

# PAPER ON HARRIMAN

## UNION PACIFIC OWNERSHIP OF RAILROADS ANALYZED.

### EXPRESSION OF COMMISSION

An Exhaustive Summary of Evidence Adduced by Commissions' Rigid Inquiry.

Washington—A report was made public today by the Interstate Commerce commission of its inquiry into railroad operations of the so-called Harriman lines of railways which has been in progress for several months. The report, which was written by Commissioner Franklin K. Lane, is the unanimous expression of the commission on the subject. Copies of the report have been transmitted to President Roosevelt and the Department of Justice. It is expected by the commission that it will be determined by the president and Attorney General Bonaparte from the statement set out in the report whether the government will institute any sort of proceedings against Mr. Harriman or the corporations involved in the inquiry. No recommendations are made by the commission that either criminal or civil prosecutions be instituted as a result of its inquiry.

The report is an exhaustive summary of the evidence adduced at the several hearings held by the commission in the course of its inquiry. It enters fully into a discussion of the policy pursued by Mr. Harriman in obtaining and maintaining control of the various lines of railway in the Harriman system, and presents a fairly complete history of the operations of the various lines. It opens by stating that the investigation was made by the commission on its own initiative and gives the places where hearings were held. The report then says:

"Within three years after the reorganization of the Union Pacific Railroad company in 1897 Mr. Edward H. Harriman became the dominating spirit in that corporation. As chairman of the executive committee, he exercises powers that are well-nigh absolute. The directors have delegated their power to manage and direct all the business and affairs of the company to an executive committee of five members, who shall act in such manner as such committee shall deem best for the company's interest in all cases in which specific directions shall not have been given by the board, and in turn the chairman of the executive committee is authorized to represent that body when it is not in session. Accordingly we find that in 1902 Mr. Harriman was authorized to borrow such sums of money as may be required for the use of this company, and to execute in the name and on behalf of this company a note or notes for the amounts so borrowed."

### GARFIELD BUSY IN THE WEST.

Investigating Numerous Questions of Interest to This Section.

Portland, Ore.—Accompanied by a large corps of assistants and heads of departments, Secretary of the Interior James R. Garfield arrived in Portland and immediately began gathering data which the secretary desires. The subjects under investigation are: The fuel supply, the transportation problem, the conservation of forests and water supply, the increase of reclamation projects, the correction existing evils and abuses in public land offices, the subject of creation of future forest reserves and the development of latent energy of water courses for utilization in industries.

### DENIAL COMES FROM JAPAN.

No Military Spies in United States Now or at Any Other Time.

Tokyo—General Terauchi, the minister of war, in an interview contradicting the reported arrest of a Japanese spy at San Diego, Cal., said: "There are no Japanese military officers in America except military attaches. The war office," he emphatically declared, "has never instructed any officer or amateur spy to examine American forts."

### Cleveland Resting at Home.

Princeton, N. J.—Former President Grover Cleveland is resting at his home in this city, recuperating from his recent illness. Mr. Cleveland has not yet decided when he will leave Princeton to join his family in Tamworth, N. H., for the summer vacation.

### Attempted Assassination.

Paris—The national fete day was marred by a dastardly attempt on the life of President Fallieres by Leon Malle, a naval reservist of Havre, who, it is believed, is suffering from the mania of persecution. Malle fired two shots at the president, but did not hit him.

### Anarchy is on Decline.

Milan—The well-known Italian anarchist leader, Saverio Merlino, who was once imprisoned and went to live abroad, was interviewed on the anarchist convention at Luxembourg. He said that he believes that anarchism is nearing its end. It has lost all of its importance, having partly blended with socialism, while the part of it which represents Utopia was recognized as such and consequently forsaken. The anarchist federations still existing, he declares, live merely because of tradition.

### Evading Immigration Laws.

Honolulu—The steamer Kumeric, with 1,200 Japanese passengers, is ready to sail for Vancouver, B. C. The charterer, M. Ariyama, has deposited \$5 for each passenger with the ship's agents to comply with the Canadian immigration law.

### Denies All Orchard's Charges.

Boise, Idaho—William D. Hayward took oath, a witness in his own defense, denied guilt of the murder of Frank Steenberg and the manifold charges against him by Harry Orchard.

### CALLS ON THE PRESIDENT.

Japanese Admiral Lunches With Chief Executive.

Oyster Bay, L. I.—The highest official courtesy that could be extended Admiral Baron Yamamoto during his visit to the United States took place Friday, when President Roosevelt entertained the Japanese admiral as his guest of honor at a luncheon served at 1 o'clock at Sagamore hill. Viscount Aoki, the Japanese ambassador, and personal representative of the emperor, shared in the cordiality extended to the Japanese nation as did Captain Mote Kondo, inspector of naval construction of the Japanese navy, and a member of Admiral Yamamoto's suite. Assisting the president and Mrs. Roosevelt in the entertaining of the distinguished visitors were Assistant Secretary of State Parsons, Representative Herbert Parsons of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Morgan, also of New York.

The guests arrived at Oyster Bay shortly after noon and were conveyed at once to the Sagamore hill home in the Roosevelt automobile. Members of the Japanese party whom the president entertained at luncheon returned to New York at 3 o'clock. Ambassador Aoki, who is aboard the special car, remarked that neither he nor the admiral had time to make any statement regarding their visit to the president.

An official announcement of a "thoroughly good understanding and fundamental friendliness" between the United States and Japan was issued by President Roosevelt through Secretary Loeb after the departure of Admiral Yamamoto and Ambassador Aoki from Sagamore Hill. The statement follows:

"The president had a long interview with Admiral Baron Yamamoto and it was satisfactory in every way. It confirms what has already been made clear by Ambassador Aoki, the thoroughly good understanding between the two governments and the fundamental friendliness between the two nations."

### COAL PILES MOUNTAIN HIGH.

Union Pacific Prepares for Possible Fuel Famine.

Omaha—"The Union Pacific now has \$212,000 tons of coal stored, most of which came from the mines of Illinois, Missouri, Kansas and Colorado, and only part of the Wyoming division is supplied by our mines," said General Manager Mohler of the Union Pacific. It is estimated that no less than 500,000 tons will be stored along the Union Pacific before fall, so that when the crisis comes this winter, as railroad men assert it is sure to come, the company will be in a position to keep its trains moving without making extraordinary demands on the lines.

### Dealers Look for Big Crop.

Nebraska City.—At a meeting of the Nebraska Grain Dealers' association, composed of those who own elevators on the Missouri Pacific railroad in this vicinity, held in this city, it developed that the yield of wheat promises to be much larger than anticipated. The men discussed plans to secure cars, so there would not be the usual congestion and shortage. They also said that the corn prospects were exceptionally bright and the indications were that there would be a large yield.

### CHICAGO PACKERS GIVE UP.

Agree to "Sealed Package" Plan of Assuming Risk.

Chicago—The "sealed package" system of buying cattle at the Chicago stock yards was adopted as a compromise at a meeting between representatives of the Chicago Live Stock exchange and the packers. Negotiations have been pending for several weeks between the commission men and the packers and no agreement could be reached on any other basis.

### Japanese Caught Spying.

San Diego Cal.—It is learned from trustworthy source, that in addition to the Japanese detected in making sketches at Fort Rosecrans, a few days ago, another was arrested in the fort, for having a blue-print of the works in his possession. This latter Japanese was employed as a servant at the fort. He is a man of superior attainments. In his room was found a standard work on engineering. The blue-print was well drawn and showed much mechanical skill, but was not completed.

### One Escapes Gallows.

Lincoln, Neb.—The death sentence of Jay O'Hearn has been reduced to life imprisonment; the death sentence of Harrison Clarke, charged with the murder of Joseph Fleury, has been affirmed by the supreme court and his execution set for Friday, August 30. The cases are all from Douglas county.

### Six Drown at Jamestown.

Jamestown, N. Y.—Six people were drowned eleven miles south of here. Nine people had taken a gasoline launch on the Conewago river, which was very high owing to rains. The boat was swept over a dam and six people drowned.

### Filipino Differences End.

Washington—An agreement has been reached between the secretary of war and the representatives of the Catholic church in the Philippines regarding a number of important matters of controversy which will obviate the necessity of prolonged threatening vexatious litigations. Regarding the laicized properties, the agreement provides that the Roman Catholic church, through the archbishop of Manila, shall possess in absolute title the land and property pertaining to the San Jose and other hospitals.

### Bryan on War Talk.

Carthage, Mo.—"Japan does not want to make war on the United States," said William J. Bryan in an interview. "Of course," he continued, "there is a lot of jingoism in this Japan war talk and the hurrying of a fleet of warships to the Pacific coast. To my mind the object is not to repel an expected attack of the Japanese, but that the talk is being done by some alleged statesmen at Washington to influence congress to make a big naval extension appropriation."

# FIVE YEARS IN PEN

## SENTENCE PRONOUNCED ON SAN FRANCISCO'S MAYOR.

### IT IS GREETED WITH CHEERS

One of the Most Dramatic Scenes Ever Witnessed in the Courts of San Francisco.

San Francisco—The sentencing of Mayor Schmitz to five years in San Quentin prison for extorting and the commencement and partial completion of the selection of a jury to try Vice President Louis Glass of the Pacific States Telephone and Telegraph company on the first of ten charges of bribing supervisors were the features of Monday in the bribery and graft proceedings.

The sentencing of Schmitz was one of the most dramatic scenes ever witnessed in a court. Hats were thrown in the air, arms were waved and there was such an unrestrained clatter of applause that the balliff pounding for order could not be heard. In Judge Lawlor's court six of the twelve jurors to try Vice President Glass were finally selected and sworn, after the prosecution had used two peremptory challenges and the defense four. To the former three arbitrary challenges remain, and to the latter six. There was a complete absence of the spirit of bickering that distinguished the Reef and Schmitz trials.

In all eighteen veniremen were examined during the day. Twelve of these qualified as jurors.

Judge Dunne inquired of Mr. Langdon whether it was his present intention to proceed with the trial of the other four extortion cases against Schmitz. The district attorney replied that there were many other graft cases on the calendar and that he was unable to say at this time whether the four extortion cases would be pressed or not, "but," he concluded, "the counsel has no objection to the passing of sentence at this time."

"Under ordinary circumstances," said Judge Dunne, "where a defendant has been indicted on a number of accusations and only one of them has been tried, the others remaining open for trial, I think it would be very poor practice to pronounce judgment upon the first conviction. But if the district attorney has, as he says, no objection to the imposition of judgment at this time I shall, of course, pass sentence. Eugene E. Schmitz stand up."

The judge then proceeded to pass sentence of five years in the penitentiary.

### NO DEAL MADE WITH MEXICO.

Stories About Purchase of Lower California Not True.

Washington.—The Mexican ambassador, through Mr. Landa, secretary in charge of the office at Washington, said:

"There is not one word of truth in the statement published by the press about negotiations between Mexico and the United States for the sale of Magdalena bay and lower California. The subject has never been mentioned by the state department to the Mexican ambassador and besides there is not one inch of Mexican territory that could be purchased at any price under any consideration."

### RATE FOR HARVEST HANDS.

Union Pacific, Burlington and Missouri Pacific Will Help.

Topeka, Kas.—Governor Hoch received replies from the Missouri Pacific, Rock Island, Burlington and Union Pacific railroads concerning the establishment of a 1-cent rate for parties of five or more on one ticket from Chicago and intermediate points to the Kansas wheat fields, and all but the Rock Island's reply were favorable. The Rock Island contends that the farmers east of the Missouri river need men as badly as do the Kansas farmers.

### Dr. Blumer Will Not Act.

Providence, R. I.—Dr. G. Alder Blumer of the staff of the Butler insane hospital, and said to be one of the best known experts in mental diseases in Rhode Island, has declined to act as one of the comasters in the examination to determine the competency of Mrs. Mary Baker G. Eddy, the Christian Science leader, whose property and condition are at present the subject of a lawsuit brought by her "next friends" against several prominent members of the Christian Science denomination.

### Baldwin Goes to Alaska.

Seattle, Wash.—H. F. Baldwin, formerly chief engineer for the Chicago & Alton, has been appointed chief engineer of the Oregon & Washington to succeed E. C. Hawkins, who sails for Katala, Alaska, July 14 to take charge of construction work on the Morgan and Guggenheim road building into the Copper river and Yukon country.

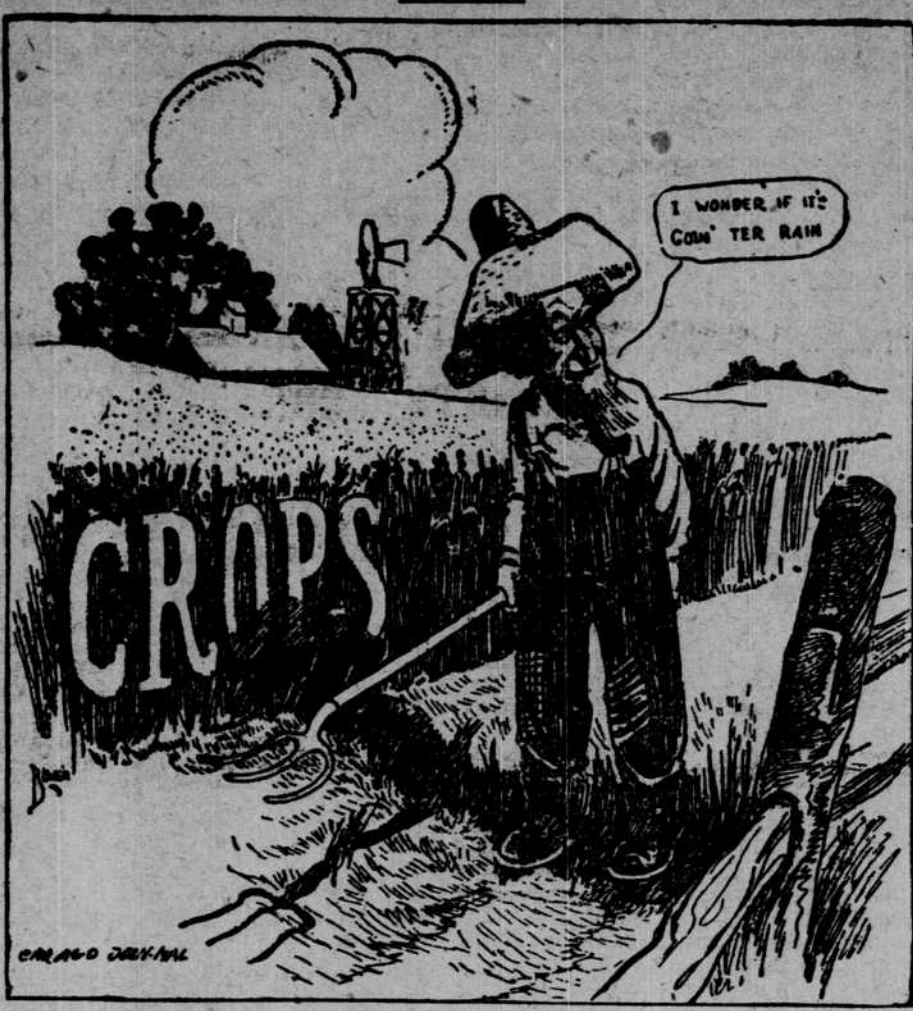
### Shakeup in New York.

New York—Mayor McClellan on Monday shook up the city administration, removing one official, accepting the resignation of a second and demanding the resignation of a third. Corporation Counsel William B. Ellison was summarily dismissed, the mayor giving as his reason for his action the fact that complete confidence had not existed between them for some time. McDonough Craven, commissioner of street cleaning, offered his resignation to the mayor and it was accepted.

### Copple Murderer Pleads Guilty.

Pender, Neb.—Noris P. Higgins, the Copple murderer, was brought here from Omaha on Monday morning's train by Sheriff Young. He was driven immediately to Justice Downs' office where he admitted the crime of murder in the first degree charged in the complaint, which had been filed by County Attorney Hiram Chase. Higgins waived examination in this court and was bound over to appear in district court which will convene in October. The prisoner was returned to Omaha.

### MORE IMPORTANT THAN TRUST PROSECUTION.



### LOWER COURT VERDICT UPHELD

REV. WARE MUST PAY FINE AND SERVE JAIL TIME.

Federal Court of Appeals Affirms Decision of the Federal Court of Nebraska.

St. Paul, Minn.—The federal circuit court of appeals has affirmed the decision of the federal court of Nebraska, which convicted George G. Ware of fraudulent land entries.

Rev. George G. Ware, president of the U. B. I. Land and Cattle company, was jointly indicted with Frank W. Lambert and Harry Welsh in November, 1905, by the federal grand jury at Omaha for conspiracy to defraud the United States out of the use, possession and title to large tracts of land in Hooker and Thomas counties, Nebraska, by means of false, fraudulent and fictitious entries, and for subornation of perjury.

Lambert and Welsh pleaded guilty to the indictment and Welsh was sentenced to six months' imprisonment in the Douglas county jail, and to pay a fine of \$500. Lambert was never sentenced, but was placed under heavy bonds and appeared as the principal witness at the trial of Ware in February, 1906. The trial lasted fourteen days, resulting in a verdict against Ware. His attorneys were T. J. Mahoney of Omaha and A. J. Frawley of Deadwood, S. D. They at once filed a motion for a new trial and the argument on the motion was heard in March, 1906, and was denied by Judge W. H. Munger, before whom the case was tried, with Special Assistant United States District Attorney S. R. Rush as the principal attorney for the government, assisted by Assistant District Attorney A. W. Lane. Immediately upon the denial of the motion for a new trial Judge Munger passed sentence upon Rev. George G. Ware, the judgment being that he should pay a fine of \$1,000 and be confined in the Douglas county jail for the period of one year.

One of the most dramatic scenes ever happening in the federal court took place at this moment, when Rev. Dean George A. Beecher of Omaha asked permission to address the court, and with his voice trembling with emotion asked the court that he might be permitted to serve the sentence of imprisonment for Mr. Ware, as he believed, notwithstanding the formal verdict of the jury, that Mr. Ware was guilty of an intentional wrongdoing. The court, of course, could not grant the Pythian request of Dean Beecher. However, notice was at once given of an appeal to the circuit court of appeals and this appeal has been pending since.

### NO ISSUE WITH JAPANESE.

Two Oriental Statesmen Deny Magnifying Minor Incidents.

New York—Two distinguished Japanese took occasion to declare in no uncertain terms that there were no unfriendly issues between the United States and Japan and to deny the undue importance attributed by some to trivial incidents. The champions of peace and friendship between the two countries were Admiral Baron Yamamoto, a guest of the city, and Viscount Aoki, the Japanese ambassador, who came here to attend the reception and luncheon given by the Japanese Society of America in honor of Admiral Yamamoto.

### Armour Ice Plant Burns.

Las Vegas, Nev.—The Armour Packing company's \$125,000 ice plant, with 1,500 tons of ice, was totally destroyed by fire Thursday.

### Pennsylvania Fights Act.

Philadelphia—President McCrea of the Pennsylvania railroad was the principal witness in the equity proceeding instituted by that company against the city and county of Philadelphia to restrain enforcement of the 2-cent railroad fare law passed by the last legislature. The law goes into effect October 1 and provides a penalty of \$1,000 for each violation. Other railroads have begun similar actions and proceedings are regarded as a test case. Railroads say 2-cent rate is unreasonable.

### France Far From Pleased.

Paris—The French government has made its examination of the tariff agreement between France and the United States, which Ambassador Jusserand brought to Paris and the impression created is decidedly unfavorable. The proposals are being considered, but it is too early to indicate the nature of the counter proposals that France will make. It is almost certain that France will conclude that the tariff concessions asked for by the United States are entirely out of proportion to what she offers.

### Bridge Man is Drowned.

Chamberlain, S. D.—S. Jensen, a member of the Milwaukee railroad bridge gang, was drowned in the Missouri river here. Foreman Fitzgerald was thrown into the water at the same time, but was saved.

### Workman Electrocutd.

Council Bluffs, Ia.—Richard D. Gainer, an electrician employed by the Citizens' Gas and Electric company, was electrocuted by coming in contact with an electric light wire while working at the top of a pole.

### THE TALK OF WAR IS WILD.

Secretary Metcalf Very Much Deprecates the Same.

Oakland, Cal.—Secretary of War Metcalf deprecates the warlike aspect that has been given the order for the cruise of the great battleship squadron from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast. The secretary said Tuesday night that the proposed movement was that of a practice cruise and that the fleet would not be kept in the Pacific permanently. He declared that the length of time that the fleet would remain on the western side of the continent had not been decided.

With considerable emphasis the secretary voiced his opinion that the warlike interpretation that had been made in connection with the fleet's movement was not justified by the facts. In fact, the widely published reports suggesting hostile preparations seem to be a source of irritation for the head of the navy. He said:

"The fleet which was moved from the Atlantic to the Pacific this winter is coming to this side merely on a practice cruise. The fleet will consist of sixteen or more vessels, not more than twenty and its stay on this side will not be permanent. Of course, the fleet will not come here, turn around and go right back again. How long it will remain in the Pacific will be determined at the proper time."

"There is no sound reason for excuse, for all this talk by the public and through the press of an attempt to overawe the Japanese by a warlike naval display. I do not believe that the newspapers are justified or right in so constraining and coloring the cruise of the warships to the Pacific. "Every year the Atlantic fleet has been sent on a cruise. Last year it was sent to Guantanamo. This year it will go to the Pacific. The long cruise will give the men and the vessels a thorough test and improve the efficiency of both."

### RAINS GENERAL OVER STATE.

Precipitation for Week Was Below Normal in Southern Counties.

Lincoln—The Nebraska weather bulletin says: The weather the past week was very warm, with southerly wind and abundant sunshine. The daily mean temperature averaged about 4 degrees above the normal. The weekly average was 78 to 80 degrees in the southeastern counties, and 74 to 76 degrees in the southeastern counties, and 74 to 76 degrees in the northern and western. The maximum temperatures generally were above 90 degrees on four or five days, and on Friday the maximum temperature at many places was between 99 and 104 degrees.

The rainfall was below normal generally in the southern counties, and was normal or more in the central and northern. Showers occurred in nearly all parts of the state. The rainfall was heavy, exceeding an inch, in most of the northern counties, while it was light, less than half an inch, in the south. The rainfall from April 1st to date in most of the state is between one-half and two-thirds of the normal amount, but in a few small areas it is about normal. Bright sunshine prevailed during the week, but a few clouds appeared the last part of the week.

### Iowa Crop Report.

Des Moines, Ia.—The first week in July was the most favorable of the season. The average daily temperature was slightly above normal, and there was more than the usual amount of sunshine. The rainfall was ample in all sections, and somewhat excessive in portions of the central, north central and southwest districts. In limited areas there was some damage caused by hail and wind. Generally the conditions are about all that could be desired for the rapid advancement of the corn crop, which is now receiving its third or final cultivation.

### Rocked Boat, Three Dead.

New York—Three members of the crew of the steamer yacht Yacona, belonging to Henry Clay Pierce of St. Louis, were drowned in the Hudson river Wednesday, when a small yawl, carrying six of the Yacona's crew and a dockman, was capsized by a sailor who rocked the boat.

### Schmitz Still in Jail

San Francisco—Judge Dunne refused to admit Mayor Schmitz to bail and denied him the privilege of visiting his attorneys. Schmitz appeared in court to ask for bail and to answer the indictments charging him with accepting bribes from the gas company and the United Railroads.

### Embrace American Views.

The Hague—The American, British, Russian, Dutch and Spanish delegates to the peace conference conferred regarding the bombardment of fortified towns. They all withdrew their proposals and entrusted Count Tornelli (Italy) to draft a proposition embracing the American views.

### Senator Bacon Re-Elected.

Atlanta, Ga.—United States Senator O. A. Bacon was re-elected Tuesday for the full term beginning March 4, 1908.

### DEPRECATES ALL WAR TALK.

Secretary Metcalf Says Projected Cruise is for Practice.

Oakland, Cal.—Secretary of War Metcalf deprecates the warlike aspect that has been given the order for the cruise of the great battleship squadron from the Atlantic to the Pacific coast. The secretary said last night that the proposed movement was that of a practice cruise and that the fleet would not be kept in the Pacific permanently.

### Higgins in Jail Again.

Omaha—Loris R. Higgins, the Copple murderer, is breathing somewhat easier again in his cell at the county jail since his return from Thurston county, where he went for the preliminary examination. "I can't say I was not afraid," said Higgins, "but I was not bothered much. I knew I was in good hands and I had made up my mind if a mob grabbed me not to show the white feather. I knew if they got hold of me there would be no use to resist, and I would have died without a word."

# NEBRASKA POINTERS

## STATE NEWS AND NOTES IN CONDENSED FORM.

### THE PRESS, PULPIT AND PUBLIC

What is Going on Here and There That is of Interest to the Readers Throughout Nebraska.

The harvest in Pawnee county shows the wheat better than for many years.

United States Senator La Follette of Wisconsin, last week spoke at the Tecumseh chautauqua.

Protestant churches of Nebraska City have joined together and are holding outdoor meetings.

Prof. H. H. Hewitt has tendered his resignation as head of the department of music at the Peru normal college.

Methodists of Arapahoe have received plans for three new churches to be erected this year at a cost of \$7,000.

H. A. Day, a directory man who was recently appointed by the city council to take a census of Beatrice, has almost completed the task. He finds that Beatrice has a population of about 12,200 people.

During a recent storm George Cowles' barn, on his farm three miles northeast of Valley, was struck by lightning. Four horses were burned. One escaped, but so badly burned it was necessary to shoot it.

Deputy Oil Inspector D. W. Hoyt reported to Inspector Allen that he had rejected seven barrels of oil at Weeping Water and had ordered the stuff destroyed or shipped back. There were eight barrels in the shipment.

Three railroads have filed answers with the interstate commerce commission to the complaint recently made by the Lincoln Commercial club which alleged discriminations on freight rates from the south in favor of Omaha.

R. H. Shurman, a prominent resident of Scribner, one of the early settlers of the place, dropped dead from heart failure. He was chopping down a tree when he became faint. He sat down and in five minutes he had expired.

County Superintendent Matzen says there will be no shortage of teachers in Dodge and surrounding counties this year. There are many new applicants and the county school boards will have little trouble in finding teachers who will serve.

Preparations are being made for the third annual encampment of the Platte Valley District Reunion association, which will be held in Central City August 19-23. August 20 will be Children's Day and school children from all over the county will participate.

A young man giving his name as E. W. Cristle was discovered by the nightwatch rummaging through the mail in the Park hotel, Alliance. He was taken to the jail and searched and seven of the letters were found in his pocket, one of which had been torn open. He was fined and given a severe reprimand and allowed to depart.

Senator Norris Brown has announced the following nominations for West Point: George Doane Keller, Omaha; alternates, L. E. Oliver, Falls City, and Clarence G. Grim of Wilber. He also announces nominations for Annapolis as follows: Robert A. Hall of Hampton; alternates, William D. Eakin, University and George Gibson of Kearney.

Bellwood has an octogenarian, "Granddad" Freeman, who is climbing his 87th year, says the Gazette of that place. He can swing a trowel or lay a brick just as of yore and is as noisy and as full of fun as many of the young bloods. He goes to bed with the chickens and gets up with them, and we believe can knock spots off anything in either David City or Ulisses of the same age.

Rev. Peter Van Fleet of Table Rock, who purchased what is known as the "Blacklaw farm," a few months since, has just sold to the Burlington people twelve acres, lying a short distance from the Nemaha river, for \$200 per acre. As the company is getting ready to again burn ballast at this point, and did not have the necessary room, and this was the only piece available, it became necessary to pay this price.

The champion fish catch has been made by W. B. Havelock of Atkinson. While fishing for trout on the Curtis ranch, seven miles from that city he caught two trout one of them being two feet in length, weighing six pounds when dressed and the other fish measuring nineteen and a half inches. So strong was the fight with one of the trout that both line and fish pole were broken and the fisherman jumped into the creek and secured his trophy. The fish have been sent to his Nebraska home in proof of his story.

A most destructive storm of wind and hail visited Scotia and surrounding country. Crops of all kinds are badly damaged and fruit and gardens ruined.

Macadam road-building in Dodge county got a serious setback at the hands of the county board of supervisors. After listening to arguments by a government expert and leading citizens of Fremont who want to see the inheritance tax fund devoted to the road-building purpose, the supervisors refused to act, but postponed the whole subject until next January.

A fire supposed to be of incendiary origin destroyed four frame business buildings and most of their contents in the village of Crab Orchard. The fire originated in A. F. Roxburg's two-story building.

The body found in the Missouri river at Plattsmouth and taken to Glenwood, Ia., is believed to be Charles Klofat, an Omaha man, who lost his life by drowning under the Douglas street bridge July 4. He wore a black satin shirt, gray vest, black trousers under blue overalls and his hair was black.