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HARRISON IS AT REST

His Body Interred in the Family Lot in Crown Hill Cemetery.

SERVICES MARKED BY SIMPLICITY

At Both Church and Grave Ceremonies Are Unobtrusive—Grave Beautified by Many Flowers—Large Number in Attendance.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 18.—In the center of a hollow square composed of fully 15,000 of his fellow citizens, the remains of Benjamin Harrison were yesterday afternoon interred in the family lot in Crown Hill cemetery. Close by the grave were the members of his family, President McKinley and other visitors of distinction and the more intimate friends of General Harrison. Back a distance of fifty yards behind ropes, guarded zealously by a large force of police, stood with uncovered heads a great multitude.

Of passionate grief there was little beyond the members of his family, but the tribute of respect was universal. It came from all alike; from those of his political faith and from those who differed with him concerning what is best for the nation's good; from men who have been his lifelong friends and from those who knew him merely by sight and to whom he never spoke. It came from women and children, from white and black, from all conditions and kinds of people.

The weather, like that of yesterday, was unsurpassable, with the warm breath of spring in every breeze, and yet in the air a touch of winter.

The services at the church and grave were simple in extreme, all in most excellent taste, and like the proceedings yesterday there was an utter absence of friction in everything that was done. All was well ordered and well performed.

At the Harrison home before the remains were taken to the First Presbyterian church, where the full funeral service was held, there were brief exercises for the members of the family and more intimate friends of General Harrison. Possibly 150 persons were present. Mrs. Harrison did not appear, but remained in her room until it was time to leave for the church.

President McKinley, accompanied by Governor Durbin, called at the house about 1 o'clock. At about the same time came the members of President Harrison's cabinet, and others continually arrived until the short services were over. The people sat in the parlors, filled the halls and a number sat on the stairs while Dr. Haynes read a short passage from the scriptures and made a few remarks touching the life of General Harrison, as did Dr. Nicol of St. Louis, and after a brief prayer by Dr. Haynes the services were over.

The florist's wagon backed up to the front of the house and a few of the larger pieces were loaded into the vehicle preparatory to being taken to the church. Word was then sent to Mrs. Harrison that the time had come for the body to be removed to the church and she at once came down from her room into the parlor. There was a few minutes of bustle, whispered directions by the undertaker and his assistants and a marshaling of the honorary pallbearers into a column of twos.

Services took place at the church. Mr. Haines advanced to the front of the pulpit platform and, resting his left hand upon the large church bible, opened the service by saying: "I am the resurrection and the life. He that believeth on Me, though he were dead, yet shall he live, and he that liveth and believeth on Me shall never die."

After the prayer the choir rendered the hymn "Rock of Ages." This was General Harrison's favorite hymn and it is said it is the only one he ever attempted to sing.

After the services at the grave were over and the people had left, carts of earth were unloaded at the graveside and the tomb filled and flowers placed over all. As the people slowly left the cemetery the distant boom of cannon, firing the national salute, came to their ears, and by the time the last gun was fired, the night was down and the grave alone.

Six masked men held up a College Hill car in Wichita, Kansas, and shot the conductor who resisted them. The bullet passed through the conductor's body and he is in a precarious condition.

WILL COACH THE HAWAIIANS.

Agricultural Department Planning to Establish Island Experiment Station.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Jared Smith, who has been in charge of the offices of seed and plant introduction in the department of agriculture, has been directed to start in a few days for Honolulu to establish an agricultural experiment station there.

As director, his first work will be to teach the Hawaiian people how to grow garden truck. Most of the vegetables now consumed in the island are imported from San Francisco. They will be taught also the value of dairy cows among poor families, butter and cheese making, the forage plants most economically produced for Hawaiian consumption and the value of poor families raising chickens and pigs.

This agricultural missionary work in the interest of the common people of the islands will be essayed before other agricultural problems will be considered. There are 200 acres, running from the coast to the top of a mountain, set apart by the Hawaiian legislature for this purpose. These matters will be given attention near the coast, coffee raising will be studied on the higher elevations and forestry work will be done on the mountain tops.

Regarding agricultural experiment work in the Philippines, Secretary Wilson said today:

"Congress will not appropriate money for experimenting in the Philippines until the people there have quieted down. Then the department of agriculture will be ready to conduct researches; in fact, the green houses of the department here now have plants growing for shipment there as soon as conditions are ripe. Among these is rubber, seeds of which are being brought from all parts of the world for sending to the new islands under the American flag."

UNCLE SAM'S AGENT JAILED.

Venezuelans Perpetrate a Second Outrage on Baiz at Barcelona.

PORT OF SPAIN, Trinidad, March 18.—(Via Haytien Cable).—News has reached here that the United consular agent at Barcelona, Venezuela, Mr. Ignace Baiz, has been arrested by Venezuelan officials and imprisoned without adequate cause. This is the second time he has been treated in this fashion within the last five months, and he will resign unless protected by the Washington government. It appears that several sums of money have been forced from him by Venezuelan officials under threat of imprisonment.

The protest of Mr. Baiz to Washington seems to have resulted in no response thus far. Three months ago Mr. Loomis, the United States minister at Caracas, made a demand on the Venezuelan government for an apology for the first outrage, but his communication was quite ignored.

CORNERED BEEF REALLY NEEDED.

Germany's Decree Forbidding Its Importation Works Hardship.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The German meat inspection law, absolutely prohibiting the importation of American corned beef, sausages, etc., which went into effect some time ago, has made no friends, according to a report received at the state department from United States Consul Dieckhoff at Bremen. The law has been the object of very severe criticism in Germany, according to the consul, and one of the most pointed arguments against its avowed purpose of promoting public health, because the resultant high prices on meat lessen its consumption, while the health of the German nation demands an increase.

Pallbearers at Mr. Harrison's Funeral.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., March 18.—Following were the active pallbearers at General Harrison's funeral: A. L. Mason, James Whitcomb Riley, Evans Woolen, Harry J. Milligan, Clifford Arrick, William C. Boobs, Harry S. New, Howard Cale, John T. Griffiths, Newton B. Tarkington, Hilton J. Brown and Samuel Reid.

Peace Prospects Hopeful.

PRETORIA, March 18.—The prospects of peace are still considered hopeful.

The Boer losses last month were 160 killed, 400 wounded and 1,000 captured and surrendered. Owing to the heavy rains General French's transport difficulties are still enormous.

TO EVACUATE IN APRIL

American Troops Instructed to Withdraw From China Next Month.

ONLY LEGATION GUARD REMAINS

Chaffee and Entire Command to Go, Leaving But 150 Men—This Will Practically End Occupancy by American Troops.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—An order was sent to General Chaffee today for the evacuation of China by American troops, leaving only a legation guard of 150 men. The troops will be removed from China the last of April. The dispatch to General Chaffee in Pekin is as follows:

"Adjutant General's Office, March 16.—Chaffee, Pekin: In reply to your telegram secretary of war directs you to complete arrangements to sail for Manila with your command and staff officers by the end of April, leaving a legation guard infantry company composed of 150 men having at least one year to serve, or those intending to re-enlist, with full complement of officers, medical officers, sufficient hospital corps men and, if you think best, field officer especially qualified to command guard. Retain and instruct officer quartermaster's department to proceed to erect necessary buildings for guard according to plan and estimates you approve. Colonel Charles F. Humphrey on arrival will make an inspection of quartermaster's department, Philippine islands, until July 1, when he will be assigned to duty as chief quartermaster at Manila and Miller ordered to the United States. All stores and supplies not required for legation guard to be disposed of in your best judgment, of course. Serviceable supplies needed in Philippine islands will be sent to Manila. Division of the Philippines will furnish supplies for legation guard. MacArthur notified." CORBIN.

It was said at the war department that this clears up the Chinese situation so far as the war department is concerned, as the protection of the legation can in no sense be taken as an occupation of Chinese territory, and the guard cannot be used for any other purpose.

The transports Sumner and Indiana will be sent to Taku to take the troops in China to Manila. These troops consist of the Ninth infantry, four troops of the Sixth cavalry and the light battery formerly commanded by Captain Reilly. Two transports will bring away the 1,100 animals which have been used by the army in China.

General Chaffee has advised the department that the best place of embarkation is Taku, which no doubt will be clear of ice on the date fixed for departure.

FIXED BAYONETS IN FRONT

Russians Entrenched in Disputed Territory.

LONDON, March 16.—A dispatch received here from Tien Tsin by Reuter's Telegram company, dated from that city today, at 3:20 a. m., says: "The Russians are now entrenching in the disputed territory. A company of the Honk Kong regiment, with fixed bayonets, is in front, while two companies of the Madras Pioneers, under the command of Major Johnson, are held in reserve.

"Both the Russians and the British are awaiting instructions from their governments."

TIENTSIN, March 16.—The British and Russians are still disputing over the limits of railway property in the Russian concession, and the guards of the two nations are in close proximity to each other. The British have been strongly reinforced and trouble is imminent unless the Russians retire.

NEBRASKA ORATORS LOSE

Minnesota Defeats the University in a Speaking Contest.

MINNEAPOLIS, Minn., March 16.—Minnesota won the oratorical contest held in the University chapel this evening from the University of Nebraska, gaining first and third places. Guy L. Caldwell was marked first by the judges, W. E. Hannan of Nebraska second, L. H. Johnson of Minnesota third and N. M. Graham of Nebraska fourth. The judges were Dr. Charles M. Jordan and Rev. Marion D. Shuter of Minneapolis and Dr. Bridgeman, president of Hamline university. Dr. Frank McVey presided. Each orator was given fifteen minutes for his address.

Miss Morrow Gets Bond.

ELDORADO Kan., March 15.—Jessie Morrison, charged with killing Clara Wiley Castle, today furnished a \$5,000 bond, signed by reputable business men, for the continuance of her case. The bond was accepted and Miss Morrison will be released tomorrow. The trial of the case will be held during the June term.

Missouri to Tax Beverages.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., March 16.—The senate today passed the house bill taxing whiskey, brandy, rum, gin, distilled spirits of all kinds, wines and vinous liquors sold in the state. The house bill levied a tax of 20 cents per gallon, but the senate reduced the rate to 10 cents per gallon.

TAKES MEIKLEJOHN'S PLACE.

Col. Sanger Given Commission as Assistant Secretary of War.

WASHINGTON, March 15.—Colonel William Cary Sanger of New York today was appointed assistant secretary of war and immediately entered upon the discharge of the duties. His commission was made out in the War department this morning and was signed by the president during the forenoon. Soon afterward Colonel Sanger appeared at the War department and was immediately ushered into the private office of Secretary Root. There in the presence of Lieutenant General Miles and Chief Clerk Schofield, he subscribed to the regulation oath of office. In it he states his residence as Sangerfield, N. Y.

The new assistant secretary is a guest at the house of Secretary Root and the two took luncheon there this afternoon. According to an arrangement made in the morning, Colonel Sanger at once took formal possession of the office of assistant secretary and was introduced to the bureau chiefs and all other principal officers of the department. Later he was presented to the president by Secretary Root.

The following official statement was made by the secretary of war this afternoon in regard to the appointment.

Some time before the expiration of the last administration and before the re-appointment of the cabinet, Assistant Secretary Meiklejohn notified the president that by reason of his candidacy for the senate, the long canvass attending it and the necessity that there should be an assistant secretary who could be present in Washington to perform the duties of the office, he was unwilling to permit his name to be considered for reappointment. Mr. William Cary Sanger, has accordingly, been appointed and will immediately enter upon the discharge of his duties. Senators Platt and Dewey of New York called at the White House today and were with the president for an hour. When they left the following official statement was made as to their visit:

The New York senators, Platt and Dewey, called upon the president this morning, and for the first time the subject of Colonel Sanger's appointment as assistant secretary of war was referred to. Having gone over the matter fully with the secretary of war, they desired to offer no opposition to Colonel Sanger's appointment.

While the New York senators had been disposed to oppose Colonel Sanger, they realized that the assistant to a cabinet officer should be in harmony with his chief and they decided not to carry their opposition any further.

STATE CASKET IS SELECTED.

Made of Red Cedar and Plain in Its Adornment.

INDIANAPOLIS, March 15.—Late yesterday afternoon W. H. H. Miller, Colonel Russell Harrison, Secretary Tibbitt and Colonel Randall, who is in constant attendance at the Harrison home, visited an undertaking establishment, selected a casket and gave directions concerning the funeral arrangements.

What is known as a state casket was decided upon. It is made of red cedar and is provided with a copper lining, which makes the compartment absolutely airtight. Over the copper is a silk lining, on which the body will rest. The casket is decorated at the corners with simply hand-carved ornaments and has a heavy carved molding. The top is absolutely plain and the only ornament will be a plain oxidized plate, on which will be engraved the words, "Benjamin Harrison, 1833-1901."

The covering is of black broadcloth. Heavy oxidized handles and ornaments will be used. The casket complete will weigh nearly 300 pounds. A heavy red cedar outside box will be used with the casket. It will be deposited in an airtight vault and the casket will then be placed inside. The casket will be removed to the home tomorrow afternoon and the body will then be prepared for burial and placed in it.

FAIR TO OPEN FIRST OF MAY.

President McKinley Expected to Start the Wheels Turning.

BUFFALO, N. Y., March 15.—With the return of Director General Buchanan from Washington the plans for opening the Panamerican exposition are assuming definite shape.

It has been decided to open the exposition on May 1. At that time President McKinley and his cabinet are expected to be on their way to the Pacific coast. It is proposed to connect the president's train with the Temple of Music. Direct telegraphic communications will also be established with the executive offices of the presidents of all the republics of the western hemisphere and the governor general of Canada. At precisely 2 o'clock, Buffalo time, they will all be requested to touch electric buttons in their offices which will start pieces of machinery at the exposition. At the same time it is expected that they will transmit a message of greeting. President McKinley, from his special car, surrounded by his cabinet, will then start the great fountain pumps and will transmit over the wires a message of greeting.

Ex-Senator Carter was at the White House and discussed with Secretary Cortelyou some plans regarding the president's western trip. It is understood that the presidential party is to visit the Yellowstone National park and Mr. Carter desired to make arrangements for the party when it passed through Montana and while in the park.

THE LATE DAVID BROWN

Mr. Cain's Eulogy of His Colleague From Otoe County.

DEEP APPRECIATION OF THE LOSS

A Brave, True, Good and Generous Man—A Man of Many Virtues and Exalted Character—Miscellaneous Matters Here and There in Nebraska.

LINCOLN, Neb., March 18.—Resolutions on the death of Representative Brown of Otoe county formed a special order of business in the house of representatives a part of one day. Speeches in eulogy of the late representative were made by Messrs. Evans, Cain, Hanks, Sprecher and Loomis. The principal address was by Cain, who said in part:

I had never met the late David Brown until the opening of this session of the legislature, when he appeared here to represent the people who had reposed their confidence in him some year ago, and who last fall, after an interval of thirty years, again called him from private life to represent them in this branch of the legislature.

His was a fearless heart and his a brave soul. He never forgot a friend nor did he ever hold malice toward an enemy. In the short time I have been intimately acquainted with him I have never known a purer heart, a more generous nature or a firmer friend.

But now our friend, our neighbor, our fellow legislator is seen no more among men. His work is done. His labors are ended; his task is finished; his chair is vacant. He has no more part or lot in the deliberations of this body and his ears are deaf to the sound of the speaker's gavel.

No more for him the honors of the state; no more for him the endearments of family; no more for him the load of care or the sigh of sorrow; no more for him the beauty of spring, the splendor of summer, the glory of autumn or the majesty of winter. Flowers will bloom upon his grave, storms will beat upon it, morning will greet it with her earliest light, night will cover it with her stars, but all by him will be heeded not while he sleeps that last long sleep that knows no awakening, and time will commingle his dust with Mother Earth from which he sprang; but his soul—the immortal part—has taken its flight to the Celestial Home above, "to that house not made with hands, eternal in the heavens."

As it has ever been our pleasure while he lived to bear testimony to his many virtues, his exalted character, his unswerving fidelity to friends and principles and the faithful performance of the many trusts confided to his care, so now that he has been called to everlastingness in that higher and better life, it is still our pleasure to speak in praise of his virtues and in honor of his memory. So well did he discharge the various duties assigned him, so exemplary was his conduct, that those who knew him best always delighted to honor him, and now that he is gone and we will meet him on earth no more, we, his colleagues in the house of representatives of the Twenty-seventh session of the Nebraska legislature, enshrine his memory in our hearts and render this tribute as a memorial of our affection and esteem.

What David Brown was here in the legislature he was elsewhere—a brave, true, good, guileless, kindly, generous man—who brought cheerfulness to his daily work; whose greeting was always a smile and who was ever active, quick and alert, and who had everlasting convictions that "God looks to pure hands, not full ones."

HORSES MEET DEATH IN FIRE.

Ten Head Burned in Whitmore Brothers' Barn at Valley.

VALLEY, Neb., March 18.—The large barn and granaries of Whitmore Bros. at this place were burned to the ground. Ten head of horses confined in the basement of the barn, a large amount of grain and numerous wagons and buggies were consumed, involving a loss of \$10,000, partly covered by insurance.

The fire started from the explosion of a lantern in the hands of Arthur Dunham, an employe of the firm. He was in the hay loft at the time and can ascribe no reason for the explosion of the lantern, for it came without any warning. Dunham escaped without injury. From the hay, which burned rapidly, the fire quickly spread to the entire barn, destroying all the farm implements, buggies, wagons and grain.

Plattsmouth Shopman Drops Dead.

PLATTSMOUTH, Neb., March 18.—Antone Choutka, a young man employed in the Burlington blacksmith shop, dropped dead while on his way to work. He left home apparently as well as usual, and his lifeless body was found soon after by some of the friends at the corner of Eleventh and Main streets. Heart disease is supposed to have been the cause of the young man's sudden death.

John Hare, the English actor now playing in Chicago, announced that at the conclusion of his present tour, five weeks hence, he will permanently resign from the stage.

THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations from South Omaha and Kansas City.

SOUTH OMAHA.—Union Stock Yards—Cattle—There was a light run of cattle and as a result there was considerable competition among buyers. The few beef steers offered met with ready sale of good, strong prices as compared with yesterday. The demand on the part of packers seemed to be quite liberal and in order to get what they needed they paid considerable higher prices in some cases for the more desirable kinds. The common cattle also moved more freely than usual, so the pens were cleared at an early hour. The cow market was in much the same condition as the trade on steers. Buyers were all anxious for supplies and jumped in and bought up what was offered early in the morning at good, strong prices. The cattle seemed to change hands about as fast as they arrived and all kinds realized very satisfactory prices as compared with yesterday's quotations. The lightweight bulls also sold in good shape, at fully steady prices, but the same as has been the case for some little time, the heavyweights were hard to move. Prices on that kind were only about steady. Veal calves were in good demand and sold strong. The same could be said of stags.

Hogs—There was a very light run of hogs here today and as the demand on the part of packers was in good shape the market opened generally low higher. The range of prices was from \$5.25 to \$5.60, with the long string at \$5.55. The choicer and heavier weights sold at \$5.75 and as high as \$5.90 was paid for a fancy load. The market was fully active and the bulk was sold in good shape. Today's advance carries the market not only to the highest point reached this year, but to the high point since September, 1894.

Sheep—The supply of sheep today was not excessive and the demand was equal to the occasion. There was not much change noticeable in the prices paid for ewes and wethers and the market could best be described by calling it a good, steady market. Lambs, however, were in good demand and the market generally a dime higher than yesterday. As high as \$5.20 was paid today, which, considering quality, was just about the higher than yesterday's market. A fairly active market all around and the bulk of the offerings were sold in good shape.

KANSAS CITY.—Cattle—Light Texans, 50 to 60c higher; native steers and cows steady; stockers and feeders weak to the lower; native beef steers, \$4.90 to \$5.00; stockers, \$4.00 to \$4.25; western fed steers, \$4.25 to \$4.50; Texans and Indians, \$3.80 to \$4.00; cows, \$3.10 to \$3.25; heifers, \$2.50 to \$2.75; calves, \$2.50 to \$2.75; bulls, \$3.00 to \$3.25; calves, \$4.00 to \$4.25. Hogs—Market 50 to 75c higher; top, \$5.75; bulk of sales, \$5.50 to \$5.65; heavy, \$5.60 to \$5.75; mixed packers, \$5.50 to \$5.65; light, \$5.30 to \$5.45; pigs, \$4.70 to \$4.85. Sheep and Lambs—Market active and steady; western lambs, \$5.00 to \$5.25; western wethers, \$4.25 to \$4.50; western yearlings, \$4.50 to \$4.75; ewes, \$3.75 to \$4.00; culls, \$2.50 to \$3.00.

AGAINST PLATT AMENDMENT

Cuba's Committee on Foreign Relations Decides to Oppose Acceptance.

HAVANA, March 16.—The committee on foreign relations held another private meeting this afternoon. Senator de Quesada, one of the members says the committee agreed unanimously that the Platt amendment in its present form could not be accepted and that a report to this effect would be submitted to the constitutional convention. He also asserts that the committee is assured of the support of twenty-eight delegates.

Monday next the committee will meet again, when individual opinions on the question will be filed, to be incorporated later into the final report. The intention of the committee is not to make a final report for some time, but Senator de Quesada declares that this delay will not weaken the determination of its members not to accept the Platt amendment as it stands.

UNCLE SAM HAS GOLD A PLENTY.

Amount in Treasury Swells Until It Breaks All Records.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—The gross gold in the treasury yesterday amounted to \$482,913,023, compared with \$416,218,209 at the same period last year. Yesterday's figures break all records. The increase in the gold holdings of the department during the year has been \$66,694,814.

At the department, it is said, the prospect is that the gold holdings will continue to increase at the rate of probably \$5,000,000 a month until the new revenue law goes into effect. The amendments to this law will reduce the treasury receipts, it is thought, about \$40,000,000 a year, but Treasurer Roberts thinks that this will only serve to check the growth of the gold holdings, but does not think the decrease in the receipts will diminish the gross gold.

South St. Joseph is in Line.

ST. JOSEPH, March 15.—The city council tonight accepted the offer of Mr. Andrew Carnegie, giving \$25,000 to South St. Joseph for a library and night school, providing teachers and a librarian and assistant were supplied by the city. Resolutions expressing the city's thanks for the gift were ordered sent to the giver.

Soldier Wins a Cadetship.

BEATRICE, Neb., March 18.—At the examination for admission to West Point military school, held here, Hugh D. Schultz, of this city, won the cadetship and Jesse S. Lancaster of York was named as the alternate. Mr. Schultz is a member of Company C, First Nebraska, and served one and a half years in the Philippines without being sick a single day.

Yost of Omaha Re-elected.

DAVENPORT, Ia., March 18.—The annual meeting of the Iowa Telephone company was held here. C. E. Yost of Omaha was re-elected president; F. H. Griggs, Davenport, vice president; James B. Mason, Davenport, secretary and treasurer vice C. A. Dalzell, resigned.