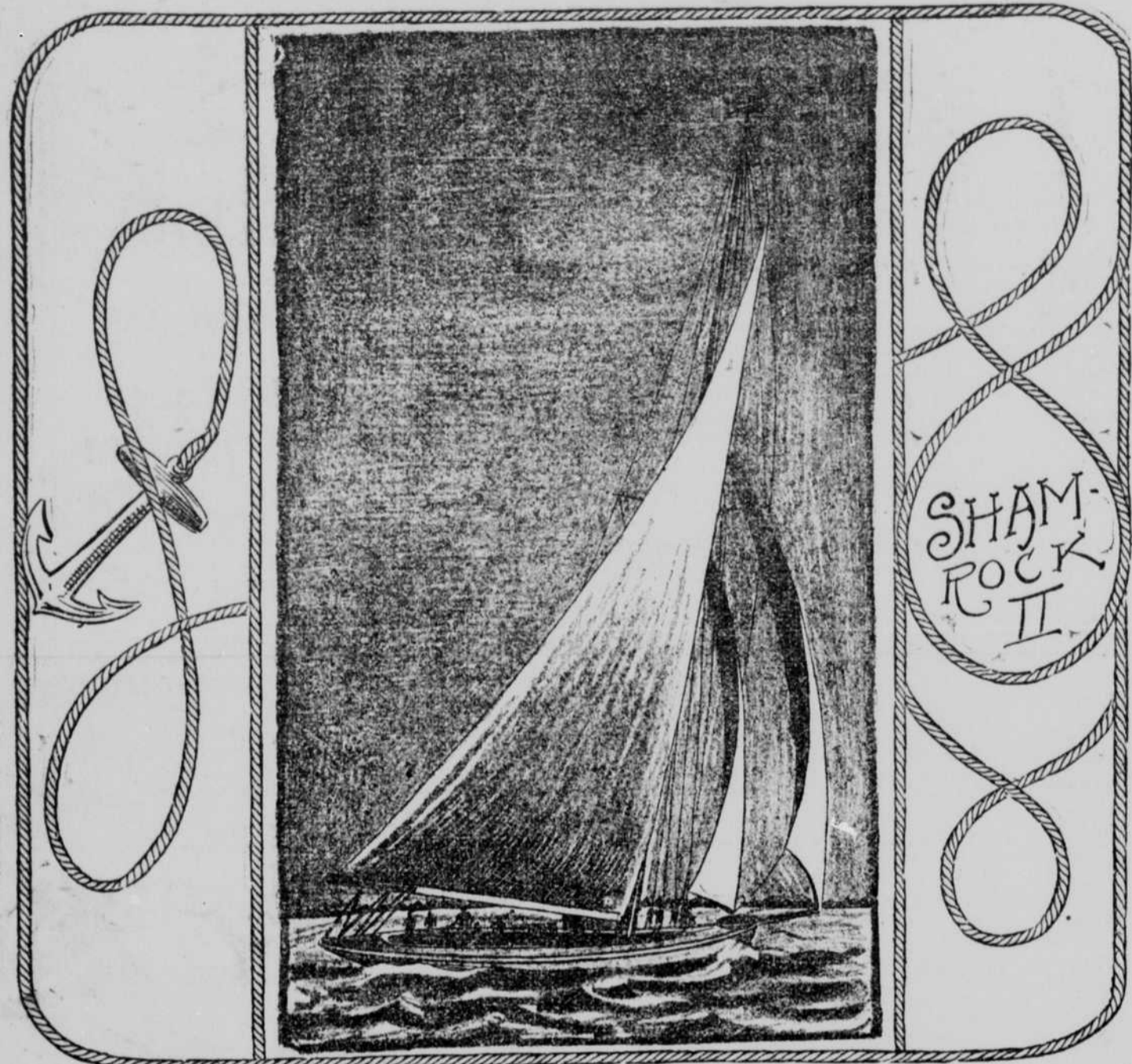


IF SHAMROCK WINS.



THE SHAMROCK UNDER FULL SAIL PREVIOUS TO DISMASTING ACCIDENT.

The New York Yacht Club has refused to permit Lawson's Independence to contest for the honor of defending the America's cup. The point at issue between the Boston man and the New York Yacht Club is not clear but it is supposed to be in some way related to personal advertising. It is believed that the objections may be eliminated, especially as Sir Thomas Lipton, the Irish challenger, is not coming over on the Shamrock for his health. It is being asserted by the partisans of Mr. Lawson that the Irishman's tea trade has almost doubled since he became a contestant for the America's cup three years ago. Now if the international race pays Lipton for his outlay in advertising, why deny Lawson the same privilege? The New York Yacht Club should change its tactics. Suppose it persists in barring Lawson and the Shamrock should win? What would all American yachtsmen and the American people generally say to the New York Yacht Club? They would say, in effect: "Your attempt to monopolize the credit of a possible victory has subjected your country to defeat. The Independence might have beaten the Shamrock. You, in your selfish greed,

refused to give her a chance. Your snobbery has lost us the cup." The New York Yacht Club could neither deny nor evade that accusation.

The America's cup became the absolute property of its winners at Cowes. They could have sold it as old silver had they desired. Its surviving owner, rightly thinking that a trophy so won should be preserved as a perpetual emblem of the highest skill in shipbuilding and sailing for speed, endeavored so to provide. He selected the New York Yacht Club as his trustee and drew up a deed of gift providing: "Any yacht of a foreign country, etc., shall always be entitled to the right of sailing a match for the cup against any one yacht or vessel constructed in the country holding the cup."

Mr. Schuyler's intention evidently was, since he offered the cup as a prize to be sought by "any yacht of a foreign country," that its possession should be defended by the best yacht the country holding it could produce. He wanted to bring together the very best vessels of the two countries. He was a real sportsman, but his trustees have shown a most lamentable lack of his spirit. Because she is not owned

by one of their own number, they refuse to permit the cup to be defended by what might prove the best yacht.

The insinuations that Mr. Lawson built the Independence "for advertising purposes," etc., simply demonstrate the snobishness of those making them. They are un-sportsmanly, ungentlemanly, and un-American. They invite the inference that the New York Yacht Club is dominated by a set of cad. They indicate that that organization is thinking of petty personal glory rather than of its country's honor. They exhibit that dog-in-the-manger policy which has made so many New Yorkers the objects of derision and contempt in other parts of the nation.

If the New York Yacht Club shall persist in its course, if it shall insist upon excluding what might easily be the best yacht, and thus sacrifice victory to its own selfish desire for personal renown, its name will rightly become a by-word and a scoffing. The American people demand that our very best yacht be put forward to meet the British challenger, and if the Shamrock wins they will never be convinced that victory was not thrown away by the New York club.—Ex.

the question of what a young girl shall do "to win success." Formerly it was the boy that occupied the attention and study of moralists and teachers. But the girl problem—not the one in the kitchen—is looming up as one of the most important questions of the times and threatens to completely overshadow the discussion of what to do with the boys. It is interesting to note the opinions of some of the brightest women upon this question as disclosed in a recent symposium. "No matter how wrapped up a girl may be in her ambitions, let her by all means marry anyway," says Dr. Julia Holmes Smith. Mrs. Le Grand W. Perce declares she is unable to "see how a young woman can consistently give her life to a husband and to a business at the same time."

Mrs. Matilda B. Carse declares that a girl "cannot succeed in business while married." Mrs. Lucy Page Gaston says that "girls should make their choice between the home life and the active business or professional life." It is very clear from all this expert opinion that it is the plain duty of girls to get married. At least they cannot hope to manage a husband and a business successfully at the same time. Matrimony and business are incompatible. There must be a choice between the store or the office and the home.

The present lady mayors of London is quite young and girlish looking, with a wealth of soft fair hair. Her verse is among the best written by women for the contemporary English magazines.

American Heiress Ill in Paris.



Miss Pauline Astor, daughter of William Waldorf Astor, is ill with the grip in Paris. French and American aristocracy alike are anxious for her

speedy recovery, as the young woman has been a prominent figure in the brilliant social season at the French capital.

MUST PAY FOR COUNTY FAIRS.

Commissioners Have No Discretion Under the Statutes.

LINCOLN, May 27.—In an opinion handed down in a case brought up from Butler county the supreme court declares that county boards have only ministerial power in the payment of the amount allowed by statute to county agricultural societies. The sum is determined on the basis of 3 cents for each inhabitant of the county, and, according to the decision just announced, the societies can invoke mandamus to compel payment without awaiting the dilatory course of legislation.

In the case in question the county agricultural society, after complying with all the requirements of the statute, requested the board of supervisors to draw a warrant for the amount due it. The board refused. The society immediately asked the district court for a writ of mandamus compelling the supervisors to pay the claim. This was refused and the society appealed.

In the supreme court the attorneys for the county argued that mandamus should not issue for the reason that the board acted, not in a ministerial, but in its discretionary capacity. The association contended that, under the statutes, no discretionary power is allowed the board when the association has once complied with the requirements of the law and that the board must act in a purely ministerial capacity. The court upheld this view and gave judgment accordingly.

CROP PROSPECTS IN NEBRASKA.

Conditions Generally Regarded as of a Favorable Character.

LINCOLN, May 27.—Following is the last weather and crop bulletin: The past week has been warm and dry, with about the normal amount of sunshine. The daily mean temperature has averaged about 6 degrees above the normal. No unusually high or low temperature occurred during the week.

The rainfall has been below normal generally. The amount was about or slightly above one-half an inch in a few of the southern counties of the southeastern section, but generally it was less than .30 of an inch, and in a large part of the northern and western portions of the state it was less than .10 of an inch.

Wheat, oats and grass continue in good condition, but in some places lack of moisture has retarded growth, and generally at the end of the week more rain would be beneficial to these crops. Chinch bugs are doing some damage in wheat fields in central and western counties. Corn planting has progressed rapidly, and the bulk of the crop is now planted in central and southern counties. The early planted corn is coming up, generally slowly, and in some instances unevenly. Fruit continues to promise a good crop.

Finds Floater in River.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., May 27.—While Fred Black and Elias Vuldow were fishing in the Missouri river at Rocky Point they noticed a floater coming down the stream. They succeeded in bringing the body to shore and notified Coroner Gass. The body appeared to be that of a man about 40 years of age, and it had evidently been in the water for some time. He was not identified.

Child Fatally Scalded.

FAIRBURY, Neb., May 27.—Edith Shafer, aged about 4 years, who was scalded by pulling a pail of hot water over on herself about eight days ago, died from her injuries.

Benjamin F. Zeigler, who had his legs amputated by the train backing over him the night of May 11, is getting along nicely and will be able to return to his home at Oakley, Kan., in a few days.

Invades the Black Hills.

SIDNEY, Neb., May 27.—Oberfelder & Co., the large grain merchants of this city, shipped a fine car of spring wheat to T. Andrews at Spearfish, S. D. This is the first shipment to the Black Hills country and means a great deal for the farmers of this section procuring better prices and saving the large cost of shipping to eastern markets.

Small pox Quarantine Raised.

HUMBOLDT, Neb., May 27.—The smallpox quarantine has been raised, only the one case having been located. Public gatherings will again be permitted.

Trampled by a Horse.

MADISON, Neb., May 27.—Thomas Alderson, a farmer living southeast of town, was severely hurt by a horse trampling upon him.

No Enlistments.

YORK, Neb., May 27.—I. G. Berry, first lieutenant of the United States infantry, opened a recruiting station here. He is recruiting (or, rather, trying to recruit) for two regiments—the Twenty-eighth infantry at Vancouver barracks, Washington, and the Eighteenth cavalry at Fort Meade, S. D. Both regiments are for service in the Philippines. Mr. Berry did not get a single recruit here, though present for some time.

THE STATE RECEIVES MONEY.

The Sum of \$925 as Its Dividend from the Alma Bank.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 25.—There was covered into the state treasury the sum of \$925 received by mail from Comptroller of the Currency Dawes. This represents the state's first and final dividend on its claim for \$25,000 against the First National bank of Alma, defunct, and is 37.10 per cent of the total amount. The bank closed its doors in January, 1897. For several years, it afterward developed, the institution had been on the ragged edge of failure, and had been barely kept alive by deposits of state money. A. L. Burr was president of the bank. The principal creditors were banks in Lincoln and St. Joseph. Its assets consisted principally of notes which were almost worthless. The funds entrusted to the bank by State Treasurer Bartley were used to pay off local depositors.

FUND FOR THE SCHOOLS.

Is \$50,000 Less Than Amount Apportioned Last Year.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 25.—State Treasurer Stuefer today announced the semi-annual school fund available for apportionment among the several counties of the state according to population as \$350,853.30. The apportionment to the counties will be determined by the state superintendent and announced later in the week. The apportionment in May, 1900, was a little over \$400,000. For May, 1899, it amounted to \$332,111.15; for May, 1898, \$430,655.98, and for May, 1897, \$362,226.03. Prior to the last mentioned date the May apportionment was generally considerably under the \$300,000 mark.

Killed by Mother-in-law.

SEWARD, Neb., May 27.—The remains of James H. Devore, who was shot by his mother-in-law, Mrs. Perry, in Denver a few weeks ago, arrived here and were interred in the cemetery at Ruby, near where the murdered man spent his boyhood days. Devore had ruined the daughter of Mrs. Perry, whose home is in Lincoln, and married her last March after threats. It is said, on the part of the prosecuting attorney at Denver, His girl-wife gave birth to a child the night he was shot.

Wing for Hastings Asylum.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 25.—The State Board of Public Lands and Buildings awarded a contract for the construction of the new wing for the asylum for the chronic insane at Hastings to Robert Butke of Omaha. The contract price for the work and materials is \$41,400. The contract for plumbing in the building was awarded to Frank Barclay of Beatrice, the price fixed being \$4,900. All bids for electrical wiring were rejected. The total appropriation for the building was \$50,000.

Supreme Court Adjourns.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 25.—The supreme court adjourned unexpectedly and delivered opinions in fifty cases. Before adjournment the court announced that only opinions published in the Nebraska reports would be furnished to the Northwestern Reporter or other legal publications. Attorneys and persons interested, however, may examine any opinion delivered by the court.

For June Examinations.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 25.—The supreme court examining commission held a short session at the state house to arrange for the annual June examination of applicants for admission to the bar. The members of the commission are: E. C. Kretzinger of Beatrice, John Stevens of Hastings, J. H. McComber of Omaha, Fred Shepherd of Lincoln and Matt Miller of David City.

Greenhouse at Capitol.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 25.—It is announced that the proposed greenhouse for the capitol lawn will not be constructed until the spring season of next year. Funds are available for the work, but no provision was made for heating the house during the winter months, hence the necessity of postponing the building until after the next winter.

Calf That Has Six Legs.

CONCORD, Neb., May 25.—A cow belonging to a farmer near here gave birth to a calf Sunday night that has six well developed legs, four being in the usual place and two protruding from the back upward. The calf will not live.

To Military Surgeons' Meeting.

LINCOLN, Neb., May 25.—Governor Savage has appointed the following physicians and surgeons as delegates to the Association of Military Surgeons, which convenes at St. Paul, Minn., on May 30: R. E. Giffen, Lincoln; C. D. Evans, Columbus; G. M. Reider, Grand Island; G. L. Pritchett, Fairbury; Arthur P. Ginn, Nebraska City; Willis E. Talbot, Broken Bow; C. G. Burns, Albion; Charles L. Mullens, Broken Bow.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations from South Omaha and Kansas City.

SOUTH OMAHA.
Cattle—The supply of cattle was rather light, and as packers were all liberal buyers the market ruled strong and active all around. Receipts included about 65 cars of beef steers and the quality of the offerings as a whole was very good. Buyers were out early and on anything at all good the market could be quoted strong. As high as \$5.55 was paid today for prime cattle, which is the best price so far this year, the top previous to this time being \$5.50, which was paid last week. There were only a few cows and heifers here today and some fancy prices were paid. All the buyers seemed to have liberal orders and sellers took advantage of the opportunity to sell out at good prices. Bulls also sold to good advantage today and the market can be quoted strong on all desirable grades. Stags also commanded very satisfactory prices, and veal calves sold fully as well as they did yesterday. As has been the case all the week, there were not enough stockers and feeders on sale to make a market. The few odds and ends changed hands at nominally steady prices. The inquiry from the country continues rather light.

Hogs.—There was another heavy run of hogs, making the supply for the first four days of this week the heaviest in some time past. Other points reported a decline in values and as a result the market here opened about 2c lower than yesterday. The first sales were mostly at \$5.50, but as the morning advanced the market became more active and prices firmed up, the market closing stronger than the opening, or nearly steady with yesterday's general market. The bulk of all the hogs brought \$5.60 and \$5.62 $\frac{1}{2}$, with a few of the choicer leads at \$5.65 and from that up to \$5.72 $\frac{1}{2}$.

Sheep.—There was a light run of sheep here today, but the demand on the part of packers was not very heavy. Wethers were slow sale and about 1c lower all around. Ewes did not sell so much different from yesterday. Lambs were in good demand where the quality was satisfactory, but there were no good woolled lambs here. Clipped lambs and spring lambs sold steady if they were good, but the common kinds were neglected.

KANSAS CITY.

Cattle—Export and dressed beef steers, steady to 1c higher; others steady to a shade higher; best dressed beef steers, \$5.09 $\frac{1}{2}$ to \$5.10; fair to good, \$4.89 $\frac{1}{2}$ to \$5.00; stockers and feeders, \$4.09 $\frac{1}{2}$ to \$5.15; western-fed steers, \$5.65 to \$5.70; Texans and Indians, \$4.35 to \$5.15; cows, \$3.50 to \$4.75; heifers, \$3.50 to \$5.21; calves, \$2.50 to \$3.15; bulls, \$3.00 to \$4.00; calves, \$4.00 to \$5.25.

Hogs.—Market 5c higher; bulk of sales, \$5.00 to \$5.25; heavy, \$5.00 to \$5.30; mixed packers, \$5.65 to \$5.85; light, \$5.35 to \$5.70; pigs, \$4.50 to \$5.20. **Sheep and Lambs.**—Market steady to 5c higher; western lambs, \$5.25 to \$5.55; western wethers, \$4.25 to \$4.75; western yearlings, \$4.50 to \$5.00; ewes, \$3.75 to \$4.25; culls, \$2.50 to \$3.50. **Texas sheep,** \$4.50 to \$4.75; Texas lambs, \$4.00 to \$4.50; spring lambs, \$5.50 to \$5.75.

TO REST NEAR LINCOLN.

Tanner's Grave Lot Purchased in Shadow of the Monument.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., May 25.—The remains of former Governor John R. Tanner will be interred almost beside those of President Lincoln in Oak Ridge cemetery. Mrs. Tanner, his widow, purchased a large lot, containing 7,000 feet, and located on the driveway from the gates of the cemetery to the national Lincoln monument, and about midway between the gates and the Lincoln monument, probably 300 feet from the latter. In this lot the remains of Governor Tanner will be laid to rest Sunday afternoon. The price paid for the ground was \$3,000.

The funeral promises to be the largest attended that has ever been held in Springfield since Lincoln was buried. Military and civic organizations from all over the state will be present.

A meeting of the union miners of the state has been called for the purpose of arranging for the miners to attend the funeral in a body.

CHINA WILL ACCEPT.

Bows to Inevitable and Will Pay Not Less Than \$50,000,000 Tael.

BERLIN, May 25.—It is semi-officially asserted that the resolutions of the ministers of the powers in Peking not to reduce the indemnity below 450,000,000 taels is final, and that China accepts this, rendering approximate reimbursement of the expeditionary expenses of the powers certain.

The Berlin comic paper Uik shows Count von Walderssee ready to depart from China, standing on three empty trunks, labeled "Victories," "Acquisitions" and "Indemnities," and says: "Is it worth while taking them again?"

Will Not Wait for Emperor.

BERLIN, May 25.—The statement in the London press that Count von Walderssee has informed the Chinese authorities that he would not leave Peking until the court returned and he has had an interview with Emperor Kwang Su are authoritatively denied. The officials here say von Walderssee will leave Peking May 31, or a few days later for Japan. It is uncertain whether he will return by way of the United States or via Shanghai.

Excursion Steamer Aground.

WATERTOWN, N. Y., May 25.—A special to the Standard from Ogdensburg says: The excursion steamer Empire State, one of the largest of the Folger line, has been beached near Brockville, Ont., and is resting with nine feet of water in its hold. The steamer had 500 excursionists on board from Prescott and Brockville, bound for the queen's birthday celebration at Kingston. The firemen left the port holes open.

The Problem of the Girls.
Present industrial and social conditions invite much serious thought on