

# LOUP CITY NORTHWESTERN.

VOL. XVIII.

LOUP CITY, SHERMAN COUNTY, NEBRASKA, FRIDAY, MARCH 1, 1901.

NUMBER 16.

## WILL DISCUSS FULLY

Senate to Debate Exhaustively Army Appropriation Bill.

## TO HEAR THE CONFERENCE REPORT

House Prepared for the Final Struggle With the Upper Branch, Which Promises to Be Intense—A Week Full of Hard Work.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 25.—The army appropriation bill will receive the attention of the senate during the early part of the present week, and when it is disposed of another appropriation will be taken up. It is probable that the army bill will be debated at length, especially upon the Philippine amendment, and the amendment relating to Cuba, if the latter is introduced as is proposed. The amendments, or either of them, quite certainly will be made the basis of a number of speeches, as they will serve to open up the entire question of the relations of the United States to the islands which this country came into control of through the war with Spain.

It is hoped that the sundry civil bill will be reported by the time the army bill is disposed of, so that it may be taken up next. If it is not in shape to be considered by that time, the river and harbor bill probably will receive attention. The general deficiency is likely to be the last of the appropriation bills acted upon.

Conference reports will be made from time to time during the week. Some of these will create considerable discussion. The conferees on the war revenue reduction bill expect to make their report during the week. Of the appropriation bills only two, the pension and the urgent deficiency, have been signed by the president. Both houses have passed the legislative, Indian, District of Columbia, naval, agricultural, fortifications, post-office and diplomatic bills, and they are in varying states of conference. The army bill and the river and harbor bill, and the general deficiency bills still remain entirely unacted upon by the senate.

It is not yet believed that much general legislation will be accomplished during the week, but a great many private bills will be passed. The probabilities are all against getting up to the Nicaragua canal bill.

The senate will continue to meet at 11 o'clock each day and probably will sit every night of the week.

The last week of this congress in the house will be mainly occupied with conference reports on the appropriation bills and the other numerous measures now being fought over by the managers of the two houses.

The last of the general appropriation bills went to the senate on Thursday and the house has its decks pretty well cleared for the final contests with the senate. Some of these struggles probably will be exceedingly fierce, but when it comes down to actual work the house, although a large and unwieldy body, ordinarily can dispose of business under its rules with much greater celerity than the senate.

The last six days of the session are suspension days and it is always possible to bring the house to a vote on any proposition under a motion to suspend the rules, which provide for only twenty minutes' debate upon a side.

The time has practically gone by for the passage of new bills, although an attempt doubtless will be made to secure action on the bills to promote the efficiency of the revenue cutter service and to create a standardizing bureau. Beyond these and a few small bills of local importance no effort will be made to put through any bills. The leaders know that it would be a waste of time to send any further general legislation to the senate at this stage of the session and their efforts will be directed to clearing up matters in dispute between the two houses. It probably will be necessary to hold night sessions during the latter part of the week and both houses will sit next Sunday.

## Gillett May Come Back.

KANSAS CITY, Feb. 23.—A special to a local paper from Chihuahua, Mex., says that Grant Gillett the Kansas cattleman who fled to Mexico two years ago to escape the wrath of creditors, from whom it is said he secured nearly \$1,000,000, will soon return to Kansas City and give a thorough account of himself. Gillett, it is said, is now penniless. If he took any money to Chihuahua he has lost it in bad investments.

## Steyn Addresses the Boers.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The Daily Telegraph publishes the following from De Aar, dated February 24:

"Mr. Steyn addressed the Boers today, and told them they must all shift for themselves, returning to Orange River colony. He and General Dewet took 300 of the best horses to escape."

## Madrid Cabinet to Resign.

MADRID, Feb. 25.—General Azcarra, the premier, will present the resignation of the cabinet to the queen regent tomorrow, and will probably be charged with reconstructing the cabinet.

## IS SURE DEWET HAS FAILED

Kitchener Reports a Number of Captures and Casualties.

LONDON, Feb. 25.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Kitchener:

"MIDDLEBURG, Transvaal, Feb. 25.—French reports from Piet Retief, February 22, that the result of the columns sweeping the country east is that the Boers are retreating, in scattered and disorganized parties, to the number of some 5,000 in front of him.

"Amsterdam and Piet Retief have been occupied and troops are on the Swazi frontier. French will push in, but is much hampered by the continuous heavy rains.

"Summary total losses inflicted upon the enemy up to February 16: Two hundred and ninety-two Boers known to have been killed in action, twenty-six taken prisoners, 183 surrendered, one fifteen-pounder gun, 462 rifles, 160,000 rounds of small ammunition, 5,500 horses, seventy mules, 3,350 trek oxen, 18,700 cattle, 155,400 sheep and 1,070 wagons and carts captured.

"Our casualties: Five officers and forty-one men killed and four officers and 198 men wounded. I regret to say that Major Howard, a very gallant officer of the Canadian scouts, was killed February 17. Plumer reports:

"Colonel Owen captured Dewet's fifteen pounder pempg February 13, as well as 150 prisoners and a quantity of ammunition. We had no casualties; enemy in full retreat and being fully pursued. Dewet's attempt to invade Cape Colony has evidently completely failed."

## BOLD THEFT OF CATTLE.

Fat Steers Taken from Yard in Heart of Sioux Falls.

SIoux FALLS, S. D., Feb. 25.—The thieves who have during the last year or more been operating in southwestern Minnesota, northwestern Iowa and this portion of South Dakota, stealing cattle, horses, sheep, hogs and other animals and property from farmers, appear to have shifted the scene of their operations to Sioux Falls. A night or two ago five fat steers, valued at nearly \$300, were taken from a yard in the heart of the city. The surrounding country was scoured for them, but not a trace of the animals could be found after a prolonged and systematic search. By chance the animals were found in the cattle sheds of the Illinois Central railroad, where they had been taken by the thieves preparatory to shipping them out of the city on a train due to leave Sioux Falls a few hours after the steers were found by men in the employ of the owner. The thieves have succeeded in preventing the authorities from discovering the slightest clue to their identity.

## WOULD AVOID EXTRA SESSION.

Senators Confer and Formulate Plan to Push Cuban Matter.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 24.—There have been several conferences today of senators looking to an amicable understanding on the Cuban question so that an extra session may be avoided. As a result it is tonight probable that an amendment dealing with our relations with Cuba will be presented in the senate tomorrow, when the army appropriation bill is taken up. The amendment will be on the lines outlined by the Associated Press last night.

The exact phraseology of the amendment, it is said, has not been definitely settled as yet, but the conferences have made it likely that the opposing parties will get together.

## ON THE FIFTY-THIRD BALLOT

John H. Mitchell Elected to Succeed McBride as Oregon's Senator.

SALEM, Ore., Feb. 25.—John H. Mitchell was elected United States senator at 12:30 this morning to succeed George W. McBride, whose term expires on March 4 next. His election was accomplished by a combination of thirty-five republicans with eleven democrats, making forty-six votes, a majority of the legislature.

## Will Improve Kansas Line.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 25.—Among the improvements contemplated by the Union Pacific this spring is the thorough equipment of the Kansas Pacific line, which runs between Kansas City and Denver. Thousands of dollars will be expended in its improvement. This information has been officially given out. The work is to be taken up immediately. A number of coaches and engines are now being prepared in the Omaha shops for the line.

## Admits Husband's Murder.

ALGONA, Ia., Feb. 23.—Mrs. Foster, wife of F. E. Foster, who was shot and nearly killed Saturday night, February 9, by Clarence Robinson, has confessed to having been implicated in the attempted murder of her husband and brings others into the case. The confession of Mrs. Foster was made before Attorney Frederick M. Curtis and Dr. J. E. Gay. As soon as she had made the confession she attempted suicide, but was saved.

## Independence Day in Cuba.

HAVANA, Feb. 25.—Independence day was celebrated by mass meetings and general rejoicings. This afternoon there was a parade of 10,000 school children bearing Cuban flags. They were reviewed by prominent Cubans. General and Mrs. Wood were showered with flowers when they passed.

## CROWE HEARD FROM

Mr. E. A. Cudahy Receives a Letter From the Alleged Kidnaper.

## SIGNATURE HAS BEEN IDENTIFIED

Fugitive Declares He is Innocent of the Alleged Abduction—Denies All Knowledge of the Crime—Will Soon Call on Cudahy.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 23.—Pat Crowe has been heard from under circumstances which indicate that he is soon to make public appearance.

E. A. Cudahy is in receipt of a letter bearing Crowe's signature. The handwriting has been tested by comparison and it is the opinion of the Pinkerton's, Chief Donahue and other authorities that the signature is genuine.

Mr. Cudahy says: "I have no doubt now that the letter was written by Pat Crowe. At first I supposed that the communication was the work of a crank letter writer, but I now stand convinced that it is exactly what it purports to be."

Owing to the fact that the letter is now in the Pinkerton office, Chicago, and that no copy was retained here, Mr. Cudahy is unable to repeat it verbatim.

Mr. Cudahy and Chief Donahue have made its contents known, however. Crowe explains in the letter that he has heard that the Omaha police are looking for him and believe him to be one of the kidnapers of Edward Cudahy, Jr. He maintains that he is innocent and says that he has no knowledge of what he has read in the newspapers. He says that he will drop into Omaha some day and prove himself innocent and that he would have done so long ago had he not been afraid that he might suffer the fate of the negro who was lynched at Leavenworth.

Crowe says that Omaha people must have cooled off considerably by this time and expresses the opinion that he will soon be able to come here with safety. He makes an appeal to the chief of police and Mr. Cudahy for protection and says that he will expect them to stand between him and violence. In conclusion, he says that he is much hurt to think that Mr. Cudahy suspects him of being guilty of the kidnaping and expresses his appreciation of the kindness Mr. Cudahy has shown him in the past.

"When I received this letter," Mr. Cudahy explained, "I was determined not to take too much for granted, so I sent it to Chicago, as I knew Mr. Pinkerton had samples of Crowe's writing and would be able to identify it without difficulty. A few days later I heard from Mr. Pinkerton. He said he had compared the writing with a sample of Crowe's chirography and that they were the same beyond question. I wouldn't be surprised now if Crowe should show himself almost any time. I believe the letter was written in good faith.

"I don't think the letter was written in either Omaha or South Omaha. It bore the date line, 'South Omaha, Neb., Feb. 13,' but the postmark on the envelope showed that it had been mailed in Omaha. It was probably written some distance from here and sent in a separate envelope to some friend in Omaha or South Omaha, who mailed it. This was done for the obvious purpose of keeping his present whereabouts a secret. He evidently wants to come in voluntarily, without giving detectives the honor of having captured him."

"There is no question about the genuineness of the Pat Crowe letter. We have compared it with other writing of Crowe's and it was unquestionably written by the suspected kidnaper," said Chief Donahue. "Nobody could imitate Crowe's writing perfectly enough to deceive all the men who have examined the letter."

"In the letter Crowe does not say when he will show up, but he appeals to Mr. Cudahy and me for protection, and says that he will depend on us to save him from any violence when he sees fit to give himself up."

"The letter is unlike the flood of anonymous contributions which have been sent to Mr. Cudahy, the mayor and myself, and I have every reason to believe that Pat Crowe wrote it and that he will do exactly what he says."

## SANTEE INDIANS PROTEST

James Garvey of South Dakota Wants to Shut Out Attorneys.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 23.—James Garvey of Santee, S. D., is here to protest against the further recognition by the secretary of the interior of the attorneys of the Santee band of Indians, which attorneys were employed to push the claims of the Indians for their annuities. Garvey is one of the leaders of the Santees and he claims the contract with the Indians was obtained by misrepresentation. He also conferred with Secretary Hitchcock, who seemed to be favorably impressed with his argument.

## Costlier Buildings at Cheyenne.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—Senator Warren introduced an amendment to the sundry civil bill providing for increasing the limit of the cost of the government building at Cheyenne, Wyo., from \$250,000 to \$325,000 and authorizing the secretary of the treasury to make contracts for its completion.

## SENATE TO WORK OVERTIME

Decides to Begin Night Sessions at Once.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—For nearly two hours today the senate had under discussion a resolution by Mr. Jones of Arkansas to discharge the judiciary committee from further consideration of the anti-trust bill passed by the house at the last session and to bring it before the senate for consideration. To some extent the merits of the measure were discussed, Mr. Hoar, chairman of the judiciary committee; Mr. Platt of Connecticut, Mr. Sporer, Mr. Bacon, Mr. Pettigrew, Mr. Teller and others taking part in the debate. The majority maintained that the house measure clearly was unconstitutional. They protested, too, against taking up so great a question in the closing hours of the session. The resolution finally went to the calendar.

During the remainder of the afternoon the postoffice appropriation bill was under discussion. After a prolonged contest the appropriation for pneumatic tubes service was eliminated entirely, so that as the bill stands now the service will have to be discontinued after the first of next July. The old controversy over the special appropriations for fast mail service engaged attention the rest of the day. It was decided to begin holding night sessions tomorrow night.

## POWERS TO KEEP HANDS OFF

No Individual Concessions of Chinese Territory Shall Be Sought.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 22.—At the instance of the United States government the powers have accepted the principle that no further individual concessions of territory in China shall be sought by any one power without international assent.

This agreement applies not only to Tien Tsin, where there has been some rivalry exhibited in the effort to obtain concessions for foreign settlements, but to all other Chinese points. The State department began this movement some time ago. It is surmised, though no admission on that point can be obtained, that the occupation by Russia of the important concession opposite Tien Tsin, including the railroad terminus, made the initiation of this movement.

## COL. JOSEPH ILLER ROBBED

Man Who Jostles Him on Street Car Removes Him of Diamond.

NEW YORK, Feb. 22.—Colonel Joseph Iller, formerly of Omaha, had a pearl diamond scarfpin stolen on a Broadway car tonight. The pin was valued at several hundred dollars and was presented by Mrs. Iller. The colonel is stopping at the Fifth Avenue hotel. He rode uptown in a crowded car and was pushed by a man whose hand landed on his throat. The colonel apologized profusely. "The colonel said, 'Don't mention it, no harm done,' and got off. A few minutes later the pin was missed. The colonel hurried to automobile headquarters and offered a reward for the recovery of his wife's present."

## JIM CALLAHAN IS HELD

Pleads Not Guilty and is Sent Back to Jail.

OMAHA, Neb., Feb. 22.—Melancholy, with a hunted expression, dirty and with unkempt hair, James Callahan, arrested as one of the men who kidnaped Eddie Cudahy December 18 last, appeared before Judge Vinson-haler yesterday and was arraigned on three complaints, filed by County Attorney Shields. The first charged the false imprisonment of Eddie A. Cudahy for the space of thirty hours; the second charged the robbery of Edward A. Cudahy of \$25,000 by putting him in fear, and the third charged the larceny of \$25,000, the property of Edward A. Cudahy. To all these charges Callahan pleaded not guilty, but was held to the district court.

## Will Import Angora Goats.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Feb. 22.—The first issue of the American Angora, the official organ of the American Angora Goat Breeders' association, issued here today, says: A movement is on foot by prominent Angora goat breeders to import to this country from Turkey a large number of the best Angoras that can be found. An importing company is in process of organization. The company will send competent agents to the province of Angora in Asia for the purpose of selecting and purchasing the very best Angora goats that can be found in the domains of the sultan.

## Protects Cattle Interests.

LINCOLN, Neb., Feb. 22.—Senator Van Boskirik of Alliance is feeling jubilant over the passage by the house of senate file 44, the hide registry bill, drawn up by the senator from Box Butte, the object of which is the protection of cattle growers from the rustlers, who have proved such a menace to cattle growing in western Nebraska. The passage of this bill is regarded as affording adequate protection.

## Plate Glass Costs no More.

CINCINNATI, O., Feb. 22.—As a result of the conferences here this week between the dealers and glass manufacturers the largest order for window glass on record, being for 1,000,000 boxes, has been given the independent manufacturers by the dealers' association.

## MRS. NATION IN COURT

During Hearing She Addresses the Judge as "Your Dishonor."

## THE CASE CONTINUED UNTIL APRIL

Bitter Legal Battle Promises to Follow Mrs. Nation's Campaign and Her Attorneys Want a Change of Venue—The Outcome Purely Speculative.

TOPEKA, Kan., Feb. 21.—Judge Hazen of the district court today continued the case of Mrs. Carrie Nation, charged with smashing Murphy's joint, until the April term of court. The cases against Eva Harding, Mrs. Rose Crist, Miss Madeline Southard, Mrs. C. Chadwick and C. R. McDowell were also continued. Mrs. Nation envied the proceedings in her characteristic way, arising several times to address the court, each time calling the judge "your dishonor."

When asked if she were ready for trial Mrs. Nation, who acts as her own attorney, said: "Your dishonor, I am incapable of trying my case this afternoon, as I have been poisoned by cigarette smoke in the county jail. I want to see how the other cases are tried, anyway."

Judge Hazen looked at the joint smasher in a helpless sort of way and then recognized Captain J. G. Waters, one of the attorneys for the defense.

Captain Waters said: "I tried to find out yesterday which of these cases was to come up and I could not. I find that none of these cases have been placed upon the trial docket. There is no necessity for this swift vengeance. It is a fair demand that the case be continued. The ordinary procedure of court would be advanced by the giving of proper time."

"It is the province of the court to see that all have a fair trial," said Judge Hazen. "It is not proper to railroad cases through. I see that if the cases go over until the next term of court that it will be no so difficult to get a jury as it will be settle the point of law now. I shall call the Stark case again on Monday morning."

Balf Stark is a young clerk who accompanied the crusaders and assisted in the raid Sunday. Mr. Stark's lawyer requested that his case also go over for this term.

"I would prefer to try a man on this charge rather than a woman," said Judge Hazen. "You may call a special venire if you wish and I think it will be necessary. I expect to try only this one case."

Then Mrs. Nation scored again. She said: "Your dishonor, please, I think it would be better to defer the decision as long as possible."

"No, I think it will be better to settle it at once and let the people know what the law is," said Judge Hazen.

"We know the law," said Mrs. Nation.

"It seems that some do not," replied Judge Hazen.

"Some judges do not know the law," retorted Mrs. Nation.

Miss Madeline Southard and Mrs. Crist, who have been with Mrs. Nation in the county jail, gave bond for \$500 each and were released. One of the signers of the bonds was Edward Wilder, treasurer of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railway. Mrs. Nation and the others were returned to jail.

The indications are that there will be a bitter legal battle over the trials. The attorneys for the defendants will insist that they be granted a change of venue on account of the alleged prejudice of Judge Hazen.

## HOW CHINESE MUST DIE.

Envoys Agree to Compromise on Execution of Leaders in Atrocities.

LONDON, Feb. 21.—"At their latest meeting," says the Pekin correspondent of the Morning Post, wiring yesterday, "the foreign envoys agreed to a compromise. They propose to permit the imperial court to commute the sentences of decapitation in the cases of Prince Tuan, Duke Lan and General Tung Fu Hsian to life imprisonment and will agree to the following punishments:

"Prince Chwang to be strangled, Yu Hsien to be decapitated, Chao Shu Shio and Ying Nien to be permitted to strangle themselves and Chi Hsien and Hsu Chung Wu to be beheaded in Pekin.

"If the court advances no new obstacle the negotiations on the first point of the demands of the powers may be considered closed."

Dr. Morrison, wiring to the Times from Pekin yesterday, says: "The court has yielded and consented to the infliction of the punishment demanded, petitioning, however, that sentences on Chao Shu Shio and Ying Nien may be strangled instead of decapitation. To this the foreign envoys have agreed."

"The question, therefore, is virtually settled and a *raison d'etre* for the Tai Yuen Fu expedition ceases to exist."

## Elect Haskell of Lincoln.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Feb. 22.—The morning session of the National Creamery Buttermakers' association was devoted to the reading of technical papers. Resolutions were adopted urging the passage of the Groot oleomargarine bill, now pending before congress. Geo. F. Haskell, of Lincoln, Neb., was elected president.

## THE LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Latest Quotations from South Omaha and Kansas City.

SOUTH OMAHA. UNION STOCK YARDS—CATTLE.—There were more cattle on sale today than yesterday, but the receipts fell far short of what they were last week. Packers all seemed to be wanting a few cattle and particularly those showing quality and as a result the market ruled active and steady to strong all around.

Receipts included about 30 cars of beef steers and there were very few what might be called finished cattle. The better grades, however, were picked up early at good, strong prices and the fair to good cattle also sold readily at good, steady prices.

There were something over 25 cars of cows and heifers on sale and the market was active and stronger. In some cases the more desirable kinds sold a good dime higher. As the demand for all kinds was in good shape it did not take long to clear the pens.

The stocker and feeder trade did not show much of any change today and could be quoted just about steady. In some cases perhaps the better grades sold a trifle stronger, but there were not many good feeders offered and the demand for the common stuff was rather limited and prices no more than steady.

HOGS.—There was only a fair run of hogs here and while the market started out weak it improved later on and the average cost of all the hogs was a shade better. The first sales were mostly at \$5.30 and \$5.25 and \$5.25. Some of the choicer loads sold as high as \$5.75 and \$5.30, which was 5¢ higher than yesterday's best price. All the hogs offered on the morning market were sold in good season.

SHEEP.—There was another liberal run of sheep here, but the demand was equal to the occasion. It was a good choice, active market and choice ewes or wethers brought a little stronger prices than they did yesterday. It was noticeable, however, that the handy weight stuff was in much better request. Lightweight lambs also commanded good, strong prices, while the heavyweights of both sheep and lambs were sold in good season.

## KANSAS CITY.

CATTLE.—Receipts 8,700; steady to 10¢ up. Native beef steers, \$4.00 to \$4.40; stockers and feeders, \$3.60 to \$4.15; western fed, \$4.00 to \$4.30; cows, \$3.00 to \$3.25; heifers, \$3.25 to \$4.50; canners, \$2.50 to \$2.90; bulls, \$2.50 to \$2.90; calves, \$5.00 to \$6.00.

HOGS.—Receipts 21,000; steady to lower. Bulk of sales and mixed packers, \$5.25 to \$5.30; heavy, \$5.25 to \$5.35; light, \$5.00 to \$5.25; pigs, \$4.75 to \$5.00.

SHEEP.—Receipts 4,000; active to steady. Lambs, \$4.75 to \$5.15; wethers, \$4.00 to \$4.40; yearlings, \$4.00 to \$4.30; culls, \$2.50 to \$3.25.

## DEATH IN THE DEEP

Pacific Mail Steamer Rio de Janeiro Crashes Against Reef and Sinks.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 23.—The Pacific mail steamer Rio de Janeiro ran on a hidden rock while entering the Golden Gate early this morning in a dense fog. She sank in a few minutes after striking. It is impossible to ascertain the exact number missing owing to the fact that Purser John Rooney, who had the passenger list and roster of the crew, is among the missing, but the latest estimate is that 122 persons, most of whom were Chinese and Japanese, were lost.

At 5 o'clock this afternoon ten bodies had been recovered, two white women, one white man and seven Chinese. The most prominent passenger on the steamer was Rouseville Wildman, United States consul at Hong Kong, who was accompanied by his wife and two children. It is thought all were drowned. The ship was in command of Pilot Frederick Jordan when it struck. He was rescued. Captain William Ward went down with his vessel.

As nearly as can be learned there were 201 persons on board the Rio de Janeiro, as follows: Cabin passengers, 29; second cabin, 7; steerage (Chinese and Japanese), 58; white officers, 30; Asiatic crew, 77. The following have been accounted for: Rescued, 79; bodies at the morgue, 10; total, 89; missing, 145.

Following is the cabin passenger list, almost complete: Consul General Rouseville Wildman, Mrs. Wildman, two children and nurse, from Hong Kong; Mrs. and Miss Wakefield of Honolulu; James K. Carpenter, mining engineer, Oakland, Cal.; Miss Rowena Jehu, Honolulu; William Brander, London; Mr. Mattheson, Shanghai; Captain Hecht, German navy; Captain Holtz, Shanghai; Mr. Dowdell, Shanghai; J. F. Seymour, editor of the American, Manila; Mrs. K. West, San Francisco; Miss Lehman, Russia; Harper, journalist, Nagasaki; Mr. and Mrs. Hart, Manila; Miss Gabriel Hoerou, Dr. Dodd, Butte, Mont.; Attorney Henshaw, Butte, Mont.; Mr. and Mrs. Woodworth, Dr. Okawhara of Japan.

The Rio de Janeiro was three days overdue from Hong Kong, via Honolulu, when it arrived off the Heads last night, and the dense fog prevailing at the time induced Pilot Jordan to bring her to anchor until he could see his way clear through the gateway. It laid to until about 4:30 o'clock, when the atmosphere cleared and it was started under a slow bell toward Point Benita. All went well until 5:40 o'clock, when it struck. Most of the passengers were below at the time, and it is believed that many of them were drowned in their berths.

The first news of the disaster reached here at 7:30 o'clock this morning and soon afterward a boatload of rescued passengers and petty officers arrived at the mail dock. Tugs were immediately dispatched to render any service that might be needed, but no living persons were afloat when they reached the wreck. A number of drowning people were rescued by Italian fishermen, and the bodies of two white women, three Chinese and a Japanese were brought in by the tugs. The search for more of the victims has continued all day.