

The Loup City Northwestern

J. W. BURLEIGH, Publisher
LOUP CITY, NEBRASKA

NEWS BRIEFLY TOLD

INTELLIGENCE HERE GATHERED
COVERS WIDE AREA.

GREATER OR LESSER IMPORT

Includes What is Going On at Wash-
ington and in Other Sections of
the Country.

Congress.

I. N. Heiskell of Little Rock, Ark., was sworn in as successor of the late Senator Jeff Davis.
Senator Swanson introduced a bill for \$25,000,000 appropriation to add states for good roads.
The house considered, but took no action on a bill to incorporate the Rockefeller foundation.
Col. R. M. Johnston of Texas was sworn in to succeed Senator Joseph W. Bailey, resigned.
Allies of the Balkans states have delivered to Turkey what may be regarded as an ultimatum.
The house money trust investigating committee continued investigating of the stock exchange sales.
Senator Owen proposed an amendment to Sherman anti-trust law giving states power to enforce it.
Notice of contest against re-election of Representative Harrison of New York was filed in the house.
Samuel Gompers argued for the anti-injunction and contempt bill before the senate judicial committee.
Secretary Stimson advocated restoration of the army canteen at a hearing before a military affairs committee.
The house adopted a resolution appropriating \$20,000 for rearrangement of seats and desks of the house chamber.
The senate court of impeachment heard the closing argument of counsel for defense in the trial of Judge Achbold.
The house merchant marine committee continued its investigation into the alleged South American steamship pool.
Hearing of various interests on revision of schedule "B" of the tariff before ways and means committee took place in the house.
President Taft in a special message urged a \$7,000,000 appropriation for continuance of work of the economy and efficiency commission.
Notice of contest of re-election of Representative Kent, first California district, was filed by I. G. Zumwalt, defeated democratic candidate, in the house.
Senator Bristow introduced a bill for an industrial commission to control corporations and with power similar to that of the Inter-state Commerce commission.
Representative Dupre introduced a bill providing for the celebration of the 100th anniversary of the battle of New Orleans in 1915, and appropriating \$250,000 for the purpose.
The house military affairs committee completed the appropriation bill carrying \$92,830,177 and will report it after the passage of the Indian and postoffice appropriation bills.
The house banking and currency committee voted to certify to speaker for contempt, George G. Henry, for refusal to answer certain questions before money trust investigating committee.
Representative Borland introduced a resolution calling for a congressional investigation into the conduct of United States District Judge Pollock of Kansas and Van Valkenburgh of Missouri.
Generals.
General Castro was given a hearing in court and then sent back to Ellis Island.
A verdict of "death from heart failure" was returned at the coroner's inquest on the body of Paul Nash, United States consul general at Buda Pest.
The senate adopted Senator Work's resolution requiring the secretary of the treasury to furnish information as to the expense of running the government health and medical services in 1912.
Peculiar actions of Anthony Hunt of Chicago, an attorney and a member of the University club of that city while at the white house in an effort to see President Taft, caused his arrest by the police.
Cabled instructions from the Philippine general assembly to work for the passage of the Jones bill to provide for Philippine independence were received by Delegate Quezon of the Philippines.
Proposed increases of about 10 percent in the freight rates on news print paper from Sault Ste. Marie and destinations in the United States were suspended by the interstate commerce commission from January 11 until July 11.
The Nebraska house democrats named Kelly for speaker and the senate republicans named Kemp for president protem in caucuses.
Governor Foss sent special messages to the Massachusetts legislature urging the early ratification of the federal income tax amendment and a new personal tax law.
The Indian appropriation bill, carrying approximately \$8,000,000, was passed by the house bill, as finally adopted by the house, include for gratuity appropriations \$6,084,002, for fulfilling treaty stipulations, \$740,550 and for reimbursable items \$850,000.
Senator-elect George W. Norris of Nebraska, has made arrangements to be on the ground when the legislature casts the formal ballot for him.
Mortality records have been broken during the present congress. Since the Sixty-second congress began Vice President Sherman, six senators and sixteen representatives have died.

Wilson says no one, not even himself, knows the men who will make up the next cabinet.
Field Marshal Count Alfred von Schlieffen, formerly chief of the general staff of the German army, is dead.
President Taft believes canal disputes should be arbitrated by special board.
Problems in currency reform are being given attention in the house this week.
Progressives hold the balance of power in the New Hampshire senatorship fight.
President-elect Wilson, so far, has not offered a single cabinet portfolio to anyone.
Robbers got \$2,000 from the State Bank of Liberty in Montgomery county, Kansas.
The Nebraska prison association at the annual meeting discussed needed prison reforms.
The Nebraska legislature, now in session, can do business for sixty days and be sure of pay.
Woodrow Wilson says he is open to suggestion from any member of the democratic family.
California orange growers will try to get a special rate in order to rush their product to the east.
On the theory that our currency system is wrong, a house committee has set about to change it.
President Taft asked for an appropriation to continue the commission on economy and efficiency.
Army reorganization was discussed by Secretary Stimson and a number of generals in command.
Judge Archbald, as a witness, denied any bad motives in his different deals with railroad companies.
Leslie M. Shaw told a house subcommittee that a central bank would mean control by Wall street.
Republican senators have rejected a compromise of the democrats on confirmation of Taft appointments.
A strike vote or arbitration is the alternative confronting 24,000 locomotive firemen on eastern railroads.
Existence of rebates in the shipping trade was brought out before the house committee on merchant marine.
Republican members of the Massachusetts legislature are planning to hold a caucus on United States senator.
Charles P. Miller, a well to do merchant of Hulet, Wyo., was instantly killed while descending a hill in his automobile.
The report that the Russian Crown Prince Alexis has gone to Cape Martin to complete his convalescence is denied by the Russian authorities.
Permission was granted by the authorities of the District of Columbia for the woman's suffrage parade in Pennsylvania avenue on March 3, next.
Max Green, chairman of the Irish prisons board, married Miss Johanna Redmond, youngest daughter of John E. Redmond, leader of the Irish nationalist party.
Frederick A. Hyde and Joost H. Schneider, convicted of conspiracy to defraud the United States in connection with lands in California and Oregon, have applied to President Taft for pardons.
Commissioner Franklin A. Lane was elected by the interstate commerce commission to serve as its chairman for the year beginning January 13. He succeeds Commissioner Charles A. Prouty.
Representative Baker of California introduced a bill that would appropriate \$100,000 to investigate and perfect a system of frost prevention in the citrus and deciduous fruit regions of the United States.
The Chicago Telephone company is called on to reduce its rates and apply an alleged surplus to old age pensions, salary increases and rate reduction by a report adopted by a committee of the city council.
With honors befitting his achievement, Captain Ronald Amundsen, discoverer of the south pole, was entertained in Washington as the principal guest at the annual banquet of the national geographic society.
Nearly 2,000,000 parcels post packages were sent through the postoffices of the fifty leading cities of the country during the first week of the operation of the new service, according to telegraphic reports received by Postmaster General Hitchcock.
Maud Malone, a militant suffragette, who had the distinction of having been arrested and convicted for disturbing a meeting at which Woodrow Wilson was speaking, appeared in the court of special sessions in Brooklyn and asked that she be fined in order that she might appeal her case.
Carrying \$92,830,177, an increase of nearly \$3,000,000 over the amount appropriated last year, the army appropriation bill was reported to the house by Representative Hay of Virginia, chairman of the committee on military affairs. One-half of the appropriation this year will be used exclusively for the pay of the army. The bill contains practically no new legislation, but a 50 per cent increase in the salaries of army aviators is provided for in the bill.
Representatives of organized labor in California established headquarters at Sacramento and prepared to urge passage by the legislature of thirty labor laws.
Personal.
Physicians declare William Rockefeller is too ill to testify.
Governor Marshall sent his final message to the Indiana legislature.
Roosevelt says republicans and progressives cannot be brought together.
Col. Du Paty de Clam has been reinstated in the French army.
Governor Wilson is taking an active part in a New Jersey contest.
Richard Watson Seager, a musical composer of note, died at Los Angeles.
Federal Judge Archbald told his prosecutors he failed to see wherein he had transgressed.
Captain Amundsen told a Washington crowd the story of the discovery of the south pole.
Congressman Norris has set at rest rumors that he may enter the cabinet of Woodrow Wilson.
Federal Judges Pollock and Van Valkenburgh are under fire for their ruling in the Kansas City gas case.

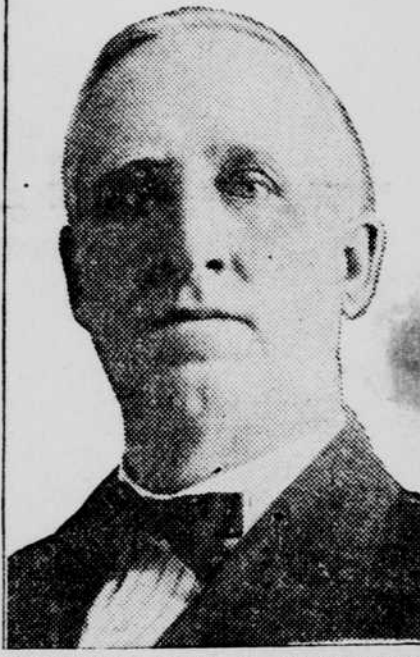
JOHN H. MOREHEAD INAUGURATED
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OF NEBRASKA
CHESTER H. ALDRICH RETIRES AS GOVERNOR

Usual Ceremonies of Inauguration Carried Out—
Retiring and Incoming Governors Deliver
Messages to Legislature

With simple ceremonies, made impressive by the presence of the usual large crowd, including many of the state's most prominent citizens, John H. Morehead became governor of Nebraska and Chester H. Aldrich stepped out of that office on Thursday afternoon, January 9. The inauguration took place, according to custom, in the chamber of the house of representatives. With Governor Morehead were sworn in all of the other state officers elected or re-elected last November. The audience which heard the outgoing and incoming executives filled the house gallery and the space at the rear of the main floor, overflowing into the chamber itself. Four hundred people stood in a solid jam for two hours and a half in order to witness the inaugural rites. Scores of extra seats were placed in the aisles to accommodate as many as possible. Mrs. Aldrich, Mrs. Morehead and Miss Dorothy Morehead occupied seats together directly in front of the chief clerk's desk, where the two governors stood to deliver their message. Greeted by Governor Aldrich. Shortly before the convening of the joint legislative session at 2 o'clock, Governor Morehead arrived at the capitol, having walked with the other members of his family from the hotel. He stepped into the executive office, where he was met and cordially greeted by Governor Aldrich. "Well, governor, have you got your nerve up for the occasion?" asked the latter. Governor Morehead replied that he thought he had enough to get through the inauguration in good shape. He was led by Mr. Aldrich into the private office, where he "hung up" his overcoat and hat and was given formal possession of the room which will be his official home for the next two years. When the joint assembly met, it was called to order by President Kemp of the senate. Speaker Kelley sat beside him. The entry of the two executives at 2:25 was the signal for an outburst of applause. They were received by the members of the joint assembly.



EX-GOV. C. H. ALDRICH.



GOVERNOR JOHN H. MOREHEAD
Who Was Inaugurated Chief Executive
of Nebraska Thursday.

lessens the opportunity of young men and women to work their way through college.
That counties be authorized to employ agricultural experts to conduct demonstrations and experiments.
That a state reformatory for first term convicts be created, and that the buildings now in use at the Milford soldiers' home be utilized for this purpose and the state support but one home, that at Grand Island.
That contract prison labor be abolished and convicts not worked on roads and farms should be set to work making supplies for state institutions.
That every dollar raised for road and bridge work in the state be expended under the direction of a state highway commission.
That the state should investigate as to the possibilities of water power development in the state before attempting any comprehensive legislation and to that end suggests the appropriation of a small sum for investigation.
That instead of increasing the number of supreme judges or creating additional appellate courts, the supreme court sit in divisions and thus hear more cases.
That supreme judges be elected by districts.
That the judiciary should be removed from politics by providing for a non-partisan bench, elected without political appellations appearing on election ballot.
That the party circle be eliminated from the official election ballot.
That laws be passed amending registration laws, providing for contests at primary elections and recount of votes at general elections.
That no legislation be passed authorizing the sale of school lands.
That the governor be restricted to one term of four years, with a salary sufficient to pay for services and enable him to meet expenses.
That no appropriation be made for representation at the San Francisco exposition.
That \$20,000 be appropriated to buy Sarpy county farm for widow of Roy Blunt, title to remain in state, but control and income to be given her during lifetime.
That provision be made for a state publicity department, but that no special bureau be created for that purpose.
That no new capitol be built, but that the state historical building be finished to provide quarters for supreme court, state library and state historical society.
That a law be passed prohibiting blue sky selling, and that the federal



LIEUT. GOV. S. R. MCKELVIE.

capitol, for occupancy of that organization, the state library and the supreme court.
Laws prohibiting marriage of an habitual drunkard, an epileptic or mental incompetent and requiring a measure of publicity for all proposed marriages.
Building of an intermediate reformatory for first term prisoners and suggesting use of soldiers' home buildings at Grand Island and removal of the inmates thereof to other state home at Milford.
Provision for working convicts on roads or at some employment that gives them outdoor exercise.
Building of new kitchen and dining room at prison and provision for better hospital facilities.
Turning over by the state to families of married convicts a portion of their earnings.
Continuance of an advisory board of pardons and paroles, with salary of \$1,000 a year instead of per diem.
Appointment of efficient commission to better co-ordinate work of various state offices and thus do away with services of large number of employees, declaring \$200,000 a biennium could be saved by abolishing red tape system.
Abolition of country life commission and junior normals; withdrawal from game bird business; enactment of law governing cold storage plants, and more rigid qualifications for veterinarians are other recommendations of the chief executive.
The governor also discusses university removal at some length, and expresses opinion that activities ought to be centered on farm campus. He also favors the creation of an intermediate court to relieve the strain upon the supreme court, and the reform of court procedure, pleading and practice to the end that legal technicalities may be subordinated to a consideration of the merits of a controversy.
Message of Incoming Governor Morehead.
Governor Morehead said in opening his address that he hoped it would be his opportunity to be of some real service to the people. He told the legislators that:
"The power to appropriate does not mean that public funds be improvidently spent or wasted. It does not mean that the state should pursue policies, regarding its public institutions, that are wasteful. The care, fidelity and economy of the successful private business should be applied to the affairs of the state. Economy is a public virtue, as well as a private one, and while I favor all necessary appropriations for all public needs, I recommend that care and caution be used in making appropriations.
He also recommends:
That appropriation bills be made special order in house on 25th day of session in order that they be passed before closing days of session when proper consideration is impossible.
That a different system of handling the state's finances from the present careless and indifferent methods be devised, and suggests that all state supplies be bought through the purchasing agent of the board of control.
That the state university be not removed from the city campus to the farm campus, not only because of the direct financial loss from abandonment of buildings, but because it

STEAMER ON REEF
URANIUM STRANDED IN STORM
NEAR HALIFAX.
880 ARE TAKEN OFF SAFELY

Captain and Crew Remain Aboard
Ship.—Steerage Passengers Are
Frightened.

Halifax.—The steamer Uranium of the Uranium Steamship company, bound from Rotterdam for Halifax and New York, stranded on a reef during thick weather near the Chebucto head light station, nine miles below Halifax, at 11 o'clock Sunday and at night was still held fast in the grip of the rock shore. Her 800 passengers, 100 in the cabin and the rest in the steerage, were taken off the steamer by the government steamer Lady Laurier and a small fleet of harbor craft and were safely landed in Halifax.
Although surf boats had to be used in transferring the hundreds of passengers to the rescue boats, the work was safely accomplished and not a life was lost.
Captain Eustace and his crew remained aboard ship which is still hanging by her bow on the reef. The captain hopes to get the steamer off at low water. The escape of a vessel from such a predicament is usually made at high water, but the captain thinks the weight of the afterpart of the steamer will gradually drag the Uranium free as the tide goes down.
There was much alarm, especially among the steerage passengers when the ship struck but the officers and sailors soon succeeded in restoring calm.
The rescue boats arrived at 2 p. m. and the transfer of the Uranium passengers was begun at once. The surf boats from the life saving station and the life boats of the Uranium were used. The Lady Laurier took women and children first and then the men were transferred to the bidgewater.
A heavy southwest wind was blowing when the Uranium ran ashore and the steamer was therefore protected by Chebucto head.
The steamer struck head-on when the tide was half high and late in the afternoon her bow was six feet out of the water while there were seven fathoms of water under her amidships and seventeen fathoms at the stern. The plates at the bow were ripped open and No. 1 hold was flooded.
The weather continued heavy and working steamers are standing by the Uranium to rescue the crew should necessity arise.
Packing Plant Burns.
Calgary, Alberta.—The packing plant of P. Burns & Co. was destroyed by fire today. The loss, including meat in cold storage, probably will be in excess of \$2,000,000. On account of the low water pressure the fire department was unable to do effective work and at a late hour the fire was still raging. The loss is serious, because the plant was the largest of its kind in this part of Canada. The storage plant contained from 15,000 to 20,000 carcasses. The property was insured, including the stock in storage, for about \$1,000,000.
Lives Week With Broken Neck.
Kansas City, Mo.—After nearly a week with a broken neck, Mrs. Ella Maynes, aged 47, died recently at Kansas City, Kas. Mrs. Maynes fell Monday on an ice covered pavement. She thought little of her injuries and for a few days was up and about as usual. Later she became ill and lapsed into unconsciousness. Physicians who performed an autopsy to-day declared her neck had been broken when she received the fall.
Steamship Companies Merge.
Liverpool.—The Liverpool Daily Courier says an agreement has been reached for the amalgamation of the Peninsular and Oriental Steam Navigation company and the Royal Steam Packet company with a capital of \$150,000,000.
Chinese Loan Approved.
Peking.—It is announced that the representatives of the six-power group of bankers, meeting in London, have approved the agreement with respect to the proposed loan of \$125,000,000 to China.
Check Spread of Epidemic.
Springfield, Ill.—Dr. Westervelt of the state board of health reports that the spread of spinal meningitis, or infantile paralysis, has been checked in Alexander county.
Stricken on House Floor.
Washington.—Representative Langley, republican, of Kentucky, was stricken to the floor of the house on Friday by a rush of blood to his head, shortly after he had concluded speaking on a private pension bill, which was under consideration.
Over the Alps into Italy.
Geneva, Switzerland. Daniel Biellouucci, the Peruvian aviator, arrived at Brig, from which place he will attempt a flight in a monoplane across the Alps into Italy.
Woman Asks for Receiver.
Chicago.—A receiver for the Union Life Insurance company was asked in the superior court here by Mrs. Lucy Peterson, a stockholder, who alleged that the company was insolvent and not legally qualified to carry on business.
Gleason Loses His Suit.
New York.—Attorney John B. Gleason lost his suit against Mrs. Mary Copley Thaw for over \$53,000 counsel fees for defending her son Harry K. Thaw for murder.
Bail for Dynamiters.
San Francisco.—Bail bond in the sum of \$240,000 for the release of Olaf Tviemoie and Eugene A. Clancy, the convicted dynamite conspirators, sentenced to six years in the federal prison at Leavenworth, Kas., was filed here before the United States commissioner. The bonds will be forwarded to Leavenworth, Kas., where they must be signed by Tviemoie and Clancy before they are submitted to Judge Anderson, who tried the case.

Timely.
Joseph Ettor, addressing the Little Falls strikers, cracked a timely joke. "Let us emulate the firmness of the millionaire class," he said. "Our millionaires, you know, swear off at the beginning of each year, and infallibly keep their pledge."
"Aw, what do they swear off?" a striker incredulously demanded.
"They swear off their personal property tax!" was the reply.
Mind Reader.
First Straphanger—Look out! You're treading on my feet!
Second Straphanger—Beg pardon! I also prefer to ride in a cab—Judge!
Don't buy water for bluing. Liquid blue is almost all water. Buy Red Cross Blue, the blue that's all blue. Adv.
Turn on the back-biter and say it to his face.
A man can never remember what a girl said when she proposed to him.

Cough, Cold Sore Throat
Sloan's Liniment gives quick relief for cough, cold, hoarseness, sore throat, croup, asthma, hay fever and bronchitis.
HERE'S PROOF.
MR. ALBERT W. PRICK, of Fredonia, Kan., writes: "We use Sloan's Liniment in the family and find it an excellent relief for colds and hay fever attacks. It stops coughing and sneezing almost instantly."
SLOAN'S LINIMENT
RELIEVED SORE THROAT.
MRS. L. BREWER, of Modesto, Fla., writes: "I bought the Sloan's Liniment and I added it to all the goods in the world. My throat was very sore, and it cured me of my trouble."
GOOD FOR COLD AND CROUP.
MR. W. H. STRANGE, 3721 Elmwood Avenue, Chicago, Ill., writes: "A little boy next door had croup. I gave the mother Sloan's Liniment to try. She gave him three drops on sugar before going to bed, and he was up without the croup in the morning."
Price, 25c, 50c, \$1.00

Sloan's Treatise on the Horse and Horseman.
Dr. Earl S. Sloan
Boston, Mass.

Constipation Vanishes Forever
Prompt Relief—Permanent Cure
CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner—dissolve—cure indigestion, improve the complexion, brighten the eyes. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE. Genuine must bear Signature.

CANADA'S OFFERING TO THE SETTLER
THE AMERICAN RUSH TO WESTERN CANADA IS INCREASING
60 ACRE FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE
Excellent Railway Facilities
In many cases the railways in Canada have been built in advance of any settlements, and a settler who needs more than ten or twelve acres from a line of railway. Railway Rates are regulated by Government Commission.
Social Conditions
The American Settler at home in Western Canada. He is not a stranger in a strange land, having nearly a million of his own people in settlement there. If you desire to know why the conditions of the Canadian Settler is prosperous write and send for literature, maps, etc., to
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See Building, Omaha, Neb.
Canadian Government Agent, or Address Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada.

Nebraska Directory
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THE PAXTON HOTEL
Omaha, Nebraska
EUROPEAN PLAN
Rooms from \$1.00 up single, 75 cents up double.
CAFE PRICES REASONABLE
RUPTURE CURED in a few days without pain or a surgical operation. No pay until cured. Write DR. WRAY, 307 Bee Bldg., Omaha, Neb.
MURPHY DID IT
Auto and Wagon Truck Building, Repairing, Painting, Trimming, Buggy Repairing and re-rubbering. Write us for prices. 40 West in business. Andrew Murphy & Son, Omaha
Consign your HORSES & MULES to WALKER & BLAIN
Union Stock Yards, S. Omaha, Neb. Phone South 679. Auction Sales Every Thursday.
COTTON SEED PRODUCTS
We sell all feed used by the feeders in our cars and lots. Our prices are right. We buy empty sacks. FEEDERS SUPPLY COMPANY
Live Stock Exchange Bldg. South Omaha