

THE NORTHWESTERN.

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LOUP CITY, MO. - NEB.

TELEGRAPHIC FLASHES.

Gen. Alger says he is absolutely out of politics.

Of the ten new regiments called for one will be organized at Fort Crook.

Many counties in Northern New York have been swept by forest fires.

Old settlers of Nebraska are arranging for a big gathering at Omaha in October.

The Omaha board of education has decided to hereafter employ union labor only.

J. E. Desmond, a prominent miner of the Black Hills, suicided at Hot Springs, S. D.

Col. Roosevelt says that under no circumstances will he be a candidate for vice president.

A dividend of \$3 per share has been declared on the Chicago & Alton stock, payable September 1.

Gustave Charles Kienbusch, a wealthy New York city tobacco merchant, is dead, aged 62.

The Highland Park club, Detroit, will hold a nineteen days' running meeting, beginning September 30.

Fire at Westchester, N. Y., destroyed St. Peter's Episcopal church and most of its contents. Loss, \$200,000.

President and Mrs. McKinley and party will leave Plattsburg for Pittsburg, Friday, Aug. 25, instead of Saturday evening, Aug. 26.

The Haytian government has notified the foreign ministers that it has issued a decree expelling the refugees who are under their protection.

General Passenger Agent Charlton, of the Alton, has been re-elected chairman of the executive committee of the Western Passenger association.

Rev. John T. Murphy, C. S. Sp., fo-thirteen years president of Holy Ghost college, Pittsburg, Pa., has been recalled to Ireland by his superiors.

The navy department has issued a general order awarding a medal of honor to Corporal Mac Neal of the Maine corps for gallantry aboard the Brooklyn.

A newspaper published in Malco, the Portuguese seaport at the southeast entrance of the Canton river, reports that France has occupied the Island of San Chau.

Railway men say there is a possibility of an engineers' strike on the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis, otherwise known as the Big Four, over wages.

Lieutenant Commander St. John of the British war ship Peacock denies without reserve the reports of his criticisms of General Otis and the campaign in the islands.

Minister Hunter advises the state department from Guatemala of the extension of the time for presenting the bonds, which Guatemala is retiring until October 31 next.

A dispatch from Villa France announces that a priest named Vial has been arrested there charged with being connected with a plot to change the form of government.

John Thompson, who, with others, held up a Colorado & Southern train near Folsom, N. M., July 14, has been caught at Carlisbad, N. M. He shot two of the posse chasing him.

George C. Starcke, president of the Stonehill Wine company of Hermann, Mo., the largest wine-making concern east of California, is under arrest charged with defrauding the government.

The lower house of the Prussian diet by a vote of 212 to 209, rejected the second reading of the bill relating to the Dortmund-Rhyn canal and the completion of the Dortmund-Ems canal.

Correspondents of London papers in Rennes are almost unanimous in taking a gloomy view of the prospects of Captain Dreyfus. They seem to believe it likely that he will be found guilty.

A number of the mechanics let out of the Union Pacific shops at Omaha some time ago are finding employment in the company's shops at Cheyenne, where thirty additional men have been authorized.

The first national encampment of the Spanish-American war volunteers will be held in Washington September 8 and 9, and formal orders to that effect have been issued by Adjutant General Lile.

Hon. Bartlett Tripp, United States member of the joint commission to Samoa, has returned to his home at Yankton, S. D., accompanied by Baron Speck von Stornberg, the German member, and Mr. Morgan, the secretary.

A check for \$156,282, signed by Norman B. Ream and Robert T. Lincoln, as executors of the estate of George M. Pullman, was paid into the county court to cancel the lien against the estate under the inheritance tax law.

A week ago Dr. P. N. Wells, living near Russell, Miss., shot and fatally wounded a negro while in the act of stealing his cattle. Later two negroes attempted to assassinate Dr. Wells and one of them was shot and killed by the doctor.

Ex-Congressman Jehu Baker, who is suffering at his home in Belleville, Ill., with a combination of malaria and heart and stomach troubles, is no better, and his friends are fearful that he may not pull through. Members of Mr. Baker's family are reticent as to his condition, but friends declare the ex-congressman is a very sick man.

The government forces of San Domingo under General Encobaca have defeated the insurgents. The rout was almost a massacre. The wounded on both sides were numerous, and the engagement is considered by the government as decisively ending the Jimenez uprising.

Thousands of people are attending Rev. J. Wilbur Chapman's Bible conference at Warsaw, Ind. It is similar to Mr. Moody's Northfield conference.

Governor Stephens has issued a proclamation calling on the people of Missouri to contribute money and clothing to the suffering people in Porto Rico.

A FORCE ENCOUNTERED

Americans in Contact With Filipinos North of Angeles.

LATTER DRIVEN FROM POSITION.

One Lieutenant of the Twelfth Infantry is Dead and Another is Wounded—Second Skirmish in the Mountains—The News Confirmed by a Dispatch From Gen. Otis.

MANILA, Aug. 21.—One lieutenant of the Twelfth Infantry was killed and another was seriously wounded while reconnoitering last evening north of Angeles.

The Americans encountered a large force of insurgents and drove them from their positions.

Lieutenant Cole of the Sixth infantry, with eighty men, encountered 300 insurgents entrenched in the mountains of the island of Negros and routed them after an hour and a half of severe fighting.

The Americans had three men slightly hurt. Nineteen dead insurgents were counted in the trenches.

Six rifles and a quantity of reserve ammunition were captured.

The insurgents recently cut the cable in Laguna bay leading to Calamba, on the south shore of the lake, but the break has been repaired.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—The following dispatches announcing engagements with the Philippine insurgents were received at the War department today:

"MANILA, Aug. 20.—Lieutenant colonel Sixth infantry, eighty men, attacked and routed 100 of the enemy entrenched at Tibuan, Negros mountains, having three men slightly wounded. Enemy left in entrenchments nineteen dead, six rifles, all reserve ammunition. They are supposed to have been armed Tagalase who crossed from Panay in small boats.

"First Lieutenant Alfred Drew, First Infantry, was instantly killed and First Lieutenant Willis Uline of the same regiment was severely wounded yesterday in an attack on insurgents in the vicinity of Angeles by two companies of the Twelfth Infantry. No other casualties. Enemy routed.

"OTIS."

First Lieutenant Alfred W. Drew, mentioned in the above dispatch, was born in Texas and graduated from the military academy in 1891 and was assigned as second lieutenant of the Twelfth Infantry during the war with Spain he was major of the Third Texas volunteer infantry.

MISS HORLOCKER IN AN ASYLUM.

Hastings Poisoner Is Incarcerated at Jacksonville, Ill.

HASTINGS, Neb., Aug. 21.—Word comes to Hastings that Miss Bertha Horlocker, who is resting under a \$5,000 bond charged with having attempted to take the life of Mrs. Charles F. Morey by sending her a box of poisoned candy on the 10th day of last April, is now in an insane asylum at Jacksonville, Ill.

About two months ago Miss Horlocker went to New York City to visit her sister and recuperate, but it was generally thought at that time that she would not return to Hastings to attend the continuation of her hearing which was to come up in the equity term of the district court Sept. 25, after which she was to have been bound over to the jury term of the district court in December. It is the general feeling here that Miss Horlocker will be adjudged insane and this celebrated case will thus be brought to a close.

Triple Hanging in Alaska.

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 21.—Passengers on the steamer City of Topeka, which arrived tonight from Skagway, Alaska, bring news of the first legal execution in the Klondike.

A triple hanging occurred at Dawson on August 4. The parties hanged were two Indians, Dawson Nantuck and Jim Nantuck, and one white man, Edward Henderson. Henderson was convicted of murdering his partner, named Peterson, on the trail near Marsh Lake, in September, 1897. The Indians were convicted of murdering William Mahan and injuring his partner, James Fox, on the McClintock river, in May, 1898. There were originally four Indians implicated in the murder of Mahan, but two of them died in jail at Dawson last fall.

The execution was private and passed off without special incident.

Twenty-Sixth Ordered Away.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Aug. 21.—Orders have been received at Plattsburg barracks for the Twenty-sixth regiment to prepare to leave for Manila within a week. The regiment will probably go from here to Boston and thence across the continent to San Francisco, where it will embark on board transports for the Philippines. The regiment will be reviewed by General Wesley Merritt and in the afternoon by Governor Roosevelt.

Cuban Editors Penitent.

HAVANA, Aug. 21.—El Herald today publishes a letter sent to Mayor Lacoste by the editor and assistant editor, Ricardo Arnaut and Augustin Cervantes, of the recently suppressed Reconcentrado, acknowledging that their conduct of that journal was criminal and asking to be given an opportunity to reform.

Supplies for Porto Rico.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Aug. 21.—Five hundred tons of supplies for the Porto Rican sufferers were placed on board the transport Panther here. It is expected that 300 additional tons will arrive at the dock early tomorrow morning, in which event Lieutenant Commander Aaron Ward says the vessel will be ready to sail tomorrow afternoon.

Mayor Ashbridge will send a telegram to Secretary of War Root informing the latter that the Panther will be loaded to her capacity in this city and asking that Commander Ward be instructed to sail direct to Porto Rico.

MOB RIOTS IN PARIS.

Serious Disturbances Sunday in Which Much Damage Was Done.

PARIS, Aug. 21.—Paris was yesterday the scene of most serious disturbances, recalling some aspects of the commune. In response to an appeal of the journals Le Peuple and La Petite Republique, groups of anarchists and socialists gathered about 3 o'clock, in the afternoon in the Place de la Republique. The police had taken precautions and there seemed no danger of disorders.

Sebastian Faure and Baberot, well known revolutionary anarchists, were the ringleaders. Faure, standing on the pedestal of the statue which rises in the center of the Place de la Republique, addressed the crowd. Among other things he said that the anarchists should be masters of the streets. The police then interfered and dislodged Faure and Baberot, making three arrests. The crowd at this point dispersed, but a column of demonstrators, headed by Faure and Henri d'Horr, made for the Place de la Nation.

The police broke through the column and a struggle for the mastery followed. Shots were fired and M. Goullier, commissary of police, was twice stabbed with a knife.

This threw the police into momentary confusion. The mob reassembled and ran toward the Place de la Nation. The police, reinforced by a squad that had been held in reserve, made another attempt to stem the current and fresh, fierce fighting occurred, three constables being wounded. Faure and d'Horr jumped into a passing street car that was going to the Place de la Republique and the car driver on arriving there gave a signal to the police, who immediately arrested them both, together with two other anarchists, Joseph Ferrer and Jean Perrin.

All were conveyed to the Chateau d'Eau barracks. Only d'Horr was found in possession of firearms.

TROUBLE AMONG SOLDIERS.

Riot at Leavenworth Results in Two Being Wounded.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Aug. 21.—A riot between the soldiers of the Thirty-second volunteer regiment and North Leavenworth negroes took place yesterday, during which shots were fired and one man was wounded on each side.

The soldiers had trouble with a negro named Alex Johnson last Sunday and when Johnson met a couple of volunteers near the Fort Leavenworth reservation yesterday he renewed hostilities by knocking a soldier down. Volunteers and negroes soon gathered in force and clubs, stones and guns were brought into play. The soldiers outnumbered the negroes and ran many of them down towards the center of the city, where the police quelled the riot.

Corporal Johnson of the Third battalion was shot in the left shoulder and is seriously injured.

ILL WITH YELLOW FEVER.

Russell B. Harrison Attacked With the Dread Disease.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, Aug. 21.—Major Russell B. Harrison, inspector general, is critically ill with yellow fever. The disease has progressed for three days, although not pronounced yellow fever until this afternoon.

The case is the first to occur at Cristo, whither headquarters was removed last month to escape infection.

Of late the quarantine rules have been relaxed, owing to the fact that there have been no new cases in the city and officers from headquarters have been in the habit of coming to Santiago daily, returning to headquarters at night.

Late From the Klondike.

SEATTLE, Wash., Aug. 21.—The steamer Roanoke arrived tonight from St. Michaels, Alaska, with 350 miners and gold dust estimated at \$250,000. Most of this was brought out of the Cape Nome district. G. Price had the largest individual amount, about \$60,000. The failure of the Roanoke to bring a large amount of gold dust from Dawson is explained by the fact that she failed to make connections with the Yukon river boats at St. Michaels.

The Roanoke brings further particulars of the foundering of the river steamer Louise, July 31, with three barges, two of which carried United States government supplies, near the mouth of the Yukon, during a storm. The Louise has been raised and taken to St. Michaels for repairs. Her hull is badly damaged and her upper works are badly twisted. The loss on the steamers is estimated at \$35,000.

Drowns Himself and Boy.

PIERRE, S. D., Aug. 21.—Some time last night Mrs. J. B. Weston drowned herself and her 4-year-old son, Bertie, in a cistern at the family home. There was no one else at home except a daughter about 17 years old and the dead was not known until the young lady awakened this morning. Family troubles are supposed to be the cause of the tragedy, the mother having several times threatened to commit suicide.

Burlington Flyer Wrecked.

LINCOLN, Neb., Aug. 21.—The Denver flyer on the Burlington collided with an eastbound fast freight at Denton, ten miles west of here, shortly before 7 o'clock this evening.

Three men were injured, none fatally. Their names are unknown.

The freight engine is a wreck and the passenger locomotive badly damaged. Traffic on the main line is blocked for the night.

Report of Deaths From Manila.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 21.—General Otis cables to the War department the following deaths since last report:

"MANILA, Aug. 20.—Fred Conley, A. Twenty-fourth infantry, phthisis; 10th, Allie W. Lord, E. Twelfth infantry, typhoid fever; 15th, Second infantry, acute dysentery; 15th, John Smith, K. First Washington; 17th, William K. Harrison, K. Thirtieth infantry; 18th, John H. Dunn, D. Fourth infantry, abscess of liver; 17th, Adolph M. Kreitzer, F. Sixth artillery, general aortic sclerosis; 17th, Frank C. Miller, I. Twenty-first infantry."

OPEN FOR SETTLEMENT

A Large Section of Indian Lands to Come Into Market.

TREATY MADE WITH THE CROWS.

General Terms of the Treaty—Money Paid to the Indians—What Will Be Done With the Purchase Price—The Treaty Must Be Ratified by Congress.

BILLINGS, Mont., Aug. 19.—Ever since last October a government commission has been at Crow agency endeavoring to treat with the Crow Indians for the purchase of a large tract of the land (1,100,000 acres) on the Crow reservation, which might be thrown open for settlement.

The commission has had many things to contend with, which have been against the making of the treaty, but the issue was successfully met and accomplished last Saturday afternoon to the satisfaction of the Indians and commission.

Before the treaty could be made, the signatures of a majority of the male adults on the reservation (about 325) were necessary. At this writing these have been obtained and the signatures of all others can and probably will be secured. All of the leading chiefs have signed, including Pretty Eagle, Plenticorse, Two Leggins, Daylight, Spotted Horse, Bell Rock, Carney, spotted Rabbit, Medicine Trail, Big Medicine and Deaf Bull, and the lesser lights and members of the tribe in general are now tumbling over each other to get into the band wagon.

The general terms of the treaty are that the government agrees to pay \$1,150,000 for 1,100,000 acres of land. About \$300,000 of this sum goes into irrigation on the reservation, to finish the ditches now in course of construction and provide for their maintenance. About \$50,000 will be used for fencing various parts of the reservation to protect the Indian cattle herd, while \$150,000 goes for the purchase of more cattle and \$50,000 will be used for the purchase of sheep.

About \$25,000 of the purchase price will go into new school buildings, while \$100,000 will be used for sundry purposes to improve the condition of the Indians. The balance of the money will be placed in the treasury of the United States to the credit of the tribe, drawing 4 per cent interest, and a \$10 annual cash per capita payment will be made the Indians, in addition to the annual per capita payment that they now receive.

Thus it will be seen that the treaty is an excellent one for the Indians. They will be paid for their lands and the wise provision is made that a portion of the proceeds of the sale will go to better their condition.

They will have some 2,000,000 acres of land left on the reservation, or about 1,000 acres for every buck, squaw and child in the tribe.

The treaty, of course, must be ratified by congress, either by special act or an amendment to the regular Indian appropriation bill. The ratification can be sooner accomplished by a special act, as the appropriation bills are generally not passed until near the close of the session, which would delay it approval but the ratification is sure to follow.

SAYS FAR-WELL TO REGIMENT.

McKinley Reviews Twenty-Sixth Before Sending It to the Front.

PLATTSBURG, N. Y., Aug. 19.—Promptly at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the cannon on the parade ground at Plattsburg barracks boomed out a presidential salute, signifying that President McKinley had arrived at the government fortifications, where he was to review the Twenty-sixth regiment. The presidential party drove over from Hotel Champlain and proceeded directly to the reviewing stand. In the party were President and Mrs. McKinley, Vice President and Mrs. Hobart, Jr., Attorney General Griggs and Mrs. Griggs and their two daughters, Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock, Captain and Mrs. Buckingham, Dr. and Mrs. Rickey, Secretary Cortelyou and Mr. O. D. Seaver.

Mrs. McKinley presented a handsome silk flag to the regiment. Colonel Rice received it in behalf of the men. The flag was then given to the color sergeant of the company, who bore it back to his place in the ranks. The company will leave for Manila in about two weeks.

Train for Pennsylvania Troops.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 19.—All arrangements for the special train which will carry the Tenth Pennsylvania volunteers to their homes have now been completed. C. E. Clark of Company E and Morrison Barclay of Company I will be the only men left behind. Barclay is very ill, but the surgeons hope for his recovery. Clark, after being badly wounded, was attacked by appendicitis. He has undergone a successful operation, but is not able to stand the journey at present.

Lieutenant Colonel Barnett has received a letter from Consul Wildman at Hong Kong to the effect that \$400 has been deposited in a Hong Kong bank to the credit of the Tenth Pennsylvania. The money has been contributed by friends for the benefit of the regiment and the consul desires to know what disposition he shall make of it.

Idaho Town Destroyed.

BOISE, Idaho, Aug. 19.—Last night the town of Placerville, in Boise county, was wiped out by fire. The business portion of the place was destroyed and most of the residences. The loss is estimated at \$250,000. The fire was caused by the overturning of a lamp in Veasey's hall. There was no means of fighting the fire and the conflagration was soon beyond control. Many people lost everything they had. Provisions and clothing have been sent from Boise to the sufferers and a considerable amount of money has been collected for their benefit.

SOLDIERS MUST PAY FARE.

Governor Poynter Abandons the Project of Bringing Home Volunteers.

OMAHA, Aug. 19.—Governor Poynter and Congressman Stark were in the city yesterday. Before leaving the city the governor issued a statement, in which he is compelled to announce to the people of Nebraska that the members of the First Nebraska regiment now at San Francisco will not be brought home at public expense. Appreciating the splendid record made by this regiment and observing that other states were preparing to return their regiments on special trains, he says, he conceived it to be his duty as governor of Nebraska to take advantage of every plan and exhaust every resource in the effort to accord due honor to Nebraska's regiment. I have exhausted every resource and every possible plan has been devised and worked to an unsuccessful conclusion in the hope that Nebraska, in its attitude toward the soldiers, should occupy a position second to no other state. The governor concludes by saying that his good purpose and that of the people has been thwarted only by a combination of railroad companies—a combination that is as plainly unlawful as it is unpatriotic.

RELIEF FOR PORTO RICANS.

Necessaries Are Now Being Dispatched as Rapidly as Possible.

NEW YORK, Aug. 19.—Relief for the Porto Ricans left destitute by the hurricane was dispatched from New York on the steamer Evelyn, of the New York and Porto Rico Steamship company, which sailed for Ponce today. The supplies consisted largely of clothing and medicine. The largest single item was the clothing sent by the Merchants' association on its own behalf and that of H. B. Collins & Co. It included 2,184 pairs of trousers, 3,895 men's undershirts, 3,360 women's wrappers and 4,608 women's undershirts, amounting in all to 14,037 pieces or thirty-two cases. Twelve hundred ounces of quinine made into 174,000 tablets was sent by the same committee.

THREE HUNDRED MEET DEATH.

Hurricane Sweeps Away a Town Near Nassau, Killing Many.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Aug. 19.—According to a Miami dispatch to the Times-Union and Citizen, Captain Dillon of the steamer Cocca, states that the town of Red Bay, on the island of Andros, twenty miles southwest of Nassau, was swept away in the recent tropical hurricane and about 300 lives lost. An eye witness of the storm estimated that the loss of life on the island was fully 600. Scattered through the wreck of houses at Red Bay after the storm subsided he said were corpses of hundreds of people of all classes and ages. Captain Dillon says the wind blew at the rate of ninety miles an hour at Nassau, with occasional gusts which reached a velocity of 145 miles an hour.

Nebraska Gets Six Officers.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—Adjutant General Corbin is authority for the statement that the basis adopted for determining the appointment of officers in the ten new regiments to be created is double the number of regiments which each state furnished for the war with Spain.

Under this arrangement Nebraska will be entitled to six officers. No definite understanding exists as to the grade of officers to be commissioned according to this plan.

Big Corner on Egg Market.

KANSAS CITY, Aug. 19.—Contracts were closed here today for the sale to a syndicate of eastern commission merchants of seventy carloads of eggs now in store at Topeka, Abilene and Concordia, Kan. The eggs are to be shipped by three special trains next week. The sellers will realize 16 cents a dozen and the eggs will retail in New York, Boston, Philadelphia and other cities at a little over 20 cents. The deal is estimated to cover 10,950,000 eggs.

Senator Hayward's Condition.

NEBRASKA, CITY, Neb., Aug. 19.—Senator Hayward slept most of the night and woke up yesterday morning feeling much better than at any time since he was stricken. He ate a light breakfast with great relish.

Dr. Whitten is much pleased with the patient's condition. It cheered the senator up to get home, and the effect of the change is very noticeable.

It is now thought that with good care the senator will recover rapidly.

May Save the Hooker.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19.—General Otis was directed yesterday to order an investigation into the grounding of the cable ship Hooker at Manila. A cable yesterday from Colonel Thompson informed the signal bureau that the cable was being taken off the ship and if there was no typhoon it was probable the Hooker would be saved.

Well Known Westerner Dies.

OAKLAND, Cal., Aug. 19.—G. West Martin, ex-mayor of the city of Oakland, ex-regent of the state university, ex-president of the Union Bank of Savings, capitalist, pioneer and one of the best known men in the state, passed away at his home in Oakland yesterday. He had been ill for many months.

San Domingo Feels Jimenez.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Aug. 19.—Advices from Santo Domingo say the government there is growing desperately apprehensive of the arrival of Jimenez, leader of the revolution, who was momentarily expected. His arrival, it was added, will completely turn popular opinion, which has been partly undecided. Consequently the chief object of the government is to intercept Jimenez and a number of armed vessels are patrolling the coast with orders to search every strange vessel and capture Jimenez under any flag, armed or not.

GENERAL NEWS NOTES.

The cigarmakers' lockout at Tampa, Fla., has been declared off and all factories are at work.

Earthquake shocks, accompanied by torrential rain, are reported from the central portion of Portugal.

Natural gas in great quantities has been struck near Muscatine, Ia. The vein is 170 feet below the surface.

The torpedo boat Fox, built by Wolf & Sewiker, on the Pacific coast, has been accepted by the government.

Harper Bros. announce that the price of Harpers' Magazine will hereafter be 25 cents instead of 35 cents, as heretofore.

Ex-Governor L. Bradford Prince, of New Mexico, has a collection of over 1,000 stone idols once worshipped by the Pueblo Indians.

There have been enlisted for the ten regiments for the Philippine islands 13,010 men, leaving but eighty more to make the regiments complete.

P. J. McCormick, a wealthy Colorado mining man, has put up \$1,000 to guarantee a side bet up to \$5,000 to back Gus Ruhlin against the winner of the Jeffries-Sharkey fight.

A one-fare rate for the National Letter Carriers' association convention, to be held in Scranton, Pa., September 4 and 5, has been authorized by the Central Passenger association.

Judge Ferris, of Cincinnati, has ruled that the costs incurred in contesting a will cannot be ordered paid out of the inheritance. That is likely to make some of the Cincinnati lawyers weary and wary.

A special to the Minneapolis Times from Pierre, S. D., says. The local land office received notice that the record had been cleared to the land relinquished by the state on the Crow Creek reservation in the eastern part of this county and the same is now open to settlement. This opens 18,000 acres in this land district.

Much satisfaction is felt at the bureau of navigation over the very high grade examinations passed by naval machinists for the grade of warrant machinists. The examinations, held all over the world, were submitted to a board for assignment of merit, and after carefully considering all the papers in each case the final report is now made.

A combination or amalgamation has been formed of the four leading bicycle firms in Canada. They are the Massey-Harris company of Toronto, the H. A. Lozier company of Toronto Junction, the Gould company of Brantford and the Wendland company of St. Catharines. The capital stock of the new company is to be between \$6,000,000 and \$7,000,000.

Minister Correa of Nicaragua, when asked concerning the report of the forced resignation of General Estrada, in command at Bluefields, and the probability that this would bring on a revolution, headed by Estrada, said this referred back to differences which arose while he was in Nicaragua and which were amicably settled at the time, after a personal conference between him and General Estrada. The minister ridicules the suggestion that Estrada will head a revolution.

While most magazines put forth a midsummer fiction number, Ainslie's strikes an original course by offering an American fiction number in which are five short stories by the foremost native writers, F. Hopkinson Smith, F. Marion Crawford, R. W. Chambers, Morgan Robertson and John Luther Long. Each of these names is guarantee for a masterful tale and it is rare that even a midsummer number contains such a delightful set of stories. There are, besides, several newsy and well-considered articles.

Pensions have been granted to western veterans as follows: Nebraska—Original: Thomas J. Gayton, Johnson, \$6; Thomas J. McNair, Burwell, \$6. Increase: George W. Srough, Ewing, \$6 to \$8. Original widows, etc.: Mary A. Trott, Kearney, \$8. Iowa—Original: Jonah F. R. Leonard, Ainsworth, \$8; Archibald Campbell, Farragut, \$8; James M. Simpson, Burlington, \$6; John Binegar, Elliott, \$6. Increase—William H. Klein, Waukon, \$10 to \$12. Original widows, etc.: Silva Green, Newton, \$12; Fannie E. Crossler, Manchester, \$8.

A delegation of business men from Kansas City were in conference at Chicago with the officials of some of the western railroads regarding what they call the discriminations practiced against their city by the roads. The Kansas City delegation contend that through lines discriminate against their markets. The arbitrary rates vary from 1 cent to 5 cents per 100 pounds, they said, for local shipments, and it is claimed that it is cheaper for the farmers and shippers from small towns to ship direct to Chicago and St. Louis than to Kansas City.

LIVE STOCK AND PRODUCE.

Omaha, Chicago and New York Market Quotations.

OMAHA

Butter—Creamery separator, 19 1/2 20 20