

Loop City Northwestern

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LOOP CITY - - - NEBRASKA

Radio marks and returns high.

This is falling weather for the aviators.

Minister Wu apparently can "come back" indefinitely in China.

Man will soon be in a position to give the birds lessons in flying.

They are going to give "As You Like It" in Esperanto. Is this as you like it?

Flying across the English channel will soon be as fashionable as apple fritters.

A New Yorker has been robbed in France. And he wasn't buying any thing, either!

Even though the man beat the bird flying, the latter did not get discour aged and quit.

Japan is about to annex Korea offi cially, having already annexed it very thoroughly in other ways.

It would be interesting to watch a struggle between the two new language ages, Esperanto and baseball.

A New York man recently ate sixty one ears of corn at one sitting. Train ing for Wall street, evidently.

Women should receive early instruc tions in the art of alighting from air ships without stopping backward.

As between the lobbist skirt and the long lappet, we vote for the lobbist skirt. The wearer looks only herself.

Because of the use of lead pipe car tain devices are said to be poisonous. This is a case where death has a lead pipe clack.

Proceedings in the Esperanto con gress are scarcely more understand able than the proceedings in the reg ular congress.

Sir John Murray has found fish three miles under water. Most of the fish you go after seem to be farther down than that.

Evidently the silly season has begun operations in Europe, judging from the excitement over America's offer to be a big brother to Liberia.

The Chicago billed beggar who spent seven dollars a day regularly on his women friends apparently had quite an eye for feminine beauty.

Speaking of women as earnest per sons says, "There ought to be less sin on the outside." A little talk with the powder bag usually helps.

When he became the father of trip lets the other day a Chicago man made so much noise that the police had to be called. Some men get excited so easily.

An Albany man wants the state of New York to pay him for cherries that the robins took from his trees. When he was a baby he probably cried for the moon.

Maine wants 10,000 housemaids and grandmothers to pay them from three to six dollars a week apiece. We suspect that Maine is destined to have a long fall wait.

Some fault finders complain that the paper on which the new \$1,000 bills are printed is not as good as they could wish. How do you like the new \$1,000 bills?

Those South American republics may agree to arbitrate all right, but what will their sporting citizens really do when a real lively little revolution comes their way?

Assertions that hitherto disregarded rodents and reptiles are good to eat around but little apprehension in the minds of those who have their money invested in the beef business.

Experts say that all the Zeppelin strap needs is a series of lofty struc tures that will permit it to tie up now and then. This is simpler than providing it with a concrete foundation and an elevator.

A lunatic commission is trying to de termine whether an insane man is a resident of New York or New Jersey. Why not ask him which state he be longs to? His answer may determine the extent of his delusions.

Aviators are to be prevented by law from flying over German country towns. We have not heard what pen alty has been provided for aviators who fly so high above German coun try towns as to be indistinguishable.

The aeromats are going to drop bombs on inland warships at the New Jersey meet. They will discover how difficult it is to hit a mark from above as evidenced by the falling of the rain upon the just and the unjust alike.

America is not only producing big ger and better guns than any other nation, but she also produces more and louder advocates of peace than all the rest of the world put together. We're bound to win, Armageddon or millennium.

The minister of agriculture in Japan is in this country to study conditions here. Japan has learned of us in war and in civil engineering, and now pro poses to take lessons in agriculture, which is really the fundamental knowl edge for a people.

A consul at St. Petersburg has an bounded faith in the power of the dollar. He reports that Russia af fords an exceptional opening for an American bank. Money talks, of course, but could even American money talk Russian?

A FIDDLER LURES COYOTES TO DEATH

PLAYING OF OLD-TIME MELODIES DRAWS ANIMALS WITHIN RIFLE RANGE.

DAD PLAYS AND SON SHOTS

Ninety-Five Blain While Entranced by Strains of "Home, Sweet Home" and "Where is My Wandering Boy Tonight?"

Ell, Neb.—Having read of music be ing used to induce cows to give larger quantities of milk and of birds being charmed by the playing of a mouth organ, John Peterson, owner of a large ranch a few miles south of this place, has tried his violin on coyotes with great success.

Peterson is considered by folks in this community as being an artist on the violin. He plays for all the country dances, and fills an important niche in a local orchestra. He has a local reputation of "making a fiddle talk."

After reading stories in the news papers of how animals and birds were attracted by music, he said to Mrs. Peterson: "I'll just try it on those pesky coyotes."

A few days later he and his son, Henry, sixteen years old, took a re posing rifle a large supply of ammu nition and a violin and repaired to a shed near the center of the 5,000 acre seed hill ranch.

Seating himself on a soap box in the doorway of the stable, and grasp ing his violin, Peterson began to play the ground out of the "Devil's Dream," "Fisher's Hornpipe," "When the Flow ers Bloom Again" and a dozen other similar airs. None of them brought the coyotes.

Peterson was a little skeptical and somewhat disgusted. Then he tried some of his best "ragtime." Hardly had he finished his first selection when there came a yelp from over a hill to the left, and a little later an answer ing yelp from the right, followed by still others from other directions.

Coyotes commenced to appear and in a few minutes the stable was encir cled by the animals, all sitting on their haunches, howling in unison, and evidently trying to keep time to the music.

Peterson sawed away on his instru ment, but not a coyote would come within the range of Harry's rifle. Then the fiddler decided to try something more plaintive. Dropping ragtime, he started to dish out "Home, Sweet Home."

Hardly had he struck a dozen notes when the circle of coyotes, like one corote, arose to their feet. They stopped howling and commenced to walk toward the stable.

By the time that Peterson had fin ished "Home, Sweet Home," the ani mals were within a quarter of a mile. When he stopped for a moment they also stopped. Again he played rag time, and the coyotes squatted upon their haunches and commenced to howl, apparently disgusted. They be gan to retreat.

But Peterson was equal to the oc casion and he quickly began to play "We Shall Meet to Miss Him" and "Where is My Wandering Boy To night?" The effect was like magic. Apparently electrified by the music, the coyotes snuffed the air, and, stig king a rapid gait, began to close in on the stable.

Harry began to shoot with unerring aim, and an animal, sometimes two or three of them, fell at each crack of the rifle. Animal after animal went down, but this did not seem to create any consternation among the pack. On they came, and from window to window the boy went, shooting at the advancing column, while his father kept on playing dreamy melodies. The

father laid down his bow. Immedi ately the unwounded coyotes fled for the hills.

An investigation showed that 95 ani mals had been killed, while nearly half that number were wounded so as to be easily put out of commission.

New Orleans, La.—A patient at the Charity hospital here has had sheep's bone transferred to his ar

row.

Chicago.—Public drinking cups are dangerous. They are excellent mediums for transmitting the germs of disease. Especially is this true in large and parochial schools, where a large number of children are com pelled to use the same cups, according to the health bureau.

Statistics show about one person out of sixty has tuberculosis, and among school children there always are those who have some of the communicable diseases in light form, and these un doubtedly are communicated by the use of the common cup.

So fully is this understood that several states have passed laws abol ishing the public drinking cup, and compelling railroads and public car riers to supply individual ones. The plan also has been advocated in schools, but the better and safer plan

is to be the installation of what are known as "bubbling" cups, with the water flowing over the rims all the time.

A cup used in a high school for sev eral months without having been washed was found to be lined inside with a thick brownish deposit. Under the microscope this deposit proved to be composed of particles of mud, thou sands of bits of dead skin, and mil lions of bacteria. Some of this sedi ment was injected under the skin of a healthy guinea pig, and 40 hours later the pig died. Examination afterward showed that pneumonia germs had caused death. A second guinea pig was inoculated with some of the sedi ment from the same cup and develop ed tuberculosis. Careful inquiry showed that several pupils in this school from which the cup was taken were then suffering from consumption.

An agitation is urged asking the school board to install the "bubbling" cups in all schools.

GIRL IN MAN'S CLOTHING FOUND WORKING AS BARBER

KNOWN AS JIMMIE, SHE WON PRAISE FOR HER SKILL WITH RAZOR.

Newark, N. J.—Persons who have been going regularly for the last few weeks to the barber shop of Sebastian Salano, in No. 615 Springfield avenue, this city, to get shaved and shamp ooned, got a surprise the other day when they learned the young man known to them as "Jimmie," whose chair they all sought because his touch with the razor was so light, was Mary de Marco, an Italian girl. Her hair had been cut short and she wore a tatty blue serge suit with such grace that her disguise was perfect and none suspected she was a woman masquerading in a man's clothes.

The young woman might have kept up her disguise for many weeks more



Working as a Man.

without Salano's customers being any the wiser had not the police got wind of the case and exposed the trick by arresting the barber and his girl as dastardly, whose skill with the razor was increasing his business daily. The police also arrested Albert Rosso, an other barber, of No. 215 Sixteenth avenue, who was implicated by the young woman.

The trio were arraigned before Magistrate Yull in the Fourth pre cinct court and there the story came out of how the young woman had been forced to work in the barber shops of both men. She told the magistrate she lived in Irvington, and made the acquaintance of Rosso through Sa lano. Two months ago Rosso invited her to go with him to Maplewood, she asserted. The young woman al leges she was drugged and when she regained her senses she discovered her hair had been cut off and she was dressed in a man's suit of clothes. She found herself in Rosso's barber shop, and when she asked him what had happened to her she alleges he told her he had cut off her hair and had burned her clothing.

She said she obeyed Rosso's instruc tions to work in the barber shop, and as she was familiar with the use of a razor she had little trouble in keep ing up the disguise. She got tired of the job and fled to Salano's place and begged him to help her. Meantime she still wore her disguise and shaved the men who came to Salano's place.

Magistrate Yull held Rosso in de fault of \$1,500 bail and Salano in \$500 bail. The young woman was held as a witness.

CASTS GEMS INTO QUICKSAND

Burglar Throws Away \$2,000 in Treas ure When Police Chase Him Into Swamp.

New York—Somewhere in a four-acre swamp which faces on Feather bed lane, an old Dutch thoroughfare in the outskirts of the Bronx, there is a parcel of silverware and jewelry valued at \$2,000. The valuables are working down through the mud and quick sand, and probably will never be re covered. The treasure was stolen by a burglar, who "jimmied" his way into the flat of a wealthy real estate oper ator.

The burglar had an easy time, be cause the family had gone out of the city for two days and the caretaker had a holiday. While he was at work, however, a woman saw him and called the police. The burglar heard her and fled.

The thief ran into the swamp and hid in the tall marsh grass. When the policeman found him fast in the quick sand his booty had disappeared. "I threw the stuff into the swamp," he said. "Nobody will ever get it."

Sprouts in Lad's Nose. Nashua, Ia.—O. B. Taylor's little son had to be taken to a specialist. I have a grain of corn removed from his nose. The boy had pushed it through his nostril some time ago and his parents supposed it had pas sed through into his throat, but a few days ago the boy began to have trouble with his nose and when taken to a specialist and examined it was found the kernel was still lodged there. It was removed, and when brought to light it was found to have sprouted.

JOHN BROWN PARK, OSAWATOMIE, KANSAS



JOHN BROWN'S CABIN - OSAWATOMIE, KAN.

OSAWATOMIE, Kan.—On the occasion of the dedication ceremonies at John Brown park, consequent upon its presentation to the state, Ex-President Roosevelt was guest of honor and the orator of the day. The principal objects of interest at the park are pictured. The monument over the grave of John Brown is the spot especially sought out by visitors to the historic ground. Thousands view the park and its objects of interest yearly

DOOM SMALL COIN

Proposed New Half-Cent Piece Would Be of No Aid.

Chicago Bankers and Business Men Deprecate Proposed Plan of New Yorker to Aid Americans—See No Advantage.

Chicago.—The American people do not have "half cent" tastes. They couldn't be educated to use anything smaller than a cent.

The dollar has spoiled the sense of proportion of the people of this country. All articles are sold on a cent ba sis, and people cannot lose something they never had.

These are some of the answers of Chicago bankers and business men to a statement given out in New York by William H. Short, a banker of that city, in which he urged the coinage of a two and a half cent piece by the United States government.

"The use of such a coin," asserted he, "would mean a saving of \$29,000, 000 yearly by the consumers."

"The absence of such a coin," con tinued the New York banker, "has resulted in the universal custom of sellers taking the half cent whenever a transaction does not result in even money."

He said he thought the public lost yearly from this cause "the approxi mate sum of \$29,000,000."

Here's what Chicago things of this financial question: George E. Roberts, director of the government mint before he became president of the recently merged Com mercial National bank, thought the American people too extravagant to appreciate a two and a half cent piece if they secured it.

"We have a one cent piece, and judg ing from the freedom with which the American people spend money, I don't think they could be educated to use a coin that would give them a smaller unit of exchange," said Mr. Roberts.

"In this country all our units are higher than they are in Europe. Our wages are better; our standard of liv ing is different. I can't see that we need a two and a half cent piece, be cause we have cents enough, and I don't think the proposed coin would be an advantage in trading."

Len Small, recently appointed United States sub-treasurer at Chi cago, declared over the long distance telephone from his home in Kankakee that he had never given thought to what would happen if we had a two and a half cent coin.

"But off hand," said he, "I would say that our present money takes care of the situation pretty well. I don't think such a coin would effect much of a saving."

Henry H. Hart, Chicago merchant, said he would have to give the mat ter consideration before expressing an opinion, but he believed the smaller re tailer would profit more under the present coinage system than does the larger store.

"I can see no advantage of such a coin," he added.

"The mere coinage of a two and a

Danger in School Dipper

Sediment in Drinking Cup Injected into Pig Kills Animal—Milk Supply is Safer.

Chicago.—Public drinking cups are dangerous. They are excellent mediums for transmitting the germs of disease. Especially is this true in large and parochial schools, where a large number of children are com pelled to use the same cups, according to the health bureau.

Statistics show about one person out of sixty has tuberculosis, and among school children there always are those who have some of the communicable diseases in light form, and these un doubtedly are communicated by the use of the common cup.

So fully is this understood that several states have passed laws abol ishing the public drinking cup, and compelling railroads and public car riers to supply individual ones. The plan also has been advocated in schools, but the better and safer plan

ARE YOUR KIDNEYS WELL?

The kidney secretions tell if disease is lurking in the system. Too fre quent or scanty urination, discolored urine, lack of control at night, indi cate that the kidneys are disor dered. Doan's Kidney Pills cure sick kidneys.

J. F. Haynie, 7th St., Forest Grove, Ore., says: "Doan's Kidney Pills saved my life. I was in bed for weeks, passed blood and was in terrible condition. Doan's Kidney Pills removed my trouble and I have not had an attack for over a year."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Enemies. Apropos of the empty, now happily buried, tent used to exist between Minneapolis and St. Paul, Senator Clapp said at a dinner in the former city: "I remember an address on careless building that I once heard in Min neapolis."

"Why," said the speaker in the course of this address, "one inhabitant of St. Paul is killed by accident in the streets every 48 hours."

"A bitter voice from the rear of the hall interrupted: "Well, it ain't enough," it said."

Important to Mothers. Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fitcher*. In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Remarkable Young Lady. From a feuilleton: "Her voice was low and soft; but once again, as Janet Fenn withdrew from the room and closed the door after her, the Bendish gleam came into her odorless eyes."

If we hear any more of Janet we will let you know.—Punch.

Good for Sore Eyes. For 100 years PETTIT'S EYE SALVE has positively cured eye diseases everywhere. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

We reduce life to the pettiness of our daily living; we should exact our living to the grandeur of life.—Phillips Brooks.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, cures colic, cures wind colic. In Use For Over 30 Years.

Keep your face always toward the sunshine, and the shadows will fall behind you.—M. B. Whitman.

Lewis' Single Binder cigar. Original Tin Foil Smoker Package. 5c straight.

The gentleman exists to help; he has no other vocation.—T. T. Munger.

AFTER DOCTORS FAILED

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegeta ble Compound Cured Her

Knoxville, Iowa.—"I suffered with pains low down in my right side for a year or more and was so weak and nervous that I could not do my work. I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegeta ble Compound and Liver Pills, and am glad to say that your medicines and kind letters of di rections have done more for me than anything else and I had the best phy sicians here. I can do my work and rest well at night. I believe there is nothing like the Pinkham remedies."

Mrs. CLARA FRANKS, R. F. D., No. 3, Knoxville, Iowa.

The success of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made from roots and herbs, is unparalleled. It may be used with perfect confidence by women who suffer from displacements, inflam mation, ulceration, fibroid tumors, ir regularities, periodic pains, backache, bearing-down feeling, flatulency, indiges tion, dizziness, or nervous prostration.

For thirty years Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has been the standard remedy for female ills, and suffering women owe it to themselves to at least give this medicine a trial. Proof is abundant that it has cured thousands of others, and why should it not cure you?

If you want special advice write Mrs. Pinkham, Lynn, Mass., for it. It is free and always helpful.

Make the Liver Do its Duty

Nine times in ten when the liver is right the stomach and bowels are right. CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS gently but firmly compel a lazy liver to do its duty.

Cure Constipation, Indigestion, Sick Headache, and Distress after Eating. Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price. Genuine makes Signature.

The best investment possible is a Gillette.

PAIR'S HAIR BALM. Promotes & maintains the hair. It is the only hair dressing that does not contain any of the following: Lead, Mercury, or any other poisonous substance.