## WAR WILL GO ON

NO GOVERNMENT FRIENDLY TO RUSSIA CAN ADVISE.

## REPARE FOR SPRING CAMPAIGN

Kouropatkin Will Have 700,000 Men at His Command by that Time,-Japanese Take Many Prisoners .- 25,000 Are Surrendered at Fall of Port Arthur.

BERLIN-The highest diplomatic opinion here is that the surrender of Port Arthur makes it impossible for any government friendly to Russia to advise mace or to unite with any other government for mediation. The feeling at the Russian court, it is asserted here, is so absolutely for continuing the war that probably not one person who has access to the emperor of Russia could be found who, even privately, favors Russia accepting defeat. German military opinion, while acknowledging the large moral effect of the fall of Port Arthur, inspiring the Japanese and depressing the Russians, regards it as only an incident and as having little relation to the immense field operations that will begin in the spring. General Kouropatkin, it is asserted in official circles, has 600,000 troops east of Baikal, of which more than 400,000 are already gathered at Mukden. It is impossible, the German military men aver, for the Russians to cease fighting with that army in being, which by spring, they add, is likely to number all told 700,000 men. The Japanese, being full informed of Russia's preparations, are putting forth every resource to surpass them. Field operations of a magnitude not before seen in the war it is believed will begin in a few weeks. PARIS-The official view here con-

tinues to regard mediation between Russia and Japan as impracticable. The Temps, semi-officially, in a leading article says:

Russia will not consider mediation at a moment when its self-esteem is suffering from the deepest wound, and will continue playing its strongest card, namely, the concentration of an overwhelming force under General

The same opinion is held at the Foreign office and at the Russian embassy.

TOKIO-The Japanese captured 25,000 prisoners at Port Arthur. The total number of the inhabitants is 35,000, of whom 20,000 are sick.

General Nogi reports to the army department that on January 3 the commissioners of both the Japanese and Russian armies concluded their conference and that from the morning of January 4 the actual transfer of war materials at Port Arthur as property of the Japanese government commenced.

## STOESSEL'S TERMS ACCEPTED.

Japanese Legation at Washington Notified of the Surrender.

WASHINGTON-The state department received a cablegram from Mr. Griscom, the American minister in Japan, stating that the minister for foreign affairs of Japan notified him that General Stoessel surrendered Port Arthur at 5 o'clock Sunday even-

Russians blew up Tunk Keewanshan cate the necessary details therefor. and "Q" forts and confirm the press the Russian surrender.

ese legation say that General Nogi ac- army. cepted the terms of surrender proposed by General Stoessel.

by the Japanese inevitable, the Russians had dispatched the second Pacific squadron to the fear east and notice had been given of the intention to send a third army to Manchuria. The further prosecution of the war now, he said, rested with the Russians. If they should continue it Japan would be prepared to meet them on sea and land.

"Will Japan now welcome any offers of peace that may now be made by Russia?" he was asked.

"Japan always has been for peace," the minister replied. "The Japanese will always be for peace, if justice

Three States Join Hands. SIOUX CITY, Ia.-Wholesalers of Iowa, Nebraska and South Dakota have instituted an organized movement to support Roosevelt in his appeal for more railroad legislation. Evlegislation calculated to give much commerce commission. The congressmen are also asked to oppose the plan | declined to allow the ship's officers to | miums from the state. The lower destroy competition.

Inspecting Foreign Ship Yaron LONDON-The Russian naval attache here informs the Associated Press that Vice Admiral Doubasoff. who succeeds Kazankoff on the inter- latest bulletin issued by the univer- in any one year, to homesteaders on national commission to inquire into sity contains an account of another lands to be irrigated until water is the North sea incident, is head of hundred new double stars discovered turned into the main irrigation canals the technical commission appointed to and measured there. These new on such lands. make a tour of the shipbuilding yards double stars are of the same charand ordinance factories of Great Brit- acter as those previously discovered ain, France, Germany and other coun- at the Lick observatory. The distance tries. The commission is to report between the two components in most namen, was hanged in the penitenon the capabilities of the various of them is very small and nearly all | tiary here for the murder of Jeong plants with the view of possible fu- would be difficult objects to observe Him, at Walnut Grove, Sacramento ture orders for ships.

TEXT OF CAPITULATION.

Conditions Under Which Port Arthur Was Given Up.

TOKIO-A telegram from General CONGRESS WILL NOW GET Nogi, giving the text of the capitulation convention, has been received. It is as follows:

Article 1-All Russian soldiers, marines, volunteers, also government officials at the garrison and harbor of Port Arthur are taken prisoners.

Art. 2.-Alı forts, batteries, warships, other ships and boats, arms, ammunition, horses, all materials for hostile use, government buildings and all objects belonging to the Russian government shall be transferred to the Japanese army in their existing condi-

Art. 3-On the preceding two conditions being assented to, as a guaran- day during the morning hour, includtee for the fulfillment thereof, the ing the omnibus bill, for which Senmen garrisoning the forts and the batteries on Etse mountain, Sunshu mountain, Antse mountain and the line of eminences southeast therefrom shall be removed by noon of January and thus has put a large and import-3 and the same shall be transferred to ant part of the work of consideration the Japanese army.

naval men be deemed to have destroy- ing for the compensation of Ameried objects named in article 2, or to can fishermen whose vessels were have caused alteration in any way seized previous to the arbitration of in their condition, at the time of the 1893. This measure is in the hands signing of this compact, the negotia- of Senator Fulton, who will press it tions shall be annulled and the Jap- as an act of justice to men who, he anese army will take free action.

Art. 5-The Russian military and naval authorities shall prepare and transfer to the Japanese army a table showing the fortifications of Port Arthur and their respective positions, and maps showing the location of mines, underground and submarine, and all other dangerous objects; also a table showing the composition and system of the army and naval services at Port Arthur; a list of army and navy officers, with names, rank and duties of said officers; a list of army steamers, warships and other ize the statehood bill for the present, ships, with the numbers of their re- if at all. spective crews; a list of civilians, showing the number of men and women, their race and occupations.

Article 6-Arms, including those carried on the person; ammunition, war materials, government buildings, objects owned by the government, horses, warships and other ships, including their contents, excepting private property, shall be left in their present positions, and the commissioners of the Russian and Japanese armies shall decide upon the method of their transference.

Article 7-The Japanese army, considering the gallant resistance offered by the Russian army as being honorable, will permit the officers of the Russian army and navy, as well as officials belonging thereto, to carry swords and to take with them private property directly necessary for the maintenance of life. The previously mentioned officers, officials and volunteers who will sign a written parole pledging that they will not take up arms and in nowise take action contrary to the interests of the Japanese army until the close of the war, will receive the consent of the Japanese army to return to their country. Each army and navy officer will be allowed one servant, and such servant will be specially released on signing the par-

Article 8-Non-commissioned officers and private of both army and navy and volunteers shall wear their uniforms, and, taking portable tents and The legation advices add that the The Japanese commissioners will indi- to their great number navigation will

dispatches of the occupancy by the the accountants belonging to the Rus- the harbor. It is probable that Dalny under date of Jan. 8: "General Nog!, meet annually in Washington. Japanese of the same forts and sian army and navy shall be retained will soon be opened up to neutrals. heights "N" and "M," of the blowing by the Japanese while their services Japanese companies are preparing to up by the Russians of almost all their are deemed necessary for the caring establish weekly services to that port. | completed on Saturday. The total of | Quincy and former United States senships in the harbor entrance, and that for the sick and wounded prisoners. It is proposed shortly to float a fourth hostilities had been suspended pend- During such time such corps shall domestic war loan under the same ing the conclusion of negotiations for be required to render service under conditions as the third was nethe direction of the sanitary corps gotiated. The advices received at the Japan- and accountants of the Japanese

Article 10-The treatment to be accorded to the residents, the transfer | 878; men, 23,491. Mr. Kogoro Takahira, the Japanese of books and documents relating to minister, was asked whether, in his municipal administration and finance opinion, the fall of Port Arthur would and also detailed files necessary for hasten the end of the war with Rus- the enforcement of this compact shall sia. Without directly responding to be embodied in a supplementary comthe fact that while the fall of Port pact. The supplementary compact probable they will remain at Naga-Arthur was impending and its capture shall have the same force as this compact.

OYAMA SENDS HIM A LETTER.

Arthur. "Continued and intense cannonad. Tribute of Chicago Orchestra to ing has been heard since dawn along the railroad near Sinchingu and Shakhe. A resumption of the cannonading is expected."

dated January 6, says:

ing the news of the capitulation of Chicago orchestra for its dead leader. attended. can be obtained for all concerned. Port Arthur and praising the bravery | While the public memorial service Japan started in this war fighting for of its defenders. The effect of the was being held in the Auditorium a a principle and she will continue to news was especially confounding, last program of the dead musician's fafight for a recognition of that princi- reports anticipating a long resistance. vorite numbers was also being ren- was completed Sunday afternoon. The creosote into wood brings about no which he has labored becomes a peril most careful of his diet. The ple and the just attainment of her It is believed it will influence the sit- dered in many halls throughout the total number of officers transferred brittle and weakened condition of the condit

Warned Away, Account Mines. WEI HAI WEI-The British cruiser Andromeda, which sailed from here court of Nebraska has decided that and surgeons to assist the sick and the legislative session of 1895, is void. Arthur where she met with some Jap- the payment. The Oxnard Beet Sugar

Find More Double Stars. BERKELEY, Cal.-More double stars have been discovered and meas- has introduced a bill granting leaves ured at the Lick observatory. The of absence, not to exceed six months under conditions less favorable.

WORK THIS WEEK

DOWN TO BUSINESS.

THE JOINT STATEHOOD MEASURE

t Will Have the Right of Way in the Senate, Though Friends Will Not Make an Effort to Push It at Present.

WASHINGTON-The joint statehood bill will continue to be the principal topic of discussion in the senate during the present week, but other measures will receive attention each ator Waren stands sponsor. The bill comprises more than 200 pages, but the senator already has succeeded in having it read by utilizing odd hours to the rear. There will be an effort Art. 4-Should Russian military or made to get through the bill providagainst.

The pure food bill will remain in the background for the present, not because the friends of that measure have abandoned it, but because they consider its chances will be improved by not pressing for immediate consideration. They have been assured by the republican leaders that the bill shall have first place on the calendar, aside from appropriation bills, after the statehood bill is disposed of. and therefore they will not antagon-

Discussion of the statehood question will begin on Monday with a speech by Senator Morgan, and he will be followed by other opposing senators. The presnt plan of the opposition to keep the discussion going until some of the appropriation bills are reported and it becomes necessary to take them up, or if his is postponed too long, to displace the bill with the pure food bill. Failing in all these expedients, they probably will seek a compromise. The only real fight is against the uniting of Arizona and New Mexico, and there is talk of eliminating those territories entirely from the statehood proposition. It is believed that if this were done the bill for admission of Indian Territory and Oklahoma would be passed. Thus far there has been no conference of opposing factions on the subject and possibly there would be little done to change the present status so long as the leaders are anxlous to keep other matters in the background, as appears to be the case at present.

PROGRAM OF JAPS.

Naval Station Will Be Established at Port Arthur.

probably be placed in charge of it.

necessary private property, and com- only retain a small garrison as soon manded by their respective officers, as the prisoners are withdrawn and will withdraw at that time. shall assemble at such places as may order is restored. The fleet is busily be indicated by the Japanese army. engaged in clearing mines, but owing be unsafe for a long time. Only gov-

> The transfer of prisoners was completed yesterday afternoon. The total number of officers transferred was

General Stoessel and the other Russian officers who have been given their parole will be brought to Nagasaki on a Japanese transport. It is saki for a few days and will then sail for Russia on a French steamer via the Suez canal.

Kuropatkin Notified of Fall of Port MEMORIAL FOR DEAD LEADER

Theodore Thomas. CHICAGO-Thousands of persons, officer was among the prisoners. eager to pay tributes of respect to the memory of Theodore Thomas, BERLIN-The Lokal Anzieger's were turned away from the Audi-

> Sugar Bounty Law is Void. LINCOLN, Neb.-The supreme

ing the presence of unlocated mines. and the supreme court affirms.

Homesteaders' Leaves of Absence. WASHINGTON-Senator Hepburn

Chinaman Hanged for Murder. FOLSOM, Cal.-Sing Yow, a Chicounty, in October, 1902.

SITUATION AT PORT ARTHUR NO

Town Not as Badly Damaged as Reported. LONDON-Special dispatches from Tokio say that the Port Arthur garrison was marshaled at 9 o'clock Thursday morning at Yahutsui in accord-

ance with the terms of the supple

mentary agreement. The Standard's Port Arthur correspondent reports that the town appears to have been little damaged by the bombardment. Carriages and rickshas, he says, are moving about with well dressed people, who apparently are anything but starved. The ruined forts resemble hills shaken by a might convulsion, and in many cases every trace of the works has

disappeared. According to the Daily Mail's Wei Hai Wei correspondent the British cruiser Andromeda, which sailed from Wei Hai Wei Wednesday morning for Port Arthur with hospital stores and surgeons, and which was not allowed to make a landing at Port Arthur, had a narrow escape, having passed two floating mines.

Japanese officials in London consider that it was solely on account of the danger of the vessels taking mines that the Andromeda's offer was declined. It is stated, however, that the British admiral omitted the formality of first asking whether assistance was thinks, have been discriminated acceptable to the Japanese author-

RUSSIA'S FATE IN BALANCE.

St. Petersburg Editor Discusses Present Cor ion in East and Locally.

ST. PETERSBURG-Regarding the peace talk abroad M. Souvorin, editor of the Novoe Vremya, in a signed editorial in that paper, passionately declares that the voice of the nation should give an answer, in order that the world might understand once for all Russia's position. The emperor, he added, should consult with representatives of the land as his predecessors did before the days of John the Terrible. While papers abroad now say that peace could be concluded with out dishonor if peace were made, they would declare it disgraceful. What the people want, he (M. Souvorin) cannot affirm, but the idea of ending the war at this juncture is abhorent to him and, he believes, to the Russian people. If the inscriptions on the banners of demonstrators and the acof peace, represented the voice of the nation, it would mean the collapse of all of Russia's aspirations and farewell to its position in the nations of the world.

TAYLOR MAY LEAVE CASE

Smoot Prosecutor Receives Federal Appointment and May Retire.

WASHINGTON-Robert W. Tayler of Ohio, appointed to be judge of the United States district court of the northern district of Ohio, called on the president to pay his respects and to thank him for the appointment. Mr. Tayler expects to assume his new duties on February 1, on the retireprincipal attorney for the protestants The military administration will will have been concluded by February ed a patriotic air. 1, but if it should not be Mr. Tayler

All Prisoners Turned Over. on Sunday, reports delivery of Russian prisoners under capitulation was citor of the Chicago, Burlington & the prisoners were 878 officers and ator from Nebraska, characterized the 229 orderlies have given parole so far. of the country as "the paramount isas prisoners.

Russian Prisoners Jolly. The Russian prisoners, while waiting for this purpose of \$45,000,000, which at Changkingstu, a railway station, is exclusive of the labor employed and for transportation to Dalny celebrated | the cost of local transportation. No Christmas. Religious services were feasible substitute has been found for held in the morning at 10 o'clock and | the wooden tie." He urged the subthe assemblage of prisoners was ad- jugation of private rights to public dressed by a Russian priest in full necessity, the study of means for elimthere was music and dancing on the and the repeal of the timber and stone An 8-year-old daughter of a Russian | made by J. T. Richards, chief engineer

In Memory of Golden Rule Jones. NEW YORK-A memorial meeting Mukden correspondent, in a dispatch torium theater Sunday night because in honor of the late Samuel M. Jones, every seat in the hall was occupied who for several years was mayor of "Field Marshal Oyama has sent a fully half an hour before the time Toledo, O., was held Sunday night at ervative treatment of railroad tim- dangers no one; the disease is not in her New York house would be conletter to General Kuropatkin contain- set for the memorial concert by the Cooper Union. Nearly 2,000 persons bers to prolong their durability.

> Over 24,000 Men Transferred. was 878; men, 23,491.

Shoots Two House Breakers. CHICAGO-Sitting on guard each night for over a week for the re-apfor Port Arthur with hospital stores the sugar beet bounty law, enacted at pearance of burglars, who had entercongressman urging especially the Arthur. The cruiser proceeded to a beets, but subsequent legislatures re his long vigil when two robbers were both shot by Campbell before needed authority to the interstate anese. The latte: refused all offers of company and the Norfolk company they could make their escape. Joseph assistance or stores of any kind and brought suit to collect \$40,000 in pre- Sicer was shot in the body and will die. The other robber, name unknown, had been shot in the leg.

> Stockholders Must Pay. AKRON, O.-Judge George Hayden rendered a decision in the state bankruptcy case of the Aultman-Miller company, affecting over \$1,000.000 worth of stock. Many stockholders demurred to paying the double liability cent amendment to the constitution in that connection absolved them be the torch was applied and the asc cause the failure occurred after the ing smoke was a witness that amendment was adopted. Judge Hay- farmers of this section are no den held that stockholders must outdone by those of other se stand for double value of their shares. reduce the supply.

NO PEACE SOUGHT

NEITHER RUSSIA NOR JAPAN ASKING FOR IT.

THE WAR TO BE PROSECUTED

The Mikado, it is said, Has Made No Overtures and Has Not Been Ap-

Intervention.

proached in Regard to the Matter of

WASHINGTON-Japan has made no overtures for peace to Russia. directly or indirectly, through the United States, or any other power, and contemplates no such action, and now that Port Arthur has fallen, proposes to press the war in the north all the more vigorously by reinforcing the Japanese armies at Liao Yang with the greater part of the troops which have been besieging Port Arthur. This, in brief, represents the views of Kogoro Takahira, the Japanese minister, who has recently resumed charge of the legation at Washington after a long illness at New

"The fall of Port Arthur," said the minister, "is but a step in the war which Japan is waging for a principle. Certainly it is an important step. but nothing could be further from the truth than the assumption that, because Japan has captured a stronghold, the fall of which had long been expected, the Japanese government will now make overtures for peace. Japan is too busy fighting. We are as much in earnest today as we were at the outset of the war. We have made no overtures for peace, either directly or indirectly, nor have the powers approached us with any idea of inter-

vention." At the Russian embassy it was reterated that Russia would fight all the harder in view of the temporary

loss of Port Artnur. Europe, it is learned, is firmly of the conviction that, however dark the outlook for peace at this moment, when the prospect brightens it is to President Roosevelt that the neutrals as well as the belligerents will look for the intermediary through which negotiations can be made. As a European ambassador said today, the American government is practically the only government to which both belligerents will be willing to look for tion of some of the zemstvos in favor assistance in reaching a settlement, 21,265,723, of whom Europe furnished when the time comes, and aside from | 93 per cent. Of the total immigra- used to be a newspaper man in Washthis fact the high personal regard in tion into the United States during ington, bears his honors with becomwhich the president is held, both at eighty-five years Germany and the ing dignity, but does not in any way St. Petersburg and Tokio, makes it all United Kingdom furnished 56 per cent, feel uppish over his advancement. the more probable that through him, as follows: Germany, 24 per cent; The president one day asked him: when Russia and Japan have fought Ireland, 19 per cent, and England, Scot- "How does it feel to attend a cabinet their fight, the powers must hope for | land and Wales, 13 per cent. During | meeting after having spent so much

AS TO FORESTRY.

Chief Executive Speaks Before the Congress.

WASHINGTON-President Roosevelt was the principal speaker at a special session of the American Forest Congress held Thursday at the National theater. The president, accompanied by Secretary Loeb, arrived ment of Judge Francis J. Wing, re- at the theater promptly at 3 o'clock. signed. At present Mr. Tayler is the He was escorted to the stage entrance and as he appeared before the im-TOKIO-The Japanese intend to es- in the inquiry which is being made | mense audience, which filled every tablish a naval station at Port Ar- by the senate in the case of Senator part of the house, the people received thur. Vice Admiral Y. Shibayama will Smoot of Utah. It is expected that him standing, while the theater rang the formal inquiry by the committee with applause and the orchestra play-

President Howard Elliott of the Northern Pacific presided at the morning session. The board of directors reported action looking to the creation WASHINGTON-The Japanese le- of an advisory board of the forest gation received the following cable- congress, to consist of representatives Article 9-The sanitary corps and ernment craft will be allowed to enter gram from the foreign office at Tokio, of various industrial bodies and to

Charles F. Manderson, general soli-23,491 men, whereof 411 officers and preservation of the timber industry General Smirnoff, General Fock, Gen- sue" and urged the planting and huseral Gobatovsky and Admiral Will- banding of timber wherever trees can many preferred to be sent to Japan | be grown. He spoke of the enormous demands for ties. "Of the ties now on the railroad tracks of the country." he said, "10 per cent have to be replaced HEADQUARTERS OF THE THIRD | annually; their average cost is 50 JAPANESE ARMY, VIA FUSAN- cents, making an annual expenditure canonical dress. After the services inating waste and mismanagement open ground in front of the station. | land sale act. Other addresses were maintenance of way, Pennsylvania railroad; President L. E. Johnson of the Norfolk & Western railroad, and results already announced in the pres-

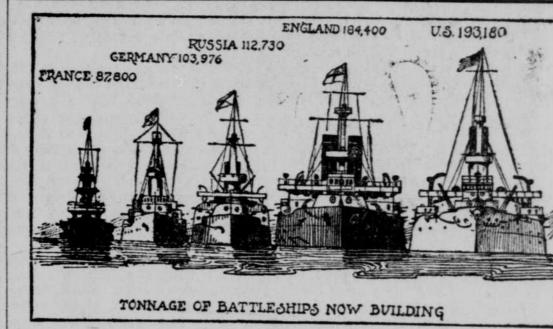
Mr. von Schrenk also gave some

Whipping Post Advocated.

WASHINGTON-The local grand jury, in making its final report for the present term of the supreme court governor of Delaware, is conduct ed his office on several previous oc- for the District of Columbia today recwounded, returned, not having been The law provided a bounty on sugar casions, Thomas J. Campbell, a real ommended the establishment of the Philadelphia and Delmar, D ery jobber proposed to write to his allowed to make a landing at Port manufactured from Nebraska grown estate dealer, reaped the reward for whipping post in the District. The already quartermaster generation question has been considerably agi- staff of the present govern passage of the Cooper-Quarles bill or small bay ten miles north of Port fused to make an appropriation for forced an entrance to the office and tated ever since the president in his is the first elective office last annual message recommended ance to which he has corporal punishment for wife beaters Mr. Parker has no idin the District of Columbia. A rec- his position on the P ommendation that persons about to be road, but declares of legalizing pooling, declaring it will approach closer, the reason given be- court decided against the companies, managed to escape, but not before he married produce evidence of freedom the legislature from certain diseases also is made.

> Huge Bonfire of Cotton. DALLAS, Tex.-A special from Shawnee, Okla., says that several thousand dollars' worth of cotton, estimated at 600 bales, gathered together in a huge pile in the little town of Asher, in the southern part of Pottawattamie county, furnished a huge obligation on the ground that the re- bonfire with which to greet the new

HOW SEA FIGHTING FORCES OF THE NATIONS COMPARE



COOLIES IN SOUTH AFRICA.

World Waiting to See How Experi-

ment Turns Out.

er, presented a scene below decks that

was somewhat reminiscent of the old

days of the middle passage.-Boston

IN AND OUT OF CABINET.

by Senator Foster.

he took charge of the treasury de-

partment. I was his private secre-

'Wynne, when I first came to Wash-

gazed in awe at the distinguished men

GET FOOD TO PORT ARTHUR.

Elude Blockaders.

junks make first-class blockade run-

ners. They are built very low in the

water, with the docks almost awash

when loaded, so that only the bow

and stern rise noticeably above the

water line. They are strong, flat-bot-

tomed and of unpainted, dirty wood,

with no bright colors about them. Pro-

pelled by from ten to twenty oarsmen,

if the sails fail, they glide through the

water with no noise or smoke, and

are very difficult of detection. Dodging

along the shore and among the nu-

merous islets, which extend from the

Shan-Tung peninsula across the

mouth of Pe-Chee-Lee gulf, they close-

ly resemble the low, brown rocks and

during the past months hundreds of

them have evaded the Japanese

watchers and carried tons of fres'

Simple Home of Rockefellers.

In Mr. Rockefeller's home in Ne

York little effort is made at prete

tiousness. There are no elevators,

The medium-sized northern Chinese

Chinese Junks Successfully

there."

Postmaster General Wynne, who

Not much has been published of late

PARIS RESUMES OLD GLORY.

Session of North Sea Tribunal Re-

vives Its Diplomatic Prestige. The tribunal which is dealing with the controversy relating to Russia's | concerning the employment of coolies sinking of English fishing craft in the | in the South African mines. Presum-North sea has just opened at the ably it did not prove a telling cause French capital. Paris is resuming its in English parliamentary elections, old glory as the world's political cen- and there seems to be a general feelter. It was at Paris that the repre- ing that, now that the coolies have sentatives of the United States and | been imported, people should wait and Spain met to settle the issues grow- see how the experiment turns out being out of the war of 1898. It seemed | fore making further attacks on it. Up just as appropriate a place for the to the 1st of December more than 19,-United States and Spain to meet in 300 Chinese had been landed in South that juncture as it did in 1856 for Africa for work in the mines. The England, Russia, Prussia, Austria, last shipment was of 2,249, 2,238 being Turkey and the rest of the European | landed, the remaining eleven having powers to deal with the issues grow- | died on the voyage. That would aping out of the Crimean war. It was | pear to be a very large percentage of at a congress at Paris in 1783 that loss for coolies who are all carefully England recognized United States in- inspected before their shipment, and dependence. Twenty years earlier a | who are all men in the prime of life. treaty of Paris brought the seven | Some of the tramp steamers that have years' war to an end. Between 1763 | been engaged in this work, while and 1904 more important internation- | controlled by certain government regal gatherings have been held at Paris | ulations concerning the carrying of than in all the rest of the world's cap- | the coolies, must have, in bad weathitals.-St. Louis Globe Democrat.

TO THE LAND OF THE FREE.

Table of Immigration Shows Arrival of Millions.

A recently published table shows that from 1821 to 1903 (both inclusive) | Sensations of Members Well Described the total number of immigrants was the same period Austria-Hungary, Italy | time on the outside trying to find out and Russia and Poland furnished 21 | what occurred at similar gatherings?" per cent, as follows: Austria-Hun- "Oh, it is not so much how he feels," gary, 7 per cent; Italy, 8 per cent, said Secretary Wilson, "as how the and Rusisa and Poland, 6 per cent. rest of us feel." Wynne has Irish Of the total immigration in 1903, Ger- blood in his veins and ready wit at many and the United Kingdom fur- the tip of his tongue. He came back nished only 12 per cent, while Austria- | in this fashion: "That reminds me Hungary, Italy and Russia and Poland | of what Secretary Foster said when furnished 68 per cent.

NEW COMMISSIONER OF LABOR. tary. One day he remarked to me:

Charles P. Neill Soon to Succeed Car- ington as a member of the cabinet I

roll D. Wright. On Feb. 1 Charles P. Neill will suc- who were my colleagues and wonceed Carroll D. Wright as commis- dered how I got there. After I had sioner of labor. Mr. Neill has ac- been in the cabniet three months I quired a reputation as a statistician wondered how my colleagues got



and has the confidence of laboring provisions and vegetables to the b men as well as the administration. leaguered Port Arthur garrison. Mr. Neill's home is at the capital. He is thoroughly familiar with the work of the bureau.

Tuberculosis Infection.

Tuberculosis is a house infection. elaborate system of electric bells, no We don't pick it up on the streets as frills about anything. Mrs. Rockewe may pneumonia or smallpox; we feller laboriously climbs the stairs Herman von Schrenk of the Bureau of never inherit it; seldom is it contract- rather than have an elevator put in. Forestry. The latter detailed the good | ed from diseased milk or meat. Occa- | Simplicity and economy sound the sional contact with a consumptive en- keynote. Mrs. Rockefeller's kitchen contagious in that sense. But every sidered extremely old-fashioned by house in which an ignorant or care- the standard of her rich neighbor facts adduced in recent experiments less consumptive has lived and She does not care much for the r by the government, showing that, con- coughed up the deadly bacilli; every ures of the table. Plain cooking TOKIO-The transfer of prisoners trary to many reports, the injection of close and foul-aired workroom in her best. Her husband, of cou follow after him.—McClure's.

> Railroader to Take High Office. Isaac Thomas Parker, who will soon be inducted into office as lieutenant a passenger train running b found on his ol

Czar Has V It is said all the pat great a

DELESS DYES

BEGGS' CHERRY COUGH When Answering Advertisements

SYRUP cures coughs and cold

year. In the presence of a large crowny other dye. One 10c package colors silk, wool and cotton equally well and is gueranteed to give perfect results. In the presence of a large crowny other dye. One 10c package colors silk, wool and cotton equally well and is gueranteed to give perfect results. MONROW. DRUG CO., Unionwille, Missey

Kindly Mention This Paper.