

Loup City Northwestern

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LOUP CITY, - - - NEBRASKA

EPITOME OF EVENTS

GENERAL NEWS AND NOTES
FRESH FROM THE WIRE.

THE STORY IN A NUTSHELL

Embracing a Condensation of Events
In Which Readers Generally Are
More or Less Concerned.

Washington.

Plans for eschewing, it is reported, will be made to the department of justice by the indicted members of the so-called "bathtub trust" by their attorneys.

The army appropriation bill, carrying a total of \$22,000,000, or \$2,000,000 less than the estimates, will be ready to report to the house on its re-assembly in the new year.

Tariffs filed with the interstate commerce commission by the Kansas City Southern, the Missouri Pacific, the St. Louis & San Francisco, the St. Louis, Southwestern and the Texas & Pacific railroads, cancelling the through rates, with certain tie line connections, were suspended by the commission from January 5, 1911, to April 15, 1911.

When the grand jury now investigating the sampling of sugar at New Orleans finishes its work, it will be found that the frauds against the government there have been going on for at least 15 years. This statement was made by an official of the customs service, who said that all the suspected frauds would be found in the sampling of sugar and in the poling of tests.

Secretary MacVeagh's plan to stop returns of gold and permit the secretary to issue gold certificates against gold bullion and foreign gold promises to become law at this session of congress. Secretary MacVeagh has written a letter to Senator Aldrich suggesting a bill, and Mr. Aldrich has asked him to appear before the senate's finance committee and explain the plan fully.

General.

Friends of Justice Hughes still insist he is a presidential possibility. Nebraska is likely to lose out in the contest for the circuit judgeship.

Five in the business district of Lawton, Okla., caused a loss of \$125,000. The first democratic governor of thirty years was inaugurated in Maine.

How to run a big canal is a problem that congress will have to wrestle with.

Huntington Wilson, assistant secretary of state, will probably be given a foreign appointment.

President Taft gave approval to the report of the board of engineers on reclamation projects.

The outlook now is that no states will lose representation in congress under the recent census.

President Taft is anxious that legislation affecting business interests be enacted at this session.

Everything was smooth and tranquil in organization of the Nebraska Growers' association, which is holding its tenth annual meeting.

Lieutenant Governor Olesby severely criticized the Illinois senate, when he found that not enough senators to make a quorum had remained in Springfield, and that, as a result, no action was possible on the election canvass.

The Aetna Indemnity of Hartford, Conn., and the Farmers' and Mercantile insurance company of Lincoln, Neb., have been barred from writing new business in Ohio on orders from Superintendent C. C. Lamert, of the insurance department, under penalty of revocation of their license.

The question as to how the United States shall re-appropriate into congressional districts in accordance with the 1910 census was discussed with the president by Representative Crumpacker of Indiana, chairman of the house committee on census. Mr. Crumpacker thinks the membership of the house should be increased.

Personal.

A strike of 50,000 railway employees is threatened in Italy.

President Taft is buying himself planning work for congress.

Champ Clark favors a six-year single term limit for presidents.

There is a lively contest for the United States senatorship in Ohio.

Senator Moses E. Clapp will be re-elected by the Minnesota legislature.

Clothes do not make the man, but they do make the woman, in the opinion of Miss Neale S. Knowles, of the Iowa state agricultural college.

Ex-Congressman Dave Mercer says the rank and file of Japan really want war with the United States.

Governor Eberhart in his message said there were too many boards and commissions in the state of Minnesota.

The supreme court of the United States says the bank guaranty law of Nebraska, Kansas and Oklahoma is void.

Incense reductions in freight rates have been made by the railroads operating in the Rocky mountain region in accordance with orders from the interstate commerce commission.

Richard Parr, for ferrying out sugar loads, got \$100,000 from the government as his New Year gift.

A conference of the steel manufacturers of the United States has been called to meet in New York on January 5.

A pay roll that has increased \$7,600,000 a year is the argument of the Pennsylvania for increased freight rates.

In population statistics, second in the density list is Massachusetts, which supports 418.3 persons to the square mile; New Jersey, 327.7; Connecticut, 231.3, and New York, 191.2.

The army appropriation bill is nearly ready to report.

Lou is full of candidates for the Dooliver senatorial succession.

Five men were killed in a train collision at Cheney, Wash.

Senator Elkins of West Virginia died suddenly at Washington.

Action was begun at New York to annul the so-called steamer compact.

Both houses of congress adjourned as a mark of respect for Senator Elkins.

Reapportionment is giving the republican leaders in the house no end of trouble.

A Cleveland judge says the high cost of living is responsible for most of the divorces.

Rhode Island has three candidates for United States senator and the outlook is for a deadlock.

An international railway commission for the United States and Canada is practically assured.

Secretary MacVeagh favors issuing gold certificates against bullion in lieu of the actual coinage.

Trinity college, Durham, N. C., was visited by fire which destroyed the Washington Duke dormitory.

Convicted members of the naval stores company have asked the supreme court to review their case.

If Senator Lorimer retains his seat it will be only after several senators have expressed themselves freely.

Assets of the Washington-Alaska bank, now in the hands of a receiver, are \$1,100,000 and its liabilities are \$900,000.

A reduction in the freight rate on cottonseed from points in Missouri, Arkansas and Louisiana to Memphis, Tenn., is made.

At Augusta, Me., Charles F. Johnson of Waterville was nominated for the United States senate to succeed Senator Eugene Hale.

Senator Lafayette Young declared himself in favor of the enactment of the Oregon primary law by the coming Iowa legislature.

Gambling houses and kindred resorts have been ordered out of Gary, Ind., as menaces to public safety and public morals.

Jerome Lillis, whom John P. Cudahy cut with a knife March 5, last, retired as president of the Western Exchange bank at Kansas City.

The grand jury in the Los Angeles Times explosion case returned 22 indictments. All of the indictments charge murder in connection with that crime.

Refusal of the Interstate Commerce commission to assume jurisdiction of the railways of Alaska was sustained by the supreme court of the District of Columbia.

One fatality out of 22,500,000 passengers carried by steam vessels of all classes plying to and from Philadelphia was the remarkable record made in 1910.

Dr. Donald M. Gallie, of the University of Illinois, was elected president of the Institute of Dental Pedagogy at the sixteenth annual convention in Washington.

William T. Wardell, prohibition candidate for mayor of New York in 1896 and for governor in 1900, was taken ill in the subway Tuesday afternoon and died 15 minutes later.

Thirty-five hundred men employed as motormen, conductors, elevated railway trainmen, station masters and inspectors by the Boston Elevated Railway company received gold pieces aggregating \$22,000.

How to meet the inroads of western apples in markets until now held by eastern orchardists is the main concern of the New York State Fruit Growers' association, which is holding its tenth annual meeting.

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MANUSCRIPT ADDRESS

DELIVERED BY GOVERNOR ALDRICH TO THE LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY THURSDAY, JANUARY 5, 1911.

Stands for the Best in Good Government—Is Pleased With Existing Conditions—Makes But Few Recommendations.

Mr. President, Gentlemen of the Senate and House, and My Fellow Citizens.

We are here today in the performance of a ceremony provided by the constitution of the State of Nebraska.

This occasion, then, is typical of the fact that we live in a state and nation whose characteristic features are love of order and law.

Our country is free, yet no man has a right to do as he pleases. In the language of De Tocqueville, we say: "In no country in the world does the law hold so absolute a language as in America."

Our transitory periods, then, or our changes in policy, government are always marked by sober and well-defined purposes. There is never an alliance with the turbulent passions of anarchy. In a word, we are revolutionary never, but democratic always.

And this leads us to assert that theories of economics are embodied and set forth in the platform of political parties and hence a campaign of enlightenment and education is inaugurated. Newspapers and public speakers begin a serious discussion. They listen, read and gather information and they think the matter over for themselves, quietly and quietly they go to the polls, register their opinions and convictions. And when the vote is counted in nearly every instance, the American voter tells us, that the majority is for good government and the rights of society and the rights of the individual.

As matters now stand, our present form of municipal government is unbusinesslike, wasteful, inefficient and checks the best side of city life because the best men of a great city refuse to take part in it.

There are many other matters of importance that will or ought to come up for consideration at this session, but we shall reserve for some future time their discussion, and if occasion requires, we shall bring them before the senate and house. But on this occasion we shall confine our remarks to a few subjects of vital interest to the people of this state.

One of these is our state university and normal school. There is an important problem for solution in the matter of providing room for the constantly increasing number of students attending there. There is but one thing to be considered, and that is what is the best way to solve the problem. It is a blooded business matter and should only be decided after a careful and impartial investigation of the facts. It is too great in pushing this magnificent seat of learning to the front.

The action taken on this matter as they apply to large cities should be amended in some particulars and repealed in others. The statute providing for a vote in the election of judges should be amended in an important part of it, and should be repealed.

In the recent election in Omaha electors presented themselves at the polling places with cards, said cards telling the judges of election who they should elect. The election judge would read the cards, and when through would tell the alleged American citizen that he should get out and make room for another government builder, or to speak accurately, another government breaker.

The registration laws are also sources of fraud, as illustrated at the last primary election in Omaha. The city clerk would attach his seal and name to certificates and hand out said certificates to agents, who would go out on the streets and have their trustees as witnesses. This is one method of preventing the majority from ruling. In a certain ward in this metropolitan city there was nearly three times as many votes cast as the census shows there was inhabitants in said ward.

In the matter of selecting juries in large cities, the present method is ineffective and should be amended or repealed and authority given whereby the alleged American citizen should appoint a commissioner to select jurors and thus destroy the political and corrupt influences which the jury system has made undesirable and dangerous citizens.

There is an issue now before the entire country concerning an amendment to the Federal Constitution providing an income tax. And I urge upon you the importance of studying that amendment. I also respectfully urge you to pass a resolution asking our senators to support the amendment.

I call your attention to the fact that the anti-trust law in its present form is wholly inadequate and should be amended.

We suggest an amendment imposing a fine upon the saloon keeper or bartender who permits the treating to be done, as provided in the law. And upon conviction of a second offense of allowing treating then in that case the license to sell should be suspended. In this regard be also advised so that delays would be impossible and appeals have been made to the legislature. A law may be effective. The saloon keeper is the man who derives the profit from the treating and he alone should be responsible.

The state library is conceded to be one of the most valuable in the country, yet we are caring for it as though it were so much junk.

The state house during the sessions of the legislature is crowded to the extent of seriously interfering with business. The present building should be replaced by a new fire-proof library room, and also a place for the supreme court. This could be done by getting on with the building to be used by the state historical society.

With these observations necessarily brief and incomplete, let me urge upon you the importance of acting promptly on the bills now before the legislature. It is indeed great, and we should remember that laws are the index of civilization, and that the people are themselves by the laws they adopt, and the laws they enact. It is the duty of every legitimate business; they are the only sure promise of safe and stable money. Such laws are the foundation of progress. Every legitimate business; they are the only sure promise of safe and stable money. Such laws are the foundation of progress.

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permit me to observe that in voting amendments to our state constitution, that a majority of those voting for or against said amendment should determine the issue and thus carry the amendment.

He who claims to be in favor of the initiative and referendum and at the same time is opposed to county option must fail to exercise in good faith to understand the initiative and referendum. We are all pledged to direct legislation in its broadest and best sense, then how can we refuse to enact a county option measure, which is only one small degree from the initiative and referendum? The people and not the breweries should rule. Then by what right can the legislature enact a county option law? Let us hope that you will not.

The primary election law in theory and principle is correct. It practices a vast improvement over the old convention system. The Nebraska primary law, before it was amended, was better than it is after it bore their finger marks. In one particular at least this law should be amended, and that is when it should be permitted to help nominate another party's candidates. Our present primary law may have to be amended, but with all its faults, it has had virtue enough to kill the political boss and smother the wheels of corrupt machinery. Without doubt this law is here to stay.

In the case of large cities, the great problem is to let the people, and not a corrupt gang, run its government. As our transitory periods, then, or our changes in policy, government are always marked by sober and well-defined purposes. There is never an alliance with the turbulent passions of anarchy. In a word, we are revolutionary never, but democratic always.

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IT WAS A BLIZZARD

HIGH WIND AND LOW TEMPERATURE IN GENERAL.

HAPPENINGS OVER THE STATE

What is Going on Here and There

That is of Interest to the Readers Throughout Nebraska and Vicinity.

Geneva.—An old time blizzard struck Geneva at midnight Saturday and continued throughout Sunday and Monday. The temperature was 12 degrees below zero. About two inches of snow fell, but it is clear and the wind has fallen to a velocity of about fifteen miles per hour.

Hastings to Abolish Lottery.

Hastings—Mayor Miles has directed the police to investigate a device said to be in use in several places of business in connection with the sale of candy. The device in question is said to be a board with many holes. Numbers are hidden in the holes. The purchaser of a chance punches the covering over a number, selecting the holes he wishes. Certain numbers entitle the purchaser to various amounts of candy, while others entitle him to none.

"\$20,000 in Twenty Days."

Grand Island—A unique effort is being made by the committee of fifteen appointed by the commercial club to carry out Grand Island's part of the plan of the Baptist state convention to raise \$100,000 for the Grand Island college.

The slogan of "Twenty Thousand Dollars in Twenty Days" has been adopted and the committees are at work.

Nebraska Makes Russian Windmill.

Hastings—M. Fairman of this city is in receipt from Odessa, Russia, of an order for a windmill to be erected near that place. This is the first American-made windmill to be shipped to Russia and the first mill of any kind to be used in that part of the country to which it is shipped.

No. 1 Auto Leaves State.

S. E. Hawley of Kearney, the man who held automobile license No. 1 in this state, has departed, taking this number, for which there has been much competition among automobile owners and drivers, with him. He will live at Monte Vista, Colo.

Farewell Reception.

David City—St. Luke's Methodist Episcopal church of this city gave a farewell reception to Governor-elect and Mrs. Aldrich, who leave Monday for their new home and new duties in Lincoln.

Killed Wolf in Back Yard.

Surprise—Two coyotes came up into George Gill's yard and started to fight his dogs. Mr. Gill got up and shot at them, killing one instantly and crippling the other.

Fairbury is organizing a juvenile band.

Gordon business firms will close at 6:30 p. m.

Fire at Salem destroyed property valued at \$25,000.

The West India Mahogany company has been incorporated at Lincoln.

A lodge of the Woodmen of the World has been organized at Axtell.

The epidemic of scarlet fever that threatened West Point has subsided.

The new Burlington passenger station at Peru is practically completed.

Dr. W. J. Doyle died very suddenly Monday morning at his home in Greeley.

The new plant of the Fremont Gas and Electric Light company is rapidly nearing completion.

York voters defeated the \$65,000 city water plant bonds at a special election held recently.

Rev. Titterton of Omaha has been secured as regular pastor of the Baptist church at Auburn.

Mrs. J. L. Hughes of Lincoln was badly burned by the explosion of a gasoline iron she was using.

Lilla Rohweder, of Ains