

NEWS NOTES

FOR THE BUSY MAN

Most Important Happenings of the World Told in Brief.

CONVENTION NOTES.

Secretary of War William H. Taft was nominated for the presidency on the first ballot in the Republican convention at Chicago, receiving 702 votes. Then, amid scenes of wild enthusiasm, he was made the unanimous choice of the convention. The majority report of the platform committee was adopted after a debate. For second place on the ticket Sherman of New York moved prominently to the fore. Representative James S. Sherman was nominated for vice-president on the first ballot by the Republican national convention. The convention then adjourned and a sub-committee of the national committee went to Cincinnati to consult Mr. Taft as to his choice for national chairman. For 15 minutes the delegates and spectators in the Republican national convention wildly cheered for President Roosevelt. The vast throng in the Coliseum was crazy with enthusiasm and some people feared that they threatened Roosevelt's stampede. A speech was started by Senator Lodge's speech as permanent chairman. The credentials committee reported, seating all the Taft delegates, and the convention voted down the proposition to reduce the representation of southern states in future conventions. At an all night session of the credentials committee of the Republican national convention 110 contests brought by the "allies" were considered, the decisions being in favor of the Taft adherents. A sub-committee of the resolutions committee labored over the platform, modifying many of the planks. Gov. Cummings of Iowa became the leading candidate for the vice-presidential nomination, with Fairbanks a close second.

PERSONAL.

Congressman John Sharp Williams of Mississippi resigned the minority leadership of the house of representatives, to take effect December 1 next, saying it was for the good of the Democratic party. United States Commissioner of Pensions Vespasian Warner suffered a legal defeat in the litigation growing out of the administration of his father's estate when the Illinois supreme court handed down a decision sustaining the contentions of his stepmother. Mrs. Warner will receive about \$500,000 or one-fourth of the estate. E. T. Bethel, convicted of spreading sedition in Korea, was sentenced to three weeks' imprisonment. George G. Metzger, one of the wealthiest men of Toledo and president of the failed Broadway bank, was indicted by the grand jury on counts charging him with embezzlement and misapplication of funds. By the will of Oliver H. P. Belmont, Mrs. Belmont is to receive all the real and personal property and she is named executrix of the estate. The value of the estate is not given. Secretary Taft's daughter won a Pennsylvania scholarship in Bryn Mawr. President Roosevelt told the District of Columbia commissioners to order all stray dogs in Washington muzzled for 60 days.

GENERAL NEWS.

President Roosevelt accepted the resignation of Secretary of War Taft, to take effect June 30, and announced that he had selected Luke E. Wright of Tennessee as Taft's successor. Mr. Wright followed Mr. Taft as governor of the Philippines and was the first American ambassador to Japan. An explosion in a coal mine near Monongahela, Pa., resulted in the death of three men, the probable fatal injury of two others and the entombment of 15, many of whom were thought to be suffocated. A jury found Carl Fischer-Hansen, the New York lawyer, not guilty of the charge of extorting \$15,000 from Joseph E. O'Brien of Philadelphia. The Capital City Savings bank of Little Rock, Ark., conducted by negroes, is in the hands of a receiver. The thirty-second national saengerfest of the North American Saengerbund opened in Indianapolis, Ind. The government's suit for injunction against seven coal carrying railroads that transport anthracite from their own mines was argued in Philadelphia. Three men at Enid, Okla., accused of lynching a negro, were acquitted by a jury. Mrs. J. D. Tutthill of Brooklyn, N. Y., sister of J. S. Pomeroy, cashier of the Security National bank, Minneapolis, committed suicide by jumping into Lake Minnetonka at Brezzy Point. Mrs. Mary Stuart Coffin, the only practicing woman lawyer in Detroit, Mich., committed suicide by taking laudanum. The plant of the Royal Coal Mine company at Argeatine, Pa., was destroyed by dynamite, the loss being \$20,000. An attempt to assassinate Gen. Fugiat, French minister of war, was made by a man named Bellanger. The world's centennial congress held exercises at the grave in Glens Falls, N. Y., of William J. Clark, founder of the temperance movement in America.

According to the Iron & Steel Trades Journal of London, American, German and Russian syndicates are about to form an international steel trust with \$150,000,000 capital. Three national guardsmen of New York were killed by a "bare back" in one of the guns of Fort Wadsworth during the mimic war. Twenty-three wrapping paper companies pleaded guilty, in New York, to indictments charging them with violating the Sherman anti-trust act. Sweeping reductions in lumber rates west of the Missouri river, and approximately five per cent. reduction in the advanced rates in the east, as well as other changes in the tariff, were ordered under decisions announced by the interstate commerce commission. Five unidentified Italians employed by contractors on the Lackawanna railroad cutoff at Lehigh on the Pocono mountains, were killed by a premature blast. Twenty passengers were injured, one fatally, in an interurban trolley car collision near Bakertown, Pa. Mrs. Mary Farmer was found guilty at Watertown, N. Y., of the murder of Mrs. Sarah Brennan, and was sentenced to be electrocuted. Dr. Frank Stirn of Cudahy, a suburb of Milwaukee, was shot and probably mortally wounded by a man named Antony Kriz whom he had treated unsuccessfully. The famous Summit house on the top of Mount Washington was destroyed by fire. Gen. Khovorski, commander of a detachment of Cossacks stationed at Vorkniskhan, a town near Uralsk, was assassinated. Three members of the New York National Guard were seriously injured by the explosion of a powder charge at Fort Wadsworth. Fire destroyed the plant of the Shelby Steel Tube company at Shelby, O., owned by the United States Steel corporation. Loss was \$2,000,000. Several persons were injured, one perhaps fatally, two houses and a half dozen barns were destroyed by a tornado which struck the eastern outskirts of Sioux City. Dominga Schiappa Pietra filed a suit against the heirs of the late Leopold Pietra of Los Angeles, asking for one-half of an estate valued at \$2,500,000, alleging that she is the common law wife of Frederico Pietra, an Italian immigrant, who laid a foundation for the immense fortune. As officers, carrying a warrant charging him with misappropriation of the funds of the Aberdeen (O.) Banking company, were breaking down the doors of his barricaded home to place him under arrest, D. H. Fawcett, president of the bank, pulled a revolver to his head and fired a bullet into his brain. Martin Finn of Salisbury, N. Y., was killed in his sleep by his wife, who then took poison. Mrs. A. L. Stairs of Sandy Creek, W. Va., while temporarily insane killed her two little children and herself. Lazarus Levy, the 65-year-old head of the banking firm of L. Levy & Co., was sued at New York by Susie A. Merrill, 30 years his junior, for \$100,000 damages for breach of promise. The federal grand jury at New York found a third indictment against Alfred H. Curtis, president, and Charles W. Morse, vice-president National Bank of North America, charging them with making false entries in reports to the comptroller of the currency and the misapplication of funds for speculative purposes, amounting to about \$1,250,000. The president of the Russian revolutionary republic was sentenced to 15 years at hard labor. Three members were killed and a fourth wounded by a wealthy Italian merchant of New Orleans from whom they had attempted to extort money. The Cunarder Lusitania was stopped for 20 minutes in the narrows at Fort Wadsworth because the great guns of New York Wadsworth and Hamilton were being fired in the "war game." The Democratic state convention of Mississippi instructed the delegates to vote first and last for the selection of William J. Bryan as the presidential nominee. Dr. W. F. King, for 40 years president of Cornell college at Mount Vernon, Ia., resigned on account of ill health. Prof. James Harlan was chosen president. Four hundred feet of the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railway embankment, which served as a levee protecting St. Charles county (Mo.) farms from the Missouri river, gave way and 4,000 acres of farm lands were inundated. Miss Miriam Frances Bloomer, daughter of James F. Bloomer of Cincinnati, drank poison by mistake in New York and died. Thomas Hagen, a marine, was killed by a blow over the heart in a boxing bout on the battleship Mississippi at Philadelphia. Two hundred lives were endangered by an incendiary attempt to burn a tenement house in New York. Joseph Fangele, a wealthy merchant and brewer of Galitzin, Pa., committed suicide. OBITUARY.

THE STATE CAPITAL

Matters of Interest to All Citizens. NEBRASKA CONVICTS ARE IDLE

Contract With the Broom Company Express and Machinery of the Same is Ordered Taken Out. Convicts Now Idle.

Four hundred convicts in the Nebraska penitentiary are idle, a majority of the members of the Board of Public Lands and Buildings having voted not to permit the Lee Broom and Duster company to have their services longer at 50 cents day, the contract price in effect for several years. Warden Beemer was instructed to collect the amount due from the company, between \$6,000 and \$3,000, and order the broom company to take out its machinery. Members of the board are united that the price of 50 cents a day, when the state furnishes buildings, heat, light and power, is too low. They demand 75 cents day, which Clinton R. Lee of the broom company says he will not pay. The contract under which the company has been working has expired. Under orders the convicts were locked in their cells. The company employs 273 men on full time and fifteen on half time, which makes a revenue of about \$150 a day to the state. Some years ago the state said the contract price was too low and refused to renew a contract, when the broom company moved out and started a factory in the city. Later the board yielded. Mr. Lee asserts the company will do likewise again, while the board thinks the charge demanded is moderate and should be paid.

Publication of Amendments. The submission of the two constitutional amendments passed by the last legislature is going to cost the state in the neighborhood of \$15,000. Secretary of State Junkin has received proofs of the amendments from printers and will in a short time send the copy out to the republican newspapers in the state. The amendments will be printed only in republican papers in each county in the state. Inasmuch as there are two amendments they will be cut up where there are as many as two republican papers in a county. The amendments are almost three times as long as the amendment submitted at the last election, when \$25.50 was paid each paper in which it was published. It is figured this year the cost per paper will be about \$160. In Hamilton county there is only one republican paper and it will get both amendments provide for an enlarged supreme court and for the investment of the school fund in city, county and school district securities.

Thompson Files Expense Bill. Attorney General Thompson has filed with the state auditor the expense account of himself and L. E. Wetling incidental to their trip to New York to take depositions in the express cases. Mr. Wetling went along as an expert. The total expenses of the two amounted to \$295.20, including railroad fare, berths, hotel bills, street car fare and hacks.

Administrator for Horn Estate. Joseph H. McCarthy, an attorney, was made administrator of the estate of Mrs. Horn, following the end of the fight over the will. The appointment was made upon the request of two sisters of the dead woman.

RAINFALL ABOVE THE NORMAL.

Daily Temperature Low, but Precipitation is Heavy. The weather bulletin for the week ending June 15, is as follows: The week was cloudy and cool, with an excess of rain in nearly all parts of the state. The daily mean temperature was between 60 and 64 degrees, which is six to eight degrees below the normal. Friday was the warmest day, with a maximum temperature generally slightly above 80 degrees. The rainfall was above the normal in most of the state. It ranged from one to three inches, except in the extreme western counties, where it was about, or somewhat more than half an inch. Rain fell, as a rule, in a large number of moderate showers scattered through the week. At some places some rain fell on each of the seven days, while in most of the state rain fell on five or six days. The total rainfall from April 1 to date is generally decidedly above the normal. The excess in the eastern counties ranges from three to nine inches. G. A. LOVELAND, Section Director, Lincoln, Neb.

Nebraska Prohibitionists. Prohibitionists of Nebraska in state convention here indorsed the following state ticket to be voted for at the state wide primary in September: Governor, R. R. Teeter, Falls City; Lieutenant Governor, F. T. Lynch, Lincoln; Secretary of state, H. F. Hochenburg, Columbus; Treasurer, C. G. Hurlbert, Union; Land commissioner, Frank Burt, Aurora; Auditor, C. H. Lindsay, Polk; School superintendent, Louise Dewey, University Place; Attorney general, J. H. Kretzinger, Beatrice; general, J. H. Kretzinger, Beatrice.

Priersons to Fort Leavenworth. Judge T. C. Munger received an order from Attorney General C. J. Bonaparte directing him to send all prisoners convicted in the Nebraska federal courts to the federal prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kas. For the last two years federal prisoners have been sent to the Nebraska penitentiary, the state being paid for the keeping of such criminals, but the Nebraska prison has become so crowded that it seemed best to make a change. Previous to two years ago the federal prison at Sioux Falls, S. D., was used.

NEBRASKA NEWS AND NOTES.

Items of Greater or Lesser Importance Over the State.

Rufus Pryor, county commissioner of Boone county, died last week. Mrs. Welch and one of her children were seriously burned by a gasoline explosion at Boone. Benjamin Roberts is under arrest at Alliance for forging a bank check. William Kay, who was injured by a circular saw on the farm of C. W. Hagerman, near Filley, died from his injuries. We publish a list of Omaha business houses in another column. In writing or calling on them please mention this paper. We publish a list of Omaha business houses in another column. In writing or calling on them please mention this paper. The Commercial club of Chester has raised \$1,000 which it is offering for the erection of an auditorium suited to the needs of the town. The McCook junior state normal school closed its opening week with the largest enrollment of any of the junior normals in the state, 206. Principal J. O. Lyne of the Culbertson schools has resigned to accept the principalship of the Miles schools, for which post he has been elected. McCook now has subscribed \$30,000 of the \$35,000 required for its Masonic temple and opera house combination. A building committee has been selected. F. H. Abbott, now a regent of the State Association, has announced his candidacy for the office of railway commissioner. He will oppose J. A. Williams. Secretary of State Junkin has selected the newspapers in which he will publish the constitutional amendments, and the copy will be sent them about July 1. Henry Grace and William Ayers, the two men employed at the Kilpatrick shops north of Beatrice, who were badly burned in a gasoline explosion, are improving and it is believed will recover. A local body of the Nebraska Railway Protective association was formed in McCook. The object of the association is what its name implies, for the protection of the interests of railway employes. Arrangements are being made to hold one of the biggest fairs at Culbertson this fall that Hitchcock county has ever held. Spring wheat, corn, sugar beets and potatoes are looking fine throughout the county. A Sioux Indian named Thompson shot and killed himself on the Rosebud reservation. The reformer has been accused of horse stealing and an Indian policeman was after him with a warrant for his arrest. Dr. A. T. Gatewood of Arapahoe has announced his candidacy for the office of secretary of state on the democratic ticket. He sent a notice to the secretary of state, but it was not in legal form and was not registered. George Myers was arrested in Wyomere Friday night as he was climbing out of a window in a shoe store with a sack full of shoes. He was given a hearing and bound over to the district court in the sum of \$1,000. The season for destructive storms is at hand. WIND and LIGHTNING will destroy and damage buildings and kill and maim stock in barns and pastures. Protect yourself by insuring them in the Nebraska Mutual Ins. Co., home office, 141 South Twelfth street, Lincoln, Neb. Write us for particulars. Michael Newell of West Point, Ill., en route to Lafayette, Colo., wandered away from the depot at McCook, and spent the night and forenoon of the following day tramping over the country southeast of this city. A farmer finally persuaded him to get into his wagon and brought the old man to town. The Sunday school convention held at Fremont decided to hold its next annual meeting at Kearney. There were over a thousand visitors in the city for the meeting. Closing resolutions were passed just before adjournment. By the adoption of them the convention voted to set June 23 aside as anti-cigarette day. Beautiful and impressive were the ceremonies which attended the unveiling of the soldiers' monument at Greenwood. Despite the inclement weather and bad roads a large crowd was present to hear the address of Congressman E. M. Poffard. The local Grand Army of the Republic post was assisted in the exercises by representatives from the posts at Askland, Waverly, Havelock and Lincoln. The educational council of Nebraska Wesleyan university last week closed its twelfth annual session. Reports of the year's work as given by the state officers and presidents of local associations showed a substantial growth and interest. Due to the fact that the memorial building has been completed, some appropriations during the year were made for the furnishings of the headquarters of the woman's Wesleyan educational council room. Wind completely destroyed the out-buildings on the ranch of Arthur Groves, seven miles north of Alliance. Loss of life was prevented by the families observing the storm in time and seeking shelter in a potato cellar. Hazel, the 11-year-old daughter of C. M. Tribbett, from near Rockford, had a narrow escape from drowning. The girl with her 13-year-old brother, Nelson, were playing on the banks of Mud creek, when she slipped and fell into the deep water. She had sunk twice, when the boy jumped in and after considerable difficulty succeeded in bringing the girl to the shore. Last winter the hardware store of E. L. Overton at Nebraska City, was robbed and considerable cutlery was stolen and also some money. Recently a part of the stolen goods were found by some children who were playing about a culvert in the southern part of the city. At the request of Congressman Pollard, W. L. Spoon, United States road expert, arrived in Plattsmouth from Washington. The object of his visit is to examine the roads in this and other portions of Nebraska with a view, if possible, to improve their condition.

VETERAN OF THREE WARS.

A Pioneer of Colorado and Nebraska. Matthias Campbell, veteran of the Civil War and two Indian wars, and a pioneer of Colorado, now living at 218 East Nebraska street, Blair, Neb., says: "I had such pains in my back for a long time that I could not turn in bed, and at times there was an almost total stoppage of the urine. My wife and I have both used Doan's Kidney Pills for what doctors diagnosed as advanced kidney troubles, and both of us have been completely cured." Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

REAL HARD LUCK.

He—Then I am to understand that you absolutely reject my offer? She—There is really nothing else for it. He—Well, I think it very selfish of you. Here, I've actually gone and purchased a guide for our honeymoon. Laundry work at home would be much more satisfactory if the right starch were used. In order to get the desired stiffness, it is usually necessary to use so much starch that the beauty and fineness of the fabric is hidden behind a paste of varying thickness, which not only destroys the appearance, but also affects the wearing quality of the goods. This trouble can be entirely overcome by using Defiance Starch, as it can be applied much more thinly because of its greater strength than other makes.

What the Fox Really Said. The fox that Aesop made looked up at the grapes. "Grapes sour!" hooted the old owl far up in the vines. "They may be," yawned the fox, indifferently, "or they may be preserved sweet by some chemical process. You know the pure food laws are not as strict as they might be. Anyway, I don't care for them because I am afraid of appendicitis." And sly Reynard darted away to enjoy the sport of a fox hunt.

Dearcen Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the bowels. It is only one way to cure dearcen, and that is by constitutional remedy. Dearcen is caused by an indurated condition of the mucous lining of the bowels. When the tube is inflamed you have a running sore or indurated bowels, and when it is entirely cured, dearcen is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and the bowels returned to its normal condition, dearcen will be caused forever; nine cases out of ten are cured by Cathar, which is nothing but an indurated condition of the mucous lining of the bowels. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of dearcen caused by cathar that can be cured by Hall's Cathar Cure. Send for circular free. Sold by Druggists, etc. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Days of Bohemia Ended. Bohemia has ceased to exist in the Paris Latin quarter, according to Alfred Capus, the playwright, who may be regarded as an authority on the point. In a lecture delivered on behalf of the "Maison d'Etudiants," which is to be the headquarters of the General Association of Paris Students, he remarked: "We must not be afraid to acknowledge that our students are no longer Bohemians."

People Talk About Good Things. Twelve years ago few people knew of such a pleasant and powerful remedy for the Feet. To-day after the genuine merits of Allen's Foot-Ease have been told year after year by grateful persons, it is known to millions. It is clean, whole some, healing and antiseptic and gives rest and comfort to tired aching feet. It cures while you walk. 39,000 testimonials. Imitations pay the dealer a larger profit otherwise you would never be offered a substitute for Allen's Foot-Ease, the original foot powder. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, and see that you get it.

Canada's Extensive Fisheries. The fisheries of Canada are the most extensive of the world. The eastern sea coast of the maritime provinces from the Bay of Fundy to the Straits of Belle Isle covers a distance of 5,600 miles, more than double that of Great Britain and Ireland, and the salt water, inshore area, not considering minor indentations nor the great inland lakes, covers more than 1,500 square miles.

Sheer white goods, in fact, any fine wash goods when new, owe much of their attractiveness to the way they are laundered, this being done in a manner to enhance their textile beauty. Home laundering would be equally satisfactory if proper attention was given to starching, the first essential being good Starch, which has sufficient strength to stiffen, without thickening the goods. Try Defiance Starch and at the improved appearance of your work.

Some Men's Luck. His Wife—This afternoon I called on the family who recently moved into the flat across the hall." Her Husband—Well? His Wife—The man is so deaf he can hardly hear a word his wife says. Her Husband—It does seem as though some men have more luck than sense.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Watson. In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Jersey Legislation. "That was a disgusting slap the governor took at our bills," said the New Jersey legislator. "Seemed to irritate him as much as mosquito bills," admitted the disgruntled colleague.

Some farmers are smaller potatoes than they raise.

MADE CHIEF BY WIFE.

STORY OF RISE OF FRENCH REPUBLIC'S PRESIDENT. Fallieres Was an Indolent Young Lawyer Till Wife, Stung by Grease of Relatives, Planned Future for Gifted Husband.

London.—The recent visit to England of President Armand Fallieres of France at a time when the public hadn't ceased wagging about the rise of H. H. Asquith to the prime ministry and the amount of credit due his tactful and friends-winning wife, Margot Tennant that was, have given the active friends of the other sex renewed room for boasting. President Fallieres isn't a self-made man. He lacks the initiative, the energy and the ambition for that sometimes sorely miscarried process. President Fallieres is the product, so you are told, of his ambitious and energetic wife, Madame, is President. Madame is all that the president of the French republic is not, and it is entirely through her desire to be re-venge upon certain sneering relatives that her distinguished husband is not to-day the mayor of the sleepy old world town of Nerac, in Gascony. Had it not been for Mme. Fallieres's force and diplomacy her gifted other half would now be leading the sheltered and stunted life of an ordinary legal practitioner in his modest country home instead of the luminous career of head of his nation, entertained by royalty across the channel, paid \$250,000 a year, forced to live in the great white Elysee palace and be shot at by anarchistic muddle brains (in common with most of the blessed of modern greatness).

The true facts about Clement Armand Fallieres (sometimes also called Eugene by those who know the fullness of his sundry cognomens), have been greatly exaggerated. You may be told, if you care to read, that Fallieres was born in a smith's shop, but

But there are a large number of people who get thin, or remain thin, who naturally would be plump and fleshy but for some digestive derangement. Thin people lack in adipose tissue. Adipose tissue is chiefly composed of fat. Fat is derived from the oily constituents of food. The fat-making foods are called by the physiologist, hydrocarbons. This class of foods are not digested in the stomach at all. They are digested in the duodenum, the division of the alimentary canal, just below the stomach. The digestion of fat is mainly, if not wholly, the work of the pancreatic juices. This juice is of alkaline reaction, and is rendered inert by the addition of acid. A hyperacidity of the digestive fluids of the stomach passing down into the duodenum, destroys the pancreatic fluid for digestive purposes. Therefore, the fats are not digested or emulsified, and the system is deprived of its due proportion of oily constituents. Hence, the patient grows thin.

The beginning of the trouble is a catarrhal condition of the stomach which causes hyperacidity of the gastric juices. This hyperacidity is caused by fermentation of food in the stomach. When the food is taken into the stomach, if the process of digestion does not begin immediately, acid fermentation will take place. This creates a hyperacidity of the stomach juices which in their turn prevent the pancreatic digestion of the oils, and the emaciation results.

A dose of Ferrus before each meal hastens the stomach digestion. By hurrying digestion, Ferrus prevents fermentation of the contents of the stomach, and the pancreatic juices thus preserved in its normal state. It then only remains for the patient to eat a sufficient amount of fat-forming foods, and the thinness disappears and plumpness takes its place.

Once married to her brilliant but indolent barrister, Mme. Fallieres brought about a peace with her father and secured for her socially inferior husband the rich legal practice of the elder lawyer. She established a sort of provincial political salon at Nerac, had the happy faculty of making friends and the rare presence of distinguishing those whose devotion might prove disastrous. With herself always in the background she labored with the vim peculiar to a hurt, ambitious woman and she worked better than may be told in mere words. To-day the spiteful relatives bow to the husband who has no social superiors in France—and possibly to the skill of his wife.

Not Much! "So you are one of those who want to be let alone?" "Yes, sir. What we want is a little sunshine and not so much tinkering with other people's business." "What line are you in?" "I am the owner of a number of buildings that my agents are renting to people who keep screens in front of the windows. It may be that they are not strictly moral—some of 'em—but it's not my business to go around looking through chinks for the purpose of trying to discover things I mightn't happen to like."—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Path to Peace. "Harmony is what I want," said the political leader. "Don't go too far," counseled an adviser. "Let's not get rash. We can't kill all the fellows on the other side, you know."

The Final Test. The angel was making up the list. "Put me down," said the man, "as one who will admit that my dog bites and my baby cries." And lo! Ben Adhem's name led all the rest!

NO, BUT HE USED TO BE.

Are you interested in things psychical, Mr. Dubbs? "No, Miss Culshaw; I haven't wheeled any since the chainless-gear safety came in."

A Subtle Difference. Mrs. Blank, wife of a prominent minister from Boston, had in her employ a recently engaged colored cook as black as the proverbial case of spades. One day Mrs. Blank said to her: "Matilda, I wish that you would have oat meal quite often for breakfast. My husband is very fond of it. He is Scotch, and you know that the Scotch eat a great deal of oatmeal." "Oh, he's Scotch, is he?" said Matilda. "Well, now, do you know, I was thinkin' all along dat he wasn't des like us."—Woman's Home Companion.

"Mrs. Pinkham, of the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company of Lynn, Mass., together with her son, Arthur W. Pinkham, and the younger members of her family, sailed for Naples on May 30th for a three months' tour throughout Europe and a much needed vacation."

The Very Way. "I don't understand an expression in the book I have been reading, pa; how do you get 'over the bay'?" "By taking a schooner, my daughter."

YOU'RE TOO THIN. Even Slight Catarrhal Derangements of the Stomach Produce Acid Fermentation of the Food. It's Stomach Catarrh

Some people are thin and always remain thin, from temperamental reasons. Probably in such cases nothing can be done to change this personal peculiarity. But there are a large number of people who get thin, or remain thin, who naturally would be plump and fleshy but for some digestive derangement. Thin people lack in adipose tissue. Adipose tissue is chiefly composed of fat. Fat is derived from the oily constituents of food. The fat-making foods are called by the physiologist, hydrocarbons. This class of foods are not digested in the stomach at all. They are digested in the duodenum, the division of the alimentary canal, just below the stomach. The digestion of fat is mainly, if not wholly, the work of the pancreatic juices. This juice is of alkaline reaction, and is rendered inert by the addition of acid. A hyperacidity of the digestive fluids of the stomach passing down into the duodenum, destroys the pancreatic fluid for digestive purposes. Therefore, the fats are not digested or emulsified, and the system is deprived of its due proportion of oily constituents. Hence, the patient grows thin.

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Some farmers are smaller potatoes than they raise.

Dearcen Cannot Be Cured by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the bowels. It is only one way to cure dearcen, and that is by constitutional remedy. Dearcen is caused by an indurated condition of the mucous lining of the bowels. When the tube is inflamed you have a running sore or indurated bowels, and when it is entirely cured, dearcen is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and the bowels returned to its normal condition, dearcen will be caused forever; nine cases out of ten are cured by Cathar, which is nothing but an indurated condition of the mucous lining of the bowels. We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of dearcen caused by cathar that can be cured by Hall's Cathar Cure. Send for circular free. Sold by Druggists, etc. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Days of Bohemia Ended. Bohemia has ceased to exist in the Paris Latin quarter, according to Alfred Capus, the playwright, who may be regarded as an authority on the point. In a lecture delivered on behalf of the "Maison d'Etudiants," which is to be the headquarters of the General Association of Paris Students, he remarked: "We must not be afraid to acknowledge that our students are no longer Bohemians."

People Talk About Good Things. Twelve years ago few people knew of such a pleasant and powerful remedy for the Feet. To-day after the genuine merits of Allen's Foot-Ease have been told year after year by grateful persons, it is known to millions. It is clean, whole some, healing and antiseptic and gives rest and comfort to tired aching feet. It cures while you walk. 39,000 testimonials. Imitations pay the dealer a larger profit otherwise you would never be offered a substitute for Allen's Foot-Ease, the original foot powder. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, and see that you get it.

Canada's Extensive Fisheries. The fisheries of Canada are the most extensive of the world. The eastern sea coast of the maritime provinces from the Bay of Fundy to the Straits of Belle Isle covers a distance of 5,600 miles, more than double that of Great Britain and Ireland, and the salt water, inshore area, not considering minor indentations nor the great inland lakes, covers more than 1,500 square miles.

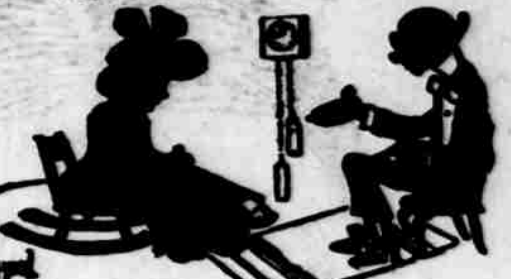
Sheer white goods, in fact, any fine wash goods when new, owe much of their attractiveness to the way they are laundered, this being done in a manner to enhance their textile beauty. Home laundering would be equally satisfactory if proper attention was given to starching, the first essential being good Starch, which has sufficient strength to stiffen, without thickening the goods. Try Defiance Starch and at the improved appearance of your work.

Some Men's Luck. His Wife—This afternoon I called on the family who recently moved into the flat across the hall." Her Husband—Well? His Wife—The man is so deaf he can hardly hear a word his wife says. Her Husband—It does seem as though some men have more luck than sense.

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of Dr. J. C. Watson. In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Jersey Legislation. "That was a disgusting slap the governor took at our bills," said the New Jersey legislator. "Seemed to irritate him as much as mosquito bills," admitted the disgruntled colleague.

Some farmers are smaller potatoes than they raise.



Are you interested in things psychical, Mr. Dubbs? "No, Miss Culshaw; I haven't wheeled any since the chainless-gear safety came in."

A Subtle Difference. Mrs. Blank, wife of a prominent minister from Boston, had in her employ a recently engaged colored cook as black as the proverbial case of spades. One day Mrs. Blank said to her: "Matilda, I wish that you would have oat meal quite often for breakfast. My husband is very fond of it. He is Scotch, and you know that the Scotch eat a great deal of oatmeal." "Oh, he's Scotch, is he?" said Matilda. "Well, now, do you know, I was thinkin' all along dat he wasn't des like us."—Woman's Home Companion.

"Mrs. Pinkham, of the Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company of Lynn, Mass., together with her son, Arthur W. Pinkham, and the younger members of her family, sailed for Naples on May 30th for a three months' tour throughout Europe and a much needed vacation."

The Very Way. "I don't understand an expression in the book I have been reading, pa; how do you get 'over the bay'?" "By taking a schooner, my daughter."

YOU'RE TOO THIN. Even Slight Catarrhal Derangements of the Stomach Produce Acid Fermentation of the Food. It's Stomach Catarrh

Some people are thin and always remain thin, from temperamental reasons. Probably in such cases nothing can be done to change this personal peculiarity. But there are a large number of people who get thin, or remain thin, who naturally would be plump and fleshy but for some digestive derangement. Thin people lack in adipose tissue. Adipose tissue is chiefly composed of fat. Fat is derived from the oily constituents of food. The fat-making foods are called by the physiologist, hydrocarbons. This class of foods are not digested in the stomach at all. They are digested in the duodenum, the division of the alimentary canal, just below the stomach. The digestion of fat is mainly, if not wholly, the work of the pancreatic juices. This juice is of alkaline reaction, and is rendered inert by the addition of acid. A hyperacidity of the digestive fluids of the stomach passing down into the duodenum, destroys the pancreatic fluid for digestive purposes. Therefore, the fats are not digested or emulsified, and the system is deprived of its due proportion of oily constituents. Hence, the patient grows thin.

The beginning of the trouble is a catarrhal condition of the stomach which causes hyperacidity of the gastric juices. This hyperacidity is caused by fermentation of food in the stomach. When the food is taken into the stomach, if the process of digestion does not begin immediately, acid fermentation will take place. This creates a hyperacidity of the stomach juices which in their turn prevent the pancreatic digestion of the oils, and the emaciation results.

A dose of Ferrus before each meal hastens the stomach digestion. By hurrying digestion, Ferrus prevents fermentation of the contents of the stomach, and the pancreatic juices thus preserved in its normal state. It then only remains for the patient to eat a sufficient amount of fat-forming foods, and the thinness disappears and plumpness takes its place.

Once married to her brilliant but indolent barrister, Mme. Fallieres brought about a peace with her father and secured for her socially inferior husband the rich legal practice of the elder lawyer. She established a sort of provincial political salon at Nerac, had the happy faculty of making friends and the rare presence of distinguishing those whose devotion might prove disastrous. With herself always in the background she labored with the vim peculiar to a hurt, ambitious woman and she worked better than may be told in mere words. To-day the spiteful relatives bow to the husband who has no social superiors in France—and possibly to the skill of his wife.

Not Much! "So you are one of those who want to be let alone?" "Yes, sir. What we want is a little sunshine and not so much tinkering with other people's business." "What line are you in?" "I am the owner of a number of buildings that my agents are renting to people who keep screens in front of the windows. It may be that they are not strictly moral—some of 'em—but it's not my business to go around looking through chinks for the purpose of trying to discover things I mightn't happen to like."—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Path to