

LOUP CITY NORTHWESTERN.

VOLUME XX.

LOUP CITY, SHERMAN COUNTY, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, MAY 22, 1903.

NUMBER 28.

MARCH OF AMERICANISM.



MRS. ADAIR GIVES "MOST BRILLIANT" BALL OF LONDON "JEASON" (ONE KIND OF AMERICAN TRIUMPH)



PREZ. ROOSEVELT JAYS UNCLE JAM MUST RULE PACIFIC (ANOTHER KIND OF AMERICAN TRIUMPH)

TULOCH ACCUSER

PUBLISHES DETAILS CHARGING WOODRING.

FALSE RECORDS WERE READY

Vouchers and Other Papers Prepared to Mislead Official Inspectors—Furniture and Cash Wrongly Asked.

WASHINGTON—The full text of the formal charges of irregularities in the administration of postal affairs preferred by Seymour W. Tuloch, formerly cashier of the Washington city postoffice, was made public Sunday by Mr. Tuloch. The charges are embodied in a letter to Postmaster General Payne in response to the latter's request. Some of the matters complained of will be investigated immediately by the inspectors.

Mr. Tuloch says he is at the service of the postmaster general in rendering any further assistance that may be desired. In all instances of irregularity and favoritism he says the proper allowances, records and vouchers were executed and kept, so but little information can be ascertained by investigation; as the real facts behind the allowances and vouchers are not on record and are known to few and therefore, being interested, cannot talk.

"For upwards of nineteen years," the letter reads, "the conduct of affairs between the Washington city postoffice and the postoffice department was regular; then came the first break, the precursor of a system of allowances to the Washington postoffice on account of the departmental expenditures which afterwards led to irregularities, abuses, extravagances and my removal as an obstacle on June 30, 1899.

"Mr. Shephard, then chief of the salary and allowance division of the postoffice department, desired a file case for the use of his office. His requisitions were turned down by his superior officer. Later vouchers were presented to me for a file case, accompanied by an allowance for its payment out of the funds of the Washington office made by Mr. Shephard and signed by the first assistant postmaster general. I directed the contractor to obtain a certificate of delivery. Mr. Shephard refused to acknowledge receipts, fearing exposure during the audit of the vouchers, and I refused to pay for the case until some one was willing to father the same.

"Soon after the McKinley administration came into power the first assistant postmaster general sent his clerk down to me with a voucher for a lump sum for traveling expenses accompanied by an allowance for their payment from the funds of the Washington office. Such a demand was irregular on its face, but the official became very angry at the idea of a mere cashier attempting to mark any suggestions to him and refused to amend and itemize his voucher. The postmaster explained to him that I had only a schedule for what was required by the auditor and according to precedent.

"The postmaster upon his return said the official had said: 'Look here now, this is a new administration and a new crowd, and we intend to make our own precedents.'"

SYBIL SANDERSON IS DEAD.

Pneumonia Brings Sudden Death to American Opera Singer.

PARIS.—Sybil Sanderson, the well known American opera singer, died suddenly Saturday of pneumonia resulting from an attack of the grip. The announcement of the death of the famous singer caused a profound shock in the American colony here, where she was well known, and throughout musical and theatrical circles. She returned to Paris from Nice six weeks ago, suffering from a slight attack of the grip. Her condition was not regarded as serious but she gradually grew worse and her illness finally developed into pneumonia.

PETITION FOR RHEA'S LIFE.

Father Hopes to Prevail on Governor to Commute Death Sentence.

RICHMOND, Ind.—A strog movement is on foot to save the life of Wm. Rhea, a young man of good family, of Posey county, Indiana, who is under sentence of death in Nebraska for murder.

Rhea's father is a man of means and wide influence and has enlisted the services of many prominent men on his son's behalf who have united in a petition to the governor of Nebraska asking him to commute the sentence to life imprisonment. The pressure is so strong that the governor has granted a reprieve until July. The crime for which Rhea was convicted was the murder of a saloonist in a small town in Dodge county, Neb.

To Test Anti-Trust Law.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Two cases involving the validity of the Texas anti-trust law were docketed in the United States supreme court. The cases are those of the state of Texas vs. the National Cottonseed Oil company and the Southern Cottonseed Oil company, both New Jersey companies. The two companies were consolidated and the consolidation acquired other oil factories, the combination resulting in the formation of a trust, as alleged by the state and not denied by the companies. It is stated that one result of the combination was the fixing of the price of cottonseed at \$17 a ton. The combination was pronounced illegal by the Texas courts and the oil companies bring the cases to the supreme court on writ of error, alleging that the Texas anti-trust laws are in contravention of both the federal and the state constitutions.

General Miles Not Invited.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Secretary Root gave a dinner at the Country club in honor of the members of the newly organized members of the general staff of the army. Those invited included Assistant Secretary Sanger, Lieutenant General John M. Schofield (retired), Major General S. B. M. Young, Major General Henry C. Corbin and a large number of army officers now in the city. General Miles was not present.

Divorce Law Unconstitutional.

SAN JOSE, Cal.—Superior Judge Rhodes Friday declared the new state divorce law unconstitutional. The new law, in his opinion, is special legislation and in direct conflict with the general law which provides that the divorce decree must be prepared and judgment entered immediately.

PRAISES TROOPS

WHAT GENERAL MILES SAYS OF PHILIPPINE ATROCITIES.

FAULT OF A FEW OFFICERS

The General Lays Refusal to Carry Out Brutal Orders and Requests Are Mailed Home for Action that Would Stop Cruelty.

NEW YORK.—The Army and Navy Journal will print a letter from General Miles in which he says he went to the Philippines in an official capacity and that his instructions came from the president, who directed him to give special attention to the instruction, discipline and supplies of the army.

Coming to the subject of cruelties in the Philippines, General Miles' letter reads:

"It is idle to assume that campaigning in the Philippines has conditions that warrant resort to medieval cruelty and a departure from an honorable method of conducting warfare, and that such depredations should be overlooked and condoned.

"It is most gratifying that the serious offenses have not been committed by the soldiers unless under the direct orders of certain officers who were responsible. Soldiers have withheld fire when ordered to shoot prisoners, protested against acts of cruelty and written to relatives at home urging them to take action to put a stop to these crimes. It will ever be one of the glories of the army that such deeds, committed by whatever authority, are abhorrent to the American soldier.

"The officers who are responsible do not by any means constitute the American army and there must be an unmistakable line drawn between the great body of soldiers, whose records have been commendable, and those of whatever station, whose acts have received and should receive the sternest condemnation of all honorable men.

GHASTLY FIND OF FISHERMEN.

Mutilated Body of a Man Found in a Box in River.

WARSAW, Ind.—While fishing in the Tippecanoe river Saturday Clyde Kyle and Frank Miller found the mutilated and partly naked body of a man. The trunk and legs, clothed, were in a wooden box, from which part of the cover had been washed away. The head and arms, naked, were found in the water near the box. The box and the body were in shallow water, near the shore, at a secluded place along the river north of Warsaw.

No one thus far has been able to identify the body, which is fairly well preserved. No one has been reported missing from Warsaw and the police and coroner, who are working on the case, are inclined to think that the body was shipped to Warsaw from some city and hastily placed in the river.

Senator Tells of Boogie Deals.

ST. LOUIS, Mo.—Former State Senator Charles Schweickardt of St. Louis, who made a complete confession to Circuit Attorney Folk of his connection with boogie deals in the Fortieth general assembly, was before the grand jury. While in the jury room he was confronted by ex-Senator Fred Busche of St. Louis. After being examined at length Schweickardt emerged with flushed face.

To Adopt Gold Standard.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—Nicaragua is contemplating a change from the silver to the gold standard. It is expected the change will have to be gradual. Mr. Corea, the Nicaraguan minister at Washington, has submitted to his government a report on the financial system of the United States with a view of its introduction in Nicaragua. He will soon go to Europe to continue his studies of financial matters.

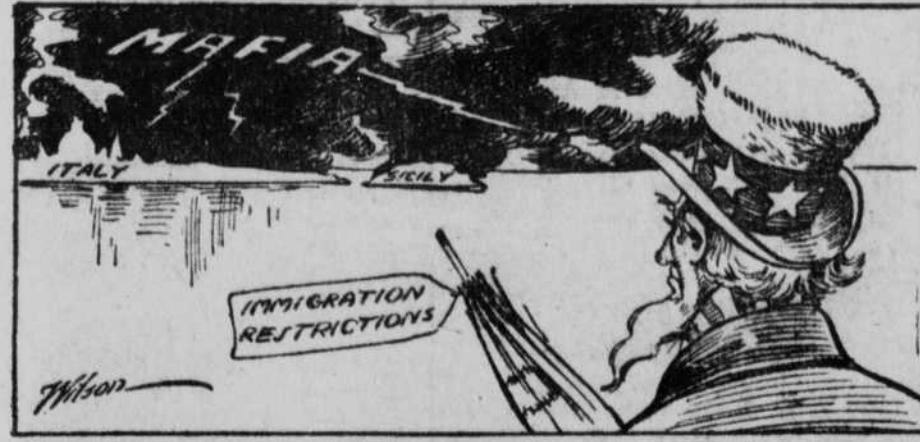
Pershing Will Return Home.

MANILA.—Captain Pershing has been relieved of the command of the Lanao expedition and will be succeeded by Lieutenant Colonel Rogers of the Fifteenth cavalry. Captain Pershing, who is ill, has been ordered to Zamboanga for medical examination and will probably be sent home.

Sweden's Sum for St. Louis.

STOCKHOLM, Sweden.—The Riksdag passed the bill granting \$32,000 for the expenses of participation in the St. Louis exposition.

A THREATENED DELUGE.



WANTED: FIRST-CLASS UMBRELLA!—UNCLE SAM, U.S.A.

A BIG SLAUGHTER

BRITISH OPERATIONS IN NORTHERN NIGERIA.

MOHAMADONS MOWED DOWN

Rapid Fire Guns of British Do Fearful Execution—Conquest Nets Great Britain a Vast Amount of Territory.

LONDON—Colonial Secretary Chamberlain announced in the house of commons Tuesday that as a result of the British military operations in the Sokoto and Kano districts, ending with the capture of the emir of Kano, 100,000 square miles of territory had been added to Northern Nigeria and would be administered by the government of that territory.

Interesting details have been received here of the capture of Sokoto, March 14, by the British column commanded by Colonel Morland. The engagement lasted two and a half hours. The British numbered about 500 men, with four quick-firing guns and four Maxims. The enemy's horse and foot soldiers, were estimated to number 6,000 men, their riflemen being armed with modern rifles and using smokeless powder. The British camped during the night of March 13 one and a half miles from Sokoto, after a hard march of 100 miles from Kaura, with but little water and having passed through a difficult country.

At daybreak March 14, the British moved out in which Sokoto lies. Immediately after the British appeared over a ridge the Fulahs charged with a fanatical bravery, undeterred by a withering Maxim and rifle fire. They had no proper leadership, but the isolated bands continued to advance over heaps of dead and dying, often only individuals reaching within a yard of the square, where, refusing quarter, they were shot down while shouting "Allah" with their last breath.

The main body of the natives was finally routed, leaving a remnant of about thirty chiefs around the emir's great white flag. These chiefs were defiant to the last and their corpses were found hedging the standard when the British entered the city, which consisted mostly of thatched houses, its semi-ruined walls extending seven miles around the place and were pierced by eight gates.

EXECUTES THE INDIAN CHIEF.

Was a Leader of Guerrillas During the Revolution.

PANAMA—Victoriano Lorenzo, the Indian chief who was a leader of guerrillas during the recent revolution and who was sentenced to death by a court martial Friday on various charges of having committed serious crimes while in the field, was executed by shooting here. Governor Mutis and the consular representatives petitioned General Briceño, the military commander of the isthmus, to postpone the execution until the government at Bogota had time to answer a cablegram sent it asking that the Indian's sentence be changed to life imprisonment. General Briceño refused this petition, saying an exemplary punishment was necessary. The shooting of Lorenzo has created a profound impression here, as it is the first execution for a political crime in Panama.

Lorenzo died bravely. Before he was shot he said he had only been an accomplice and not the principal in the crimes of which he was accused.

Land Grabber Sentenced.

ST. LOUIS—Frederick W. Fout, Jr., an attorney, was on Friday sentenced to four years in the penitentiary by Judge Amidon of South Dakota, sitting for Judge Adams in the United States district court for violation of the homestead laws. Fout filed motions for a new trial and arrest of judgment, but they were overruled, and he decided to appeal.

AS TO THE NAVY.

President Roosevelt Talks on the Subject.

SAN FRANCISCO—Under a balmy sky and on the green sward of Union Square President Roosevelt Thursday morning participated in the dedication of the magnificent monument erected in commemoration of the victory of the American navy at Manila. The monument consists of a high shaft of white California granite, surmounted by a bronze figure of Victory, holding in one outstretched hand a wreath and in another a trident.

The president was escorted from the hotel to the square by all the marines of the warships in the harbor. On the stand from which he addressed the assembled multitude were the officers of the warships in San Francisco bay and vicinity, and the officers of the cruiser Grafton, the flagship of the British Pacific squadron.

Chairman James G. Phelan presented the monument to the city and it was accepted by Mayor Schmitz on behalf of the municipality.

President Roosevelt said San Francisco should glory in commemorating the navy's victory at Manila, as it had opened the Pacific ocean to American commerce and more than any other event had contributed to give the United States a high place among the naval powers. He dwelt on the necessity of preparing ships, armament and men for the navy. Naval battles, he said, are fought in advance and the Americans won at Manila because they had made ready for the strike. The necessity of improving the navy was first made apparent in 1882 and all the warships we now have were built since that time. Since the last war the naval strength of the United States has been rapidly increasing and under the wise provisions of the last Congress has particularly advanced.

He urged practical work at sea, particularly in marksmanship, saying: "Remember that the shots that count in war are the ones that hit."

MANCHURIA IS OPEN TO ALL.

Russia Explains the Movements of Her Troops.

PEKIN—The Russian charge, M. Plancon, has given reassurances regarding Manchuria. He has issued an official notice that all Manchuria is open to foreign travel and adds that passports are no longer necessary.

There were 500 Russian soldiers at New Chwang, who were evacuated about the date fixed for the evacuation, and the same number returned to New Chwang. It appears that the Russian force which returned to the Lia forts merely used the forts as temporary resting places while journeying southward to their station on the peninsula.

A NATIONAL FEDERATION.

That is What the Contractors May Form.

NEW YORK—A national federation of employers, it is expected, will be one of the consequences of the movement begun by employers of labor in the building trades to organize for protection and aggressive purposes against the labor unions.

Telegrams and letters received from Chicago, Philadelphia and Boston and other cities state that the movement in this city is being watched with the keenest interest, and that if it is shown that unity of action by employers can be made perfect, organizations similar to that in this city will be formed in every large center of population.

CATTLE TO BE QUARANTINED.

Strict Measures Will Be Adopted to Prevent the Mange.

DENVER, Colo.—What will be the most extensive quarantine of cattle in the west for years will be in effect within a few days as the result of the general prevalence of the mange. Governor Peabody on Tuesday issued his proclamation. Other states and territories to the number of six or eight will come under the same rule before the end of the week.

Hay Makes Acknowledgment.

WASHINGTON—Secretary Hay has made a graceful acknowledgment of Russia's statement of its purposes relative to Manchuria. The secretary's note, addressed to Count Cassini, expresses regret that there should have been even a temporary misconception of doubt as to Russia's position in the matter and seizes the opportunity to return the thanks of this government for the frank and satisfactory declaration of Russian principles.