

The Loup City Northwestern
J. W. BURLINGHAM, Publisher
LOUP CITY, - - NEBRASKA
FOR THE BUSY MAN
NEWS EPITOME THAT CAN SOON
BE COMPASSED.
MANY EVENTS ARE MENTIONED

Home and Foreign Intelligence
Condensed into Two and Four
Line Paragraphs.

Political Notes.
Governor Hadley announced he would support President Taft.
The only hope for Taft electors in California is to win their case in court.
Winston Churchill was nominated for governor by New Hampshire progressives.
A call for further contributions has been made by the democratic national committee.
Colonel Roosevelt told a New Orleans crowd the progressive party has come to stay.
Governor Johnson concluded his New England tour, and will next invade New York.
Governor Marshall complained that Roosevelt did nothing for the people while in the white house.
Tammany Leader Murphy is thought to be getting ready to dump Governor Fox and turn to a new man.
Taft electors are shut off absolutely from the ballot in California by a decision of the supreme court.
Mr. Roosevelt says it is difficult to draw a distinction between the republican and democratic parties.
In a sweeping denial of charges against him, Roosevelt said he never took a penny for his campaign.
Governor Wilson, at Indianapolis, delivered a direct attack on the admiral's record of Taft and Roosevelt.
Governor Johnson accused Woodrow Wilson of having radically changed his views on union labor.
Governor McGovern of Wisconsin issued a statement in which he announced that he would vote for the Roosevelt and Johnson presidential electors on November 5.
Governor Woodrow Wilson was the central figure in the New Jersey democratic state convention at which a state platform was adopted and candidates for presidential electors nominated.
Advices received by Secretary of State Frank C. Jordan stated that necessary signatures to petitions for placing Roosevelt electors on the November ballot had been obtained in the various counties of California.
Electoral candidates on the Pennsylvania republican state ticket favorable to Roosevelt and Johnson will place their withdrawals from the ticket in the hands of H. D. W. English of Pittsburgh to file on October 9.
William Allen White, national progressive committee man of Kansas, resigned from the republican ticket of seven of the eight presidential electors, who were chosen at the recent primary pledged to vote for Colonel Roosevelt. Dorsey Green of Kansas City, Kan., refused to resign.

General.
Congressman Bartholdi replied sharply to charges of Roosevelt.
A Rio Janeiro loan of \$15,000,000 at 5 per cent is shortly to be floated.
There has been no actual declaration of war thus far in the Balkans.
Governor Wilson twitted Colonel Roosevelt about the alleged growth of trusts during his administration.
The human race has not kept pace with cattle and dogs according to a speaker at the conservation congress.
Severe earthquakes have been continuously registered by the seismographic instruments in the Berlin observatories.
Every union teamster in Des Moines is likely to be called on strike, according to an announcement made by L. T. McArthur, organizer, before a meeting of the teamsters' union.
A referendum on the grouping of all Chicago's disorderly resorts into one district loomed as a possibility in the opinion of Mayor Harrison, as the result of the investigation into vice conditions.
Nation-wide standardization of efforts to save babies was considered at the annual meeting of the American Association for the Study and Prevention of Infant Mortality, which opened in Cleveland.
The entire rebel army at Jinatete, Nicaragua, about twenty miles south of Managua, was captured with all its ammunition, arms and artillery after a four hours' battle with government troops.
An explosion fund was set aside by the iron-workers' union according to Prosecutor Miller at Indianapolis.
Peace between Italy and Turkey was signed at Ouchy, Switzerland, according to a news agency dispatch received here from Paris.
F. Warren, aged 39, was sentenced at Des Moines to twenty years in the state prison. Warren attacked a 6-year-old girl.
A state conference of leaders of the woman suffrage cause was held in Cleveland, O., at which it was decided to hold a state convention in Columbus late in November.
Mrs. Eva Macdonald Valdes of New York has taken the initial steps in the formation of a woman's national preservation association. She says that loss by fire in this country is very great, and that much depends upon the women to make it less.
After a month in Beverly, interrupted by many trips, President Taft is beginning to show the good effects of his vacation.
France has decided to build a squadron of swift armed dirigibles for its aerial war fleet, in addition to the aeroplanes already possessed by the army.

Central American countries resent interference of the United States.
Roosevelt failed to appeal to the voters of eastern Tennessee.
One man was killed and others wounded as a result of strike troubles at Augusta, Ga.
One of the alleged Canadian bank robbers was caught at St. Louis.
Fourteen lives were lost in the sinking of a British submarine.
A meeting of protest against home rule in Ireland was held at Belfast.
The financial showing of the government for the new quarter is satisfactory.
Mexico is not to confine the instructions of its army to Germany military men.

Colonel Roosevelt wound up his transcontinental tour with a speech at Raleigh, N. C.
Four masked men held up a Kansas City Southern train near the town of Poteau, Okla.
Many were killed or injured in a wreck on the New Haven road at Westport, Conn.
A statewide conference of leaders of the woman's suffrage cause was held at Cleveland, O.
Wilson says he wants progressive nominated in New York but does not name his choice.
Mrs. Helen Pierce Gray was arrested in Washington at the behest of the Indian office.
Lieut. Donald H. Morrison was killed and eight injured by an explosion on the destroyer Walke.
Deposits in Nebraska state banks now exceed \$85,000,000, the highest in the history of the state.
Four people were killed and five injured when an automobile was struck by a train near Pittsburgh.
W. B. Townley of Chicago was chosen president of the underwriters association of the northwest.
Dr. Wiley, in a speech at Terre Haute, Ind., attacked the administration of Roosevelt and Taft.
The Central Fuel Oil company, an oil-producing company in Oklahoma, was adjudged a bankrupt.
The failure of Blair Brothers, members of the New York consolidated stock exchange, was announced.
The siege of Managua cost the lives of a hundred and thirty-six women and a thousand soldiers.
Twelve thousand textile operatives are affected by a strike at Lawrence, Mass., and mill will shut down.
Turkey is bristling up under the threat of war, and there were scenes of excitement at Constantinople.
Ten per cent of our population was declared by the congress of hygiene and demography to be defective.
Prohibition and its effect on the cigar trade will be investigated by the cigarmakers' union of America.
Russia has suggested the advisability of a joint demand upon China for payment of the boxer indemnity.
J. P. Moran, the financier, came in for scathing denunciation in William J. Bryan's trip across Central Kansas.

The state convention of the national progressive party of Michigan named a ticket from secretary of state to justices of the supreme court.
Dr. George H. Knight of Salisbury, republican candidate for congress from the Fifth district, fell dead on the stage of Roberts hall, in Lakeville, Conn.
Governor Colquitt was advised by the state department that permission for the crossing of Texas soil by Mexican federals enroute at Marathon, Tex., had been suspended.
Navy department officials believe that the cruiser Cincinnati, of the Asiatic fleet, ordered to Foo Chow, has got there in response to a call for protection of Americans.
F. S. Penderfer, a Taft republican elector in the Second Missouri district, sent his resignation to the secretary of state. He is the sixth Taft elector to resign in Missouri.
Threats to sacrifice European lives at Foo Chow have been uttered by General Pung unless his demands for 450,000 taels (about \$315,000) from the authorities are acceded to.
George F. Considine, proprietor of the Hotel Metropole, scene of the murder of Herman Rosenthal, the gambler, filed a schedule in bankruptcy. He gives liabilities of \$258,698 and assets of \$6,242.
Attorney General U. S. Webb of California handed down a ruling that but one set of presidential electors can go on the November ballot as republican electors—those chosen by the majority of the Sacramento convention and pledged to Roosevelt and Johnson.
The fact that the contract for a Chinese loan of \$50,000,000 has fallen to a private syndicate in London independently of the six great powers, who were negotiating for a \$300,000,000 loan, has caused as much amusement to the city as surprise.
The powers in question are Great Britain, France, Germany, the United States, Russia and Japan.

Personal.
Prof. Willis Moore, weather expert, discussed the cause of floods at the conservation congress.
Pierpont Morgan, proving a willing witness, told of his contributions to the republican campaign fund.
Former Mayor Seidell of Milwaukee spoke to Lincoln socialists.
U. S. Senator Burton of Kansas spoke to Lincoln (Neb.) republicans.
Governor Johnson made two speeches in Buffalo, one at the Broadway arsenal and another at a Polish hall.
Governor Wilson commended the action of the New York state democratic convention in naming Congressman Sulzer for governor.
Mayor Harrison of Chicago issued a statement that a systematic campaign against vice conditions in the city was about to be begun under his supervision by the police.
Colonel Roosevelt was before the senate investigating committee, as to political contributions.
W. J. Harahan, vice president of the Erie railroad, has been made president of the Seaboard Air Line.
Joseph Costa, O. C. B. D., since 1877 in charge of the Roman Catholic parish at Galesburg, Ill., has announced his resignation because of age and ill health.
Frank A. Faxon, 64 years old, president of the Kansas City board of education and head of a wholesale drug firm, died two hours after suffering a stroke of apoplexy.

STATE'S CASH BOX
IT IS QUITE LOW, ACCORDING TO TREASURER'S REPORT.
LITTLE BETTER THAN BEFORE

State University Heavy Drawer on Investment Fund—Other State Capital Matters.
State Treasurer George issued a statement of the condition of the state treasury for the month ending September 30, says the Lincoln Journal. The condition of the treasury is not flattering, but it is believed the remittances from county treasurers during the next month or two will be sufficient to replenish the general fund and to keep enough investment funds on hand to care for state warrants.

The general fund is now practically exhausted, there being only \$108.83 in that fund. As there is not enough in the general fund to cash state warrants of any magnitude, the state treasurer is obliged to use investment funds, which are available for that purpose. He has a total of \$105,944.18 in the investment funds with which to buy state warrants after the general fund is exhausted.
During the month of September the state treasury received less than \$7,000 from county treasurers. Last year during the same period it received \$165,060. Treasurer George accounts for this falling off by the fact that county treasurers made large remittances to him in July.

The state university is a heavy drawer on the investment funds because it can spend any portion of its 1 mill levy before the money is in the state treasury. This is done according to a decision of the supreme court. The university can issue warrants on the levy not yet collected and if there is no money in the permanent university fund, the fund to which the 1 mill levy is paid, the state treasurer must buy the warrants so issued with investment funds. This reduces the investment funds which the treasurer may need to keep state warrants at par. If he runs out of both general funds and investment funds he is unable to pay cash for state warrants and the warrants must be sold by the owners to brokers.

At present the state has \$147,164.35 invested in university warrants, which represent money expended by the university before its 1 mill tax was collected and in the state treasury.
The state treasurer within the past week had to use \$38,872.54 of investment funds to buy state warrants because there was no money in the general fund. He carries these warrants as cash, after the old established custom. These warrants were issued to pay for construction work on two university buildings and two buildings at the Lincoln asylum. Had it not been for these warrants for pay of new buildings the general fund would not now be exhausted.

Price of Apples.
With Jonathans and Grimes' Golden leading, apples are now wholesaling for from \$2.50 to \$4 for a barrel containing three bushels. Jobbers believe that Nebraska raised a crop of about the same size as last year.

Supreme Court Fees.
Clerk H. C. Lindsay of the supreme court has reported to the governor the receipt of fees amounting to \$1,167.55 for the three months ending October 1. Of that amount \$92.40 was fees received from the West Publishing company for copies of supreme court opinions. The balance was for court costs, bar registrations and \$144.20 from the State Bar commission.

Importation of Absinth Forbidden.
Under a provision of the pure food and drug act the importation of absinth into this country, and the traffic in absinth or absinth-bearing liquors between the states, is now forbidden, that part of the federal statutes taking effect October 1. Knowing that the law was to go into effect on October 1 saloon keepers over the country have in many cases laid in a supply of the liquor, and under the law this can be sold within the state in which it now is located. After the supply is exhausted there will be a ban on the absinth drinks, except where it is manufactured.

Epidemic Still in Evidence.
No new cases of the horse epidemic have been reported in Lancaster county for a number of days, according to word received from various parts of the county, says the Lincoln Journal. Cyrus Black of Hickman said that there are no cases at present in the southern part of the county. He estimated the number of deaths due to the disease in that section at twelve. No new cases have been reported in the Oak creek valley, according to Dr. W. A. Thomas of Raymond.

Soldiers Home Filling Up.
"The last legislature, when making its appropriations, decided that the number of inmates of state homes for soldiers would decrease in the future," said Commandant Hoyt of the Grand Island institution. "This is not true, as shown by the increase of the membership to the highest mark known, 522 at the present time. Six or seven years ago the membership ran up to 519. We now have 215 worn up in the institution. The present high mark bids fair to increase because many are on the waiting list."

PRaises THE GUARD.
Inspecting Officer of Regular Army Makes Report.

Adjutant General E. M. Phelps has received a letter from Captain Robert W. Kerr of the medical department of the United States army, who acts as the inspecting officer of the regular army, in which he gives the hospital corps of the Nebraska guard a boost and gives Major Birker, who has charge of the medical corps, an especially good recommendation. In speaking of Major Birker he says: "One of the best militia officers that I have served with. He reports the major excellent in his knowledge of field service, professional qualification and zeal, and very good in his knowledge of army regulations, manual of the medical department, knowledge of blank forms and internal administration of sanitary organizations."

Of the other officers, Captain Joseph R. Cameron, Captain Ernest J. C. Sward, Captain George E. Spear, First Lieutenant John I. McGirr and First Lieutenant Frank L. Borglum, the inspector says:
"The above four medical officers have a limited knowledge of army regulations, manual of medical department, field service, regulations, blank forms and internal administration of sanitary organizations. They are qualified for the service, and it would be of great help to them if, in the coming year, they could camp with a field hospital of the regular service."
The enlisted men are marked "excellent" in soldierly appearance, school of the detachment, manual of the litter and manual of the loaded litter, knowledge of equitation, very good in bearer work without litter and in practical and theoretical first aid. The noncommissioned officers are marked "very efficient" in leadership and efficiency. The corps took charge of litter squads on one general field maneuver at the Grand Island camp.

The inspector further says: This detachment of the hospital corps is an orderly body of men, prompt at formations and free from the use of intoxicants in camp."
In regard to the efficiency of the corps for field service, increasing its personnel to war strength and allowing one month for training in a concentration camp, the inspector says: "The enlisted personnel with one month's training would be a most efficient organization."
He considers the weakest features of the organization its lack of field work and small attendance at camp. The most encouraging features, he says, are the attitude of the men towards instruction and the efficiency of Major Birker as a medical officer. The inspector says he was informed that part of this field hospital camped at Pole Mountain, Wyoming, during a part of the time army maneuvers were held there.

The New Postoffice Law.
Postmaster Sizer has sent to the newspapers of Lincoln a letter setting forth the provisions of the act of August 24, 1912, whereby the papers are required to file with the postoffice department sworn statements concerning their management and circulation. In case any paper fails to comply with the new law it will be denied the privileges of the mails. By the provisions of the act the editor, publisher, business manager, magazine, periodical or other publication entered as second class mail at the postoffice, except religious, fraternal, temperance, scientific and other similar publications, is required to file with the local office not later than April 1 and October 1 of each year two sworn statements setting forth the names and postoffice addresses of the editor, managing editor, publisher, business manager and owners, and if owned by a corporation, the names of persons owning 1 per cent or more of the stock or other securities.

Criticizes Court's Work.
Paul Siegler, just liberated from the penitentiary after a term of three years, wanted Attorney General Martin to call the supreme court together to hear what he had to say regarding the conviction of prisoners. When Mr. Martin said he could not do this Siegler consented to outline his theories to the attorney general. He said the theory upon which most men were convicted of various crimes was all wrong, indefensible and unjust in every way.

Paying for Man Hunt.
Lancaster county is up to the proposition of paying the expenses incurred in the hunt after Gray, Morley and Dowd, the men who escaped from the penitentiary last winter after killing some of the officials. The commissioners have cut out some of the claims entirely and have lopped off about half of others, and in consequence there is dissatisfaction among those who joined in the hunt. Sooner than see some of the men entirely lose out on the deal, Sheriff Hyers paid them himself.

Candidates Under Wire.
Notices from legislative candidates who forgot to sign statement No. 1 of the primary law relative to senatorial candidates are coming into the office of Secretary of State Wait quite lively, and the question has been raised as to their right to get in at this time. However, Mr. Wait has ruled that they can make good any time before the official ballot is prepared. Mr. Wait is already preparing the copy of the ballot, which must be ready for the printer twenty-five days before the election.

The Farmers Will Fight.
Lancaster county farmers will organize to fight the telephone company in the matter of giving them Bell instruments while the city is equipped with automatics. The farmers' object to the use of two different telephones for the reason that it will probably mean the establishing of tolls. Their view is that they should be allowed to converse among themselves without charges and that they should be able to talk with business men and friends in Lincoln without tolls.

WILSON AND BRYAN
THE TWO DISTINGUISHED MEN TALK OVER SITUATION.
GOV. WILSON BRYAN'S GUEST

Democratic Leaders Agree Upon How to Handle Rocky Mountain States in Campaign.
Lincoln.—Governor Woodrow Wilson, presidential nominee of the democratic party, and William Jennings Bryan, three times democratic candidate for the same office, had a heart to heart talk here Sunday on the political situation throughout the country. Both unhesitatingly predicted a democratic victory.
In the radiant sun parlor of Fairview, Mr. Bryan's home, the veteran campaigner and the newcomer in national politics sat for hours, discussing the progress of the campaign, but with particular reference to the Rocky Mountain states, where Mr. Bryan had just completed a six weeks' tour.

"We did not have time to go into the matter very thoroughly," said the governor. "We sat up late last night and agreed upon a method of handling the mountain states. That is as far as we go."
The governor did not think it would be possible for him to go to the Pacific coast.
"We are keeping open the last two and a half weeks of the campaign, however," he said, "and I do not know yet what use the campaign committee will make of them. I set out to make trips in the campaign, but the local committees have been making tours out of them."
The governor was delighted with his reception in Nebraska.
"I think the demonstration in Lincoln was very remarkable, indeed," he said. "I have had a splendid time, especially with Mr. Bryan."
The candidate again spoke proudly of the fact that his "lucky number" followed him in Lincoln. He occupied room No. 113 at a hotel which is on Thirteenth street, and delivered a speech at the Auditorium, which is also on Thirteenth street, besides making thirteen speeches in Nebraska.

The governor and his host, Mr. Bryan, went together to the Westminster Presbyterian church, where Mr. Bryan is an elder. After the services the congregation gathered around the tow men and an informal reception followed.
When the news paper correspondents called at Fairview, Mr. Bryan and the nominee were being photographed together.
"These men," said the governor, introducing the correspondents by name, "have been my companions throughout the campaign."
"I only had four with me when I ran for office and you seem to have a baker's dozen," remarked Mr. Bryan.
"Apparently it takes more of them to watch me," said the governor with a laugh, as he walked away seemingly happy that the newspaper men were concentrating their attention on Mr. Bryan. "They'll compare news with you after while," called Mr. Bryan after him.
Mr. Bryan said he watched the governor closely in his five speeches here and sized him up as a "first-rate campaigner, who adapts himself admirably to his crowds."

"I wouldn't concede any of the western states to either Taft or Roosevelt," Mr. Bryan said, speaking of the western situation. "I wouldn't pick out any state and concede it to either Taft or Roosevelt, not even California. I put Roosevelt and Taft in the same class. They may tie for second place. Governor Wilson is gaining strength so rapidly from both sides that he is certain of election by an overwhelming vote."
Buys Refuge for Birds.
New York.—A gift of \$150,000 by Mrs. Russell Sage in behalf of the birds of North America was announced. Mrs. Sage has spent approximately this sum in the purchase of Marsh Island, southwest of New Orleans, with the intention of dedicating it in perpetuity as a refuge for wild birds.
Jewels of Great Value Stolen.
Chicago.—The hotel apartments of Colonel James Hamilton Lewis, democratic candidate for United States senator, were robbed here Sunday. The police have been notified that jewels to the value of between \$5,000 and \$10,000 were stolen.

Rurales Suffer a Defeat.
Mexico City.—A band of rebels defeated 200 rurales in northern Zacatecas, near Juarez, killing twenty-two and capturing fourteen, according to advices received here.

Given Eight-Year Sentence.
Cherokee, Ia.—E. P. Hennisen, a wealthy farmer, convicted of murdering his wife, was given an eight-year sentence and fined \$100. His motion for a new trial was denied. His attorneys served notice of an appeal, with bond of \$25,000.

Woman Progressive to Speak.
Omaha.—Jane Addams, head of Hull house, Chicago, and prominent bull moquette, may speak in Omaha, October 23, on her tour in the interests of the progressive candidates.

Bandits Loot a Train.
Westville, Okla.—Four masked men held up Kansas City passenger train No. 4, north bound, three and a half miles north of Poteau, ransacked the mail, blew open the safe in the express car and escaped into the wood-covered hills.

Suffer From Poisoning.
Indianola, Ia.—Ptomaine poison, from which Coach Ashton and eight members of Coe college football team were suffering, caused the Coe-Simpson game to be called off.

Constipation and Catarrh



For many years I have been wrestling with the problem of furnishing the public an internal cathartic remedy. Peruna has been the remedy that I have devised and it has certainly relieved many thousand people, yes hundreds of thousands of people, of chronic catarrh.
Constipation was my chief difficulty in treating these cases. I often felt that it would be better if a laxative element were added to Peruna. I feared to do so, however, first because of the number of catarrhal patients who needed no laxative, and second I was afraid of making such a radical change in a remedy that was already doing so well. Thus it was that I continued to prescribe with the Peruna a bottle of Manalin to those who needed a laxative. At last, under circumstances explained in my booklet, I was constrained to add the laxative element to Peruna. This constitutes what is now known as the revised Peruna.
Now those who take Peruna will, first, find themselves promptly relieved of their constipation. Second, the catarrh will gradually disappear. And once the catarrh is cured the constipation leaves permanently. Then if you follow the advice given in my book, you will never have to take pills any more. Cathartics and laxatives you can ignore. You will be permanently relieved of both your catarrh and the constipation.
Per-na, Man-a-lin en. La-cu-pla. Manufactured by the Per-na Company, Columbus, Ohio. Sold at all drug stores.
SPECIAL NOTICE.—Many persons inquire for the Old-time Peruna. They want the Peruna that their Fathers and Mothers used to take. The old Peruna is now called Katarina. If your druggist or dealer does not keep it for sale, order it from the Per-na Company, Columbus, Ohio, and they will tell you all about it.

WHY THE FIFTH MAN LEFT

He Wore a Wig and the Other Four Men at the Table Were Bald—and Talkative.

HAD ALREADY LEARNED.



In the smoking room of a west-bound ocean liner two days out from an English port five men sat at a "small game" of poker. When the chips had been cashed in the men retained their places, and presently one of the party said: "This is funny; four bald heads out of a possible five," and then there was a discussion as to the causes of baldness, in which all took part except the unafflicted man, who was a good listener for a while. He then bade the others good night. When he had gone the youngest of the group, who was less bald than the others, said: "Do you know why Mr. Blank made the getaway? He wears a wig, and is probably as bald as any of us." And for the rest of the journey Mr. Blank's head was the object of study—at a distance—for he never again appeared in the smoking room.

"I hear your son's at college learning' to be a author. Do you expect he'll soon learn to write for money?"
"Humph! He don't do nothin' else now."

BREAKING OUT ON LEG

Hilltop, Kan.—"About two years ago I began to notice a breaking out on my leg. At first it was very small but soon it began to spread until it formed large blotches. The itching was terrible and almost constant. Many nights I could not sleep at all. After scratching it to relieve the itching it would burn so dreadfully that I thought I could not stand it. For nearly a year I tried all kinds of salves and ointment, but found no relief. Some salves seemed to make it worse until there were ugly sores, which would break open and run.

A CLERGYMAN'S TESTIMONY.

The Rev. Edmund Heslop of Wigan, Pa., suffered from Dropsy "or a year. His limbs and feet were swollen and puffed. He had heart fluttering, was dizzy and exhausted at the least exertion. Hands and feet were cold and he had such a dragging sensation across the loins that it was difficult to move. After using 5 boxes of Dodsds Kidney Pills the swelling disappeared and he felt himself again. He says he has been benefited and blessed by the use of Dodsds Kidney Pills. Several months later he wrote: I have not changed my faith in your remedy since the above statement was authorized. Correspond with Rev. E. Heslop about this wonderful remedy.
Dodsds Kidney Pills, 50c. per box at your dealer or Dodsds Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. Write for Household Hints, also music of National Anthem (English and German words) and recipes for dainty dishes. All 3 sent free. Adv.

New Stage in Inebriety.

Mr. Bordon has been telling an anecdote concerning two "brither Scots" who used to foregather in a "dry" district, each bringing with him a portable spring of comfort in the shape of a bottle of whisky.
One of them was asked one day by a "third party" whether the other, Jock Anderson, did not get a little drunk sometimes.
"Drunk" was the reply. "Man, the last time I was w' him Jock was that drunk I couldna see him."—London Mail.

Enough to Kill It.

"Oh, papa!" exclaimed the young girl, "that pretty plant I had setting on the piano is dead."
"Well, I don't wonder," was all the father said.
Inspiration that comes in bottles is often adulterated with regrets.

Put It on Her.

Gibbs—Oh, yes, Jones is an ass and all that, but you'll never hear him say a mean thing about his wife.
Dibbs—I don't know! He says she made him what he is.

EVERY CHILD SHOULD HAVE THE Faultless Starch Twin Dolls
Miss Lily White and Miss Phoebe Prim.
If you use this starch each doll both of these two dolls, each 21-1/2 inches high and ready to cut out and stuff, will be sent to any address, postpaid, for only 50 cents in stamps to cover postage and packing. Or twelve dolls of the same faultless starch, packages and 5 cents in stamps to cover postage and packing. Or either doll will be sent on receipt of three 10 cent coins or a 2 cent stamp and 4 cents in stamps. Out this ad. It will be accepted in place of one 10 cent coin, or two 5 cent stamps. Only one ad. will be accepted with each application.
FAULTLESS STARCH CO., Kansas City, Mo.

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOES
\$3.00 \$3.50 \$4.00 \$4.50 AND \$5.00
FOR MEN AND WOMEN
Buy wear W. L. Douglas \$2.00, \$2.50 & \$3.00 School Shoes, because one pair will positively outwear two pairs of ordinary shoes, same as the men's shoes.
W. L. Douglas makes and sells more \$3.00, \$3.50 & \$4.00 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.
THE STANDARD OF QUALITY FOR OVER 30 YEARS.
The workmanship which has made W. L. Douglas shoes famous the world over is maintained in every pair.
Ask your dealer to show you W. L. Douglas—best fashions for fall and winter wear, notice the short vamps which make the foot look smaller, points in a shoe particularly desired by young men. Also the conservative styles which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere.
If you could visit W. L. Douglas large factories at Brockton, Mass., and see for yourself how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they are warranted to fit better, look better, hold their shape and wear longer than any other makes for the price.
Fast Color Prints.
CAUTION.—To protect you against inferior shoes, W. L. Douglas stamps his name on the bottom. Look for the stamp. Beware of substitutes. W. L. Douglas shoes are sold in 78 over shoes and shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, they hold their shape and wear longer than any other makes for the price.
W. L. Douglas, Brockton, Mass.