

EPITOME OF EVENTS

PARAGRAPHS THAT PERTAIN TO MANY SUBJECTS.

ARE SHORT BUT INTERESTING

Brief Mention of What is Transpiring in Various Sections of Our Own and Foreign Countries.

General.

Iowa progressives declare they will continue the organization. Illinois women's clubs will make a demand for equal suffrage.

President Taft will fill all existing vacancies before his term expires. In a shooting affray at Clifton, Ariz., three men were killed and two wounded.

H. H. Miller of Council Bluffs was elected president of the Iowa veterinary association.

Unofficial advice from Washington affecting nine Army posts, has been received at Fort D. A. Russell.

Twenty-eight persons were injured, one fatally in a wreck on the Frisco railroad, near Sinton, Texas.

President Taft issued a proclamation fixing the rates for passage of the Panama canal by foreign ships.

Edwin Williams, a student aviator at a school near St. August, fell 150 feet, sustaining probably fatal injuries.

President Taft told daughters of the Confederacy that good would come from the election of a democratic president.

Surgeons operated upon William Lorimer, former United States senator, for appendicitis. The operation was declared a success.

A dispatch from Canton, China, says: Canton has an army ready to be of service if called to arms against the Russians in Mongolia.

At Buffalo, N. Y., a wealthy fraternal man confessed to having committed many murders, and told where to find several of the bodies.

As the censorship permits no news to come from the front, the situation at the scene of the fighting in the Balkans is more perplexing than ever.

The British battleships Hibernia Commonwealth, Dominion and Britannia and the armored cruisers Black Prince and Cumberland, arrived at Smyrna.

Representative Nicholas W. Longworth of Ohio, who was defeated for reelection by ninety-seven votes, spent \$1,500 in his campaign. His opponent, Stanley E. Bowdler, reported that he spent \$475.

The social season at the White House will begin December 12, when the president and Mrs. Taft will give the annual dinner to the cabinet. During the season they will give receptions and four dinners.

Ballagh, Neb., has sprung into prominence through being a place of refuge for J. B. McNamara, in 1910. This fact was disclosed in the Indianapolis dynamite trial. Ballagh is in Garfield county.

The banking resources of the United States during the last four years have exceeded by billions the record of any similar period in the history of the nation, declared Lawrence O. Murray, comptroller of the currency, in a statement.

Governor Woodrow Wilson announced that immediately after his inauguration as president of the United States he would call an extraordinary session of congress to convene not later than April 15, for the purpose of revising the tariff.

Fifty men are dragging the Illinois river below the La Grange dam, ninety miles south of Peoria, searching for the bodies of William Moore of Chicago and his three companions, who are thought to have been drowned while trying to shoot the dam in launches.

The Grand Trunk railroad of Canada is negotiating with the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad for the right not only to reach Boston and Providence over the lines of the latter road, but to carry its business into all stations of the entire New Haven system of railroading.

In Chicago Charles Jones, a policeman, was shot and killed in attempting to break up a gathering of West Side hoodlums. The boys ran away when the policeman ordered them to disperse, but one of them shot Jones twice in the right side and he died on the way to a hospital.

At Rollette, N. D., covering their victims with revolvers, two masked men held up seven men in pool room, securing \$2,200. One man was forced to give up \$1,500. Coming into the room through opposite doors, the robbers order their victims to throw up their hands and stand in a row.

Senator Martin and Representative Carlin of Virginia urged President Taft to use his influence to expend the \$500,000 granted by congress for experimental postal roads on a highway from Washington to Mount Vernon.

Secretary of the Interior Fisher announced the appointment of David White as chief geologist of the United States geological survey.

Lake City, Utah, to spend \$53,000 for what proved to be cheaply prepared volumes, according to Mrs. Bird's complaint in a suit she began in the United States.

Arthur Capper, republican candidate for governor of Kansas, said that official returns from eighty-six of the 105 counties in Kansas gave him a plurality of thirty-eight votes over George H. Hedges, his democratic opponent.

There was a riotous demonstration in the British house of commons growing out of a division on Irish home rule.

Rear Admiral Sutherland, who was in command of the American forces in Nicaragua during the recent revolution, sailed with his squadron for San Diego, Cal.

Forty-four Roumanian soldiers were drowned while crossing a lake.

The complete count in California gives Roosevelt a slight lead.

All hope of floating the stranded liner Royal George has been abandoned by its owners.

Methodist bishops, in session at Toledo, O., planned a campaign of publicity.

The resignation of Ambassador Bryce may tie up the arbitration treaty.

The United States this year raised by far the greatest corn crop in its history.

Governor Deneen has decided not to call an extra session of the Illinois legislature.

President-elect Wilson is keeping his mind open on the question of an extra session.

Roosevelt says he is proud of the showing made by the progressives in the first battle.

Lives of foreigners in Constantinople are safeguarded in the event of a Moslem outbreak.

Thousands of people attended Minneapolis day at the Northwestern Products exposition.

The French armored cruiser Montiam has been ordered to proceed at once to Constantinople.

Witnesses from the Pacific coast have been taken to Indianapolis to testify at the dynamite trial.

William Campbell Clark, one of the world's leading thread manufacturers, died at his home at Newark, N. J.

An adverse vote was suffered by the British government in the house of commons over the home rule bill.

Unity of north and south was the sentiment at the confederate cornerstone laying at Arlington cemetery.

Miss Florence F. Wilson of New York eclipsed all past typewriting records by writing at the rate of 116 words a minute for one hour.

Henry I. Stimson, secretary of war left aboard the steamship Zacapa for Cristobal, to inspect the sites of the proposed fortifications of the Panama canal.

Disappointed because their baby was a boy Mr. and Mrs. Fred Kopp wrapped the child in a shawl and tossed him into the Ohio river at Canton.

The Interstate Funeral Directors' association, which includes the states of Iowa, South Dakota, Minnesota and Nebraska, was organized at Sioux City.

John Jones, a wealth farmer, forty-five years old, was shot and killed at his home near New Alla, Okl., by an unknown person who burned Jones' house to hide his crime.

Three crackmen blew open the safe in a saloon on West Madison and Halsted streets, Chicago, and escaped with \$2,500 after binding the bartender and porter with ropes.

The resignation of James Bryce as British ambassador to the United States and the appointment of Sir Cecil Spring-Rice as his successor was officially announced at London.

The Armour Packing company was indicted by the federal grand jury at Kansas City on the charge of violating the national pure food laws in a shipment of eggs from Kansas City to New York.

Attorney General Wickersham, it was learned, will not retry the criminal anti-trust suit against the bath tub trust until the supreme court of the United States decides the civil case against the combination.

Washington.—The supreme court decided that it was not necessary to hear arguments in favor of the constitutionalality of the South Dakota "unfair sales" law. This was accepted as equivalent to a decision in support of the law.

Postmaster General Hitchcock announced that approximately \$28,000,000 had been deposited to date in postal savings depositories by 290,000 individuals averaging \$96 per depositor. The system is now operated in 12,773 postoffices and 7,357 banks have qualified to receive postal savings funds.

Members of the subcommittee of the arbitration committee appointed to adjust the dispute between fifty eastern railroads and the Brotherhood of Railway Engineers in Chicago found their tentative decision so unsatisfactory that another week will be taken for drawing up a revised agreement.

Jack Johnson, negro pugilist, accused of violation of the Mann white slave act, was released from custody before Judge Carpenter in the United States district court at Chicago, in bonds of \$30,000. The sureties accepted were the pugilist's mother, Tiny Johnson, and Matthew S. Baldwin, a real estate dealer.

All Greek subjects in the United States who served in the Grecian army as recruits in 1896, 1897 and 1898 are called upon to return to arms in a dispatch received at the Greek legation. They are expected to join the army within four months. It is stated at the legation that already between 10,000 and 12,000 Greeks have returned home from the United States under similar orders.

Personal.

The Wyoming legislature is republican by two majorities.

Orlie McManigal testified he believed J. B. McNamara once tried to kill him.

Governor-elect Morehead of Nebraska paid \$5 for "help" and the election cost him \$635.

President O'Neill of the Western Baseball league says next year's schedule will provide for 168 games.

Over 100 Nebraska manufacturers gathered at Omaha to form a state association.

James Bryce, the British ambassador to the United States, has tendered his resignation and will return to England.

President-elect Wilson and family sailed Saturday for a vacation of several weeks in Bermuda.

Former Governor William Larrabee is gradually approaching death, according to attending physicians.

Judge K. I. Perky has been named U. S. senator for Idaho, to fill the unexpired term of Senator Hepburn, deceased.

Daniel O'Reilly of New York, once prominent lawyer, and counsel for Harry Thaw, gave himself up and began a seven months' prison term. He was convicted of receiving stolen property.

AS TO POLITICAL PIE

MODIFIED "IOWA PLAN" IN DISTRIBUTING PATRONAGE.

HOW TO SECURE HARMONY

Senator Hitchcock and Democratic Congressmen of Nebraska Will Get Together for Consultation.

A Nebraska modification of what was once known as the "Iowa plan" in the handling of federal patronage matters has been suggested by Senator Hitchcock says the Omaha World-Herald. It has been agreed by those who by virtue of their official positions will naturally have a voice in the handling of Nebraska's share of the office that will be at the disposal of the incoming national administration. These include, beside Senator Hitchcock, the three democratic congressmen, Representatives Maguire, Lobeck and Stephens, Dr. P. L. Hall, the national committeeman, and Chairman W. H. Thompson of the democratic state committee. The essence of the plan is consultation and agreement with a view to united and harmonious action that will result in a fair and equitable distribution of patronage.

As originally proposed by Senator Allison, and put into operation by the Iowa republican delegation a good many years ago, the plan worked very successfully.

Senator Hitchcock's mail has been very heavy since election with letters of applicants for federal appointments, and a number of aspirants have personally called upon him. For the most part the applicants seek the position of postmaster in the various towns. In most cases the terms of the present holders do not expire for a year or more, but the anxious applicants evidently take the ground that early action is both wise and necessary.

Senator Hitchcock has adopted the plan of merely acknowledging the application with assurance that all claims will be fairly considered by himself and by others naturally or officially entitled to a voice in passing upon applications. To bring about harmonious action he has proposed to the three democratic congressmen, to Dr. P. L. Hall, national committeeman, and to Hon. W. H. Thompson, chairman of the state committee, a plan of consultation and cooperation on patronage matters, in line with the "Iowa plan."

For the present, applications will be merely received and filed, and decisions will not be reached until the time comes to fill vacancies. Then the aim will be to unite in making the proper recommendations to the president. Under this plan the three democratic congressmen will naturally have the chief voice in settling post-office questions, each in his own district, while those in republican districts will be decided on consultation.

Requisition Honored.

Governor Aldrich has honored a requisition from the governor of Iowa for the return of William C. Gott, alias William C. Gotz, to Council Bluffs, Ia., on the charge of bigamy. He is alleged to have married Loreta Danahey at Council Bluffs, Ia., September 28, when he had a wife living from whom he had not been divorced.

Mr. Ferguson's Vote.

J. L. Ferguson of Broken Bow, who got into the United States senatorial game by petition, desires to know how he came out and has been informed that in fifty counties he has 239 votes.

Inspection of Prison Homes.

Following a sanitary inspection of several penitentiaries and reformatories of western and coast states, J. E. Murray has returned to Lincoln with an array of ideas relative to changes which may be suggested for penal and reformatory institutions of this state. Mr. Murray made the trip at his own expense, but was commissioned by Governor Aldrich to visit the institutions of the various states for the purpose of gaining points on sanitation problems. Mr. Murray says he found Nebraska far behind many other states.

Trainer Loses Out.

The supreme court of Nebraska overruled the motion for a rehearing in the case of Trainor against Hocht, a suit brought by the former mayor of South Omaha against Thomas Hocht, the present democratic executive. Trainor claims that under the state law passed by the last legislature, extending the term of office, he was entitled to the place, but the supreme court reversed and held that since he had voluntarily relinquished the place he could not secure relief in the court.

The Socialist Vote.

Returns from twenty-one counties of the state will have to aggregate more than they ever have before, as far as the socialist vote is concerned, if the total state vote of that party exceeds its vote of last year. The seventy-one counties that have thus far reported to the secretary of state show that there were 5,579 socialist votes cast this year. Last year there were 10,063 cast on railway commissioner. Four years ago there were 3,534 votes cast for the socialist candidate for president.

The Penitentiary Awaits Him.

Sheriff Hyers has returned from Seattle, Wash., with Oliver M. Wilson, charged with wife desertion. A complaint had been filed against him in justice court some time ago and the sheriff left for the victim. Wilson was indicted by the January, 1910, grand jury on a charge of bigamy, it being alleged that in King county, Washington, he married Florence Wilson, the ceremony being performed in 1902. She was still his wife when he married Emma Mendenhall in Lancaster county January 12, 1910.

SHOWN BY COUNTIES.

Larger Part Report in Governor and Senator.

Additional election returns, official and unofficial, from eighty-four counties on governor and United States senator are herewith presented. The plurality of Morehead over Aldrich will be about 12,000. The pluralities of republican candidates below the office of governor will average nearly 10,000. Wilson's plurality will be nearly 30,000. The figures follow:

Table with columns: County, Governor, Senator, and various officials (Auditor, Treasurer, Superintendent of Schools, etc.) with corresponding vote counts.

Totals: 107,873 118,545 123,966 105,256 Eighty-four counties.

Woman Seriously Burned.

Case County.—A serious accident occurred on the farm home of Rineholt Woitzel. Mrs. Woitzel took a lighted lantern and a bucket she had just emptied of water, and was dipping carbide out of the can and putting it into the bucket. Gas generated from the dampness in the bucket and ignited, supposedly from the lantern, flashed up, badly burning her arms and face and, it is feared, ruined her eyesight.

Prison Report.

Work has been commenced on the biennial report of the Nebraska state penitentiary officials to the legislature. The report will embrace the work of the prison during the years 1911 and 1912, and will be ready for distribution among the legislators when they assemble early in January. The report will appear in book form, with illustrations of the prison.

Object to Number Thirteen.

Members of the new legislature of the state of Nebraska have a fine respect for hoodooism. So far all of the state senators and representatives have refused to take seat No. 13 or seat No. 23. A friend of Senator-elect Jacob Klein of Beatrice selected seat No. 13 for him, but later Mr. Klein sent word that he could not take that number.

Governor Aldrich has decided to establish a legal residence and make his home in Lincoln after the inauguration of Governor-elect Morehead next January. He will leave David City and enter the practice of law in the capital city.

Solons Seek Seats.

Newly elected solons of the state of Nebraska are engaged in a scramble for desirable seats in the senate chamber and in representative hall, and Secretary of State Wait is flooded with letters, verbal requests and applications of friends on behalf of the new legislators. Wait is reserving seats as fast as they are applied for without regard for party affiliation and he is assigning to each legislator-elect the particular desk each wants as far as is in his power to grant personal requests.

Take Up Fair Rates.

Secretary W. H. Mellor of the Nebraska State Agricultural Board and Secretary H. L. Cook of the Kansas board and representatives of other western state fair associations went to Chicago to attend a meeting of the Western Passenger association in regard to securing special fair rates next year. No low rates were granted for the expositions this year, while in former years tickets have been sold on a basis of return trips for 1 1/2 cents per mile. It was claimed they cannot afford a cut.

WILL CALL CONGRESS

EXTRA SESSION TO CONVENE NOT LATER THAN APRIL 15.

TO REDEEM PARTY PLEDGES

Tariff Revision to Be the Theme.—Party Leaders Counsel This.—Panama Canal to Open in 1913.

New York.—Governor Woodrow Wilson has announced that immediately after his inauguration as president of the United States he would call an extraordinary session of congress to convene not later than April 15, for the purpose of revising the tariff. To set at rest in the meantime speculation as to what he would do with regard to tariff revision he issued the following statement:

"I shall call congress together in extraordinary session not later than April 15. I shall do this not only because I think that the pledges of the party ought to be redeemed as promptly as possible, but also because I know it to be in the interest of business that all uncertainty as to what the particular items of tariff revision are to be should be removed as soon as possible."

Beyond this brief announcement the governor said he had nothing further to say. Most of the opinions he had received from public men seemed to be in favor of an extra session, he declared.

Hastens Announcement.

The governor did not intend to express himself about an extra session so soon after his election. Although he has favored the idea of an extra session because the present arrangement would not bring the new congress into session until thirteen months after its election, he had promised to spend more time in ascertaining public opinion.

The governor was impressed by the argument that with an early arrangement democratic leaders in congress could begin to take counsel at an early date so that much of the preliminary detail could be worked out before congress convened on April 15. The governor was prompted incidentally in making his early announcement by the fact that many members of congress were desirous of arranging for accommodations in Washington for the extra session, if there was to be one.

Immediately upon his election the governor made up his mind to wait until after he returned from his vacation before making known his attitude, but upon finding, as he said, that opinion in favor of a special session was practically unanimous, he felt no hesitation about making public his conclusion.

Though the president-elect means to rest awhile in Bermuda, he really expects to give a good deal of time to quiet thought about the problems that face him. He will sketch his annual message to the New Jersey legislature on data on the tariff, monopolies, banking and currency reforms, and other issues.

NEW MILITARY PLAN.

Secretary Oliver Wants States to Cooperate With Government.

Washington.—Some time next summer or fall, no exact date being specified, a vessel will pass from the Atlantic to the Pacific oceans across what is now the Isthmus of Panama, which consequently must disappear from the world's geography, and by the same human agency, the western hemisphere will be divided into two continents. The vessel will not be the Oregon nor any other famous ship, but will be one of the small water craft in daily use by the canal builders; and probably the only passenger will be Colonel George W. Goethals, and the staff of American engineers, who for the last eight years have been carrying on the greatest engineering work the world has ever seen. It will be later than that, anywhere from six months to a year, perhaps, before the formal opening of the waterway will take place and a naval fleet headed by the famous old Oregon, will pass through into the western ocean, and the canal may be fairly said to be open to trade.

These facts are not of official record as yet; the date of January 1, 1915, still stands for the opening predicted by Colonel Goethals, but that the opening will be anticipated to a great extent has been promised by the canal builders in unofficial intimation of their purpose to advance the opening date, in the annual report of the canal commission, just published. It is disclosed while the completion of the great locks by January 1, next, will not be possible, owing to contract delays, within six months thereafter the channel will be finished.

May Take Up Term Question.

Washington.—President Taft's opinion on the 6-year presidential term is endorsed by President-elect Wilson and congress may take up this question at its next session and seriously consider it.

Governor-elect Very Ill.

Wheeling, W. Va.—The condition of Governor-elect Dr. H. D. Hatfield, ill with pneumonia at his home at Echman, admittedly is grave and his condition precarious.

Rayner Suffers a Relapse.

Washington.—Senator Isador Rayner of Maryland, who has been seriously ill for some time at his residence, had a relapse and his son and other members of their immediate family were summoned hurriedly to his bedside.

Sink While Crossing Dam.

Peoria, Ill.—Two cruising launches from Chicago to St. Louis were capsized while attempting to cross the LaGrange dam, below Beardstown, on the Illinois river.

HAPPIEST GIRL IN WORLD

Young Woman in Canada Declares She Would Rather Plow Than Go to the Opera.

Montreal.—"The happiest girl in all the world!" That is the distinction claimed by Miss Jack May, a slender bit of femininity, who owns and operates a farm in the wilds of Canada. Not many years ago Miss May, who is the daughter of Admiral May, of the British navy, was a frilly, frothy society belle, to whom the theater, balls and card parties represented all that was worth living for. When the Boer war broke out and, along with scores of other aristocratic young English women, she went to the front as nurse, her eyes were opened to the smallness



Miss Jack May. From Photo Taken When She Was an English Society Belle.

of the butterfly existence she had been leading. Upon her return home she at once entered the Swanley agricultural college at Kent and at the conclusion of her course amazed her former fashionable friends by becoming manager of a dairy farm. After a time she became working manager of another farm in Kent, where she took active charge of all the work, grain growing, vegetable gardening, and live stock. She went direct from that farm to the Canadian west, to a ranch of 220 acres near the Canadian Pacific railway, and now all English society is interested in watching her career. Not a man is employed on Miss May's entire farm. Her only companion and helper is a Canadian girl of eighteen.

"Go back to society again?" Not for worlds," declares this former London favorite. "I would rather plow than go to the opera. I would rather plant corn than attend a pink tea and I much prefer currying my horses to arraying myself in an evening gown. What's a butterfly society life in damp and foggy England compared to real life in bright sunshine and bracing cold?" Miss May's success had much to do with her views on agriculture much sought after, especially among the English immigrants.

Although this little English woman has sacrificed conventional feminine garb and has given up social life completely, she has lost none of the charm that made her a leader in British society circles. Her everyday costume consists of stout leather boots and leather puttees, riding breeches of heavy blue serge, a man's shirt, and a short khaki coat. When she desires to really "dress up" for special occasions, she wears a soft collar and tie, and a peanut smock of navy blue denim, which comes to her knees and is loosely belted around her waist. She is delightfully picturesque and her happy carefree laugh is a sure cure for the blues.

"I love the freedom of the life and the highness of things here on the western prairies," she said, recently. "In England one is bound by conventions, as one's fields are girt, with hedges. Here I can do as I choose. I would not go back to stay under any consideration."

RECOVERS RING FROM RIVER

Man Uses Cistern Cleaner to Draw Diamond From Deep Water at Connersville, Ind.

Lawrenceburg, Ind.—Jack Kauter, a cistern cleaner of Connersville, recovered a diamond ring belonging to George W. von Fange, an automobile salesman, from the bottom of the Ohio river with his cistern cleaning device. Mr. von Fange was the guest of Fred Wuest, and was riding on the Ohio river in a motorboat. In taking some matches from his pocket his diamond ring, valued at \$350, slipped from his finger and disappeared into ten feet of water. Kauter, after three hours of work, got the ring into the large tin can of his machine and brought it to shore. He obtained a liberal reward for his work.

HIS FORTUNE TO FEED POOR

Philadelphia Politician's Estate for the Needy of His Ward—Wealth Placed at \$300,000.

Philadelphia, Pa.—The poor of the Sixth ward are the final beneficiaries of the estate of Thomas J. Ryan, Democratic leader and amusement promoter, who committed suicide October 6, and whose will was probated here. Mr. Ryan's widow will receive the income and such part of the principal as may be necessary during her life, the residue to be paid at her death to the St. Vincent de Paul society of St. Augustine's church to provide a fund for the purchase of flour, food and fuel for needy persons living in the ward, which Mr. Ryan represented for many years in select council. The estate is valued at \$200,000.

Philly Politician's Estate for the Needy of His Ward—Wealth Placed at \$300,000.

Philadelphia, Pa.—The poor of the Sixth ward are the final beneficiaries of the estate of Thomas J. Ryan, Democratic leader and amusement promoter, who committed suicide October 6, and whose will was probated here. Mr. Ryan's widow will receive the income and such part of the principal as may be necessary during her life, the residue to be paid at her death to the St. Vincent de Paul society of St. Augustine's church to provide a fund for the purchase of flour, food and fuel for needy persons living in the ward, which Mr. Ryan represented for many years in select council. The estate is valued at \$200,000.

Philly Politician's Estate for the Needy of His Ward—Wealth Placed at \$300,000.

Philadelphia, Pa.—The poor of the Sixth ward are the final beneficiaries of the estate of Thomas J. Ryan, Democratic leader and amusement promoter, who committed suicide October 6, and whose will was probated here. Mr. Ryan's widow will receive the income and such part of the principal as may be necessary during her life, the residue to be paid at her death to the St. Vincent de Paul society of St. Augustine's church to provide a fund for the purchase of flour, food and fuel for needy persons living in the ward, which Mr. Ryan represented for many years in select council. The estate is valued at \$200,000.

Philly Politician's Estate for the Needy of His Ward—Wealth Placed at \$300,000.

Philadelphia, Pa.—The poor of the Sixth ward are the final beneficiaries of the estate of Thomas J. Ryan, Democratic leader and amusement promoter, who committed suicide October 6, and whose will was probated here. Mr. Ryan's widow will receive the income and such part of the principal as may be necessary during her life, the residue to be paid at her death to the St. Vincent de Paul society of St. Augustine's church to provide a fund for the purchase of flour, food and fuel for needy persons living in the ward, which Mr. Ryan represented for many years in select council. The estate is valued at \$200,000.

Philly Politician's Estate for the Needy of His Ward—Wealth Placed at \$300,000.

Philadelphia, Pa.—The poor of the Sixth ward are the final beneficiaries of the estate of Thomas J. Ryan, Democratic leader and amusement promoter, who committed suicide October 6, and whose will was probated here. Mr. Ryan's widow will receive the income and such part of the principal as may be necessary during her life, the residue to be paid at her death to the St. Vincent de Paul society of St. Augustine's church to provide a fund for the purchase of flour, food and fuel for needy persons living in the ward, which Mr. Ryan represented for many years in select council. The estate is valued at \$200,000.

Patience is No Virtue!

Be Impatient with Backache! Too patiently do many women endure backache, languor, dizziness and urinary ills, thinking them part of woman's lot. Often it is only weak kidneys and Doan's Kidney Pills would cure the case.



A MISSOURI CASE. Mrs. H. J. Linnebur, 908 Madison St., St. Charles, Mo., says: "I was miserably from backache, pains in my head and dizziness. My housework was a burden. Doan's Kidney Pills cured me. I feel better and removed annoyances from the kidney secretions. I have much to be grateful for."

Get Doan's at Any Drug Store, 50c a Box DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS FOSTER-MILBURN CO., Buffalo, New York

Cost-

The Original Price of a

Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen

is trifling. It is spread over a number of years. Long after the cost is forgotten the recollection of quality