

# The Weekly Panorama.

## Chinese Minister's Son a Public School Boy.

Minister and Mme. Wu Ting-Fang have one son, Chou Chou by name, or Wu Chou Chou, as he writes it in Chinese style, says St. Nicholas. When they came to the United States about three years ago Chou Chou could not speak a word of English, and his father placed him with a tutor. Chou Chou soon found that the boys who lived near the legation went to the public school, and he begged his father to allow him to do the same. Minister Wu is a very wise oriental and when he looked into the matter he concluded that the public school was best for his boy and sent him there. Chou Chou has made such good progress



WU CHOU CHOU.

that he is now in the Western High School, and his teacher said a short time ago that the English of his exercises in the literature class was better than that of any papers handed in to her. While at school he dresses like the usual American boy, and tucks his long cue under his coat! But on all public occasions he wears his native costume—the stiff brocaded silk robe and trousers, his feet incased in the fancy double-soled sandals, and his cue braided down his back and tied with a silk fringe which almost touches the heels. Mme. Wu does not speak English readily and often at her receptions, which are held on Friday during the social seasons, her young son acts as her interpreter with an ease and grace which would be a credit to one far his senior in years.



Straight through my heart this fact to-day

By truth's own hand is driven;  
God never takes one thing away  
But something else is given.

I did not know in earlier years  
This law of love and kindness,  
I only mourned through bitter tears,  
My loss, in sorrow's blindness.

But ever following each regret  
O'er some departed treasure  
My sad, repining heart was met  
With unexpected pleasure.

I thought it only happened so;  
But Time this truth has taught me;  
No least thing from my life can go  
But something else is brought me.

It is the law, complete, sublime,  
And now with faith unshaken  
In patience I but bide my time  
When any joy is taken.

No matter if the crushing blow  
May for the moment down me;  
Still, back of it waits Love, I know,  
With some new gift to crown me.  
—Ella Wheeler Wilcox.



## Milan's People's Inn.

The municipal government of Milan has recently inaugurated a people's hotel, the ceremony taking place in the presence of a large number of officials. The hotel, although to be conducted along the same lines as the Mills hotels in New York city, was planned in imitation of the Rowton houses in London. The late King Humbert bestowed a large sum for erecting the building, which contains 530 bedrooms, besides dining, reading and smoking rooms, bathing halls, a library and large kitchen. In 1899 two Milanese engineers visited London in order to study the Rowton houses and the system on which they are managed. Besides this, Lord Rowton paid a visit several months ago to Milan and inspected the new edifice. Representatives of working associations in other towns attended the inauguration with a view to studying the system of organization. The prefect, Sig. Alfazio, represented the government, while the duke of Oosta attended the ceremony in behalf of the king. The building has cost about \$140,000.

# SAYINGS and DOINGS

## Miss Chapman, Architect.

"There is nothing succeeds like success" might be said about Josephine Wright Chapman. She is a bright Boston woman who has chosen an unusual profession from the numerous ones open to women. She has made a success of it, not alone because she is bright, but because of her keen observation, good judgment, perseverance and hard work. These virtues have been coupled with pluck and patience. It is a field that not many women have entered, but there is no reason why women should not fill the place of an architect most creditably with her naturally artistic temperament, her love of the harmonious and beautiful, and her inherent womanly ideas of suitability.



Miss Chapman.

Miss Chapman lives in Boston, in a building occupied entirely by artists, as there she finds an atmosphere suited to her work. Her associates are those who have interests in common with her own, and she feels this is helpful.

Under this queer but pregnant title a writer in the Leipzig Ueber Land und Meer makes what he calls a "contribution to the psychology of Americanism." In brief, he points out that the benefactions of Andrew Carnegie, John D. Rockefeller and the late P. D. Armour are not properly to be included under the head of charity, for the gifts made by these men are philanthropic rather than charitable. That is to say, Mr. Carnegie and the rest have no care for the poor and needy and those who cannot help themselves, the proper objects of charity; but devote their money to the uses of the strong and hopeful in the attempt to raise the lowly and the weak of the coming generation to a higher plane.

## "Hard-Hearted Benefactors."

This new feature of American life and faith," concludes the writer, "must not be blindly imitated without further investigation."

## Pilot's Exclusive Club.

The Sandy Hook Pilot's club is not in the social register, yet it is the most exclusive club in New York. You might apply for admission to membership now, but you wouldn't get in for ten or twelve years—and you would be more fortunate than some present members if you got in even then. For, unlike the Author's club, which is not all author, or the Golf club, which is not entirely golfer, or the athletic club, which is not wholly athlete, the Pilot club is all pilot. And to be a pilot you must serve, first, two years before the mast, then six years as an apprentice on a pilot boat, then one or two years as pilot. So that, usually twelve years pass before a pilot gets a full license.

## Director of Sculpture.

F. Wellington Ruckstuhl, the well-known St. Louis sculptor and secretary of the National Society of Sculptors,



has been appointed a director of sculpture of the Louisiana purchase exposition.

## Are Men Going to Heaven?

Dr. W. B. Leach of Wicker Park Methodist church, Chicago, seems to be much exercised because he sees little to persuade him that men are walking heavenward. He has no doubt about himself, for he frankly acknowledges that he will be lonesome in heaven for lack of men. Pointing to the Des Plaines camp meeting he said: "I noticed out there that the men lie around under the trees smoking cigars while the women crowd into the tents to listen to sermons." Then he wants to know why men don't go to church and become Christians, and he adds the rather startling statement, "An infidel makes his men work for 80 cents a day, but a Christian can't."

## Japanese Exclusion Act.

According to press dispatches, the Japanese in New York are anxious and alarmed over the agitation on the Pacific coast for an act of congress excluding their countrymen from the United States. The San Francisco labor unions are said to be preparing a formidable petition praying for an anti-Japanese immigration law, and the advisability of a counter-movement is being considered.

# Current Topics

## First Christian Church.

The sea has sometimes swallowed up a church that has been built too near the edge of the ocean, but it is difficult to understand how a whole edifice could sink into the earth, to be rediscovered beneath the foundations of its successor. Such, however, has been the case with the church of Santa Maria Antiqua at Rome, built in the fourth century and now uncovered by the demolition of the newer church, Santa Maria Liberatrice. The entrance to this strange old church is built on to a vestibule of Caligula's Palace, and was once decorated with pictures, which, of course, have been ruined by the accumulation of earth and debris. Some, however, are fairly well preserved and give the history of Joseph and his adventures with Pharaoh.



## BURIED FIFTEEN CENTURIES.

aah and Potiphar's wife. Another series of pictures represent the history of our Saviour. This church must undoubtedly be the first Christian church ever built in Rome, and was especially erected to abolish the cult of Vesta and Juturna. "The wonderful point about it all is," says an Italian savant, "that this Christianizing transformation actually took place in the palace of the Caesars."

## The Groable in Virginia.

Virginia has a state constitutional convention in session. It was called primarily to regulate the suffrage question, but the question of sectarianism became involved and its settlement required much effort.

The present constitution of Virginia recognizes religion by describing it as the duty which we owe to our Creator." The manner of discharging this duty, it says, should be "directed only by reason and conviction, not by force and violence." Therefore, all men are entitled to a free exercise of religion according to the dictates of conscience. Then comes this paragraph:

"And that it is the mutual duty of all to practice Christian forbearance, love and charity toward each other."

A leading member of the convention, in the interest of nonsectarianism, moved to strike the word "Christian" out of this paragraph. On this question Rabbi E. N. Calisch, a distinguished Jewish scholar, was invited to address the convention. He spoke with persuasive eloquence and sharply analyzed the phraseology of the section. He said that the use of the word under discussion made the section contradict its own terms.

Other speakers said that the phrase "Christian forbearance" was entirely destitute of sectarian significance—that it was as unsectarian as the phrase, "Mosaic meekness," or "Miltonic simplicity," or "Websterian eloquence." But the other argument prevailed and the entire clause was eliminated, leaving only the definition of religion and the declaration for freedom of conscience.

## An Automatic Faucet.

A simple and very effective contrivance is described as follows by the Scientific American: To provide a means for automatically closing a faucet or tap when a predetermined quantity of liquid has been drawn from a cask is the purpose of a device invented by David M. Bredin of Canada. On the spigot a scale-beam is fulcrumed, the shorter arm of which supports a platform for the vessel to be filled, and the longer arm of which carries a counterpoise which can be shifted.



## WEIGHS LIQUIDS.

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## INTERSTATE OLD SETTLERS.

Pioneers of Nebraska and Kansas to Meet at Bob Scott's.  
LINCOLN, Neb., July 27.—Early settlers in the territory which includes Nemaha and Pawnee counties in Nebraska and the two adjoining counties just below the state line in Kansas have formed an Interstate Old Settlers' association and on July 31 and August 1 the organization will have its first annual meeting. The gathering will be at Turkey creek, in Bob Scott's grove, a section which figures prominently in the pioneer history of the state and which is said to have been the camping place of John Brown, the Harper's Ferry hero. Thirty years' continued residence in the territory is the requirement of membership, but everybody is invited to attend the meeting.

Governor Savage has accepted an invitation to represent Nebraska at the gathering. He will deliver an address before the assemblage on August 1. J. Sterling Morton of Nebraska City, Governor Stanley and Congressman Bailey of Kansas are also named on the program.

## Wanted the Bridge To Burn.

WYMORE, Neb., July 27.—The west approach of the Burlington bridge No. 29, across the Blue river, about a mile east of town, was discovered to be on fire about 11 o'clock at night by Frank Crawford. While returning to town he gave the alarm. He was met by a stranger who tried to get him not to give the alarm, and falling in the attempt he fired three shots at Crawford, none of which took effect, however. The bridge gang succeeded in putting out the fire but not until three spans of the bridge had burned.

## Find Evidence of Guilt.

HASTINGS, Neb., July 27.—Coincidence with the removal of the post-office seeming proof of the guilt of Ed Bexton was found. His November reports as money order clerk were incomplete, and the department at Washington has been annoyed thereby. Bexton insists that he had forwarded the reports. When the missing report was discovered and Bexton confronted with it he confessed to issuing a forged money order for twenty dollars. Further developments are looked for.

## Sues Head of Geneva Home.

FREMONT, Neb., July 27.—Miss Anna Strellner of Ames has begun action against B. R. B. Weber, formerly superintendent of the industrial school at Geneva, and others of the instructors and managers, for \$10,000. She alleges that during the year 1900, for some alleged infraction of the rules, she was kept for seven days and nights in a cell without sufficient clothing. As a result of her exposure one of her arms became diseased and will probably have to be amputated.

## Republican State Convention.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 27.—The republicans of the state of Nebraska are called to meet in convention at the auditorium in Lincoln on Wednesday, August 28, 1901, for the purpose of placing in nomination candidates for the following offices: One judge of the supreme court, two regents of the university of the state of Nebraska, and for the transaction of such other business as may regularly come before said convention.

## Blackleg Among Cattle.

CALLAWAY, Neb., July 27.—Blackleg has again made its appearance in this locality, many cattle having met death from its effects the past week. The cattlemen are busy vaccinating their herds, and otherwise guarding against the disease. Numerous reports also come to the effect that many fat hogs are dying from the intense heat.

## Good Wheat Yield.

SEWARD, Neb., July 27.—The wheat yield is even better than previously reported. Scarcely any fields are turning out less than twenty-five bushels per acre, while some have gone over forty. One farmer living in the south part of the county threshed a field of 200 acres that averaged thirty bushels to the acre.

## Fined for Violating Fish Law.

FREMONT, Neb., July 27.—Deputy Game Warden Carter had Charles Benton and A. W. Burns arrested for fishing in the Platte river with trot lines containing more than five hooks. They claimed they did not know anything about the new law and were let off with the lowest fine.

## Populist State Committee.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 27.—Chairman J. H. Edmisten announces that the populist state central committee will meet in Lincoln on August 7, the same date as that set for the meeting of the free silverites and democrats.

## Court House Bonds Defeated.

SEWARD, Neb., July 27.—At the special election held here, when an \$80,000 court house proposition was voted upon, it failed to carry.

## THE NEBRASKA GUARD.

### Adjutant-General Colby Forwards Certificate to Washington.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 29.—Adjutant General Colby has sent a certificate to the war department at Washington certifying the number of men in active service in the Nebraska National Guard the past year. On this certificate the appropriation from the general government for the guard is based. Last year the appropriation amounted to about \$17,000. It will be about the same this year. The adjutant general's statement shows that 2,077 men were regularly organized, uniformed and in the service of the state during the year ending June 30, 1901. This number comprises 127 commissioned officers and 1,950 enlisted men. The average attendance of officers and men at drills and parades was 1,007.

The adjutant general has ordered another list of officers of the Nebraska National Guard to appear at his office at 9 a. m. Wednesday, August 7, to stand examination as to their fitness to hold commissions in the guard. The state military board will also meet on the same day. The examining board will comprise Colonel Ernest H. Tracy, Major William K. Wood and Major R. Emmett Giffin. Captain Charles M. Richardson, company L, First regiment, is the only officer of his rank in the list of those to be examined. The first lieutenants are: A. M. Hull, quartermaster, First regiment; George T. Northen, company I, Second regiment; Leroy V. Patch, company A, Second regiment; George H. Emery, company L, First regiment; Herald Bednar, company K, Second regiment; Edwin F. Wilhelm, company C, Second regiment. The second lieutenants are: Henry Olson, company I, First regiment; Arthur R. Marshall, company A, First regiment; Charles E. Brown, company E, Second regiment; John T. Chambers, company K, Second regiment; Charles M. Anderson, company C, Second regiment; William H. Ray, company I, Second regiment; Clayton J. Norton, company B, Second regiment; William S. Baldwin, troop A.

## Deputy Game Wardens.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 29.—Governor Savage has appointed the following deputy game wardens to serve without compensation: A. J. Shirley of Ord, for Valley county; J. A. Edwards of Franklin, for Franklin county; G. W. Whitehorn of Spencer, for Boone county; L. K. McGaw of Osceola, for Polk county; W. A. Myers of Alma, for Harlan county; J. E. Cox of Cairo, for Hall county; M. H. Bruning of Cedar Bluffs, for Saunders and Dodge counties.

## Heeded Not the Warning.

M'COOK, Neb., July 29.—Ben Glasson of Nelson, Neb., was struck by an engine on the Narrows, about a mile east of McCook, and instantly killed. Glasson was walking along the track and heedless of the stock whistle sounded, attempted to cross the track in front of the train at a curve. He was struck back of the head, dashed to one side of the track and instantly killed. The coroner's jury exonerated the railroad company from blame.

## Howe's Welcome Home.

AUBURN, Neb., July 29.—The work of the committee having in charge preparations for the reception of Hon. Church Howe, United States consul, Sheffield, England, on his return home, July 30, is about completed. Large posters announcing the date, with half-tone portrait of Mr. Howe, are being freely displayed in all parts of the city. The Pawnee City band of thirty pieces has been engaged for the occasion.

## Farmer's Narrow Escape.

ASHTON, Neb., July 29.—Adam Frederick, a farmer living five miles north of here, was overcome by heat while mowing hay in a deep ravine. He fell in front of the mowing machine and it passed over his body. He was carried home unconscious and Dr. Howard of Ashton called, who found two ribs broken and other internal injuries. His condition is serious.

## Another Suspect Arrested.

SPRINGVIEW, Neb., July 29.—Deputy Sheriff Hackler arrested William Hastings for alleged cattle stealing. He pleaded not guilty at the preliminary hearing and was bound over to the October term of district court in the sum of \$1,500. This is the fifth one of the Helyer and Bingham men that have been arrested in the last two weeks.

## Land Seekers From Pawnee.

PAWNEE CITY, Neb., July 29.—Out of about thirty who went to El Reno to secure land, about twenty are yet there, and will stay till after the drawing. Quite a number went down Friday and will take up their residence with those already there. They report the weather pleasant and the nights cool and are getting along well. There are over fifty thousand people camped on about a square mile at El Reno.

## THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

### Latest Quotations From South Omaha and Kansas City.

**SOUTH OMAHA.**  
Cattle—There was not a heavy run of cattle, and as packers all seemed to want a few, the market did not show much change, even though Chicago was reported weak to a dime lower. There were about fifty cars of beef steers. In the yards and buyers started in fairly early and cattle began moving toward the scales at prices that looked steady to a shade lower than yesterday. There were not very many cows and heifers on sale and the market was active and just about steady all around. Buyers seemed to want the stuff and as a result it was not long before the pens were cleared. Bulls, calves and stags also sold in just about yesterday's notches. The better grades were in active demand, but the common kinds were a little draggy, the same as usual. There was not what might be called an active stocker and feeder market. The demand from the country showed quite a falling off and speculators carried over quite a few cattle. For that reason they were not liberal buyers.

Hogs—There was another generous supply of hogs, but the market opened in good season active and just about a nickel higher on the good hogs. Packers seemed to have liberal orders and it was not long before the bulk of the offerings was out of first hands. Good mixed hogs sold very largely at \$5.75 and \$5.75. The choicer loads and heavier weights brought \$5.75, and from that on up to \$5.00, which is the highest price paid on this market in some time. The lighter weights were neglected the same as has been the case for some time. The last end of the market was rather slow and the advance was largely lost.

Sheep—There were quite a few sheep in sight, but the trains were late in arriving, and for that reason the market was slow in getting started. When the sheep did come in they had to be stored, which made the market all the later in opening. The demand, however, on the part of packers was in good shape, and when the sheep did begin to change hands just about steady prices were paid for anything at all desirable. Lambs were also in good request where the quality was satisfactory. The demand for feeders showed no signs of improving.

### KANSAS CITY.

Cattle—Native beef steers, 10615c higher; Texas, strong; cows and heifers, steady; stockers and feeders, lower; choice export and dressed beef steers, \$5.75; fair to good, \$4.50 to \$4.65; stockers and feeders, \$3.00 to \$3.75; western fed steers, \$4.00 to \$4.50; western range steers, \$3.50 to \$4.25; Texas and Indians, \$3.00 to \$4.25; Texas cows, \$2.00 to \$3.10; native cows, \$2.00 to \$2.50; heifers, \$2.50 to \$3.50; canners, \$1.75 to \$2.00; bulls, \$2.50 to \$3.25; calves, \$2.50 to \$3.50.  
Hogs—Market, 5c higher; top, \$6.12 1/2; bulk of sales, \$5.50 to \$5.90; heavy, \$5.00 to \$5.12 1/2; mixed packers, \$4.00 to \$4.50.  
Sheep and Lambs—Sheep, steady; lambs, easy at \$4.00 to \$5.00; wethers, \$3.25 to \$3.50; western range sheep, \$3.25 to \$3.50.

## EULATE COMMENDS SCHLEY.

Vizecya's Commander Says Brooklyn's "Loop" Was Proper.

NEW YORK, July 27.—Captain Eulate, who commanded the Vizecya at Santiago, in a cabled reply to a request from the Journal and Advertiser as to his opinion of Rear Admiral Schley's maneuvers in the battle of Santiago, says:

"As a gentleman I can't appreciate any maneuvers of the Brooklyn in the battle on the 3rd of July in front of Santiago as an act of cowardice. This maneuver, considering the position of the other American ships, which were attacking the Vizecya by the stern and quarter, was a proper one."

## Iowa Census Statistics.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The census bureau today issued a bulletin showing the school, militia and voting population of the states of Iowa and Kansas and the Indian Territory.

Following is a summary of the statement:  
Iowa—Children of school age, 769,870, of which 24,562 are foreign born and 4,985 colored; 387,930 are male and 379,940 female. Males of militia age, 475,760, of which 79,559 are foreign born and 3,529 colored; males of voting age, 635,298, including 158,025 foreign born and 4,633 colored.

## Mr. Bryan on Imperialism.

CHICAGO, July 27.—While here today William J. Bryan, who is working home after a long tour of the east and south, said: "Imperialism is still the great issue between the two political parties. The tariff, to be sure, is a great subject. But to my mind heart disease is a more serious malady than stomach ache."

## Threshing Outfit Harned.

WYMORE, Neb., July 27.—The threshing outfit of P. P. Dunn was destroyed by fire of incendiary origin near Holmesville. Bloodhounds were sent for, but on account of the large crowd that had already visited the place the dogs were unable to do anything.

Horatio J. Sprague, United States consul at Gibraltar, and the oldest consul in the American service, died there.

## Rock Island's New Air Line.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 27.—The Times says: The Rock Island railroad has been at work for some time preparing for the building of a line between Kansas City and Topeka. The survey was recently completed and an entrance to Kansas City has been arranged by the purchase of land for several miles west of here on the north side of the Kansas river. The management expects to have the line completed during the present year.