THE NORTHWESTERN

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AT THE COUNTY SEAT.

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STATE TICKET.

For Judge of the Supreme Court:
S. G. SEDGWICK.

For Regents of the State Universety:
CARL J. ERNST.
H. L. GOULD.

COUNTY TICKET.

For County Treasurer,
FRANK OTLEWSKI,

For County Clerk,
G. H. GIBSON,

For County Judge,
A. J. B. FAIRBAIRN.

For Sheriff,
A. O. HENDRICKSON

For Superintendent,
E. C. KIRK.

For Surveyor,
WALTER MOON.

For Coroner,
A. S. MAIN.

TOWNSHIP TICKET.

For Supervisor.
D. C. GROW.

For Assessor,
LEWIS BECHTEOLD.

For Justices of the Peace,
G. H. SCOTT.
G. W. HUNTER.

For Constable,
S. F. REYNOLDS.

Wealth is rapidly becoming more evenly distributed throughout the republic. Even W. J. Bryan, the 'pennyless lawyer' of 1896 and peerless leader of the plain people, is worth $500,000 in gold.

The populists have held all the offices in Sherman county for the past ten years. Would'nt it be a sensible idea to break into this cirle once and see how matters look through a different political lenze.

It has been said that G. H. Gibson expects to carry this election through personal friendship. Well that is very true. No man's enemies vote for him to any appreciable extent, and Gibson is proud of the charge that he has so many staunch and true friends.

A few years ago the cry went out from populists that it was not good to have an entire republican supreme court, therefore the people were asked to elect a populist to that body so that it might be of different political faiths. This year we are confronted with the same conditions, only if the fuisionists elect their man it will be an entire fusion body. Let the people stop and consider a moment, wether the old cry of a mixture of political beliefs is not still a good thing in that body.

W. J. Bryan delivered a long harangue at Broken Bow last week, deploring the fact that in '96 he carried that county by more than 1.000 votes, while in 1900 his majority fell below 100. He said that his party was shooting at the heads and hearts of the people while the Republican party shot at their stomachs and won. Mr. Bryan never made a truer statement. His party endeavored to shoot prejudice and party hatred into the people regardless of the wellfare of the home and fireside, regardless of whither there was flour in the barrel and shoes on the little ones feet. He sowed distruction, hunger and rags among 70 million free people and cried aloud, while he lived upon the fat of the land, that they should be content to starve for the privilege of following him. But they turned their back upon him and were filled, and lo in 1900 they swept the Bryan falacy from the face of the earth and did it upon full stomachs. He may be able to work upon the prejudices of the credulous, but to offer the people a stone and say be ye filled, will never send him to the white house. Bryan the idol, is shattered and the masses were the Iconoclasts. His senseless verbiage is uttered in the same strain it was ten years ago, but there are less willing ears to hear now than then. Calm deliberation and a replenished larder has robbed him of his charms. His prophecies fore content from the minds of the people and his policy would make their babes cry for bread, but his wail that has gone out in the wilderness, to come back to the fold, will fall upon deaf ears. The blind has seen and the deaf has heard, and their conclusions bode no good for Mr. Bryan.

ROCKVILLE RUMBLINGS.

C. W. Fletcher of Boelus, was seen on our streets shaking hands with old friends Wednesday afternoon.

D. I. Price arrived home Thursday evening from a short visit to his ranch.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Marcy of Loup City, visited Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Smelser here Thursday afternoon.

An informal party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs S. J. Fau Thursday evening. A sort of 'house-warming' in honor of the new addition just completed.

Mr. Frank Naville left here Friday afternoon for his home at Wood River, Neb., after a short sojourn among us as special agent of the U. P.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Mead of St. Paul, came up Friday evening and spent Sunday with Mrs. Mead's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Niels Jensen.

C. H. Tucker and Mr. Fowler of Arcadia were here Saturday evening and took in the dance.

Ed. Arthaud of Ashton was also in attendance at the Grand Ball Saturday night.

Ira Pugh and family came down from Loup City Saturday and spent Sunday with Mrs. Pugh's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Grey.

D. C. Price 'hiked' it to Ravenna Saturday evening and took the 'O' for Ansley, to visit his parents. The gentleman arrived home Monday forenoon.

Mrs. Carl Treffer left Monday morning for Blair, Neb. where she goes to visit her parents.

Mr. and Mrs. Niels Lindberg of Laramie, Wyo., left Monday morning on their way home after a fortnights visit with Mrs. Lindberg's father, Mr. J. P. Jensen.

FREE DANCE! There is to be a free dance in the Woodmen Hall, on Friday evening, Nov. 1st. Don't miss it!

Harry Ails, of Boelus, was in our burg Monday evening.

Mr. Becker of Grand Island was in our city Tuesday trying to raise a music class. But—no go.

James Rentfrow left Tuesday afternoon for a visit at Omaha.

A. B. Fletcher shipped a car load of pork-ers to South omaha, Tuesday.

R. D. Hendrickson of Loup City, was here Tuesday looking after his personal interests.

U. No Me.

To Polish Furniture.

Spirits of camphor will remove the white spots on polished wood surfaces made from spilling of spirits or from too hot plates. The camphor must be wiped off quickly, and afterward the surface should be rubbed with a soft cloth, upon which a few drops of good furniture polish has been poured.

Dentists for Public Schools.

In Strassburg and other German cities dentists have been officially appointed for the public schools. In some parts of Bavaria 99 per cent. of school children were found to have carious teeth.

Prostrated Trees Bearing Fruit.

A peculiar sight seen on many farms in Allegheny county, N. Y., this year is that of large apple trees lying flat on the ground, yet loaded down with blossoms. These trees—and there are hundreds of them—were uprooted by the severe ice-storm last winter.

New System of Telegraphy.

A Hungarian engineer named Eugene Zolian has invented a new system of telegraphy by which he claims to be able to connect one wire with as many as eighty apparatus and telegraph the same number of messages simultaneously. Exhaustive tests are to be made of his method.

Beautiful But Costly.

The old-fashioned brocades and rich silks and satins; the fine embroideries in shaded silks, and the painted chiffons and gauzes, make the evening and dinner gowns of today things of rare beauty, but great price.

Milking Millions of Cows.

British farmers and dairymen are today milking over 4,000,000 cows, and producing annually in their dairies £22,000,000 worth of milk, butter and cheese.

Suggesting a New One.

The city might do a nice little stroke of business by charging pedestrians for walking on the shady side of the streets.—New York World.

The Bowery Beats the World.

In a small two-story building with a basement on the Bowery are three aspiring occupants, although the space occupied by each is not much larger than health requires. Over the entarnce to the store is this sign: "Cheapest hardware store on earth." Over the entrance to the basement is this sign: "Cheapest barber shop in the world." Over the entrance leading to the second story is this: "Cheapest restaurant on the planet."

John Wicliffe's Manuscripts.

Manuscripts of John Wicliffe's translation of the Bible into English are of extreme rarity, and even imperfect specimens occur only at very long and irregular intervals. One came up for sale in London recently. Although incomplete, wanting the greater portion of the Old Testament, it comprises the whole of the New Testament. The MS. extends to 269 leaves, and is the work of an English scribe of about 1410, and the text collates exactly with the "Later Version," as reprinted from the Royal MS. in the British Museum, under the editorship of Sir F. Madden and the Rev. Josiah Forshael, in 1850. The MS., written in the old English black letter, is in excellent preservation, 32 of the pages are richly illuminated with ornamental capitals and borders in burnished gold and colors. The volume is of special interest because it was written at a time when the mere reproduction of the Bible was an offense forbidden under very severe penalties. It realized $6.000.

A WHITE HOUSE INCIDENT.

Mrs' McKinley's Kindly Greeting to a Little Chap.

A New York woman, who spent a few weeks in Washington just before the President started on the trip which resulted so disastrously for his wife, tells a little story which illustrates Mrs. McKinley's sweet ways with children. One morning the New Yorker went out with a friend to look at the White House. While they were there they heard that Mrs. McKinley was soon to take her daily drive, and decided to wait and see her. Quite a crowd of people were there for the same purpose, and among them was a well-dressed woman with a child, a manly little chap about 4 years old, with an attractive face framed in light golden curls. Presently Mrs. McKinley came out. She bowed very graciously to the crowd several times and then started for her carriage. Suddenly she caught sight of the little boy and went back to where he stood. She stopped, bent down, and began to talk to him. The New York woman was fortunate enough to hear a part of the conversation. "I know who you are," the little boy said, and, meeting her smile, he went on, "You're the President's wife." "And who are you?' said Mrs. McKinley. "My name's Arthur," answered the boy. "I want to be President, too, some day." "That's right, Arthur," said Mrs. McKinley, "littler boys than you have grown up to be presidents. Mr. McKinley was even littler than you are once." Then the first lady of the land gave little Arthur a warm kiss, bade him good by, and went on to her carriage.—New York Times.

BROOKLYN GROWING FASTER.

Census Shows That Its Population Is Catching Up to Manhattan's.

Table 10 of Census Bulletin 65 shows the growth of New York city's population, and brings forcibly to notice the fact that when it comes to actual growth, Manhattan island is a sure-enough slow place when compared to lively and progressive Brooklyn. By the census of 1790 there were eight inhabitants of Manhattan Island to each one of Brooklyn. In the next ten years New York increased nearly 100 per cent and after that until 1830 New York grew the faster of the two. In 1830 there were 202,000 inhabitants on Manhattan Island and 20,000 only in Brooklyn—10 to 1. In the next decade New York increased 50 per cent; Brooklyn increase 100. Between 1840 and 1850 New York nearly doubled in population, Brooklyn more than trebled.

By 1860 New York was up to 800 000, four times more than in 1830, while Brooklyn was up to 280,000, ten times more than it was thirty years before. During the next decade, including the civil war, New York gained 120,000 inhabitants, Brooklyn gained 140,000. In 1850 New York passed the million mark; Brooklyn a fraction short of 600,000. By the last census Manhattan had 1,850,000 and Brooklyn 1,166,000, and at the present ratio of growth, which has been continuous in both boroughs since 1830, it is merely a question of time when Brooklyn will be the more populous borough of the two. The area of Manhattan is 13,400 acres and of Brooklyn 39,000, or three times as large, and the opportunities of growth and development are, therefore, much greater in Brooklyn borough than in Manhattan.—New York Sun.

What's Your Face Worth?

Sometimes a fortune, but never, if you have a sallow complexion, a jaundiced look, moth patches and blotches on the skin,--all signs of Liver Trouble But Dr. King's New Life Pills give Clear Skin, Rosy Cheeks, Rich Complexion. Only 25 cents at Odendahl Bros.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior,

Land Office at Lincoln, Neb. Sept. 9, 1901.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before J. A. Angier, County Judge, at Loup City, Nebraska, on October 25th 1901, viz: Carl de la Motte, heir at law of Carl de la Motte, deceased, Homestead entry No. 17,399 for the North West Quarter of Section 2, Township 13, Range 15, West. He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon and cultivation of said land, viz: Jo Rebhahn, Adolph Starke and Adam Schneider of Hazard, Nebr. and Henry W. Haller, of Litchfield, Neb.

J. W. JOHNSON, Register.

Experience in Love.

An Atchison girl who is in love for the seventh time s[illegible] he doesn't notice any dif[illegible] attacks, except t[illegible] ore than she used [illegible] curling her hair [illegible] son Globe.

The Ro[illegible] of Architects, in England, allows w[illegible] n to qualify as associates, and alre[illegible] two girls have successfully passed th[illegible] examinations. One of the English [illegible]ties observes that there is a real n[illegible] for the girl architect in the matt[illegible] of domestic architecture, and vent[illegible]s to predict fame and a future to the [illegible]rl who provides, say, the first hom[illegible] heated and worked throughout with [illegible]ctricity.

Sweetheart Waters the Flowers.

The Garnett (Kas.) Eagle [illegible]ys: "A Garnett girl has a novel [illegible] of entertaining her sweetheart. S[illegible] makes him water the flowers and [illegible] n the lawn mower every evening [illegible] comes to see her. She stands by and [illegible]icises his work. She thinks that is go[illegible] pay, but the young man is thinkin[illegible] bout ordering a strike."