

LOUP CITY NORTHWESTERN

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NUMBER 2

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

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The Drayman
Phone 7 on 59
Asks Your Patronage

FOR A
Pleasant Evening
Call on Pratt at South Side
Pool and Billiard Parlors
Fixtures New and Up-to-Date
S. A. PRATT - Proprietor

For Sale!



FROM THE
LOUP VALLEY HERD
OF
Poland Chipas

Spring and Fall Boars. Brood Sow
Sale January 16th, 1907.

H. J. JOHANSEN,

Road Notice,
(Holmes Road)

The commissioner appointed to view and locate a road commencing at the southwest corner of Section eight (8), Township thirteen (13), Range fourteen (14) and run thence north on Section line two miles between Section seven (7) and eight (8), line (5) and six (6), and thence east at northwest corner of Section five (5), Township thirteen (13) north Range fourteen (14), has reported in favor of the establishment of the same, and all claimants damages or objections thereto must be filed in the office of the county clerk on or before the 30th day of January, A. D. 1908, or said road will be established without reference thereto.
Dated this 25th day of November, A. D. 1907.
C. F. HILSHAUBER, County Clerk.

Hydraulic Wells.
I wish to inform the people of Loup City, adjoining towns and counties that I am prepared to put down hydraulic wells, also repair wells and give satisfaction. Phone 5 on 12.
C. B. HAINES.

THE NORTHWESTERN

TERMS:—\$1.00 PER YEAR, IF PAID IN ADVANCE
Entered at the Loup City Postoffice for transmission through the mails as second class matter.

Office Phone, - - - 6 on 108
Residence Phone, - 2 on 108

J. W. BURLEIGH, Ed. and Pub.

More than half of this country is now under prohibition laws of some sort, and the "temperance wave" has just got to doing good. No wonder the makers of the "stuff" are getting "skereed."—Fremont Tribune.

Sherman county's alfalfa crop for this season, compiled by the State Labor Bureau, is as follows: Acreage, 7,930; average yield per acre, 3.1 tons; production, 24,583 tons; value, \$196,664. Paste this in your scrap book.

The sentiment that Roosevelt must be drafted into the Republican candidate for President next fall is gaining such momentum as the days come and go that it begins to look as tho' the President will have to accept.

The Commercial Bank at Grand Island re-opened its doors last week and word comes from the bank officials that perfect confidence has resulted, the withdrawals being insignificant, while the deposits continue to grow in a most satisfactory manner.

Bellevue College seems to have the champion football team of all the inter-state colleges. Last week their football team, with Jess Marvel in charge, defeated Hastings by a score of 45 to 0. Yesterday, Bellevue was to play Peru, but the final championship game of the season.

Through the Northwestern, you can secure the Daily State Journal for 1908 for the small sum of \$3 for the entire year, or you can get the daily with Sunday added for \$4 till Jan. 1, 1909. These figures are good only for the week Dec. 21 to 28. If you want the Daily State Journal, send or bring in your names and money to the Northwestern any time before Dec. 28, and we will secure the daily for you at those figures.

This financial flurry does not scare the average newspaper man. They are not afraid of any old panic that comes down the pike. They usually have nothing in the bank but a red ink balance. If they have a pair of socks they are on their feet and they can't use them for a safety deposit vault. If they have any profit coming it is always on the book in the way of unpaid subscription, and if they lose it that is just what they expected.—Stolen.

Is it not about time that the ancient and demonaical custom of chivaring recently married couples was done away with? Of all barbaric, unseemly and hideous customs handed down from the past, this is a little the worst and most uncalled for. Now, we do not for one moment believe our objection thereto will be of any effect, unless, indeed, the official powers that be also enter protest, backed up by official authority, yet for all it should be stopped. It may not seem so outrageous when confined to and indulged in by small boys, but when adults are in it, the matter becomes little less than disgusting. Civilized communities should not allow it.

The editor has just received a letter from his son, Frank W. Burleigh, who is stationed at Fortress Monroe, Virginia, in the Coast Artillery, that he has been promoted to a non-commissioned officer, with rank of corporal. For the past year he has been musician in his company. His recognition by his commanding officer is very pleasing to the boy and makes our father-heart beat with a little more pride and an inward prayer for his success. His time will be out on the 12th of next March, when he expects to return home to stay, feeling that he has had enough of army experience. He hopes to be able to cast his first vote this coming November for Theodore Roosevelt for President.

The question of the hour seems to be that of temperance. The dailies, the weeklies and the magazines of the country note that there is an immense temperance wave sweeping over the country, making that subject not even second to any other before the people today. In accordance with this, the Northwestern reprints not a little this week from other newspapers, showing the feeling and sentiment prevailing and growing with a phenomenal growth. This we shall do from week to week as the matter spreads and becomes a matter of most potent interest. That the saloons must go within a few years, one cannot but see clearly from the growing sentiment, and the prediction is confidently made by those most familiar with the subject that within a few years, at most not exceeding a quarter of a century, the legalized saloon will become a thing of the past.

How Liquor Organs View Liquor Interests

(From the New York Sun.)

Though the prediction is made by Chairman Jones of the prohibition party that the liquor traffic would be an important issue in the next national campaign seems visionary to many persons, the political situation of the saloon is causing much anxiety in the trade. In all the publications devoted to wine, beer and spirit interests the progressive restrictions to which the saloon men are being subjected are being discussed gravely, and the warning is given that unless there is reform in the management of drinking places laws will undoubtedly be enacted under which the business will suffer severely. Bonfort's Wine and Spirit circular, in its last number, prints the report of the executive committee of the New York wholesale liquor dealers' association, which said:

"Prohibition is the most serious question which confronts you today. Pure food questions, internal revenue questions, all deal with the manner in which your merchandise should be sold. The critical and impending question, however, which confronts you is not how you shall sell or brand your product, but whether you are to be allowed to sell it at all; not whether there shall be certain legislation regarding your business, but whether you are to be legislated out of business."

The association put itself on record in a set of resolutions setting forth its "principles and beliefs," as follows:

"We believe that our business should be so regulated by legislation that those few dealers who by persistent violation of the law contrive to bring upon our business odium and criticism may be denied the privilege of further continuing in the business."

"We believe that the dealer who violates the law is the greatest menace to the welfare of our business and the most serious obstacle to its establishment on a plane merited by the general character of the great majority of those engaged therein."

"We believe that the burden is upon those engaged in the industry so to purge it of its attendant evils that it will no longer be subject to attacks and criticism of those who are seeking to uplift the moral tone."

In tone and matter these resolutions show a complete change in the attitude of the liquor trade toward legislation from that it assumed only five years ago. Within a comparatively brief period the liquor manufacturers and sellers were violently opposed to legislation affecting their traffic. In its "Investors Department's" the Circular, after repeating its frequently made assertion that "the great conservative element in society has placed the onus of the law generally been conducted, under condemnation," and declaring that the wholesale dealers and manufacturers did not do their share to rehabilitate the trade, says: "This is all wrong and it must not be in the future, or we are destined to the condition of outlawry, with all property confiscated in not only the south, but the west, and perchance in every state in the union. To win in this fight, which has waxed so fierce and which grows more determined each day, we must bring every distiller, brewer, wine maker, wholesaler, importer, retailer, maker, mixer, bottle manufacturer and all of the retailers who favor reform into one compact organization, and we must use this organization as a factor in society to urge and if possible to compel such reform as is demanded, and properly, in the interest of the great conservative element of the country."

It is plain that the prohibition campaign is not looked on as a joke by the men most intimately concerned. The successes of the anti-saloon advocates have been too many and too notable to be the subject of jest.

"As it is in the South."
Alabama is the sixth state in the union to prohibit the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors. North Carolina, it is predicted, following Georgia, Oklahoma and Alabama within the same year, will make the seventh. From 35 per cent of its territory North Carolina has already barred the saloon by local option. South of the Mason and Dixon line, with the exception of Maryland and Delaware, the sale of liquor is confined to a few large cities and towns. Thirty-three million people in the United States today live in officially "dry" territory, where as in 1870 only three and a half million had pledged themselves about by local prohibitory statutes.

Against this showing there is, for the temperance people, the discouraging fact that the federal revenue reports show a steadily increasing per capita consumption of each of malt liquors, wines and distilled spirits, which combined amounted to 22.27 gallons in 1906, as compared with 12.66 gallons in 1884. No doubt much of this increase is due to the growth in population and to the arrival, daily, of thousands of foreigners, whose views of temperance are not so pronounced as those of the more thoroughly Americanized sections of the country. The discrepancy affords at any rate, a subject for interesting speculation.—Lincoln Daily Star.

A story is told of a cashier of a certain bank as follows: After considerable trouble, a few days ago, a customer succeeded in being allowed to draw \$100 of his deposit. In the bank and it was paid in one new crisp bill. When he reached his desk at the office he found the cashier had given him two \$100 bills. They had stuck together. The customer phoned the bank of the error and the cashier responding, said, "You'll bring it back, of course." "No, by a thundering sight," said the customer. "I'll send my boy over with a check for it."—Exchange.

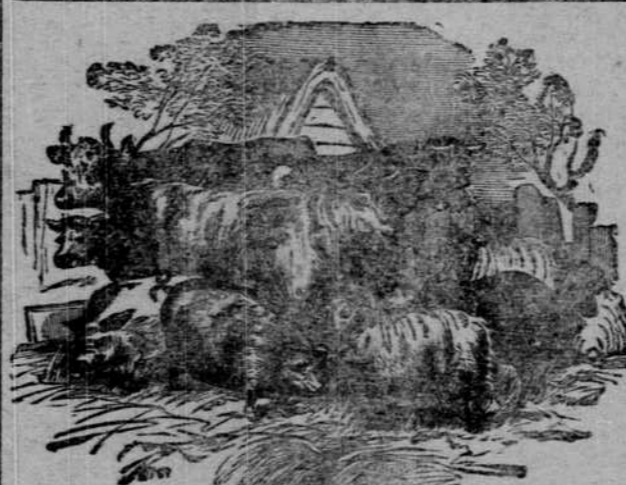
CONGER'S SALE!

I will sell at Public Auction at Round Grove, 3 miles of Loup city, Neb., on
Wednesday, Dec. 4
Commencing at 10 a. m., sharp.

17 Months Stud Colt
Finest young Stallion ever seen in this part of this country, on which \$5 will be paid to person guessing nearest his weight on day of sale. Also

25 Head of Horses

Consisting of Driving Horses, Draft Horses, Brood Mares, etc.



35 Head of Cattle

3 Red Durham Bulls, Steers, Heifers and the finest bunch of Milch Cows.

50 HOGS

Farm Machinery, Etc.

50 to 100 Chickens and Turkeys. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock. Free Lunch at Noon. Terms, Nine months on sums over \$10, purchaser giving bankable note drawing 10 per cent interest.

H. S. CONGER, Owner.
J. T. HALE, Auctioneer. W. F. Mason, Clerk

The Real Issue.

The Albion (Neb.) Argus is of the opinion the real issue at the next election will be the saloon business, and, in support of its belief, publishes the following:

The election is past for this year. It is no use to chew over the past. The future is what now concerns us. What will be the issues? If we are not mightily mistaken the issue will be the echo by the loyal sons of democracy and we opine the shout has not yet ceased ringing to the farthest borders of the state. A blind man can see the wave of popular indignation against the saloon business that is sweeping over the land and if the dems are wise they will accept the inevitable, champion the issue and ride in on it to fame and glory. If they don't we guarantee that the republic will be bright enough to do it.

An exchange of ours has a poser. It tells of a banker who found a ten dollar bill on the sidewalk as he was going to dinner. He took it home and found a ten dollar bill awaiting him. He gave the bill to his wife to pay the butcher. The butcher handed the bill to the farmer in payment for a calf. The farmer in turn paid it to a merchant, who paid it to a washerwoman, who, owing a ten dollar note at the bank, handed it in to the banker and paid her note with it. The banker afterwards recognized the bill as the one he had found at noon, and, examining it, discovered it to be counterfeit. Now, remarks our exchange, the bill having paid fifty dollars of debts, unless the banker passed the counterfeit, in that case he gained ten dollars and a guilty conscience—if he had any conscience about him.

Truth Beats Fiction.

A startling story comes from Anselmo, Custer county, the truth of which is vouched for by Mr. Frank Britton's daughter, who recently visited in Ravenna. On a farm near Anselmo, on which Mr. Britton formerly resided, there is an old fashioned well, curbed with a wooden casing. The family now living on the farm have a baby only two or three years of age, and one day recently the child was missed, and after a search of the premises, the cries of the child were heard issuing from the depths of the well, it having fallen feet foremost to a depth of more than forty feet, when its clothing caught on a splinter in the curb and held it from going further down. The child's father, who was working in a field at some distance from the house was hurriedly summoned, and upon his arrival they gathered all the lariat ropes and halters about the place and tied them together, making a line long enough to reach the child in the well. A nose was made in one end and lowered to the child, and it was instructed to fasten the rope about its arms or body. Although the child was scarcely old enough to talk, it seemed to comprehend what was wanted, and followed instructions as regards the fastening of the rope and was safely drawn out of the well, practically unharmed.—Ravenna News.

The Wymore Wymorean overheard two farmers talking on the subject of calling their hogs to eat. One said his wife had always called them and that they would not come for him. He was puzzled over what he would do if his wife should die. The other man told how he had used a peculiar call that the hogs responded to nicely until a few years ago when he lost his voice. He said that he trained them to come to eat when he pounded on a box with a stick. The plan worked all right for a while, but now the woodpeckers are running his darn fool hogs to death.

Bargains

Offered

THIS WEEK

- Loup City Flour, per sack, - - \$1.30 and \$1.40
- Old Times Steel-Cut Coffee, per pound, - .30
- Old Times Buckwheat Flour, 10-lb. sack, - .50
- Advo Pancake Flour, 6 lbs., - - - .25
- Advo Maple Syrup, per quart, - - - .40
- Two Gans of Pears for - - - .25
- Two Quarts of Cranberries for - - - .25
- J. M. Hominy, per can, - - - .10
- J. M. Pumpkin, per can, - - - .10
- Canned Peaches per can, - - 18c, 2 for .35
- Husking Mittens, per dozen, - - - .40
- Good Comforts, each, - - - 75c to 1.00
- Men's Overshoes, per pair, - - - 1.25

C. G. Cooper

J. I. DEPEW
Blacksmith & Wagon Maker.
My shop is the largest and best equipped north of the Platte River I have a four horse engine and a complete line of the latest improved machinery, also a force of experienced men who know how to operate it and turn out a job with neatness and dispatch.
MY PRICES ARE REASONABLE AND PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN TO ALL CUSTOMERS

KEYSTONE LUMBER CO.

Have a complete line of the following coals:
Cannon City Lump and Nut, Rock Springs Lump and Nut, Hanna Lump and Egg, Mor arch Lump and Eastern and Western Anthracite. We also offer 20 tons of screened coal at \$2 per ton, where the purchaser takes a ton at one time.

GRAIN, COAL AND HOGS

BOUGHT AT THE
B. & M. ELEVATORS
MCALPINE, LOUP CITY, SCHAUPP SIDING, ASHTON AND FARWELL.

Coal for Sale at Loup City and Ashton. Will Buy HOGS AT SCHAUPP SIDING AND FARWELL
Call and see our coal and get prices on grain.

E. G. TAYLOR

High Grade Organ

Manufactured by the
Kimball Organ Company

At Factory Prices

Delivered in your town.

You Pay \$5 Cash and \$1 Per Week
50 Per Cent Off on Retail Prices

Ask for Catalogue and Prices of the Factory Distributors,
M. ROSPE CO.,
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