

# LOUP CITY NORTHWESTERN.

VOL. XVIII.

LOUP CITY, SHERMAN COUNTY, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, MAY 17, 1901.

NUMBER 27.

## MRS. MCKINLEY IS ILL

Has to Be Hurried Through to San Francisco Ahead of Party.

## IS SUFFERING WITH A FELON

This and the Long and Tedious Journey Has Proven Too Much for Her—Will Rest for a Time Before Proceeding on Route Laid Out.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., May 13.—The sudden illness of Mrs. McKinley has caused an unexpected change in the itinerary of President McKinley. He arrived in this city quietly, several hours ahead of the time scheduled. The state of Mrs. McKinley's health was such that the president decided to leave Del Monte and bring his wife to this city immediately to the home of Henry T. Scott, where she could have complete rest for a few days, and where a specialist could be consulted if necessary.

A special of two cars and a locomotive was made up from the president's special and at 12:30 the president, Mrs. McKinley, Miss Barber, the president's niece, Secretary Cortelyou and wife, Dr. Rixey and Mr. H. T. Scott and wife left Del Monte for San Francisco, leaving the remainder of the presidential party at Del Monte. Only a few hundred people greeted the president upon his arrival in this city. His coming was not generally known and only those who chanced to see the bulletins posted by the newspapers announcing that the president would reach the city at 4 p. m., awaited his train. The president, in order to avoid the crowd that was expected to assemble at the Southern Pacific depot at Third and Townsend streets, left the train with his little party at Vanancia street, a station in the southern part of the city.

When the train, consisting of a baggage car and the president's special coach, stopped at Valencia street, Mrs. McKinley was carried in a steamer chair by two colored porters from the private car to a closed carriage in waiting. She was heavily veiled and the president and Dr. Rixey followed closely. She was gently placed in the carriage and the president and Dr. Rixey took seats in the same vehicle. The president looked pale and serious. The rest of the party took other carriages. Mr. and Mrs. Scott had arrived at their residence ahead of the president and were waiting to receive their distinguished guests. Mrs. McKinley was again lifted from the carriage and placed in an invalid chair and carried into the house.

Secretary Cortelyou when questioned concerning Mrs. McKinley's condition stated that there was nothing alarming in her present indisposition and that perfect quiet and rest for a few days would restore her to her usual health. It was the impression, however, of those who saw Mrs. McKinley, that she is very ill and that her present state may result in an entire change of the president's program.

Should his wife's health improve, the president will carry out his intention to attend the celebration at San Jose. If, however, her condition is no better the president will not leave his wife's side, but will allow the cabinet officers and others of his party to represent him at San Jose.

## MOLINE COMPANY IS WILLING.

Opposer of Plowmakers' Combine Gives a Chance to Buy.

MOLINE, Ill., May 13.—The Moline Plow company, owning the second largest plow factory in the world, has given an option to New York capitalists, which if closed within the limit of sixty days will bring this concern into the \$50,000,000 plow combine and make sure of its success. The company employs 1,000 men and the option is for upward of \$5,000,000. The company has opposed the trust, but will sell rather than fight it.

C. H. Deere, president of Deere & Co., slated for the presidency of the combine, says that the stock panic has not affected the plan of the trust as feared, and he now considers the organization of the new combine sure. No other farm implements but plows and related lines will be made by the combine, of which Moline will probably be the chief manufacturing point.

## Dewett Resumes Operations.

LONDON, May 13.—General Dewett, according to a dispatch to the Daily Mail from Pretoria, has resumed operations and is reported to have crossed into the Transvaal with 2,000 men.

## FAIR IRRITANT IS REMOVED.

Exposition Managers Hope that Troubles Are Adjusted.

BUFFALO, N. Y., May 13.—The booth in the Manufactures and Liberal Arts building at the Pan-American exposition grounds which has caused so much friction between the labor unions and the exposition officials and which threatened to involve all the men employed on the grounds in a general strike, was removed today, and it is now believed that all the carpenters will go to work tomorrow morning. The booth objected to is the only one in any of the buildings manufactured in mills where non-union men are employed, and as this is the only cause of complaint that the union carpenters have, the officials are confident that there will be no more trouble.

The attendance at the grounds today was good, notwithstanding that it rained for about two hours during the day when most of the sightseers visited the exposition.

Sacred concerts furnished entertainment for the visitors.

## INDIANS ARE DRIVEN OUT.

Whites of Skagway Take This Precaution Against Smallpox.

PORT TOWNSEND, Wash., May 13.—The steamer Victorian arrived from Skagway this morning, bringing 100 passengers. The Victorian reports considerable excitement in the north caused by the smallpox epidemic and various settlements are taking every precaution to check and wipe out the disease. At Skagway the Indians were driven out and a strong guard placed around the town to prevent their return. One or two cases of the disease exists among employees of the Treadwell mine on Douglas island, and, according to reports, it is thought the big mining plant will have to shut down.

Returning passengers report that the mines of the Klondike are having the greatest harvest in the history of the country, owing to the large abundance of surface water which is being utilized in sluicing dirt taken out during the winter months, and the yield of the yellow metal exceeds the best expectations of the mine owners.

## GOES TO PROTECT THE POST.

Brigadier General Breckenridge to Be Sent to the Philippines.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—Secretary Root has approved the plan by which Brigadier General Breckenridge, inspector general of the United States army, will proceed to the Philippines for an extended tour of inspection. The start will be made about June 20 on the transport Ingalls, leaving New York by the Suez route. There are a large number of military posts scattered through the Philippines and it is understood to be the idea to get a thorough knowledge of their condition and needs, not only for the present, but with reference to the transition stage of military to civil rule, which is now being rapidly brought about.

John McKinley in the Poor House.

ST. JOSEPH, Mo., May 13.—John McKinley, the first cousin of President McKinley, was consigned to the poor-house of Marshall county, Kansas. He has lived five years with a daughter at Blue Rapids. Three weeks ago his daughter died, leaving three small children and the old father to the care of her husband. The burden was too much and the old man was sent to the poor farm. He is 93 years old, totally deaf and almost blind. His hair is now white and his step is uncertain. The matter will probably be made known to the president, who has been kept in ignorance of the old man's plight.

Had the Boers Only Known.

LONDON, May 13.—At a banquet of the Cornish association held in London last night General Pole-Carew said: "At the beginning of the war had the Boers fully realized their strength and our unpreparedness, we and Capetown and we would have presented the spectacle of conquering South Africa from the seacoast."

Germany Wants No Island.

WASHINGTON, May 13.—The following statement is furnished for publication: The state department has ground for the belief that the German government does not contemplate the acquisition of any island on the Venezuelan coast, nor of a harbor or coaling station in that vicinity.

Grover Cleveland is reported to have cleaned up \$400,000 on Northern Pacific in Wall street.

## TO GET RID OF DOLE

Hawaiian Territorial Legislature Asks that Governor Be Removed.

## A MEMORIAL TO THE PRESIDENT

A Problem That Will Face the Chief Executive on His Return—President Dole Is Denounced as Hostile to the Island's Best Interests.

HONOLULU, May 5.—(Via San Francisco May 11.)—The first territorial legislature of Hawaii came to an end the evening of April 30, according to Governor Dole, and on the next night according to the majority of both houses.

The legislature ended its existence at loggerheads with the governor all along the line, and without having passed a single one of the important measures to which the home rulers were committed, except the county government act, which the governor killed by a vest pocket veto.

The last act of the house the evening of April 30 was to pass a concurrent resolution containing a memorial to President McKinley asking for the removal of Governor Dole. He is charged with having hindered the work of the session by his hostility toward the legislature, withholding information and reports that were called for and refusing to co-operate with the lawmakers.

The president is asked in the resolution to use his influence in behalf of an extra session of the legislature to transact general legislation, which Dole refuses to grant.

The Hawaiians claim they have not had time in which to work out the plans of lawmaking they had formed in the thirty days of the regular session.

In conclusion the home rulers ask that Dole be removed, if the president sees no other way to bring about an extra session of the territorial legislature, declaring that the governor has acted in such a manner as to lose the confidence of a majority of the people of the territory, and charging that he has not dealt fairly with the home rule legislature.

The concurrent resolution passed through both houses by large majorities, all the native home rule members voting for it.

Governor Dole created a sensation in both houses by informing the committee sent to him to ask for an extra session that one of his reasons for not granting an extra session was that he had been reliably informed that bribery was taking place.

Both houses passed a resolution demanding proof. In reply the governor stated that general charges of bribery had been made in the local papers and on the floor of the senate, but had not been investigated, in spite of the appointment of committees to look into them, and that the matter was being investigated by the governor with a view to punishing the offenders if evidence against them could be obtained.

## CAILLES CLOSELY CHASED.

Insurgent Leader supposed to Have Gone Southward.

MANILA, May 11.—Cailles, the insurgent leader in Laguna province, is being closely chased. He is supposed to have gone southward of Laguna province and is not likely to surrender, fearing paying personal penalty for his numerous assassinations.

A hundred insurgents Tuesday evening attacked Paglilac, in Tayabas, which province was considered to be pacified. The insurgents were repulsed without loss.

A detachment of the Twenty-first infantry routed 150 rebels at Zurbano's camp, near Lucaban, and captured a large quantity of supplies.

## There Will Be No Car Famine.

CHICAGO, May 11.—An understanding has been reached between the fruit shippers of southern California and the Santa Fe and Southern Pacific roads which will preclude another car famine during the fruit shipping season and insure quicker service. Although no contract has been entered into, the shippers have been assured that ample transportation facilities will be provided in the future for moving the orange and lemon crops. Ample car equipment is to be provided.

## Uncle Sam Must Help Them.

FLORENCE, Ariz., May 11.—The Gila river, on the Sacaton reservation, has gone dry and no grain will be harvested by the Indians. Great destitution will ensue and government aid will be required to relieve the situation.

## CLAIM CRISIS IS PASSED.

Industrial Leader Asserts that Financial Storm Has Spent Its Fury.

NEW YORK, May 10.—A banker who participated in the movement to relieve the market this evening made this statement to the Associated Press:

"We loaned \$1,000,000 in the market after 10 o'clock today, some of it as low as 6 per cent, and feel that the crisis is over. I do not believe that a single large loan will go down. There have been tremendous losses. Thousands of accounts, representing millions of dollars, are wiped out. But the banks are firm and the large operators are, I think, capable of caring for themselves. You see, they have been taking large profits and are capable of standing up. At present prices I feel that stocks are a good investment and look for heavy buying orders. A good day and the market will be steady again. The banks acted together today, but there was no consonance of agreement about it. We placed about \$16,000,000 in the aggregate and the moral effect was good. Wall street could not stand many days like this, but as it is the storm is weathered and the situation will improve from the opening tomorrow."

An industrial leader made this statement to the Associated Press:

"I believe the worst of the storm is over. They have been conferences of importance among the larger financiers and it has been decided that every man of standing in the street shall be protected. I had thought there would be failures, but there are influences strong enough to avert that work and I am no sure they will succeed. I look for buying orders and a rally in the market. There will also be peace among the interests now at war."

## ARMOUR GETS SIOUX CITY PLANT.

Acquires International Packing Company's Property.

SIOUX CITY, May 10.—It became known here today that Armour & Co. of Chicago have purchased the old International Packing plant and will operate it. The plant was built by the Silberhorns at a cost of \$400,000. It covers five acres of ground. The capacity of the plant is 500 cattle, 3,250 hogs and 1,000 sheep.

In 1899 the plant was acquired by the International Packing company, which operated it until the reorganization of the company when the Sioux City Provision company took charge a few weeks ago.

Sioux City people are rejoicing because of the fact that a rivalry for business is expected to spring up between the Armour plant and the Cudahy concern now in operation here.

## GETS THE HARVARD DEGREE.

McKinley to Be Made a Doctor of Laws at June Commencement.

BOSTON, May 10.—The board of overseers of Harvard university at the regular meeting here today voted to grant the degree of doctor of laws to President McKinley. The degree will be conferred at the commencement in June.

President Solomon Lincoln of the board announced the action after the meeting, but he declined to state how the vote stood. From another source it was learned that it was 26 to 3. The meeting was prolonged from 11 o'clock until 2. The intense interest in the question to be acted upon was evinced by the large attendance, only seven of the twenty-nine members of the board being absent.

## England Takes Census.

LONDON, May 10.—According to the returns of this year's census the total population in England and Wales is 32,225,716. This is an increase over the population of 1891 of 3,523,191, or, in other words, an increase of 12.15 per cent in the last ten years. The increase in the decade between 1881 and 1891 was 11.65 per cent.

According to the census forty-eight counties show increases while fourteen show decreases.

## To Have a Street Fair.

WYMORE, Neb., May 10.—The business men's association has decided to hold a street fair the coming September and the following committee has been named to arrange the preliminary work: R. P. Boyle, J. A. Reuling, T. P. Hargrave and J. R. Dodds. The fair will last for a week and every day will be a special day, including a firemen's tournament, corn carnival, flower parade, etc. Several thousand dollars have been guaranteed for amusements.

## MAY BLOCK BIG DEAL

Tumultuous Proceedings on Wall Street Affect Burlington Movement.

## UNION PACIFIC PROTECTING ITSELF

Purchase of Northern Pacific Shares is to Prevent Rival's Benefiting—Kuhn Loeb May now Assent to Triangular Arrangement With the Northerners.

NEW YORK, May 9.—The Evening Post, in discussing the Northern Pacific situation, says: Kuhn, Loeb & Co., it was creditably stated today, have acquired sufficient Northern Pacific stock to prevent, if they desire, the approval of the Burlington purchase by Northern Pacific shareholders. Their purchases for the most part have been made within a week. Some compromise will be made, as the parties in conflict are so important, and Union Pacific interests, which the management of that property felt were threatened by the aggressive policy of the Northern Pacific, will be protected by agreement or by Mr. Harriman and perhaps other Union Pacific directors going into the Northern Pacific board.

These are matters which necessarily are still unsettled, but Kuhn, Loeb & Co. now have virtually the power to determine whether the Northern Pacific will secure the Burlington, and whether assurances given that their Union Pacific interests will be fully protected. It appears that they would not push their advantage so far as to stop the merger proposed by Mr. Hill.

Dealing with the relations of things in the turmoil of Wall street the financial writer of the Evening Post, in a news leader in its edition this evening, says: The fundamental fact in the Northern Pacific situation was that the Burlington deal is placed in jeopardy, as matters stand at present. Union Pacific interests, who were alarmed at the danger of their property, lying in the control of the Burlington by the northern transcontinental line, have bought the ratification of the Burlington purchase by the Northern Pacific shareholders unless some agreement is made with them which will protect their interests sufficiently.

The corner in the shares was unprecedented. That development resulted, it is said, from Mr. Keene's clever appreciation of the situation in the stock, the legitimate demand for which had heavily reduced the floating supply. The corner is a secondary aspect, though the more spectacular one to the public, in a movement of far-reaching consequences, possibly putting a stop to the plans for the greatest of railroad mergers, upsetting President Hill's audacious plan to have the Northern Pacific control Burlington's operations.

The policy of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. has been essentially one of self-protection, and being now in a dominant position where the "balance of power" in the western railway situation, so rudely disturbed by Mr. Hill's Burlington deal, has been restored, they will content themselves. Rather than create lasting hostilities among the great western railroads which would follow the abandonment of the Burlington deal, there probably will be made a triangular arrangement, with the Union Pacific sharing the control as well as the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern, under a modification of the burden of the guaranty.

## DUE TO CORNER ON CORN.

That is Why Starch Mills Are to Be Closed Indefinitely.

NEW YORK, May 9.—William F. Piel, Jr., president of the National Starch Manufacturing company, when seen at his residence in Brooklyn tonight, said that it was true that the company had ordered all its factories closed. He said that it was done on account of the present corner in corn at Chicago. Mr. Piel said the company did not care to purchase corn while the corner is on, but would wait until the market became stable. He said it was simply a case of business protection, and that he thought the shut downs would not last for any great period of time.

## Treasury Buying Bonds.

WASHINGTON, May 9.—The secretary of the treasury today bought \$89,000 short term 4 per cent bonds at 113.64.

Secretary Gage late this afternoon purchased \$75,000 short term 4 per cent bonds at 113.65.

He also purchased \$30,000 short term 4 per cent bonds at 113.65.

## NEBRASKA CROP BULLETIN.

Spring Work Progressing Well and General Conditions Are Favorable.

OMAHA, May 8.—United States department of agriculture, Nebraska section, climate and crop service of the weather bureau: The first part of the last week was warm and dry, with high south wind. The last days of the week were cool, with heavy general rains. The daily mean temperature has averaged 10 degrees to 12 degrees above the normal. The weekly maximum temperatures were generally between 85 degrees and 90 degrees.

The rainfall of the week fell on the last days of the week, and generally exceeded the normal for the first week in May in the eastern part of the state. In the western counties it was about or slightly below normal. In a large part of the eastern portion the rainfall ranged from 1 to 2.5 inches.

The last week has been favorable for the advancement of farm work, and generally for the growth of vegetation. The high south wind dried out the top of the ground and in some instances retarded the growth of oats, wheat and grass, but no damage resulted to any crop because of the timely rain the last of the week. At the close of the week winter wheat was in very fine condition. Oats and spring wheat are coming up evenly and growing well. Grass is somewhat backward, but is now sufficiently advanced in pastures to sustain stock. Corn planting has made good progress in the southern counties, where about one-third of the crop is planted and a little of the earliest planted is up. Corn planting has commenced in nearly all parts of the state. Fruit trees are blossoming very fully in all parts of the state.

## CONDITION OF WHEAT CROP.

Kansas and Nebraska Head the List With Highest Percentages.

NEW YORK, May 8.—Carefully compiled reports from the American Agriculturalists' corps of observers make the May 1 condition of winter wheat 91.50, against 91.5 last month, and compared with an average at this date for five years of 84. April was wholly favorable for the development of the wheat crop over the greater part of the belt. The report shows little damage through insect pests outside of Texas, Oklahoma and Michigan. No crop in twenty years has stood better than the present one in all the important features of roots and stools.

The spring wheat crop has been sown under highly favorable conditions, says the report, and while seeding in the extreme north is not completed, enough is known to make it certain that the acreage is fully equal to that sown last year. There is an abundance of early moisture over the whole belt except in a limited portion of South Dakota. The condition May 1 of wheat by states includes: Ohio, 88; Kentucky, 85; Michigan, 83; New York, Pennsylvania and Indiana, 95; Illinois, 96; Kansas, 100; Nebraska, 99; California, 90.

## PAROLE FOR THE YOUNGERS.

Board of Prison Managers Unanimous in Its Recommendation.

ST. PAUL, May 8.—At a regular meeting of the board of managers of the board of prisons today at Stillwater unanimous action was taken in favor of paroling the Younger boys, who are serving life sentences. Before the parole can be effective all three members of the state pardon board must approve it, and the action will be submitted to that body as soon as possible. This is in accordance with the new parole law, which allows the parole of life prisoners after about twenty-four years' imprisonment, being thirty-five years, less time gained by good behavior. Paroles usually are granted by the prison managers alone, but in the case of life prisoners unanimous approval of the board of pardons is also necessary and such paroled life prisoners cannot leave the state.

## Munroe of Omaha to Appear.

WASHINGTON, May 8.—The Industrial commission will resume its sitting for the taking of testimony tomorrow, and will continue for two weeks or more. The questions that will receive especial attention relate to the Industrial commission, the tariff and transportation. The following witnesses are expected to testify some time during May, but their dates have not been definitely fixed: J. C. Stubbles, third vice president of the Southern Pacific Railroad company, San Francisco; J. A. Munroe, Union Pacific railway, Omaha; W. P. Trickett, commissioner, Kansas City freight bureau.