

# LOUP CITY NORTHWESTERN.

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## THE KING IS ILL

ENGLAND'S MONARCH HAS A SEVERE CHILL.

### THREATENED WITH LUMBAGO

Believed, However, that the Attack is Not of a Serious Nature—Prevented by Illness from Attending Church—Reports Cause Some Apprehension.

LONDON, June 16.—King Edward is suffering from a chill which has prevented him from attending the church parade of the Aldershot garrison.

The chill came as a result of the king's prolonged stay outdoors upon the occasion of the torchlight tattoo at Aldershot. The chill is a slight one, accompanied by symptoms of lumbago. The weather was extremely cold and it rained at intervals before their majesties left the brigade ground. King Edward returned to his apartments chilled from the unwanted exposure.

These reports of his majesty's illness have naturally caused apprehension, but there is apparently no reason to anticipate serious results.

An authentic statement from Aldershot is to the effect that King Edward is slightly indisposed, but that his indisposition is not of a serious nature.

Sir Francis Laking, physician in ordinary to his majesty, was summoned to Aldershot. He prescribed for the king and recommended that the day be spent in perfect quiet.

Queen Alexandra and the other members of the royal party attended the service at the church, but remained in the royal apartments for the rest of the day.

It has been learned that the king arose in the afternoon. This is considered a good reason for hoping that his indisposition is only temporary.

King Edward's indisposition was announced too late to become generally known in London Sunday, but considering the near approach of the coronation, it is bound to cause extreme anxiety.

The Court Circular publishes the following official announcement:

"King Edward was unable to leave his room, owing to an attack of lumbago caused by a chill."

Sir Francis Laking was in attendance upon his majesty Sunday night and found the king to be much better.

The latest expectation is that King Edward will be able to attend the review.

### Week in the House.

WASHINGTON, June 16.—Today is suspension day in the house and the speaker has agreed to recognize a number of members to move the passage of bills under suspension. Whatever time remains today, together with Tuesday, has been set aside for the consideration of the bill to amend the bankrupt act. Wednesday the general deficiency appropriation bill will be taken up and Thursday the consideration of the Philippine bill will begin. Under the rule agreed on for consideration of the latter bill there will be a day session, beginning at 8 o'clock, for general debate until the following Tuesday, when the bill will be open to amendment under the five-minute rule. The final vote will be taken on Wednesday.

### Japan Will Fall in Line.

PEKIN, June 16.—The Japanese minister to China has received instruction from his government to accept the pro rata reduction of Japan's war claims.

The ministers of the foreign powers here held a meeting and are engaged in completing their arrangements for the allotment of the indemnity.

It was announced from Peking, June 11, that Great Britain, through her minister, was ready to participate in a pro rata reduction of the war claims.

It was then said that the Japanese minister, Komura Yatao, was unable to agree to the plan, pending the receipt of his instructions from his government.

### Tornado Lifts Freight Cars.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., June 16.—A tornado near Blencoe, Ia., lifted several freight cars from a Northwestern side track, demolished them and stopped traffic for several hours. The body of Patrick Brennan of Chicago was found buried in the debris. The storm did damage at other nearby places, unroofing outhouses and felling crops.

## DEATH TAKES LAMBERTSON.

The Distinguished Nebraska Lawyer Found Unconscious in Bed.

CHICAGO, Ill., June 16.—Genlo M. Lambertson, one of the leading lawyers of Lincoln, Neb., died early yesterday at the Palmer house of heart disease. Mr. Lambertson came to Chicago Saturday and in the afternoon witnessed the Chicago-Northwestern base ball game at Marshall field and in the evening attended a banquet at the University of Chicago and responded to a toast. In company with his wife he returned to the hotel and retired shortly after midnight. Upon rising in the morning Mr. Lambertson discovered here his husband was unconscious. Dr. I. H. Rea was summoned, and after an examination declared that Mr. Lambertson was dead.

The body will be taken to Lincoln for interment Wednesday next.

Mr. Lambertson was 52 years old and for many years had been a prominent figure in state and national affairs. Under President Harrison he was assistant secretary of the treasury.

The journey to Chicago which ended in his death was made to enable him to argue a case before Judge Kohlsaat in the federal court.

Two of Mr. Lambertson's daughters are now traveling in Europe. A younger daughter is at home in Lincoln.

## PALMA ENTERS A DENIAL.

Asserts There Was No Scheme to Have General Gomez Withdraw.

HAVANA, June 16.—President Palma and General Gomez were questioned today with regard to the story published in the United States that General Gomez had received \$25,000 from the administration of the United States to withdraw from the presidential campaign in Cuba and to permit the election of Senor Palma.

President Palma indignantly denied that he had been party to any scheme to have General Gomez withdraw from the campaign in his favor. He also spoke for General Gomez, who was present when Senor Palma was questioned on this matter. The president of Cuba said to insinuate Senor Gomez had been bought off by a bribe of \$25,000 was to question the honesty and integrity of Gomez and himself and that such attacks would pass unanswered.

## Anxiety on St. Vincent.

KINGSTON, Island of St. Vincent, Wednesday, June 12.—Fleet Surgeon Isaac H. Anderson of the British navy and the scientific commission appointed by the Royal society to investigate the volcanic disturbances here, arrived at Kingston yesterday and left today for Chateau Bela, intending to ascend the Soufriere volcano when possible. The general feeling of anxiety has not abated. There has been no big eruptions since May 30, but the appearance of the volcano is not reassuring. There are frequent emissions of black steam.

## Killed by Her Suitor.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., June 16.—Mrs. Rachel Sahlor, a widow, was today shot and instantly killed at Coatesville, Pa., forty miles west of here, by Harry N. Ricar of Newcastle, Pa., who was also killed by a bullet from his revolver while struggling with another woman for possession of the weapon. The tragedy, it is said, was the result of a quarrel. Ricar was regarded as Mrs. Sahlor's accepted suitor.

## Choctaw Railway Election.

CHICAGO, June 16.—At a meeting of the directors of the Choctaw Railroad company held at the Rock Island offices, William B. Leeds was elected president, George H. Crosby secretary and C. F. Jilson treasurer. Charles H. Warren of Chicago was elected a director in the place of Francis I. Gowan, resigned.

## Colonel Grimm Sentenced.

WARSAW, Poland, June 16.—The trial of General Grimm of the Russian army, charged with having revealed military secrets to a foreign power, was concluded Saturday. Colonel Grimm was sentenced to be deprived of all rights and to imprisonment at hard labor for twelve years.

## Fifteen Horses Burned.

LINCOLN, June 16.—The livery barn of P. J. Smith at 918 P street was destroyed by fire. The loss will be about \$15,000, which is only partially covered by insurance. Fifteen horses were burned.

## HE IS FOR CUBA

PRESIDENT SENDS A MESSAGE URGING RECIPROACITY.

### IT IS EARNESTLY CONSIDERED

Roosevelt Not to Let His Political Prospects Interfere with His Plain Duty—Our Relations with Cuba Must Necessarily Grow Closer.

WASHINGTON, June 13.—After talking with a number of the leaders in congress regarding Cuban reciprocity President Roosevelt yesterday determined to send a message to congress reaffirming his attitude on the subject.

The president has earnestly considered the matter for several days and it is stated that the action of the anti-reciprocity republican senators yesterday in deciding to hold out against the policy advocated by the majority of the party did not influence the president in the least in deciding to transmit his message to congress today.

The president's action, it may be stated, from sources close to him, was influenced by the broad proposition of the duty of the United States to Cuba and of fairness to the new republic.

It has been pointed out to the president that his warmest political support is in the section of the country where there is the greatest opposition to reciprocity, the west and northwest, and that he should remain content with the stand he had taken without accentuating his views in a special message.

It is known, however, that the president did not hesitate to arrive at the conclusion that he would not let his political prospects interfere with what he regarded as his plain duty. It is further known that he told his friends that it was a source of great regret to him to take a position hostile to the wishes of his warmest supporters, but that he felt it would not be in keeping with his own nature and his position of chief executive to longer remain silent on this subject and thereby give an opportunity for false speculation as to his attitude.

The president was further led to conclude that the relations of the United States and Cuba must necessarily grow closer and that the United States should not at the outset, after its declared purposes toward the island, assume a position contrary thereto and thus arouse the suspicions of the Cuban government as to our real intentions toward it.

It is stated that the president's positive declaration in his message as to the duty of congress probably will end his active efforts to bring about reciprocity.

## IRRIGATION BILL PASSES.

Result Marks the End of an Arduous and Uphill Campaign.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—The expected happened yesterday when the house passed the irrigation bill by a comfortable majority. This result, which is so gratifying to the advocates of the reclamation of the arid land regions gave the subject an immolation of one of the most remarkable contests in the present session of congress. President Roosevelt's recommendation for legislation looking to the reclamation of the arid land regions gave the subject and impetus early in the session, and it was generally predicted at the time that the bill drafted by the friends of irrigation would be one of the first placed upon the statute books. The bill passed the senate without a roll call, and then it was that the leaders of the house decided to consign it to the graveyard of legislative hopes. For a time the prospect looked dark, but a careful campaign was made and the result of it was the passage of the bill yesterday in the face of the determined opposition on the part of potential leaders of the house.

## Thanks Roosevelt and Congress.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., June 14.—The Cheyenne Board of Trade tonight passed resolutions thanking Wyoming's representatives in congress for their efforts in securing the passage of the irrigation bill and President Roosevelt for his kindly co-operation.

## River and Harbor Bill Signed.

WASHINGTON, June 14.—The president today signed the river and harbor bill.

## BOERS GROW MORE FRIENDLY.

Bitterness Among Leaders is Against France and Germany.

PRETORIA, June 13.—Reports from all the districts say that the burghers are increasingly friendly. The only bitterness observable among the leading Boers here is against France and Germany. They declare the war was prolonged unnecessarily owing to hopes held out by the French and German press.

Some of the Boers are so incensed that they have expressed the hope that some day they will fight on the side of the British against one of these powers.

The anticipated friction between the surrendered Boers and their former comrades of the national scouts has not materialized to any extent.

The Boers admit that they received ammunition through Portuguese territory. General Dewet says the youngsters were his best fighters and frequently held positions after the older burghers had cleared out.

## STARTS HONOLULU CABLE.

Company Asks Conduit Privileges in San Francisco.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 13.—The first actual move in the direction of establishing cable communication from San Francisco to Honolulu and Manila was made today when the Commercial Pacific Cable company asked the supervisors for permission to use the streets for a conduit from the proposed landing at the western end of Fulton street to the company's office in the Hubert building on Market street near Montgomery.

The petition asserts that it is the intention of the promoters to lay and operate a submarine cable between San Francisco and Honolulu and Manila, and that the enterprise will be ready for operation in November of this year. Work on the project has already begun, it is declared, and the laying of cable will begin within ninety days.

## CREW MURDERED BY SAVAGES.

Wrecked on Northern Coast of Australia and Only One Escapes.

VICTORIA, B. C., June 13.—According to advices received by the steamer Aorang, a Malayan sailor recently arrived at Port Darwin and reported that he was the only survivor of a crew of ten men of a Malay trading schooner which had been wrecked off Cape Wilberforce, North Australia.

The crew was attacked by blacks and all but one murdered. The survivor suffered severely from privation before being rescued.

The Dutch bark Geertruida Gerarda, which left Java March 22, in ballast for Newcastle, was thrown on its beam ends and abandoned at sea by all but three of its crew, who were rescued by the steamer St. Mary. The remainder of the crew has not been heard of since.

## Bey of Tunis is Dead.

TUNIS, June 13.—Sidi Ali, the bey of Tunis, died this morning.

Sidi Ali was born October 4, 1817. He was the son of Sidi Ahsin and succeeded his brother, Sidi Mohamed-Sodok, October 27, 1882. The deceased bey is succeeded by his son, Mohammed, who was born in 1855. The reigning family of Tunis has occupied the throne since 1691.

## Train Blown Off Track.

CORWITH, Ia., June 13.—A tornado struck an empty excursion train on the Iowa Central, five miles east of here, last night, and blew three cars from the track while the train was running thirty miles an hour, leaving the engine and the two last coaches on the track. No one was hurt.

## Woman a City Treasurer.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., June 13.—Mrs. Lillian J. Adams was today appointed treasurer of Kansas City, Kan., by Mayor Craddock to succeed her husband.

## Earthquakes in Ecuador.

GUAYAQUIL, Ecuador, June 13.—Violent earthquakes have been felt during the last fortnight at Tulcan, a town near the Colombian frontier.

## Miss Nye to Wed.

LARAMIE, Wyo., June 13.—Cards have been received here announcing the marriage of Miss Bessie, daughter of the late William ("Bill") Nye.

## Morgan Goes to Venice.

LONDON, June 13.—J. Pierpont Morgan left London this afternoon for Venice by way of Paris.

## INDIAN MASSACRE

MEXICANS UNDER GENERAL TORRES SLAUGHTER INDIANS.

### SLAY MEN, WOMEN, CHILDREN

Victims Numbered Three Hundred, of Whom but Few Are Spared—It is Said the Mexicans Began Attack by Pouring Volley into Indian Camp.

TUCSON, A. T., June 12.—Colonel William Christy, president of the Valley bank, Phoenix, arrived here today from Brierias, Sonora, with details of a massacre of Yaqui Indians, men, women and children, yesterday in the Santa Rosa canyon, sixty-five miles from the Minas Prietas mines, by a detachment of General Torres' troops.

It appears that the Yaqui forces that were operating in that section had moved forth into the mountains, leaving their women and children in Santa Rosa canyon under a guard of eighty men. The Mexican troops came upon this camp and without any warning opened a terrible fire, sparing neither women nor children. After the first volley the troops charged down upon the panic-stricken victims and massacred all within their reach. Of the guard of eighty Yaquis not a single one survived and over 100 women and children fell victims to the Mexican bullets and bayonets.

The bodies of the dead were left in the canyon and the remaining women and children were driven to Minas Prietas by the soldiers and from that point will be taken to Hermosillo.

The Mexican soldiers and rurales have explicit orders to take no Yaqui men prisoners, but to kill in all cases. This order was illustrated yesterday, when a friendly Yaqui miner came down to Prietas for supplies and was killed by the rurales on the outskirts of the town.

Colonel Christy says the massacre occurred at daybreak Monday morning. The troops were of Torres' command, but not under him personally, and numbered 600. The Yaquis, including men, women and children, were over 300. The canyon in which the Yaquis were camped was a long and narrow one.

Word was brought to Torres at Minas Prietas Sunday night that the main body of Yaquis had left the Santa Rosa canyon and gone further into the mountains, leaving their women and children in the canyon with a small guard of men. Torres dispatched 600 troops to block the mouth of the canyon and surrounded the Yaquis. His instructions were to kill all men and boys capable of bearing arms.

The men secreted themselves along the sides of the canyon, having blocked the entrance. At daylight they poured a terrible and deadly fire on the unsuspecting Yaquis, killing men, women and children indiscriminately. Many of the killed were mere infants. The slaughter, Christy says, was fearful. The Mexican troops only stopped their fearful work of shooting and bayoneting their victims when exhausted from their labors.

## Convicts Are Surrounded.

SALEM, Ore., June 12.—At 7 o'clock this evening Tracy and Merrill, the convicts who escaped from the Oregon prison Monday after killing three guards, are surrounded in a tract of timber, probably 200 acres in extent, one mile east of Gervais, Marion county. Two companies of national guard and about 100 citizens, all heavily armed, surround the timber and the escape of the convicts now seems impossible.

## FAIR TO CLOSE ON SUNDAYS.

President Francis Executes a Contract to that Effect.

ST. LOUIS, June 12.—President Francis has been authorized by the exposition directors to sign a contract with Leslie M. Shaw, secretary of the treasury, in which the world's fair management pledges itself not to operate the fair on Sunday at any time.

This action was taken as the result of a letter from Secretary Shaw requesting the company to comply with the section of the federal act appropriating \$5,000,000, which stated that a condition of payment of this was that the company execute a contract. The secretary notified the company that none of the vouchers of the national commission for salaries or expenses would be allowed until the contract was signed.

## CONFERS DEGREE ON REID.

Special Ambassador Made Doctor of Laws by Cambridge University.

CAMBRIDGE, England, June 11.—The degree of doctor of laws was conferred this afternoon on Whitelaw Reid, the special ambassador of the United States to the coronation of King Edward, by Cambridge university. The public orator, John Edwin Sandis, referred to Mr. Reid's previous official visit to England and his return on the equally auspicious occasion of the coronation. Mr. Reid, said the orator, had also distinguished himself as ambassador of the United States to France and as the editor of Talleyrand's memoirs, while for the last thirty years he had ably conducted the New York Tribune, with which he had initiated and long continued a fund for giving the boon of fresh country air to poor children.

Mr. Reid embodied the humanity, kindly feeling and friendship of his country and was thus entitled to a hearty welcome, not only for his own sake, but also for that of the great transatlantic republic which he so worthily represented.

## DENIES SECRET PAST RUMOR.

Balfour Says Kitchener Did Not Enter into Concealed Plans.

LONDON, June 11.—The suggestion that Lord Kitchener, with the connivance of the government, entered into a secret compact with the Boers to induce them to surrender, was denied by the government leader, A. J. Balfour, in the house of commons this afternoon.

Mr. Balfour declared that so far as the government was aware, no pledges and no assurances were given by Lord Kitchener which had not been published.

The colonial secretary, Joseph Chamberlain, answering a question regarding the agitation for the suspension of the constitution of Cape Colony, said he had received a petition from forty-two members of the parliament of Cape Colony in favor of its suspension and should await the observations of the Cape ministry on the subject. An act of the imperial parliament, he added, was required before the constitution could be published.

## AGAINST ADVANCING BROOKE.

Opposition to Bill to Make Him a Lieutenant General.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The house committee on military affairs voted against making a favorable report on the bill which recently passed the senate authorizing the advancement of the senior major general of the army, General John R. Brooke, to the rank of lieutenant general and his retirement at that rank.

The vote, which was 7 to 3, was not on party lines. Members of the committee said that the adverse action was due to the course taken by the house against the bill advancing Surgeon General Sternberg and also because of the opposition within the committee to retirement at advanced grades.

## Wanted in Colorado.

DENVER, Colo., June 11.—Harry Tracey, who, with Dave Merrill, killed three guards and escaped from the Oregon penitentiary yesterday, is wanted in Colorado to answer charges of murder, robbery and horse stealing. He was about to be tried for the murder of Valentine Hoy, a wealthy cattleman of Routt county, when he bound and gagged the sheriff at Aspen, Colo., and obtained his liberty and left for Oregon.

## Down Forest Transfer Bill.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—The house defeated the bill to transfer certain forest reserves to the agricultural department and to authorize the president to establish game and fish preserves. Its death was accomplished by striking out the enacting clause.

## Fatal Flood in Porto Rico.

SAN JUAN, P. R., June 11.—Extensive floods have occurred in the Patillas district of this island. Five persons have been drowned, a number of houses have been destroyed and the owners of sugar property and cattle have sustained great losses.

Morgan to Dine with the King.

LONDON, June 11.—J. Pierpont Morgan is expected to dine with Joseph H. Choate, the United States ambassador, and Mrs. Choate tomorrow, when King Edward, Queen Alexandra and Princess Victoria will be present.