, in an address this afternoon before the annual convention of the American Association of Freight Traffic officials.

Mr. Clark said the roads should be permitted to maintain traffic associations, providing their articles of incorporation and their rules are subject to approval by a federal tribunal and are made public.

He opposed the proposition that a complaint against an increased rate should automatically suspend such rate, but urged that the Interstate Commerce commission be given authority to suspend a proposed increase in rates until its reasonableness could be determined.

The following officers were re-elected by the association:

President, Robert C. Wright, Philadelphia; first vice president, T. W. Gallagher, Baltimore; second vice president, W. D. Groselocoe, St. Louis; third vice president, Charles R. Capps, Norfolk, Va.; fourth vice president, George R. Crosby, Chicago; secretary, J. F. Ausch, Philadelphia.

Cholera Has a Firm Hold.

St. Petersburg—An official statement of the cholera situation in St. Petersburg shows that Sunday there were fifty-eight new cases and eight deaths from the disease and that there are 107 patients in hospitals in that city.

Harry Thaw Gets Transfer.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—Harry K. Thaw will be transferred from the second time at San Francisco. The fight ended in the twenty-first round when Gans, beaten down by a succession of blows from his sturdy conqueror, failed to get upon his feet within the count of ten.

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NEBRASKA NEWS AND NOTES.

Items of Greater or Lesser Importance Over the State.

The Oxford roller mills were destroyed by fire. The loss is \$2,500. Burglars of late have been very active in David City.

Mrs. Mary A. Gilmore of Otoe county went insane and was taken to the asylum. She is very violent and had to be strapped down.

A young man of Milford, named Burkholder, was arrested by Sheriff Gillan for attempted assault on a young woman named Erb.

Elmer Tattle, a young man raised in Salem, was run over by a west-bound Burlington train and killed. He is said to have been intoxicated and was lying on the track.

A reward of \$100 has been offered for the capture of a thief, who stole a horse from Hodges & Baldwin's barn in Fremont. The animal is a big bay weighing 1,750 pounds.

C. M. Earnest was arrested in Sedaw by Sheriff Gillan for having stolen a team June 8 in Holt county. He sold it at Krobach. He was taken to O'Neill by the sheriff of that county.

F. Erickson and family of Menasha, Minn., arrived in Fremont in an automobile. They came to visit Mr. and Mrs. David Jones, who reside south of the city. They drove the whole distance in an automobile.

Richard Prette made an application to Clerk Mundy at the district court of Dodge county for hearing under the dispensation act. Prette says he is a dipsomaniac and he wants to take the state treatment at the Lincoln asylum.

The five people who were injured in Keith county, when the tank house collapsed, are all alive. Frank Kalvict, the young man employed by Mr. Girman in his meat market, is the most seriously injured. His leg may have to be amputated.

The peach and apple crop is so heavy in this section, says a Nebraska City dispatch, that the canning factory has contracted to put up something like fifteen carloads of these two kinds alone. The tomato crop was fair, but the corn crop short.

Fremont's new \$60,000 Y. M. C. A. building was opened to the public last week. A big crowd filled the lobby, corridors and the gymnasium. The swimming pool in the basement called out the admiration of the small boys and many others of larger size.

The union labor lodges of McCook observed Labor day with a big picnic, an address by Congressman G. W. Norris and several unisonist speeches, music by the High school band, a ball game and numerous other games.

Mrs. Seigart of Hastings, who several weeks ago was injured in Doniphan, is still in a serious condition and a suit may be instituted against the village of Doniphan or the St. Joseph & Grand Island railroad for having improper lighting.

Mark Sells, one of the progressive young farmers of Pawnee county, was so seriously injured as to cause his death. He was engaged in building a new residence on his farm, three and one-half miles east of the city. While upon him fatal injuries.

Three men, Joe and Jay Harrison and John Conrad, were arrested at Ponca for breaking into John Coln's saloon. They got \$21 and probably some whisky. After they were arrested they gave up the money, but are held under \$500 bonds.

With his arm in a sling as the result of a collision with a Mexican bicycle rider, D. E. Thompson, ambassador to Mexico, arrived in Lincoln in his special car. He is on leave of absence and will remain in this country several weeks. This is the second time same arm has been fractured and Mr. Thompson said it had caused him considerable discomfort and inconvenience.

According to the report of County Superintendent R. C. King, there were thirteen schools, in Otoe county that were not able to open on account of the shortage of teachers and these schools will have to remain closed until teachers have been secured. A month ago there was a shortage of forty-seven teachers, but since then the shortage has been cut down to thirteen.

One of the heaviest real estate sales to occur in this section, says a Sutherland dispatch, in a long time, was consummated during the past few days, when the famous "Duck Brand" ranch, lying in the east part of Keith county, a few miles west of this place, passed from the ownership of C. F. Nevin to P. P. Maddux of Miller, this state. The ranch embraces 75,000 acres of deeded lands and is well stocked with cattle, horses, etc.

The story of the killing of a Mr. Perlick by George Boyer has reached Bridgeport. Boyer, who is well known throughout that part of the country, was engaged in setting a post on the section line between his place and that of Mr. Perlick, when the latter appeared and demanded that the post be set back several feet, alleging that it was not on the correct line. Hot words followed and in the quarrel which ensued Boyer struck Perlick on the head with a heavy tamping stake he had been using.

Harry T. Martin, Fred Thomas, Larry Mullin and Lulu Wolfe, who were arrested at Decatur by Sheriff Phipps, charged with selling liquor without a license, were taken before Judge Sears where they all plead guilty and were fined \$200 and costs, which they paid.

Sheriff White and two deputies from Ida Grove, Ia., who have been in Central City for several days, were rewarded in their search by the capture of Ehner Johnson, who is wanted at Ida Grove on a charge of statutory assault. Johnson left home some weeks ago and was traced to Central City.

The corn crop is maturing rapidly in Thayer county. Grain men say Thayer county will produce more corn this season than ever before. The crop is so far advanced that frost would do little damage.

Orpha Cook, a Kinkaidler, living in north Deuel county on his homestead, put his team up at a livery barn in Ogallala and slept in the loft. Next morning at 4 o'clock he got up in the darkness, stepped through a hatchway, falling to the floor below. The spinal column is dislocated, his lower limbs are paralyzed. The doctors say he will not recover.

More Men for Signal Corps. Washington—With the utility of aerial navigation as an adjunct to the army in time of war, practically demonstrated by the phenomenal flights made at Fort Myer, with the activity displayed by foreign governments in securing aerial navies, and with the advantages of maintaining constant communication between the various units of an army in time of war strikingly illustrated in recent international conflicts, military authorities are arguing the necessity for increasing the strength of the signal corps.

THE STATE CAPITAL

MATTERS OF INTEREST TO ALL CITIZENS.

RETURNS SLOW COMING IN

Eleven Counties Yet to Be Heard from Before Tabulated Statement Can Be Given

Lincoln—Returns from eleven counties are yet to be received before the secretary of state can complete the tabulation of the official returns from the primary election held September 1. Most people, except those personally interested, take much interest in the matter so far as the large majority of the state offices are concerned. The result has been known for many days except in the case of candidates for the nomination for state auditor. Eighty counties reported give Barton 9,930, and Alden 10,608. Among the missing counties is Douglas which gave Barton a plurality of about 1,100. Barton's nomination by about 250 is considered assured. The counties missing from the official returns are Brown, Butler, Deuel, Douglas, Hayes, Holt, Polk, Rock, Thayer and Washington.

Unless the figures are not deceptive, W. B. Price of Lincoln, the democratic nominee for state auditor, is also nominated by 250 or more. Mr. Price is probably as much surprised as anyone over the result of the primaries. He desired to be a candidate for congress in the First district but was suddenly pulled off at the last moment and informed by the leaders of his party that he could not run for congress. Unbeknown to him some of his democratic friends then filed nomination papers for him for the office of state auditor.

Congressman Hinshaw believes the newspaper reports have given him too much of a majority over his opponent. His reports are official with the exception of reports from three counties. He believes the returns give him 7,868, Aldrich 3,809; a majority of 4,059.

It is shown by the official returns that the two constitutional amendments submitted for adoption by political parties to be placed on the ballot this fall as party measures have been adopted by all political parties, republican, democrat, populist and even socialists. The returns show some opposition, however, among the democratic ranks to the amendment increasing the number of supreme judges, increasing their salary and increasing the salary of judges of the district courts and providing for the appointment of four supreme judges by the governor. This opposition is shown in Valley county, where the democratic defeated this amendment, and in Webster, Kearney and Harlan, where the populists defeated the amendment relating to the judiciary. The amendment for the investment of state school funds in school district bonds and such other securities as the legislature may from time to time direct, appeared to be more popular everywhere than the judiciary amendment. The real test of the popularity of the amendments will come at the November election, when they are to be voted upon for final adoption or rejection as a part of the state constitution.

If the candidates do not amend their affidavits, Edgar Howard of Columbus will be recorded as having spent more money in his campaign than was spent by his opponent, James P. Latta of Tekamah.

Secretary of State Junkin has received a message showing that W. A. Stewart of Lexington was nominated by the republicans of the Thirtieth senatorial district by a majority of twenty-three. Stewart's opponent came out for county option and he opposed it. This was an issue of importance in the district. Stewart is said to have won because of his record as a progressive as against his opponent, who has been identified with the old machine for many years.

Nebraska Educational Commission. The Nebraska Educational commission, appointed by the Superintendents and Principals' association at its annual meeting in 1907, met in the office of the state superintendent. The members of the commission present were State Superintendent McBrien, President Crabtree of the Peru State Normal, President Thomas of the Kearney State Normal, and Dean Bessey, acting for Chancellor Andrews of the University of Nebraska. The committee discussed the plans for the unifying of the state courses of study and for the codifying of the school laws, and will make its official report to the Superintendents and Principals' association at the November, 1908, meeting. This committee is acting along the same lines as similar commissions in the states of Massachusetts, Connecticut, New York, California, West Virginia and Illinois.

Headquarters at Lincoln. The headquarters of the Bryan volunteers, which have been in Columbus all summer, and which have been the subject of conflicting rumors as to their location, will be moved to Lincoln, where rooms have been secured near the democratic state headquarters. Up to this time the work at democratic headquarters has not been pushed, Chairman Allen and the one stenographer have composed the entire force. But now that the primary battle is out of the way, the democratic management promises activity.

Date for Lumber Hearing. The Commercial club of Lincoln jumped into the game to assist the railroads in maintaining a high rate out of Omaha on lumber. The lumber dealers of Omaha filed a petition with the Railway commission setting out that the railroads were hauling lumber out of Lincoln to points in the state at a rate less than the rate given the Omaha merchants. The Commercial club here employed Judge Field to help maintain the present rates. The commission will hear his demurrer September 29.

TREATMENT OF TUBERCULOSIS.

Things that Should be Carefully Guarded Against by Afflicted. Afflicted.

In the home treatment for tuberculosis you need to carefully guard yourself against taking too much exercise, and should you have an afternoon temperature, you should take no exercise at all. The fever is the "consumption" and is the destructive force in the disease. Hence, if you have fever, you should not even sit up, you should lie down. This is an important point and those who imagine that they should take vigorous and heroic exercise should have their minds disabused at once. (A person who is below normal weight should take no exercise at all until he has regained his normal weight.—Kirschner.) Your exercise should always be directed by your physician. This rule should not be violated.

If you are a user of intoxicants you must cease at once for you cannot be cured if you insist on using them. Remember that you have a "consumption" burning the vitality from your blood more rapidly than nature can restore it. If upon your already devitalized condition you impose an additional burden you may as well abandon hope of recovery. You must leave liquor alone.

Your recovery will depend largely on temperament. The cure must be earned and it will require an extended period of time to do this. There is small chance for you if you are a melancholy, discontented, fault-finding person. Intelligent, persistent and painstaking action is required, in which a cheerful, contented demeanor must be maintained. There will always be much to encourage the faithful and the patient ones, and an equitable temperament and fine conduct will find ultimate and large reward.

The foregoing paragraphs are extracts from a pamphlet on Home Treatment in Iowa for Tuberculosis, edited by A. E. Kepford, Lecturer Department of Education on Tuberculosis, and published by the Iowa Board of Control. This literature is spread broadcast in Iowa in the heroic effort made by that state to throw off the shackles of thralldom to the great white plague. Mr. Kepford was once a minister of the gospel, now he calls himself a minister of the gospel of good health, and what a gospel, verily. To quote from a current magazine: "That it is stupid to be sick is a new idea, because we have always believed that most of our illnesses are either foreordained or accidents. Now we are rapidly learning that our illnesses are largely of our making; of our own carelessness; of our own stupidity in fact." Then let us no longer be careless nor stupid, lest nature exact her tribute from us in punishment meted out to us for leaving her simple ways. If you are consumptive go back to nature; if you do not know how, address Tuberculosis, 408 City Hall, Omaha for information.

Equalization Board's Work. The State Board of Equalization concluded its work of equalizing the value of railroad property assessed under the terminal tax law by increasing the main track of the Union Pacific about 10 per cent and the sidetracks about 50 per cent. This increase does not apply to Douglas county, which was left as returned by the assessor. The Northwestern, including the Minneapolis & Omaha, was reduced practically 10 per cent. This increase and reduction was done in order to equalize between the different roads. The total terminal property of the various roads, with the exception of the Northwestern and the Minneapolis & Omaha, are not yet available. The property assessed for local purposes belonging to the Northwestern in 1907 was \$587,813, and this year under the terminal tax law it amounts to \$1,115,647. Property of the Minneapolis & Omaha assessed last year for city purposes amounted to \$227,100, and under the new law it amounts this year to \$435,191.

Senator Burkett Invited. Senator Burkett has received an invitation to attend the nineteenth annual session of the Trans-Mississippi Commercial Congress, to be held at San Francisco October 6 to 10, and to deliver an address at the meeting. The object of the congress is to discuss subjects of interest to the states in a commercial way, such as river and harbor improvement, finances, live stock industries, dry farming, leasing of public lands. Special attention will be given at this session of the congress to the conservation of natural resources, to which attention has been directed by President Roosevelt.

Contract is Awarded. The board of public lands and buildings awarded a contract for a new laundry and store room at the girls' industrial school at Geneva to take the place of a building destroyed by a wind storm. Mr. Ashmacker of Lincoln will build it for \$6,950.

Degree of Honor Politics. The fight between Mrs. Hattie Woolley of Lincoln and Miss Teresa Hempe of Plattsmouth for the office of grand recorder of the Degree of Honor, Ancient Order United Workmen, has reached the fever heat stage and the developments of the last few days show that Mrs. Mary Latky, grand chief of honor, has taken a hand and has endorsed Mrs. Woolley for the place. Another development is that Governor Sheldon has withdrawn his name from a circular being sent out by Mrs. Woolley endorsing her.

Big Brief in Miles Will Case. One of the largest, if not the largest brief ever filed in the supreme court was filed in the Miles will case by the attorneys for the appellants—John Lee Webster, John H. Atwood, Reavis & Reavis, I. J. Ringsley and Joseph H. Broady. The brief contains 257 pages besides a complete index of seven pages, and one page of apology to the court for the length of the "book." The suit is an appeal in a proceeding in equity to set aside the probate of a will of Stephen B. Miles, who died at Falls City in 1898.

Night Sweats & Cough.

E. W. Walton, Condr. S. P. Ry., 717 Van Ness St., San Antonio, Tex., writes: "During the summer and fall of 1902, my annoyance from catarrh reached that stage where it was actual misery and developed alarming symptoms, such as a very deep-seated cough, night sweats, and pains in the head and chest. I experimented with several so-called remedies before I finally decided to take a thorough course of Peruna."

"Two of my friends had gone so far as to inform me that the thing for me to do was to resign my position and seek a higher, more congenial climate. Everyone thought I had consumption and I was not expected to live very long."

"Having procured some Peruna, I decided to give it a thorough test and applied myself assiduously to the task of taking it, as per instructions, in the meantime."

"The effects were soon apparent, all alarming symptoms disappeared and my general health became fully as good as it had ever been in my life."