ordered upon any act except acts making appropriations for the expenses of the state government, and state institutions existing at the time such act is passed. When the referendum is ordered upon an act or any part thereof it shall suspend

the constitution of the State of Nebraska, as hereinaffic rest forth full, is subnited to the electors of the State of Nebraska, as hereinaffic rest forth full, is subnited to the electors of the State of Nebraska, to be voted upon at the general
lection to be held Tuesday, November
of the product panel, bearing the electors of the State of Nebraska;

The stat wass. The vote upon initiative and canvass. The vote upon initiative and referendum measures shall be returned and canvassed in the same manner as is prescribed in the case of presidential electors. The method of submitting and adopting amendments to the constitution provided by this section shall be supplementary to the method prescribed in the article of this Constitution, entitled article and the latter shall be not article of this Constitution, entitled 'Amendments,' and the latter shall in no case be construed to conflict herewith. This amendment shall be saif-executing, but legislation may be enacted especially to facilitate its operation. In submitting petitions and orders for the initiative and the referendum, the Secretary of State petitions and orders for the initiative and the referendum, the Secretary of State and all other officers shall be ruided by this amendment and the general laws until additional legislation shall be especially provided therefor; all propositions submitted in pursuance hereof shall be submitted in a ren-partisan manner and without any indication or suggestion on the ballot that they have been approved or endorsed by any political party or organization, and provided further that only the title of measures shall be printed on the ballot, and when two or more gammation. and provided further that only the title of measures shall be printed on the ballot, and when two or more measures have the same title they shall be numbered consecutively in the order of filing with the Secretary of State and including the name of the first petitioner. Section 2. That Section 10, of Article 2, of the Constitution of the state of Nebraska be amended to read as follows:

Section 10. The style of all bills shall be "Be it enacted by the people of the state of Nebraska," and no law shall be enacted except by bill. No bill shall be passed by the legislature unless by assent of a majority of all the members elected to each house of the legislature and the question upon final passage shall be taken immediately upon its last reading and the yeas and nays shall be entered upon the journal.

Section 4. That at said election on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in

Section 4. That at said election on the Tuesday succeeding the first Monday in November, 1912, on the ballot of each elector voting thereat there shall be printed or written the words: "For proposed amendment to the constitution reserving to the people the right of direct legislation through the initiative and referendum," and "Against proposed amendment to the constitution reserving to the people the right of direct legislation through the initiative and referendum," and if a majority of all voters at said election shall be in favor of such amendment the same shall be deemed to be election shall be in favor of such amendment the same shall be deemed to be adopted. The returns of said election upon the adoption of this amendment shall be made to the state canvassing board and said board shall canvass the vote upon the amendment herein in the same manner as is prescribed in the case of presidential excitors. If a majority of the votes cast at the election be in favor of the proposed amendment the governor, within ten days after the result is ascertained, shall make proclamation deciaring the amendment to be part of the constitution of the state, and when so deciared the amendment herein proposed shall be in force and self-executing.

Approved March 18, 1911

I. Addison Walt, Secretary of State, of

Approved March 24, 1911

L Addison Wait, Secretary of State, of the State of Nebraska de hereby certify that the foregoing proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Nebraska is a true and correct copy of the original enrolled and engrossed hill, as puased by the Thirty-second session of the Legislature of the State of Nebraska, as appears from said original bill on file in this office, and that mid proposed woters of the state of Nebraska for their adoption or rejection at the general election to be held on Tuesday, the 5th day of November, A. D. 1911.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Scal of the State of Nebraska. Done at Lincoln, this 20th day of May, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Nine Hundred and Twelve, and of the Independence of the United States the One Hundred and Thirty-sixth and of this State the Forty-

rty-sixth and of this State the Forty-th. ADDISON WAIT. Seal] Secretary of State.

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL

following proposed amend the constitution of the State of Nebraska, as hereinafter set forth in full, is sub-mitted to the electors of the State of Nebrasks, to be voted upon at the general election to be held Tuesday, November 5th, A. D. 1912.

"A JOINT RESOLUTION on proposing an amendment to Section 4 of Article 3 of the Constitution of the State of

Nebraska.

Be it Resolved and Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Nebraska:
Section 1. That at the general election for state and legislative officers to be held

#### PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT NO. THREE.

The following proposed amendment to the constitution of the State of Nebraska. as hereinafter set forth in full, is sub-

cies, shall be for a period of six years.

The Board shall at all times be subject to the above restrictions and limitations.

The Board of Commissioners shall have full power to manage, control and govern, subject only to such limitations as shall be established by law, the State Soldiers' Home. Hospitals for the Insane, Institute for the Deaf, Institute for the Blind, Industrial Schools, Institute for Feeble Minded Children, Nebraska Industrial Home Orthopedic Hospital, the trial Home. Orthopedic Hospital, the State Penitentiary and all charitable, re-State Peritentiary and all charitable, reformatory and penal institutions that shall be by law established and maintained by the state of Nebraska. They shall each give bonds, receive compensation for service, perform all duties and comply with all regulations that shall be established by law. The powers possessed by the Governor and Board of Public Lands and Buildings with reference to the management and control of the institutions herein named shall, on July 1, 1913, cease to exist in the Governor and the Board of Public Lands and Buildings and shall become vested in a Board of Commissioners of State Institutions, and the said Board is on July 1, 1913, and without further process of law, au-

Board of Commissioners of State institutions, and the said Board is on July 1, 1913,
and without further process of law, authorized and directed to assume and exercise all the powers heretofore vested
in or exercised by the Governor or Board
of Public Lands and Bulldings with reference to the institutions of the state
named herein, but nothing herein contained shall limit the general supervisory
or examining powers vested in the Governor by the laws or constitution of the
state, or such as are vested by him in
any committee appointed by him.

Section 2. That at the general election,
in November, 1912, there shall be submitted to the electors of the state for their
approval or rejection the foregoing proposed amendments to the constitution in
the following form: On the ballot of each
elector voting for or against said proposed amendment shall be printed or
written "For proposed amendment to the
Constitution creating a Board of Commissioners of State institutions," and
"Against said proposed amendment to
the constitution creating a Board of
Commissioners of State Institutions,"
Section 3. If such amendment to Section nineteen (19) of Article five (5) of
the Constitution of the State of Nebraska
shall be approved by a majority of all
electors voting at such election said

tion nineteen (19) of Article five (5) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska shall be approved by a majority of all electors voting at such election said amendment shall constitute Section nineteen (15) of Article five (5) of the constitution of the state of Nebraska.

Approved April 10, 1911."

1. Addison Walt. Secretary of State. of the State of Nebraska do hereby certify that the foregoing proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of Nebraska is a true and correct copy of the original enrolled and engrossed bill, as passed by the Thirty-second session of the Legislature of the State of Nebraska, as appears from said original bill on file in this office, and that said proposed amendment is submitted to the qualified voters of the state of Nebraska for their adoption or rejection at the general election to be held on Tuesday, the 5th day of November. A. D. 1912.

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and affixed the Great Seal of the State of Nebraska. Done at Lincoln, this 20th day of May, in the year of our Lord. One Thousand Nine Hundred and Thirty-sixth and of this State the Forty-sixth.

ADDISON WAIT.

[Seal] Secretary of State.

### PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT NO. FOUR.

the constitution of the State of Nebraska, as hereinafter set forth in full, is sub-mitted to the electors of the State of Ne-

#### PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT NO. FIVE.

The following proposed amendment to the constitution of the State of Nebraska, as hereinafter set forth in full, is sub-

tion, or a majority thereof, and delivered to the clerk of said city, who shall publish the same in fuil, with his official certification, in the official paper of said city, if there be one, and if there be no official paper, then in at least one newspaper, published and in general circular official paper, then in at least one newspaper published and in general circulation in said city, three times, and a week apart, and within not less than thirty days after such publication it shall be submitted to the qualified electors of said city at a general or special election, and if a majority of such qualified voters, voting thereon, shall ratify the same, it shall at the end of sixty days thereafter, become the charter of said city, and supersede any existing charter and all amendments thereof. A duplicate certificate shall be made, setting forth the charter proposed and its ratification (together with the vote for and against) and duly certified by the City Clerk, and authenticated by the corporate seal of said city and one copy thereof shall be filed with the secretary of state and the other deposited among the archives of the city. deposited among the archives of the city, and shall thereupon become and be the charter of said city, and all amendments to such charter, shall be authenticated in the same manner, and filed with the secretary of state, and deposited in the archive of the city.

archives of the city.

Sec. 3. But if said charter be rejected, then within six months thereafter, the Mayor and council or governing authorities of said city may call a special thorities of said city may call a special election at which fifteen members of a new charter convention shall be elected to be called and held as above in such city, and they shall proceed as above to frame a charter which shall in like manner and to the like end be published and submitted to a vote of said voters for their approval or rejection. If again rejected, the procedure herein designated may be repeated until a charter is finally approved by a majority of those voting thereon, and certified (together with the vote for and against) to the secretary of state as aforesaid, and a copy thereof vote for and against) to the secretary of state as aforesaid, and a copy thereof deposited in the archives of the city, whereupon it shall become the charter of said city. Members of each of said char-ter conventions shall be elected at large; and they shall complete their labors within sixty days after their respective election.

The charter shall make proper pro-The charter shall make proper provision for continuing, amending or repealing the ordinances of the city.

Sec. 4. Such charter so ratified and adopted may be amended, or a charter convention called, by a proposal therefor made by the law-making body of such city or by the qualined electors in number not less than five per cent of the next preceding guidernatorial vote in such city. preceding gubernatorial vote in such city, by petition filed with the council or gov-erning authorities. The council or gov-erning authorities shall submit the same to a vote of the qualified electors at the next general or special election not held within thirty days after such petition is filed. In submitting any such charter or charter amendments, any alternative article or section may be presented for the choice of the voters and may be the choice of the voters and may be voted on separately without prejudice to others. Whenever the question of a charter convention is carried by a majority of those voting thereon, a charter convention shall be called through a special election ordinance, and the same shall be constituted and held and the proposed charter submitted to a vote of the qualified electors, approved or rejected, as provided in Section two hereof. The City Clerk of said city shall publish with his official certification, for three times, a week apart in the official paper of said city, if there be one, and if there be no official paper, then in at least one newspaper, published and in general circulation in said city, the full text of any charter or charter amendment to be voted on at any general or special electhe choice of the voters and may voted on at any general or special elec-

the constitution of the State of Nebraska, as hereinafter set forth in full, is submitted to the electors of the State of Nebraska, to be voted upon at the general election to be held Tuesday, November ith, A. D. 1912.

"A JOINT RESOLUTION to propose amendments to Section five (5) of Article six (6) and Section thirteen (13) of Article six (6) and Section thirteen (13) of Article six (6) and Section thirteen (13) of Article eighteen (18) of Cobbey's Annotated Statutes of Nebraska for 1909 (Section thirteen (13) of Article eighteen (18) of Cobbey's Annotated Statutes for 1909, relating to time of electing judges of the supreme court, fixing the time of the general election and providing for holding over of incombents until their successors are elected and qualified.

Be it Resolved and Enacted by the Legislature of the State of Nebraska:

Section 1. That Section Five (5) of Article Six (6) of the Constitution of the State of Nebraska be amended to read as follows:

Section 5. That at the general election to be held in the State of Nebraska in



wind ran up a-laughing, and it seized a hundred leaves

And whirled them in and whirled them

her clothes were tied half a dozen knots at least, and then ere she could speak

wild rush it left a blush of kisses on her cheek It shouted down the chimneys, and it wailed along the night

Till all the little children woke and

And when it found a creaky sign it made it moan and sigh Till people thought a regiment of ghosts was marching by.

The wind ran on a-chuckling, and the world grew still once more The trees regained their dignity, much as

they were before: uses stood all solemnly and looked adown the path, With windows shut like lips that close to stop the words of wrath.

## A Charlty Ball.

"Let's get up a dance for the benefit of the poor this summer," says the first society leader.

"They don't need charity in the

summer," observes the other. "Yes, they do, though. Think of their lack of facilities for taking care of their winter overcoats and wraps and things like that. I was told the last time I went slumming that many of them actually pawn their winter clothing because they have no way to keep it during the hot months." "Good! The very idea! Get up a

charity dance for that purpose and advertise it as a moth ball."

## His Reasons.

"No!" exclaimed the eloquent orator at the meeting of the Society for the Suppression of Other People's Foolish Habits. "No, indeed, at my establishment we will not employ a man who smokes while he works." As the hum of approval went around

a curious person in the back of the hall arose and inquired: "May I ask what line of business

you follow, sir?" "Powder-making," replied the eloquent orator, in embarrassed tones.

## Natural Deduction. "Please, sir," said the negligent messenger boy, "I forgot to deliver

"You did?" snorted the sarcastic employer. "Well, you take the first train to Washington. They'll give you the command of a vessel in the

t'e message.

navy, with that record."

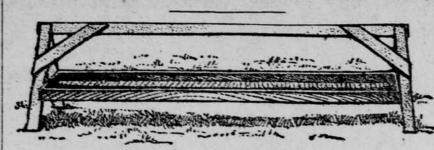
Went to Both Extremes. "Yes," said the person who had attended the party, "Miss Keepounder was there, and we had to beg her to play." "And did she play?"

"Oh, yes. I thought for a time that we would have to beg and beg her to stop." Worth the Asking. "Did you read that magazine poem

which begs the fates to "give us yesterday?" asked the Long-haired Person. "It was sublime." "No," answered the Short-haired Man. "But if any of those fellows write anything about 'Give us Payday.' I'll take a look at it."

Melus Steelit

## FEEDER RACKS SAVE FODDER AND LABOR



Self-Feeder Racks Which Save Fodder and Considerable Labor.

great deal of hay. One lot of lambs at ingly greater. this station were fed whole hay in a | These self-feeding racks cost \$1 per the cost of roughage.

consumed 601 pounds of hay for each thought that when a type of self-100 pounds of gain, and those eating feeder is developed for handling off the ground consumed 733 pounds chopped hay better results may be seof hay for each 100 pounds of gain. cured from it than have hitherto been This indicates a difference of prac- possible, by reducing the waste caused tically 20 per cent, in favor of the by wind.

Self-feeder racks for supplying | self-feeder racks. It makes a differroughage to sheep or cattle are not ence of 42 cents in the cost securonly the means of saving consider- ing each 100 pounds of grain. These able labor, but, according to tests results were secured on alfalfa valued made at the Colorado experiment at \$5 per ton. With a higher price station, are the means of saving a the difference would be correspond-

self-feeder rack, and another lot running foot completed. They had the whole hay in racks on the ground, ordinary capacity of four lambs per such as are in common use in many running foot, two on each side, not so sections of the country. The average much space being required at a gain of these two lots was practically self-feeder as at an ordinary rack, the same, the lot feeding from the since all the lambs will not eat at self-feeder averaging only one pound one time. As already stated, the savheavier than the other, says the ing in this one experiment amounted American Agriculturist. Also, the to 42 cents per 100 pounds of gain. grain consumed varied but little, be This is equal to about 14 cents on ing only nine pounds more for a 100- each lamb. Counting four lambs per pound gain in the first lot than in running foot, this would make a savthe second. The great saving came in ing on one season's operations of 56 cents. In other words, the rack would | pretty nearly being a boss." The lot eating from the self-feeder pay for itself in two years. It is

### **KEY TO SUCCESS** BATS OF VALUE ON DAIRY FARM

Farmer and Animals are Care-Free and Contented in Mind.

(By B. L. OUTNAM.) The dairyman who is looking for

results will not allow the dog or the small boy to worry his cows. He of bats in the destruction of mosquiknows that if he wants a well filled toes and other noxious insects, espepail they must not be frightened but cially beetles. For years we have been kept quiet and content.

tells on the life work of the animal. by stopping up the holes and compel-Neither can it do its best with an ill- ing the bats to take up their residence fitting harness. The horse that is elsewhere. comfortable and in good spirits is the

one which makes the record. A flock of sheep harassed by dogs soon show the trouble in their general condition as surely as in their manner. Fleetness of foot is not one of the characteristics of the animal and when artificial shelters for bats for the purthis is enforced as a means of preservation it is to the detriment of the

flock. The farmer and his family, as well as his stock, accomplish more when destruction of noxious insects, especare-free and in a happy turn of mind. All nature is fresh and cheerful. It is profitable for us to be like-

# **CULTIVATE IN**

Work Should Begin After Plants are Well Started in July-Reep Soil Out of

After the celery plants are well started in July, commence to cultivate. It is much better to give a shallow cultivation rather than deeper ones, as the roots of celery grow quite blanching may be started.

Usually the plants will be quite were fertile. spreading, and they should be first Care should be exercised that no soil

is likely to cause the plant to rot. ground is dry enough to crumble. If all being fertile. done when the soil is wet the plants are liable to rust. On a small scale seem to indicate that it is safe to save celery may be blanched by putting eggs for hatching from a pen of Legboards 1 inch thick and 2 to 14 inches horn hens after the male bird has wide on each side of the row and fill- been in four days. In the case of the ing the space around the plants with larger or the general purpose fowl, the sawdust or soil.

Good Hog Pastures. grass make a little winter pasture.

Lice on Horses. For lice on horses use a good louse powder generously wherever lice ap- Fatten them before they get too old pear and blanket closely for 12 to 15 and serve them up for dinner. Do hours. This kills most of them. Re not sell them to the huckster at three peat if necessary.

The Cranberry Crop. It is claimed that Massachusetts leads the cranberry output, with an average crop of about 400,000 bushels annually; New Jersey is a close second, with about 350,000 bushels, and Wisconsin ranks third, with an aver- form fruit buds in the late summer age of about 100,000.

# TO THE FARMER thing to me.

More Can be Accomplished When Besides Destroying Mosquitoes and Other Noxious Insects Guano Deposits Are Rich.

(By H. W. HENSHAW, Chief Biological

Survey, Department of Agriculture.) There is no doubt of the great value interested in the subject and have ex-The grower of beef cattle is sure amined many bat stomachs, with a

less in stamina, which eventually however, can always be easily cured

In connection with the economic importance of bats the value of their guano as a fertilizer is not to be overlooked, as it brings a high price wherever it can be obtained in marketable quantities. In fact, the erection of pose of obtaining the guano has frequently been advocated, as also has an attempt to increase the number of the mammals, having in mind their cially mosquitoes.

We know of at least one instance, in Mexico, where a small dwelling was given up to the exclusive use of bats for the purpose of annually or semiannually gathering the guano for sale.

# CELERY PATCH SECURE FERTILE HATCHING EGGS

Time Required After Introduction of Male Into Breeding Pen Varies From Four to Seven Days.

The Maryland station recently made a test to determine the time required near the surface, and cultivating two for eggs to become fertile after a male inches deep will accomplish just as has been added to the breeding pen, much as four inches, provided, of Twenty single comb White Leghorns, jeopardize it? course, that the ground is cultivated housed without runs, were kept from often enough to keep a mulch of the male birds for three months. A loose soil. When the plants have attained a height of about ten inches ed, and on the fourth day following ten eggs were laid, seven of which

In another test, using eighteen gathered together, and held in place Rhode Island Red pullets and one with one hand, while the soil is drawn White Plymouth Rock cockerel, four to them with a hoe in the other hand. eggs were laid on the seventh day, and all were fertile, six laid on the eighth ment. gets into the heart of the plant. This day, three being fertile. In another test, using a pen of the same breeds, Hilling should not be done when the eight eggs were laid on the eighth day,

These tests, while not conclusive results show that possibly a longer period should be allowed to lapse: seven days being the time in this in A good pasture for hogs is one stance where the Rhode Island Reds which is tender and nutritive. Blue are used. It is possible, however, that grass makes a good pasture during the the crossing of the breeds may have spring and late fall. Rye and blue something to do with the longer pe riod.

Sell Off the Cockerels

Don't keep a lot of crowers around cents per pound, when by two weeks isolation and feeding they will furnish prime roasts.

Forming of Fruit Buds. Many farmers who have been growing fruit for years do not know that the apple and most other fruit trees Unmanageable.

She-Can you manage a to He-No. I married one.

CURES BURNS AND C

Cole's Carbolisalve stops the pa Cures quick. No scar. All druggists In a woman's eye the mo tive thing about a man is h

to attract him. No thoughtful person uses liquid a pinch of blue in a large bottle of wa for Red Cross Ball Blue, the blue that's

Its Rank. "Do you think telephone opera" can be classed as a profession?" "Well, it certainly is a calling."

The Paxton Toilet Co. of Boston Mass., will send a large trial box of Paxtine Antiseptic, a delightful cleansing and germicidal toilet preparation, to any woman, free, upon request.

Fitting Crime. He-I know who egged you on to

She-Who egged me on? He-That old hen.

Autocratic Assertions. "Are you a servant of the people?"

asked the constituent. "Yes," replied Senator Sorghum. "Only it should be observed that a really first-class servant may come

Accounted For. "How is it so many people seem able to get the money to buy automo-

biles with?" "If you only notice, they are the easiest things in the world with which to raise the dust."

His Reason.

He-Dearest-During the first dance I have with you be sure and say some-

She-Why? He-Because you're so light, if you don't speak I will not know I have you in my arms.-Princeton Tiger.

Kind Man.

A local philanthropist ordered a fan for himself, a nice electric buzzer. He also took the key out of the door so that some of the air could go through the keyhole into the adjoining room, where there are eight perspiring clerks. Mother's Lingual Attainment.

The mother of a little boy in Kansas City, Kan., recites negro dialect stories charmingly. Her small son is quite proud of her accomplishment and frequently boasts of it. One day recently, when some of his playmates were vaunting the achievements of their several mothers, the little boy

braggingly remarked: "My mother is smarter than any of yours; she can talk two languages." "What are they?" demanded his

companions. "White and colored."

Took Slot Machine at Its Word. A Kansas City woman recently took her two small daughters to make their first visit to her husband's people, living in a small Kansas town. Naturally she was anxious to make as favorable an impression as possible little people, on going on an errand to the depot, were cautioned to be on their very best behavior. To the

no money, she asked them where they "Oh," explained the older one, "it said on the slot machine, 'Ask the

mother's surprise, they returned vig-

orously chewing gum. As they had

agent for pennies,' so we did." INTERESTED IN HIM.



Natica-You aren't thinking of marrying Reggy, are you? Evelyn-Of course I am. Hasn't

he a future? Natica-Yes, to be sure. But why

WELL PEOPLE TOO Wise Doctor Gives Postum to Convalescents.

A wise doctor tries to give nature its best chance by saving the little strength of the already exhausted patient, and building up wasted energy with simple but powerful nourish-

"Five years ago," writes a doctor "I commenced to use Postum in my own family instead of coffee." (It's a well-known fact that tea is just as injurious as coffee because it contains caffeine, the same drug found in coffee.) "I was so well pleased with the results that I had two grocers place

it in stock, guaranteeing its sale. "I then commenced to recommend it to my patients in place of coffee, as a nutritious beverage. The consequence is, every store in town is now selling it, as it has become a household ne-

cessity in many homes. "I'm sure I prescribe Postum as often as any one remedy in the Materia Medica-in almost every case of indigestion and nervousness I treat, and

"When I once introduce it into a family, it is quite sure to remain. I shall continue to use it and prescribe it in families where I practice.

"In convalescence from pneumonia, typhoid fever and other cases I give it as a liquid, easily absorbed diet. You may use my letter as a reference any way you see fit." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human

with the best results.

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."