# PRESIDENT'S PROCLAMATION.

## Document Opening to Settlement the Wichila and the Kiowa, Comanche and Apache Reservations.

Following is the President's proclama-tion opening the Wichita and the Kio-wa, Comanche and Apache reservations to settlement: By the President of the United States of

### America A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, By an agreement between the Wichita and affiliated bands of Indians on the one part, and certain commission-ers of the United States on the other part, March 2, 1855 (28 Stat. Side Sol the party March 2, 1855 (28 Stat. Side Sol), the said Indians ceded, conveyed, transferred and relinguished, forever and absolutely, with-out any reservation whatever unto the United States of America, all their claim, title and interact of avery kind and char-out any reservation whatever lints the United States of America, all their claim, title and interest of every kind, and character in and to the lands embraced in the following described tract of country now in the territory of Oklahoma, to wit:
Commencing at a point in the middle of the main channel of the Washita river, where the 38th meridian of west longitude crosses the same, thence up the middle of the main channel of said river to the line of 38 degrees and 40 minutes west longitude, thence on said line of 38 degrees and 40 minutes west longitude, thence on said line of 38 degrees and 40 minutes west longitude, thence due north to the middle of the channel of the main Canadian river, thence down the middle of said main Canadian river to where it crosses the \$8th meridian, thence due south to the place of beginning.
And whereas all of the conditions required by law to be performed prior to the opening of said tracts of land to settlement and entry have been, as I hereby declare, duly performed.

### AUGUST 6 THE DAY.

AUGUST 6 THE DAY. Now, therefore, I, William McKinley, President of the United States of Ameri-ca, by virtue of the power vested in me by law, do hereby declare and make known that all of the lands so as afore-said ceded by the Wichita and affiliated bands of Indians, and the Comanche, Ki-owa and Apache tribes of Indians, re-spectively, saving and excepting sections sixteen, thirty-six, thirteen and thirty-three in each township, and all lands located or selected by the territory of Oklahoma as Indemnity school or edu-cational lands, and saving and excepting all lands allotted in severality to individ-ual Indians, and saving and excepting all lands allotted and confirmed to religious societies and other organizations, and saving and excepting the lands selected and set aside as grazing lands for the use in common for said Comanche, Kiowa and Apache tribes of Indians, and saving and excepting the lands selected and set aside now used, occupied, or set apart for military, agency, school, school farm, religious, Indian cemetery, wood reserve, forest reserve, or other public uses, will, on the 6th day of Auschool farm, religious, Indian cemetery, wood reserve, forest reserve, or other public uses, will, on the 6th day of Au-gust, 1901, at 9 o'clock a. m., in the man-ner herein prescribed and not otherwise, be opened to entry and settlement and to disposition under the general provisions of the homestead and town-site laws of the United States

be openied to entry the general provisions of the homestead and town-site laws of the United States. Commencing at 9 o'clock a. m., Wednes-day, July 10, 1901, and ending at 6 o'clock p. m., Friday, July 26, 1901, a registration will be had at the United States land of the end at the United States land of will be had at the United States land of the second the office at Lawton, to occupy provisional quarters in the im-mediate vicinity of Fort Sill, Oklahoma territory, until suitable quarters can be provided at Lawton), for the purpose of ascertaining what persons desire to en-ter, settle upon, and acquire title to any of said lands under the homestead law, and of ascertaining their qualifications so to do. The registration acch applicant will be required to elect and state in which dis-trict he desires to make entry. To ob-tain registration each applicant will be required to show himself duly qualified to make homestead entry of these lands ters of description and identify as will opening be subject to homestead en-try and townsite entry ond the same, and who are accorded to make homestead entry of these lands ters of description and identify as will be perimited to obe appropriate mat-ters of description and identify as will be perimited to deside a the government against any attempted impersonation, the use of the mails or the employment of an agent, excepting that honorably discharged soldlers and sallors entitled the use of the mails or the employment of an agent, excepting that honorably discharged soldiers and sailors entitled to the benefits of section 2304 of the re-vised statutes of the United States, as amended by the act of Congress approved amended by the act of Congress approved March 1, 1901 (31 Stat., S47), may present their applications for registration and due proofs of their qualifications through an agent of their own selection, but no person will be permitted to act as agent for more than one such soldier or sallor. No person will be permitted to register more than once or in any other than his true name. Each applicant who shows himself duly qualified will be regis-tered and given a non-transferable certifihis true name. Each applicant who shows himself duly qualified will be regis-tered and given a non-transferable certin-cate to that effect, which will entitle him to go upon and examine the lands to be opened hereunder in the land district in which he elects to make his entry; but the only purpose for which he may go upon and examine said lands is that of enabling him later on, as herein provided, to understandingly select the lands for which he will make entry. No one will be permitted to make settlement upon any of said lands in advance of the opening herein provided for, and during the first sixty days following said open-ing no one but registered applicants will be permitted to make homestead settle-ment upon any of said lands, and then only in pursuance of a homestead entry duly allowed by the local land officers. or of a soldier's declaratory statement duly accepted by such officers. **BY DRAWINGS.** 

draw out and open the separate envel-number in the order in which the en-velope containing the same is drawn. While the drawings for the two districts occur as nearly at the same time as is practicable. The result of the drawing for each district will be certified by the committee to the officers of the district applicants may make homestead entry or said lands and settlement thereon. Note of the drawing sitting the name him by the drawing sitting the name of each applicant and number assigned to him by the drawing will be posted each applicant will be notified of his number by a postal card mailed to him at the address. If any, given by him at the information of registration. Each applicant should, however, in his own behalf, em-ploy such measures as will insure his obtaining prompt and accurate informa-tion of the order in which his application for homestead entry can be presented, as fixed by the drawing. Applications for homestead entry of said lands during the first sixty days following the opening can be made only by registered appli-cants, and in the order established by the drawing. At each land office, com-mencing Tuesday, August 6, 1901, at 9 o'clock a.m., the applications of those drawing numbers 1 to 125, inclusive, for that district, must be presented, and will be considered in their numerical order during the first day, and the applications of those drawing numbers 125 to 250, in-clusive, must be presented and will be considered in their numerical order ing the second day, and so on at that rate until all of said lands subject to en-try under the homestead law, and desired thereunder, have been entered. If any applicant fails to appear and present his applicant fails to enter will be passed until after the other applications assigned for that day have been disposed of, when he will be given another opportunity to make entry. failling in which he will be deemed to hi

days as aforesaid. Persons entitled to make entry under this preference right will be permitted to do so at any time during said period of thirty days follow-ing the opening without previous regis-tration, and without regard to the draw-ing herein provided for, and at the ex-piration of that period the lands in said "neutral strip" for which no entry shall have been made will come under the general provisions of this proclamation. The intended beneficiarles of the pro-vision in the said acts of Congress, ap-proved, respectively, March 2, 1895, and June 6, 1900, which authorizes a qualified entryman having lands adjoining the ceded lands, whose original entry em-braced less than 150 acres, to enter so much of the ceded lands as will make his homestead entry contain in the ag-gregate not exceeding 160 acres, may ob-tain such an extension of his existing entry, without previous registration and without previous registration and tain such an extension of ins existing entry, without previous registration and without regard to the drawing herein provided for, only by making appropriate application, accompanied by the necessary proofs, at the proper new land office at some time prior to the opening herein provided for. Any person or persons desiring to found, or to suggest establishing, a town-site upon any of said ceded lands at any point not in the near vicinity of either of the county seats therein beretofore selected and designated as aforesaid, may, at any time bafore the opening bereto selected and designated as aforesaid, may, at any time before the opening hereir provided for, file in the proper local land office a written application to that effect describing by legal subdivisions the lands intended to be affected, and stating fully and under oath the necessity or propriety of founding or establishing a town at that place. The local officers will forthwith transmit said petition to the commis-sioner of the general land office with their secommendation in the premises. Such sioner of the general land office with their recommendation in the premises. Such commissioner. If he believes the public interests will be subserved thereby, will, if the secretary of the interior approve thereof, issue an order withdrawing the lends described in such petition, or any portion thereof, from homestead entry and settlement, and directing that the same be held for the time being for town-site settlement, entry, and disposition same be held for the time being for town-site settlement, entry, and disposition only. In such event the lands so with-held from homestead entry and settle-ment will, at the time of said opening and not before, become subject to settle-ment, entry, and disposition under the general townsite laws of the United States. None of said ceded lands will be subject to settlement, entry or disposisubject to settlement, entry or disposi-tion under such general townsite laws except in the manner herein prescribed from the time of said opening.

# of the interior, at sales to be had at the opening and subsequent thereto."

opening and subsequent thereto." All persons are especially admonished that under the said act of Congress, ap-proved March 3, 1901, it is provided that no person shall be permitted to settle upon, occupy or enter any of said caded lands except in the manner prescribed in this proclamation until after the ex-piration of sixty days from the time when the same are opened to settlement and entry. After the expiration of the said period of sixty days, but not before, any of said lands remaining undisposed of may be settled upon, occupied and en-tered under the general provisions of the homestead and townsite laws of the United States in like manner as if the manner of effecting such settlement, oc-cupancy and entry had not been pre-scribed herein in obedience to law. It appearing that there are fences

It appearing that there are fences around the pastures into which, for con-venience, portions of the ceded lands have heretofore been divided, and that these fences are of considerable value and are still the property of the Indian tribes ceding said lands to the United States all persons going upon examintribes ceding said lands to the United States, all persons going upon, examin-ing, entering, or settling upon any of said lands are cautioned to respect such fences as the property of the Indians and not to destroy, appropriate or carry away the same, but to leave them undisturbed so that they may be seasonably removed and preserved for the benefit of the In-dians. dians.

The secretary of the interior shall pre-scribe all needful rules and regulations necessary to carry into full effect the opening herein provided for.

In witness whereof I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed.

Done at the City of Washington this 4th day of July, in the year of our Lord 1901, and of the independence of the United States the one hundred and wenty-sixth.

WILLIAM MCKINLEY. By the President: JOHN HAY, Secretary of State.

## IN THE FLOWER GARDEN.

Many Groups Deserve Greater Attention Than They R ceive.

Among the most popular flowers of to-day are the lovely peonles in varied tints of rose, pale crimson and purple. The petals of some varieties are as large as saucers, and being of a satiny texture, and drooping in graceful folds, they attract a good deal of attention. It is pleasing to know that these tree peonies will grow in any good soil without much trouble, consequently the whole tribe should be found a place in every garden. They give a fine effect in beds on lawns, or may be grown in pots and taken into the conservatory at the present season when at their fullest beauty. Some of the newest kinds measure nine inches across the bloom. These peonies die down in autumn, and start growth with renewed vigor in spring. The gold-flowered Ethiopian lily is another beautiful thing that ladies procure as a fitting companion to the pure white variety. There is also quite a novel pink flowered form, but as yet quite rare; it was discovered recently in Rhodesia. Many dwelling houses are now adorned with the lovely climbing Wisteria sinesis, which is unequalled for the purpose when in flower. The fine pendulous racemes of a rich lavender color remind one of a bunch of grapes from the way they hang on the branches. They are produced so freely that at the present season there seem more blossoms than leaves. The Wisteria is quite hardy and its stems extend to a great length each summer. Young plants can be bought very cheaply, and we strongly recommend this elegant climber to those who do not know it. A group of pretty flowering plants that deserve greater attention than they receive are the double-flowered ivy leaved geraniums. Few plants compare with them for balconies or window boxes or to hang down from stagings in the conservatory or from baskets; the foliage alone is handsome, whilst the flowers which are produced so freely, right through the summer, are both bright and lasting. They look magnificent when trained along trellis work in sunny positions.

### MILEAGE OF THE COUNTIES.

Nebraska Industrial Department Figures Railroad Facts.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 15 .- The department of labor and industrial statistics has completed a compilation showing the number of square miles of territory, date of permanent organization and number of miles of railroad for every county in the state. This information was obtained from various sources. The railroad statistics were compiled from the official records of the auditor's office, the figures relating to square mileage from the state survey and the dates of organiaztion from histories, county and

judicial officials and early settlers. The dates of county organization comprise an entirely new feature of Nebraska statistical information. It was necessary for the compilers to consult every source of information to get the correct dates, and very often these sources gave conflicting accounts. In Knox county, for example, the first organization was destroyed by Indians and the next establishment became confused with the military force stationed in the county. In such instance the date of permanent organization was accepted. The figures given in the report have been verified and they will soon be officially published by the state.

# MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Court Decides that They Cannot Limit Liability of Members.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 15 .- The supreme court has decided that mutual insurance companies cannot limit the liability of its members. This opinion is delivered in the case of Morgan against the Hog Raisers' Mutual Insurance company. Morgan had a contract with the company which limited his liability. An epidemic caused the claims against the company to exceed the assets by \$13,000 and the officers sought to collect this sum, notwithstanding it exceeded the total limit of liability.

The court says that members of a mutual insurance company are obligated to pay all assessments necessary to liquidate losses and expenses of management and that it is the duty of the directors to make an assessment whenever necessary, and, further, that if this assessment is not paid within thirty days suit may be commente. under the law. The court holds that there is no merit in the contention of the objecting members that because the contracts are limited as to liability they cannot be held liable for the full amount of the losses.

# ON THE GRAVE OF HIS WIFE.

## THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations from South Omaha and Kansas City. SOUTH OMAHA.

Cattle-There was not a heavy run of cattle and a good proportion of the receipts were western rangers, which reduced the supply of cornfed steers considerably. There were not many beef steers in the yards and the quality of the offerings on the whole was rather common as compared with what has been coming in of late. Packers did not seem particularly anxious for supplies and as a result the market was more or less uneven. There were not many cornfed cows and heifers in the yards and the better grades sold just about steady. The common stuff was of course neglected and sellers thought they had to sell them a little lower. The range season was opened in good shape by the arrival of several cars of grass cows from the western part of the state. Packers were, of course, rather afraid of them, as they cannot tell how they will kill out. One string sold at \$3.50, which looked a little lower than yesterday. Bulls and stags sold at about steady prices where the quality was satisfactory, but slow and lower where it was not. About the same could be said of yeal calves. Stockers and feeders were no higher and it was

evident that the demand was limited. Hogs-There was not a heavy run of hogs, and as the demand on the part of local packers was in good shape, and also because advices from other points were favorable to the selling interests, the market here ruled 5@10c higher and active. At the start packers were only bidding \$5.90 and \$5.923% for the general run, but they failed to get many at that price and raised their bids. The bulk of all the hogs sold at from \$5.90 to \$5.95, with the long string at the split. Some

of the choicer loads sold as high as \$6.00. Sheep-There were scarcely enough sheep on sale to make a good test of the market, but what did sell brought good, strong prices, and it was evident from the way packers acted that they wanted the stuff. Most of the arrivals were sold to arrive at yesterday's prices. Lambs sold at \$5.00, wethers at \$3.40 and ewes at \$3.10. There were a few little bunches that sold on today's market and they brought good, strong prices. The lambs sold at \$5.00, ewes at \$3.10 and a bunch of fed yearlings sold at \$4.30.

### KANSAS CITY.

Cattle-Market generally lower: dressed beef steers, \$5.00@5.70; fair to good prime stockers and feeders, \$3.4064.50; western fed steers, \$4.25@5.00; Texans and Indians, \$3.80@4.25; Texas steers, \$3.00@3.75; cows, \$3.75@4.50; helfers, \$3.00@4.60; bulls, \$2.50@ \$4.00; calves, \$3.50/a4.75.

Hogs-Market active and 5@10c higher: top; \$6.121/2; bulk of sales, \$5.85/06.00; mixed packers, \$5.80@6.00; light, \$5.70@5.80. Sheep and Lambs-Strong to 10c higher;

lambs, \$4.65@5.25; wethers, \$3.25@3.90; yearlings, \$3.80@4.40; ewes, \$3.00@3.90; culls, \$2.00 63.00; Texas grass steers, \$1.2563.80.

# LONDON IS ALSO SIZZLING.

### Prostrations of Man and Beast Handicap Business.

LONDON, July 13 .- The heat wave here is becoming more tropical. Londoners were not prepared for it, and consequently they are suffering greatly. The officials thermometers at 10 o'clock this morning registered from FARM LAND IN NEBRASKA.

Valuation of the Same as Shown by Bigures of Assessors.

Deputy Labor Commissioner Watson has just completed a compilation of the value of farm lands in Nebraska, based on the figures returned by the county assessors. This is the first time any such compilation has been undertaken. The figures are as follows:

	Best	Fair	Hay
Counties.	Th Th	TII d.	La
	llabl	llabl	nd
Adams Antelope	\$35.0072\$40.00 20.0072\$40.00	\$25.00/2 \$30.00 14.00/2 20.00	\$20.0
Banner	1 3.50%0 4.00	1.2500 3.50	2.9
Blaine Boone	5.00% 10.00		
Box Butte	1	t	1. 6.0
Boyd Brown			6.0
Buffalo	33.00% 40.00	20.00 0 30.00	
Burt Butler	60.00@ 75.00		
lass	60.00@ 80.00	40.00 55.00	50.00
ledar Thase			
herry	1 2.5000 5.00	1.50@ 2.50	
'heyenne 'lay			
Colfax	40.0000 60.00	30.00@ 40.00	
luming	10.90@ 15.00		
Dakota	45.00ar 60.00	1 25.00@ 40.00	
Dawes Dawson			
Deuel	6.00@ 10.00	3.00@ 5.00	
Dixon Dodge			
Jouglas	65.0067 80.00	1 50.00@ 60.00	50.00
Dundy Filtmore	8.00@ 15.00 35.00CP 45.00		
Franklin Frontier		10.00@ 15.00	
Frontier Furnas	10.00@ 20.00 35.00@ 40.00		
lage	1 40.00(1) 55.00	30.00 40.00	27.5
larfield losper	15.00@ 20.00 20.00@ 35.00		
Fant	1	1	23.00
Treeley Tall	25.00a 40.00 25.00a 50.00	1 10.00@ 20.00	10.00
lamilton	30.00% 50.00	20.00@ 25.00	30.0
larlan layes	20.007 45.00		
litchcock	8.00% 10.00	4.00%2 6.00	4.9
folt Iooker	9.00@ 12.00 3.00@ 5.00		
loward	20.0042 35.00	15.00 20.00	22.50
efferson ohnson	30.00@ 45.00 40.00@ 60.60		
earney	25.00 (2) 35.00	15.00@ 20.00	18.00
Ceith	5.00% 8.00		
(imball	30.00@ 55.00	i	2.50
ancaster	30.00@ 45.00	10.00@ 20.00	25.00
ancoln	15,0040 30,00	3.0000 8.00	15.00
logan logan	8.00@ 10.00	5.00@ 8.00 15.00@ 20.00	
Lagisti	1 30.0030 30.00	25.00% 20.00	30.00
lePherson	3.00% 5.00 40.00% 55.00	25.00@ 30.00	7.50
Vance Vemaha	35.00%0 50.00	25.00@ 30.00	29.00
lemaha luckolls	60.9060 75.00 25.0060 25.00	$150.00 \oplus 60.00$ $15.00 \oplus 25.00$	
toe	60.00@ 80.00	45.00@ 55.00	40.60
awnee erkins	55.00@ 70.00 @ 2.50		40.00
	90 0000 25 00	15 00/20 92 00	18.00
lerce latte	1 40.00@ 45.00 1 40.00@ 55.00	15.00 a	
olk	35.00% 50.00	25.00 35.00	30.00
lichardson	30.00@ 45.00 60.00@ 75.00	30 0000 50 00	
loek	19.0060 15.00	5.0000 10.00	5.00
aline arpy	40.05@ 70.00	30.00@ 40.00	
aunders	60.00 @ 75.00	35.00@ 59.00	35.00
cotts Bluff	18.00@ 25.00	10.00@ 15.00	
heridan	10.00@ 20.00	2.00@ 5.00	10.00
herman loux		10.00@ 20.00	16.09 7.50
tanton	35.0070 45.00	24.00/0 35.00	25.00
hayer homas	30.00@ 45.00 5.00@ 10.00	25.00@ 30.00 3.00@ 5.00	
hurston	35,0000 50,00	25.00 35.00	45.00
alley	25.00 40.00	15.00@-25.00	20.00
vayne	45.00°a 55.00	25.0020 40.00	45.00
Veheter	25 (0)00 40 00	15 0000 25 001	17.50
Vheeler	8 00 @ 19 00	3.000 6.00	10.90

### BY DRAWINGS.

**BY DRAWINGS.** The order in which, during the first sixty days following the opening, the reg-istered applicants will be permitted to make homestead entry of the lands opened hereunder, will be determined by drawings for both the El Reno and Law-ton districts publicly held at the United States land office at El Reno, Okla., com-mencing at 9 o'clock a. m., Monday, July 29, 1901, and continuing for such period as may be necessary to complete the same. The drawings will be had under the supervision and immediate observance of a committee of three persons whose integ-rity is such as to make their control of the drawing a guaranty of its fairness. The members of this committee will be appointed by the secretary of the interior, who will prescribe suitable compensation for their services. Freparatory to these drawings the registration officers will, at who will prescribe suitable compensation for their services. Preparatory to these drawings the registering each applicant who shows himself duly qualified, make out a card, which must be signed by the applicant, stating the land district in which he desires to make homestead en-try, and giving such a description of the applicant as will enable the local land officers to thereafter identify him. This card will be at once sealed in a separate envelope, which will bear no other dis-tinguishing label or mark than such as may be necessary to show that it is to go into the drawing for the land district in which the applicant desires to make entry. These envelopes will be separated according to land districts and will be earefully preserved and remain scaled un-ul opened in the course of the drawings as herein provided. When the registra-tion is completed all of these sealed en-velopes will be brought together at the place of drawing and turned over to the committee in charge of the drawing, who, in such manner as in their judgment will be attended with entire fairness and carefully preserved and remain scaled un-til opened in the course of the drawings as herein provided. When the registra-tion is completed all of these sealed en-velopes will be brought together at the place of drawing and turned over to the committee in charge of the drawing, who in such manner as in their judgment will be attended with entire fairness and equality of opportunity, shall proceed to THOUGHTS FOR EVERY DAY.

ager.-Ariel.

metals .--- Voltaire.

### TOWNSITES.

Attention is hereby especially called to the fact that under the special provisions of the said act of Congress, approved March 3, 1901, the townsite selected and designated at the county seats of the new counties into which said lands have been formed can not be discosed of un-der the general townsite laws of the United States, and can only be disposed of in the special manner provided in said act of Congress, which declares:

"The lands so set apart and designated shall, in advance of the opening, be sur-veved, subdivided and platted under the

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WISE	OR	OTHERWISE.		

- No philosopher can give a reason Inopportune consolations increase a deep sorrow.-Rousseau. for half that he thinks. Fortune does not change men; it A man without a conscience is unmasks them .-- Mme. Necker. man without principle.
- The high premium on honesty If you can not do what you like to
- proves that it is the best policy. do, try to like what you have to do. Pride and folly cost some people Two good rules for life are: Never
- more than their actual necessities. be discouraged; never be a discour-
- Spite enables the fool to believe he is happy in his unhappiness. Shun idleness; it is the rust that
- A good business qualification is the attaches itself to the most brilliant ability to attend to one's own business. | Barrymore.-New York Times.

## THE PRICE OF CHOCOLATE. Much Cheaper in America than in

### Countries Where Grown.

When, on drinking your cup of chocolate at breakfast, you find a sediment deposited in the bottom of the cup, you may feel sure that this insoluble stuff is the adulterant with which the chocolate is cheapened to such a degree that the beverage far from its source of production costs less than it does in the place where it is produced. In Sourn America the retail price for the better grades of chocolate averages about \$1 per pound, while in Italy, lower price. In America the ordinary hocolate sells for about one-third of the price that is charged for it where

it is produced. The cause of this, the producers say, is that the original product is adulterated greatly before reaching its final market, a cheaper article than the cocoa bean constituting

the large proportion of 90 per cent of the chocolates of commerce. The cocca bean from which chocolate is manufactured is produced in its finest form in Venezuela, though various other hibit at the Pan-American exposition parts of Central and South America grow and export large quantities. Two crops of the bean are gathered each year, and the manufacture consists simply in grinding up the beans into meal and then adding sugar and arrowroot, with the necessary flavor-usual. ly vanilla or cinnamon. The mass is moistened until it is in a semi-fluid state, after which it is run into molds of the proper shape.-New York Press.

Maurice Barrymore's Witty Retort. The clever wit of the recently demented actor, Maurice Barrymore, is

still the foremost subject in the circle of the unfortunate man's friends. On one occasion, when Barrymore was visited by a number of friends, one of them dropped a 50-cent piece on the floor, and, search high and low, the money could not be found. "Wonder where it went to!" one remarked. "Went to the devil, I guess," said the loser. "Trust you for making 50 cents go further than any one else." said

### Christopher Anderson Shoots Himself and Cannet Recover.

NEBRASKA CITY, Neb., July 15 .-Christopher Anderson, an old resident of this city, who moved to Lincoln about two years ago, shot himself upon the grave of his wife in Wyuka cemetery in this city. The weapon used was a 32-caliber revolver, the muzzle of which was evidently placed in his mouth. The ball passed upward and lodged in the brain. Dr. Neal probed for the ball, but could not locate it. The physician states that the man cannot live. Anderson came to Nebraska City thirty-five years ago and lived here up to the time of the

death of his wife two years ago, when he moved to Lincoln and took up his residence with his son. He was a merchant tailor. He came here to visit a son and seemed in the best of spirits, although his health had not been good lately. His family consists of two sons and a daughter.

### Must Serve Life Sentence.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 15 .- After six years of legal controversy, the supreme court has settled that John W. Argabright of Nemaha county must France. England and in the United abide by the sentence to serve a life States the better grades sell at a much term in the penitentiary. Argabright was convicted of the murder of William Smesler on the night of February 9, 1894. Smesler was his father-inlaw, and the tragedy was the result of a family quarrel.

> Blue Springs Girl Appointed. WYMORE, Neb., July 15.-Miss Edith D. Mattoon of Blue Springs has been appointed by Commissioner Vance to assist with the Nebraska exat Buffalo. She started Monday to en-

ter upon her duties.

## Wheat Turning Out Well.

CERESCO, Neb., July 15.-The threshing of fall wheat is progressing rapidly and is yielding from twentyfive to forty bushels to the acre and some testing as high as sixty-one pounds to the bushel.

### Death to Grasshoppers.

LINCOLN, Neb., July 15 .- The native grasshoppers, which have been more or less troublesome in different parts of Nebraska, will now be compelled to battle with the South African locust disease. Prof. Lawrence Bruner of the university is prepared to ports, grasshopeprs are in spots.

85 to 87 in the shade, but the ordinary thermometers showed several degrees higher. There were many sunstrokes, prostrations and faintings in the streets, which kept the ambulances busy. The number of omnibuses running was considerably reduced in consequence of the exhaustion of the horses, and the iron works and ship building yards were seriously handicapped on account of the enforced absence of the workmen who were suffering from the heat.

# **KILLED BY AN OMAHA MAN.**

A. C. Rogers of South St. Joe Shot Dead By A. N. Copeland.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., July 13 .-- A. C. Rogers of South St. Joseph, Mo., was shot and killed at 7 o'clock tonight on Union Pacific train No. 6 near Wamsutta, Wyo., by A. N. Copeland, formerly a bank teller of Omaha.

Copeland attacked Rogers without warning and fired three shots, all of which took effect, before he was overpowered by Brakeman Schamp, who had a narrow escape from the bullets from Copeland's pistol.

Copeland never uttered a word after being shot. His body was left at Rawlins and Copeland was turned over to the sheriff at that place. Copeland is believed to be insane.

# SECRETARY ROOT IN KANSAS.

### Salute of Seventeen Guns to Be Fired at Fort Leavenworth.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., July 13 .--Lieutenant Colonel Jesse M. Lee, commanding at Fort Leavenworth, has received a dispatch announcing that Elihu Root, secretary of war, will arrive at the post at 11:40 a. m. Wednesday next. He will be received with a salute of seventeen guns and the entire garrison will turn out under arms in

mis honor. During the afternoon the post commander and officers will give Mr. Root a reception. A reception will also be given him in the city at night.

### Hits Chicago Produce Men.

CHICAGO, July 13 .- The long continued dry, hot weather has already made a dearth and is rapidly making a prospective famine in farm produce. Potatoes are 150 per cent higher than a year ago, when new Early Ohios sold from 27 to 29 cents a bushel. supply a limited lot of this disease They are now 95 cents to \$1. Green and he hopes by the experiment to do corn is 100 per cent higher. Dealers something toward reducing the num- | could then buy it for 25 and 30 cents ber of these pests. According to re- a bushel. They are now required to pay 50 and 60 cents.

### Grand Army Reunion.

HASTINGS, Neb., July 13 .- Manager J. J. Buchana of the local committee selected to arrange for the coming state reunion to be held here in August is receiving favorable replies from many of the noted statesmen of the nation, who promise to attend and deliver addresses. Strong efforts are making to secure Vice President Roosevelt.

### Will Join Drake Faculty.

MT. PLEASANT, Ia., July 13 .- Dr. Hoffman, the pathologist of the state hospital, has resigned to accept a \$4,-000 position in the faculty of Drake university at Des Moines. He was a very valuable man here, but he could not remain here under the salary given. He will leave about July 15.

### Big Crop of Peaches.

WYMORE, Neb., July 13 .- The work of harvesting peaches on the orchard of J. M. Russell & Son, south of town, will be begun in a few days. There are forty acres in this orchard and the yield is estimated at 25,000 bushels. The fruit is of a superior quality.

### Boy Steals Fremont Horse.

FREMONT, Neb., July 13.-Guy Mc-Carthy, a 9-year-old boy, yesterday stole a horse and buggy belonging to S. D. Lydick of this city and drove to Valley, where he was arrested.

### H. C. Kitchen Killed.

FARNAM, Neb., July 13 .- Harry C. Kitchen was killed at Holyoke. He was a brakeman on the B. & M. His body was brought here for burial.

### Reception to Church Howe.

AUBURN, Neb., July 13 .- Preparations are being made to give a reception to Hon. Church Howe, who is to be in Auburn July 25.

Corn in Kansas and some portions of Iowa has been seriously injured by drouth.

### Goes to the Philippines.

AUBURN, Neb., July 13 .-- C. A. Pierson, until recently a teacher on the Pacific coast, who has been visiting with his parents in this city, will leave in a few days for the Philippine islands, where he goes as an instructor. Mr. Pierson is a graduate of the State Normal school at Peru. He has taught several years in this county and for two years held the office of county superintendent. His appointment was unsought.